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2003-05 Budget Overview Operating, Transportation, and Capital Budgets

Washington State biennial budgets authorized by the Legislature in the 2003 Session total \$54.0 billion. The omnibus operating budget accounts for \$44.8 billion. The transportation budget and the omnibus capital budget account for \$4.8 billion and \$4.4 billion, respectively.

Separate overviews are included for each of the budgets. The overview for the omnibus operating budget can be found on page 11, the overview for the transportation budget is on page 324, and the overview for the omnibus capital budget is on page 436.

2003-05 Washington State Budget Including 2003 Supplemental Total Budgeted Funds

TOTAL STATE

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Omnibus	Transportation		Capital Budget		
	Operating	Budg	et	New		
	Budget	Operating	Capital	Approps	Reapprops	Total
Legislative	136,394	2,374	0	500	164	139,432
Judicial	162,179	0	0	0	0	162,179
Governmental Operations	2,726,495	293	0	494,875	476,476	3,698,139
Human Services	19,469,485	0	0	320,146	120,613	19,910,244
Natural Resources	1,104,638	1,137	150	540,818	587,903	2,234,646
Transportation	123,957	1,588,865	2,862,553	37,915	17,700	4,630,990
Public Schools	11,906,608	0	0	405,307	246,137	12,558,052
Higher Education	7,400,500	0	0	759,657	374,959	8,535,116
Other Education	99,594	0	0	9,238	8,827	117,659
Special Appropriations	1,665,908	347,441	0	0	0	2,013,349
Statewide Total	44,795,758	1,940,110	2,862,703	2,568,456	1,832,779	53,999,806

Note: This report includes all funds budgeted by the Legislature for the 2003-05 biennium through the 2003 session. In addition to amounts appropriated in the Omnibus Operating, Transportation, and Capital Budgets, the report includes budgeted but non-appropriated amounts of \$6.2 billion in the Omnibus Operating Budget and \$96.9 million in the Transportation Operating Budget.

Including 2003 Supplemental

Total Budgeted Funds

LEGISLATIVE AND JUDICIAL

	Omnibus	Transportation		Capital 1	Budget	
	Operating Budget	Budg Operating	et Capital	New Approps	Reapprops	Total
House of Representatives	56,387	0	0	0	0	56,387
Senate	45,219	0	0	0	0	45,219
Jt Leg Audit & Review Committee	3,344	0	0	500	164	4,008
Legislative Transportation Comm	0	2,374	0	0	0	2,374
LEAP Committee	3,455	0	0	0	0	3,455
Office of the State Actuary	2,616	0	0	0	0	2,616
Joint Legislative Systems Comm	15,320	0	0	0	0	15,320
Statute Law Committee	10,053	0	0	0	0	10,053
Total Legislative	136,394	2,374	0	500	164	139,432
Supreme Court	11,127	0	0	0	0	11,127
State Law Library	4,095	0	0	0	0	4,095
Court of Appeals	25,257	0	0	0	0	25,257
Commission on Judicial Conduct	1,828	0	0	0	0	1,828
Office of Administrator for Courts	105,927	0	0	0	0	105,927
Office of Public Defense	13,945	0	0	0	0	13,945
Total Judicial	162,179	0	0	0	0	162,179
Total Legislative/Judicial	298,573	2,374	0	500	164	301,611

Including 2003 Supplemental

Total Budgeted Funds

GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS

	Omnibus Operating	Transportation Budget		Capital Budget New			
	Budget	Operating	Capital	Approps	Reapprops	Total	
Office of the Governor	12,543	0	0	0	0	12,543	
Office of the Lieutenant Governor	1,098	0	0	0	0	1,098	
Public Disclosure Commission	3,561	0	0	270	0	3,831	
Office of the Secretary of State	81,907	0	0	100	0	82,007	
Governor's Office of Indian Affairs	467	0	0	0	0	467	
Asian-Pacific-American Affrs	388	0	0	0	0	388	
Office of the State Treasurer	13,149	0	0	0	0	13,149	
Office of the State Auditor	45,133	0	0	100	0	45,233	
Comm Salaries for Elected Officials	240	0	0	0	0	240	
Office of the Attorney General	182,263	0	0	0	0	182,263	
Caseload Forecast Council	1,277	0	0	0	0	1,277	
Dept of Financial Institutions	28,442	0	0	0	0	28,442	
Dept Community, Trade, Econ Dev	396,606	0	0	435,311	351,125	1,183,042	
Economic & Revenue Forecast Council	1,037	0	0	0	0	1,037	
Office of Financial Management	75,318	0	0	150	3,141	78,609	
Office of Administrative Hearings	24,669	0	0	0	0	24,669	
Department of Personnel	42,575	0	0	0	0	42,575	
State Lottery Commission	705,818	0	0	0	0	705,818	
Washington State Gambling Comm	27,284	0	0	0	0	27,284	
WA State Comm on Hispanic Affairs	408	0	0	0	0	408	
African-American Affairs Comm	397	0	0	0	0	397	
Personnel Appeals Board	1,725	0	0	0	0	1,725	
Department of Retirement Systems	48,572	0	0	0	0	48,572	
State Investment Board	13,362	0	0	0	0	13,362	
Department of Revenue	175,679	0	0	0	0	175,679	
Board of Tax Appeals	2,129	0	0	0	0	2,129	
Municipal Research Council	4,621	0	0	0	0	4,621	
Minority & Women's Business Enterp	1,990	0	0	0	0	1,990	
Dept of General Administration	129,245	0	0	26,655	102,060	257,960	
Department of Information Services	207,447	0	0	0	0	207,447	
Office of Insurance Commissioner	32,938	0	0	0	0	32,938	
State Board of Accountancy	1,985	0	0	0	0	1,985	
Forensic Investigations Council	274	0	0	0	0	274	
Washington Horse Racing Commission	4,609	0	0	0	0	4,609	
WA State Liquor Control Board	159,608	0	0	0	0	159,608	
Utilities and Transportation Comm	29,481	293	0	0	0	29,774	
Board for Volunteer Firefighters	733	0	0	0	0	733	
Military Department	185,462	0	0	30,244	20,150	235,856	
Public Employment Relations Comm	7,300	0	0	0	0	7,300	
Growth Management Hearings Board	3,003	0	0	0	0	3,003	
State Convention and Trade Center	71,752	0	0	2,045	0	73,797	
Total Governmental Operations	2,726,495	293	0	494,875	476,476	3,698,139	

Including 2003 Supplemental

Total Budgeted Funds

HUMAN SERVICES

	Omnibus	Transportation		Capital l	Budget		
	Operating Budget	Budge Operating	Capital	New Approps	Reapprops	Total	
WA State Health Care Authority	538,159	0	0	0	0	538,159	
Human Rights Commission	6,384	0	0	0	0	6,384	
Bd of Industrial Insurance Appeals	30,149	0	0	0	0	30,149	
Criminal Justice Training Comm	18,686	0	0	4,800	0	23,486	
Department of Labor and Industries	472,499	0	0	0	0	472,499	
Indeterminate Sentence Review Board	1,960	0	0	0	0	1,960	
Dept of Social and Health Services	15,840,269	0	0	43,523	38,965	15,922,757	
Home Care Quality Authority	671	0	0	0	0	671	
Department of Health	729,616	0	0	28,122	10,178	767,916	
Department of Veterans' Affairs	78,593	0	0	44,071	1,020	123,684	
Department of Corrections	1,199,364	0	0	199,630	70,450	1,469,444	
Dept of Services for the Blind	19,685	0	0	0	0	19,685	
Sentencing Guidelines Commission	1,478	0	0	0	0	1,478	
Department of Employment Security	531,972	0	0	0	0	531,972	
Total Human Services	19,469,485	0	0	320,146	120,613	19,910,244	

Including 2003 Supplemental Total Budgeted Funds

NATURAL RESOURCES

	Omnibus	Transportation		Capital Budget			
	Operating	Budge	et	New			
	Budget	Operating	Capital	Approps	Reapprops	Total	
Columbia River Gorge Commission	1,347	0	0	0	0	1,347	
Department of Ecology	316,611	0	0	225,557	312,888	855,057	
WA Pollution Liab Insurance Program	1,894	0	0	0	0	1,894	
State Parks and Recreation Comm	103,146	822	150	21,137	25,684	150,939	
Interagency Comm for Outdoor Rec	24,260	0	0	132,610	228,266	385,136	
Environmental Hearings Office	1,883	0	0	0	0	1,883	
State Conservation Commission	6,641	0	0	8,121	2,550	17,312	
Dept of Fish and Wildlife	277,840	0	0	43,855	12,802	334,497	
Department of Natural Resources	280,145	0	0	109,338	5,713	395,196	
Department of Agriculture	90,871	315	0	200	0	91,386	
Total Natural Resources	1,104,638	1,137	150	540,818	587,903	2,234,646	

Including 2003 Supplemental Total Budgeted Funds

TRANSPORTATION

	Omnibus	Transpor		Capital 1	Budget		
	Operating Budget	Budge Operating	et Capital	New Approps	Reapprops	Total	
Board of Pilotage Commissioners	0	272	0	0	0	272	
Washington State Patrol	88,373	248,894	2,205	22,415	0	361,887	
WA Traffic Safety Commission	0	20,920	0	0	0	20,920	
Department of Licensing	35,584	182,151	0	0	0	217,735	
Department of Transportation	0	1,128,207	2,572,163	15,500	17,700	3,733,570	
County Road Administration Board	0	3,415	90,769	0	0	94,184	
Transportation Improvement Board	0	3,231	197,416	0	0	200,647	
Marine Employees' Commission	0	352	0	0	0	352	
Transportation Commission	0	807	0	0	0	807	
Freight Mobility Strategic Invest	0	616	0	0	0	616	
Total Transportation	123,957	1,588,865	2,862,553	37,915	17,700	4,630,990	

Including 2003 Supplemental Total Budgeted Funds

EDUCATION

	Omnibus Transportation		Capital Budget			
	Operating Pudget	Budg Operating		New	Doonnang	Total
	Budget	Operating	Capital	Approps	Reapprops	1 Otal
State Board of Education	0	0	0	403,269	246,037	649,305
Superintendent of Public Instruction	11,906,608	0	0	2,038	100	11,908,746
Total Public Schools	11,906,608	0	0	405,307	246,137	12,558,052
Higher Education Coordinating Board	329,640	0	0	0	0	329,640
University of Washington	3,624,733	0	0	123,211	98,285	3,846,229
Washington State University	864,579	0	0	118,037	30,700	1,013,316
Eastern Washington University	160,199	0	0	39,218	10,633	210,050
Central Washington University	181,036	0	0	34,736	20,933	236,705
The Evergreen State College	90,620	0	0	36,884	17,100	144,604
Spokane Intercoll Rsch & Tech Inst	2,922	0	0	0	0	2,922
Western Washington University	254,158	0	0	27,564	28,650	310,372
Community/Technical College System	1,892,613	0	0	380,007	168,658	2,441,278
Total Higher Education	7,400,500	0	0	759,657	374,959	8,535,116
State School for the Blind	10,590	0	0	3,717	3,932	18,239
State School for the Deaf	15,369	0	0	0	0	15,369
Work Force Trng & Educ Coord Board	57,571	0	0	0	0	57,571
Washington State Arts Commission	5,526	0	0	0	0	5,526
Washington State Historical Society	7,647	0	0	5,521	4,895	18,063
East Wash State Historical Society	2,891	0	0	0	0	2,891
Total Other Education	99,594	0	0	9,238	8,827	117,659
Total Education	19,406,702	0	0	1,174,202	629,923	21,210,827

Including 2003 Supplemental Total Budgeted Funds

SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS

	Omnibus Operating	Transportation Budget		Capital Budget New		
	Budget	Operating	Capital	Approps	Reapprops	Total
Bond Retirement and Interest	1,439,607	352,296	0	0	0	1,791,903
Special Approps to the Governor	81,015	0	0	0	0	81,015
Sundry Claims	383	0	0	0	0	383
State Employee Compensation Adjust	89,733	-4,855	0	0	0	84,878
Contributions to Retirement Systems	55,170	0	0	0	0	55,170
Total Special Appropriations	1,665,908	347,441	0	0	0	2,013,349

2003-05 Omnibus Budget Overview Operating Only

Composition of the Projected Operating Budget Problem

The prolonged national recession that began in 2001 resulted in below average forecasted general fund revenue growth for the 2003–05 biennium. Following an absolute decline in revenue in the 2001-03 biennium, the March 2003 revenue forecast projected a 6.1 percent increase for 2003-05. Over the ten years prior to the current recession, biennial revenue growth had been about 10 percent while average expenditure growth had been about 9.5 percent. Because of both increased operating budget costs and slower-than-normal revenue growth, the projected 2003-05 operating budget faced an estimated gap of more than \$2.7 billion.

The March 2003 revenue forecast estimated that the state would collect \$22.5 billion in general fund revenues during the 2003-05 biennium. However, the estimated 2003-05 maintenance level budget – which represents the cost of continuing existing state government programs and services – was projected to cost \$23.7 billion, or \$1.2 billion more than the amount of revenue available. If the projected costs of employee salaries, health benefits, and vendor payments were added to the maintenance level estimates, state spending would have increased by an additional \$536 million, bringing the total shortfall to more than \$1.7 billion.

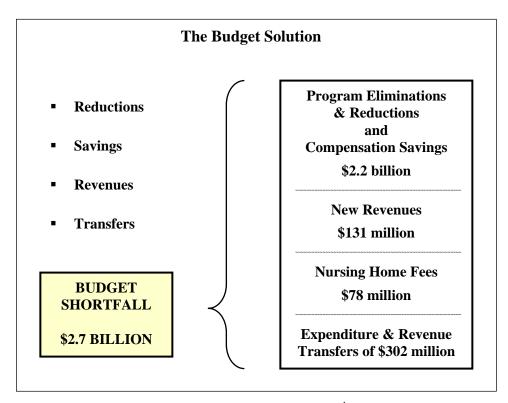
Approximately \$400 million in additional spending needs resulted from two voter-approved initiatives. Under Initiative 732 and a recent Supreme Court decision interpreting the measure, the state was made responsible for the cost of funding employee cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) for K-12 employees whose base salary is paid from local and federal funds. This would have added \$283 million to the 2003-05 budget problem. In addition, implementing the contract for home care workers negotiated pursuant to Initiative 775 would increase general fund spending requirements by another \$98 million.

When other spending demands are included – everything from debt service for the new capital budget to higher education enrollments to a salary increase for beginning teachers to increasing the nursing home reimbursement rate – total estimated general fund spending could have been as much as \$24.9 billion – \$2.4 billion more than expected revenue.

When the projected shortfall in Health Services Account is included, the \$2.4 billion general fund shortfall grew to become a combined operating budget shortfall in excess of \$2.7 billion.

How the Legislature Solved the 2003-05 Budget Problem

The legislature addressed the \$2.7 billion budget problem in four ways. First, a total of \$1.3 billion was achieved through a variety of program reductions and savings options. Second, \$0.9 billion was conserved through compensation-related savings. Third, fund shifts and fund balance transfers provided an additional \$302 million in assistance. Fourth, new net revenues totaling \$209 million were raised, including a federally-matched nursing home quality maintenance fee.



The 2003-05 biennial General Fund-State appropriation is \$23.08 billion¹, an increase of 2.2 percent over the 2001-03 appropriation. The total funds operating budget is \$44.80 billion.

Program Reductions and Savings

The budget realized \$2.2 billion² in program reductions and compensation savings. Savings were achieved across all functions and agencies of state government. Agencies were required to become more efficient in how they staff and perform their missions – this saved \$45 million and over 1,100 full-time equivalent staff. Additionally, by requiring agencies to achieve savings to fund the costs of inflation, \$22 million was saved.

In addition to multi-agency savings (such as from staff efficiencies), program reductions and eliminations in the Department of Social and Health Services saved \$284 million. Examples of savings include the elimination of the Medically Indigent Program (\$105 million), prescription drug savings (\$24 million), reducing adult dental services (\$12 million), and managed care rate increases (\$25 million). In addition to savings in the general fund, net savings of almost \$350 million are achieved in the Health Services Account through a variety of actions, including reducing the scope of benefits available under the Basic Health Plan (BHP) as well as reducing the number of persons who may be enrolled in the BHP. Reductions in the number of BHP enrollees are expected to be achieved entirely through attrition.

Changes made to Initiative 728 allowed the Legislature to recognize savings of \$237 million in the Student Achievement Fund while still increasing the per pupil allocation from \$211.67 in the 2003-04 school year to \$254.00 in the 2003-04 school year. The initiative had called for the allocation to increase from \$211.67 to \$450.00 per pupil.

College and university operating budgets were reduced by \$131 million. Institutions of higher education are also authorized to increase tuition for resident undergraduate students by up to 7 percent per year. Savings were also achieved in other state agencies. For example, the Department of Corrections is expected to save \$40 million from changes to inmate sentencing and supervision.

¹ The fiscal year 2004 appropriation is \$11.38 billion, and the fiscal year 2005 appropriation is \$11.70 billion.

² Including the state general fund, health services account, and the student achievement fund.

The budget enacted by the Legislature assumed savings would be generated in the areas of equipment, travel, and contracts (\$20 million) and legislative liaisons (\$3 million). These two provisions were vetoed. Finally, the enacted budget was reduced as a result of monies provided to implement specific policy legislation lapsed when those bills were not enacted (\$2.6 million).

Compensation Savings

Significant expenditure increases were also avoided in the area of employee and vendor compensation. Changes made to Initiative 732 generated savings of \$207 million for state-funded K-12 and community college employees in the 2003-05 biennium and another \$283 million for locally- and federally-funded positions between the 2001-03 and the 2003-05 biennia.

While state funding for employee health benefits is increased by \$200 million, this is still nearly \$70 million less than what the Health Care Authority estimated the cost of the current plan would be assuming the employee share of costs remained unchanged. Not providing salary increases to vendors as well as state and higher education employees saved \$213 million. By rejecting the home care worker contract and instead providing a \$0.75 per hour wage increase, the state saved \$67 million. By not acting on the findings of the most recent salary survey, which would have brought those employees furthest behind market pay closer to market pay, the state saved \$51 million. Finally, changes made to pension statutes affected pension contribution rates and generated savings of \$87 million.

Fund Shifts and Fund Balance Transfers

The 2003-05 budget makes use of both state reserve accounts and money transfers from dedicated fund balances.

The sum of \$81.2 million is transferred from various dedicated accounts to the general fund. In addition, the entire balance of the Emergency Reserve Fund, \$59.4 million, is transferred to the general fund. A detailed list of money transfers can be found on page 15 of this document.

Programs were also transferred from the general fund to other fund sources (\$161 million). For example, higher education building maintenance costs (\$52 million) were shifted to dedicated fund sources appropriated in the capital budget and certain youth safety programs (\$23 million) were shifted to the Public Safety and Education Account.

Increased Revenues

The budget adopts several measures that are expected, in total, to raise general fund revenues during the 2003-05 biennium by \$446 million.

The budget included provisions that will increase revenue collection activities by the Department of Revenue (\$32 million) and by the Liquor Control Board (\$20 million), including an increase in the price of liquor. Legislation pertaining to penalty provisions, unclaimed property, and sales tax payment periods was enacted, which is expected to generate \$101 million. Legislation authorizing the nursing home quality improvement fee is expected to generate \$78 million, an amount that is then matched with federal funds and used to support an increased nursing home reimbursement rate. Finally, legislation was enacted that provided tax credits for the aerospace industry, which is expected to reduce revenue collections by \$25 million.

The changes made to Initiative 728, which allowed the Legislature to recognize \$237 million in savings are recognized as general fund revenue.

The budget leaves a total \$256 million budget reserve, \$49 million less than the budget adopted in 2002. In the 2003-05 biennium, all of the reserves are in the unrestricted general fund ending balance.

2003-05 Estimated Revenues and Expenditures General Fund-State

(Dollars in Millions)

Resources	
Beginning Fund Balance	299.3
March 2003 Revenue Forecast	22,451.5
Revenue Changes	
Budget Driven Revenue	51.9
Nursing Home Quality Fee	78.2
I-728 Property Tax Diversion	237.0
Aerospace Industry	(25.3)
Other Revenue Legislation	104.1
Current Revenue Totals	22,897.4
Fund Transfers to General Fund	81.2
Transfer from Emergency Reserve Fund	59.4
Total Resources (Revenue/Fund Balance)	23,337.3
Appropriations	
Biennial Appropriation *	23,060.7
Governor's Vetoes	23.3
Lapses	(2.6)
Spending Level	23,081.4
Adjusted I-601 Expenditure Limit	23,673.1
Difference Between I-601 Limit and Expenditures	591.7
Unrestricted General Fund Balance	
Projected Ending Fund Balance	255.9
Emergency Reserve Fund	
Beginning Fund Balance	57.6
Actual/Estimated Interest Earnings	1.7
Transfers and Appropriations	(59.4)
Projected Ending Fund Balance	0.0

^{*} Not shown above are federal assistance funds appropriated to states pursuant to Public Law (PL) 108-27. Washington expects to receive a total of \$400.5 million from this source, \$10 million of which was appropriated in the 2003-05 biennium.

2003-05 Omnibus Operating Budget **Cash Transfers**

(Dollars in Millions)

	2003-05
Fund	Biennium
Emergency Reserve Fund (ERF)	59.4
Reduce General Fund-State Backfill to the Water Quality Account	27.5
State Convention & Trade Center Account	10.0
State Treasurer's Service Account	10.0
Electrical License Account	7.0
Flood Control Assistance Account	2.7
Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account	1.5
Public Service Revolving Account	1.6
Insurance Commissioner's Regulatory Account	1.5
Pressure Systems Safety Account	1.0
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account	0.6
State Forest Nursery Revolving Account	0.5
Municipal Sale/Use Tax Equalization	0.4
Asbestos Account	0.2
County Sale/Use Tax Equalization	0.1
Site Closure Account	13.8
Health Services Account	1.3
Financial Services Regulation Account	1.6
Total	140.6

2003-2005 Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget Adjustments to the Initiative 601 Expenditure Limit (Dollars in Millions)

	FY 2004	FY 2005	2003-05
Current Expenditure Limit (Rebased to FY 2003 Actuals)	11,731.8	12,062.3	23,794.2
2003-05 Program Cost Shifts:			
LEAP: Costs Shifted from Transportation Budget	0.2		0.2
House: Costs Shifted from Transportation Budget	0.2		0.2
Secretary of State: Shift Costs to Archives	0.0		0.0
DSHS Children and Family Services: Federal Funds	-10.1		-10.1
DSHS Mental Health Division: Disproportionate Share Hospital Lid	4.5	-1.3	3.3
DSHS Economic Services Administration: Federal Funds	2.4	1.3	2.4
Dept of Corrections: Program Cost Shifts	-0.2		-0.2
Dept of Licensing: Shift Programs	-0.4		-0.4
Dept of Labor & Industries: Transfer Crime Victim Comp to PSEA	-0.1		-0.1
Dept of Veterans' Affairs: Institutional Funds	0.0	-1.2	-1.1
Dept of Natural Resources: Forest Fires	0.3		0.3
Office of Administrator for the Courts: Fund Becca with PSEA	-3.6		-3.6
Military Dept: Shift Programs to Federal/Local	-0.5		-0.5
DCTED: Developmental Disabilities Endowment	-0.2		-0.2
DCTED: Housing Trust Fund Admin	-0.8		-0.8
Office of Financial Management: Revolving Funds	-0.5		-0.5
Attorney General: SMART/HITS	0.0		0.0
Attorney General: Ethics Board	-0.3		-0.3
Dept of General Administration: Capital Campus Tours	-0.3		-0.3
Dept of Health: Vital Records Fee	-1.2		-1.2
Dept of Health: Shellfish Testing	-0.4		-0.4
DSHS Mental Health Division: Mentally Ill Offender Pilot	-0.5		-0.5
DSHS Division of Alcohol & Substance Abuse: Fund Shifts	4.9		4.9
DSHS: Immigrant Prenatal Care	-17.7		-17.7
Washington State Patrol: Drug Enforcement	-2.0		-2.0
K-12: Integrate Federal Funds	-3.7	-9.8	-13.5
K-12: Summer Accountability Institute	-0.2		-0.2
Dept of Ecology: 401 Certs to Water Quality	-0.1		-0.1
Dept of Ecology: Air Outreach	-0.1		-0.1
Dept of Ecology: Smoke & Dust in Eastern Washington	-0.3		-0.3
Dept of Ecology: Water Rights Decisions	-0.5		-0.5
Dept of Ecology: Well Regulation	-0.2		-0.2
Dept of Fish & Wildlife: Enforcement Program	-0.4		-0.4
Dept of Fish & Wildlife: Fish Hatcheries	-0.3		-0.3
Dept of Fish & Wildlife: Warm Water	-0.1		-0.1
Dept of Natural Resources: Shift to NRCA	0.0		0.0
Dept of Natural Resources: Spartina/ALEA	-0.1		-0.1
Dept of Natural Resources: Fire Supression /Disaster	-7.2	7.2	0.0
DSHS Children and Family Services: Use PSEA	-11.5		-11.5
Higher Ed: Shift Maint to Capital	-26.4		-26.4
Higher Ed: Waive Less Tuition	-5.6		-5.6
Washington State Historical Society	-0.2		-0.2
Higher Ed: Job Skills Program	-0.6		-0.6
2003-05 Revenue & Cash Transfers			
Cash Transfers into GF-S (Excluding Emergency Reserves Fund)	41.8	39.4	81.2
Initiative 728 (Property Tax Back to GF-S)	0.0	237.0	237.0
Total Adjustments	-41.3	271.4	230.1
Revised Initiative 601 Expenditure Limit	11,690.6	12,333.7	24,024.3

2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget Appropriations Contained Within Other Legislation

(Dollars in Thousands)

Bill Number and Subject	Bill Number and Subject Session Law		Total			
2003 Legislative Session						
SSB 5248 - Transportation	C 363 L 03	Department of Labor & Industries	100			
ESSB 6072 - Pollution Response	C 264 L 03 PV	Department of Ecology	13,076			
SB 6099 - Unemployment Insurance	C 3 L 03 E2	Employment Security Department	11,500			
Total			24,676			

Note: Operating appropriations contained in Chapter 25, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto (ESSB 5404 - 2003-05 Omnibus Operating Budget) and Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163 - 2003-05 Transportation Budget), are displayed in the appropriate sections of this document.

Revenues

Against a backdrop of a lingering local recession and stagnant state and local revenues, the Legislature enacted several significant revenue measures in the 2003 session to bolster the state general fund, boost transportation resources, and provide local governments with additional financial tools. The state general fund revenue for the 2003-05 biennium was forecasted in March 2003 to be \$22.4 billion, only 6 percent above the 2001-03 collections, and about \$2.7 billion less than the estimated level required to maintain current service levels. While the Legislature ultimately relied mainly on program cuts and transfers from other funds to balance the 2003-05 general fund budget, legislation was adopted that increased general revenues a total of \$236 million. In addition, legislation was enacted to increase the state transportation revenues by \$412 million and to provide local governments with additional general sales and use tax authority and with more flexible property tax authority.

The Legislature also took significant steps to provide relief to certain sectors of the economy and to simplify tax administration. Unprecedented tax incentive packages were passed to support the state semiconductor and aerospace industries. In addition, measures were enacted to provide uniformity and consistency among municipal business tax codes and to make changes to the state sales and use tax codes to bring the state into conformance with the multi-state Streamlined Sales Tax Project agreement.

General Fund-State Increase Measures

The Legislature enacted three pieces of legislation that increase general fund revenues significantly. The biggest, Chapter 13, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (EHB 2269), is an omnibus revenue act that adds over \$100 million to the state general fund. The legislation makes a number of administrative changes, including advancing the date for the payment of most excise taxes, increasing certain penalties, and shortening the period that abandoned property may be held by third parties. To increase compliance, promoters of special events must verify that vendors at special events are registered with the Department of Revenue. In addition, the legislation closes a loophole with respect to liability for unpaid excise taxes after a business or its assets are sold.

Chapter 16, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (E2SSB 5341), also increases state general fund revenues by requiring a perpatient quality maintenance fee of most nursing homes. This legislation increases state general fund revenues by \$78 million.

The omnibus appropriations act, Chapter 25, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto (ESSB 5404), includes provisions that increase state general fund revenues by almost \$52 million. The Liquor Control Board is directed to relocate some stores and open five additional stores and to increase the retail liquor mark-up by 42 cents per liter. In addition, the Department of Revenue is given additional resources to improve the enforcement of existing revenue collections.

Transportation Revenues

The Legislature enacted two significant pieces of transportation legislation to boost state revenues and local revenue authority. The first, Chapter 361, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 2231), imposes several state transportation financing measures. The principal components that raise revenue are an increase in fuel taxes of 5 cents per gallon; a 15 percent increase to gross weight fees for trucks over 10,000 pounds; and an additional 0.3 percent sales tax on motor vehicles. The second, Chapter 350, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5247), authorizes a regional transportation investment district to impose the local option fuel tax of 10 percent of the state fuel tax rate, subject to voter approval.

Local Government Revenues

Action was taken to increase local government revenue authority and flexibility in the 2003 sessions. Chapter 24, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto (2ESSB 5659), authorizes counties, with voter approval, to impose additional general sales and use taxes of up to 0.3 percent. Any new revenues must be shared with the cities within the

county. In addition, cities and counties may submit a proposition to voters to allow increases in regular property tax levies in excess of 1 percent annually for a block of time of up to six years. While the bill that was enacted also included modifications to the Growth Management Act, the Governor vetoed those provisions.

Industry-Specific Incentive Packages

Two significant tax incentive packages were enacted to support the semiconductor and aerospace industries. Chapter 149, Laws of 2003 (SB 5725), creates a number of business and occupation (B&O), sales and use, and property tax preferences for the manufacture of semiconductor materials. The B&O tax preferences include an exemption for the manufacture of semiconductor microchips, a reduction in the tax rate for the manufacture of other semiconductor materials, and a tax credit of \$3,000 for each employment position in semiconductor manufacturing production. Sales and use tax incentives include exemptions for the acquisition of gases and chemicals used in semiconductor manufacturing and for the construction of new semiconductor manufacturing buildings. Machinery and equipment used in manufacturing semiconductor materials are exempt from property taxation. All incentives in the act are contingent upon the signing of a contract for an investment of at least \$1 billion in a semiconductor microchip manufacturing facility in Washington and are effective for 8 to 14 years.

Chapter 1, Laws of 2003, 2nd sp.s. (HB 2294), provides a number of tax preferences to the Washington aerospace industry through July 1, 2024, contingent upon the siting of the production of a superefficient commercial airplane in Washington State. The most significant provision is a 40 percent reduction in the B&O tax rate for the manufacture of commercial airplanes and associated components. Other B&O tax incentives include credits against tax liability for computer hardware and software equipment acquired previously by a commercial airplane manufacturer, for certain research and development (R&D) expenditures, and for property taxes paid on new buildings and other property acquired after enactment. Sales and use tax exemptions are provided for the construction of buildings used for the manufacture of superefficient airplanes and for the acquisition of computer hardware and software used in R&D for commercial airplane and associated components. If the production site for a superefficient airplane is located at port district facilities, the lessee receives exemptions from the leasehold excise tax and, in lieu of the B&O credit for property taxes paid, from property tax on all personal property used in the manufacture of the airplanes.

State and Local Tax Simplification

In Chapter 79, Laws of 2003 (EHB 2030) and Chapter 168, Laws of 2003 (SB 5783), the Legislature took steps to simplify local and state tax codes. The former requires cities, working through the Association of Washington Cities, to adopt a model business tax ordinance to address issues of uniformity between municipal codes and to prevent multiple taxation of business income; cities with business tax ordinances are required to adopt the mandatory provisions of the model ordinance by 2004. In addition, cities with business taxes are required by 2008 to allow businesses to apportion taxable income according to location of business activity. In SB 5783, the Legislature adopted definitional and other administrative changes to the sales and use tax code, conforming the state code to the terms of the multi-state Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement that has been developed to simplify and improve state and local sales taxes.

2003 Revenue Legislation Changes General Fund-State and Total Revenue Impacts

	Legislation	General Fund 2003-05	Other Funds 2003-05	Total State Revenue Impact 2003-05
EHB 1037	Litter Tax/Food & Beverages	0	-775	-775
SHB 1069	Delinquent Property Taxes	0	0	0
HB 1073	Property Tax Collection	0	0	0
SHB 1075	Forest Tax Statutes	0	0	0
SHB 1081	Mortgage Lending Fraud	0	1,000	1,000
HB 1126	Seed Testing Fees	0	938	938
SHB 1219	Securities Violations	-44	193	149
2SHB 1240	Biodiesel & Alcohol Fuel	0	0	0
2SHB 1241	Biodiesel & Alcohol Fuel	-50	0	-50
SHB 1278	Listing Property/Tax Purpose	0	0	0
SHB 1455	Money Transmission & Exchange	0	884	884
HB 1591	Excise Tax Interest	614	0	614
SHB 1722	Internet Transaction Taxes	-20	0	-20
2SHB 1725	Catch Record Cards	0	307	307
SHB 1813	Employment/Disabled Persons	0	62	62
HB 1858	Chemical Dependency Services	-64	0	-64
2SHB 1887	Commercial Fisheries	0	3,205	3,205
HB 1905	Property Tax Exemption	0	0	0
SHB 1930	Tobacco Settlement	0	1,500	1,500
SHB 1943	Counterfeit Cigarettes	8	0	8
EHB 1977	Use Tax	-60,000	0	-60,000
HB 2001	Nonprofit Property Tax Exemption	0	0	0
SHB 2027	Cigarettes	99	227	326
SHB 2038	Tobacco Escrow Refunds	0	2,000	2,000
SHB 2040	Delinquent Insurer/Taxpayer	40	0	40
EHB 2146	Wood Biomass Fuel	0	0	0
SHB 2192	Parimutuel Taxation	0	181	181
EHB 2269	Increased Revenue Act	100,553	0	100,553
HB 2294	Aerospace Industry	-25,302	0	-25,302
SHJM 4004	Fed Income Tax Deduction	0	0	0
SSB 5051	Strong Beer	0	0	0
ESSB 5071	Aviation Repair B&O Tax	-1,272	0	-1,272
E2SSB 5341	Nursing Facility Fee	78,190	0	78,190
SB 5363	Economic Revitalization Board	0	0	0
SB 5725	Semiconductor Cluster	0	0	0
SSB 5737	Abandoned Property	0	0	0
SB 5783	Sales and Use Tax Agreement	4,218	0	4,218
SSB 5933	Cigarette Tax Contracts	0	0	0
ESSB 6023	Court Assessments/Penalties	0	16,656	16,656
ESSB 6058	State Property Taxes	188,316	-188,316	0
SJM 8003	Fed Income Tax Deduction	0	0	0

2003 Revenue Legislation Changes General Fund-State and Total Revenue Impacts

				Total State	
		General	Other	Revenue	
		Fund	Funds	Impact	
	Legislation	2003-05	2003-05	2003-05	
Transportation	Legislation				
ESHB 1853	Passenger Ferry Service	0	0	0	
HB 2065	License Plate Technology	0	2,156	2,156	
ESHB 2228	Commute Trip Reduction	0	-6,000	-6,000	
ESHB 2231	Trans Financing Alternatives	0	411,742	411,742	
SSB 5190	Fuel Tax Evasion	0	87	87	
ESSB 5247	Local Option Fuel Tax	0	0	0	
ESB 5450	Electric Vehicles	0	67	67	
SSB 5600	Returned License Plates	0	5	5	
SB 6056	Pilot & Aircraft Fees	0	1,119	1,119	
Local Revenue	Legislation				
ESHB 1462	Intellectual Property	0	0	0	
EHB 2030	Municipal B&O Tax	0	0	0	
ESHB 2088	Storm Water Rates & Charges	0	0	0	
2ESSB 5659	Local Government Funding	0	0	0	
ESSB 6026	Convention & Tourism	0	0	0	
Budget Driven	Budget Driven Revenue				
ESSB 5404	Liquor Store Openings & Relocations; New DOR Auditors	51,931	0	51,931	

Revenue Legislation

Exempting from the Litter Tax Retail Sales of Food and Beverages that are Consumed Indoors on the Seller's Premises – No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 120, Laws of 2003 (EHB 1037), provides an exemption from litter tax on retail sales of food and beverages that are consumed indoors on the seller's premises. The litter tax applies to the value of certain categories of wholesale and retail products at a rate of 0.015 percent. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but reduces revenue to the Waste Reduction, Recycling, and Litter Account by \$775,000.

Authorizing Additional Waivers on Interest and Penalties for Delinquent Property Taxes – No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 12, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1069), waives interest and penalties on late property taxes if the delinquency of payment was the result of untimely receipt of the tax bill due to error by the county. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but may reduce local revenues.

Modifying the Collection of Property Taxes on Land Subleased for Residential and Recreational Purposes – No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 169, Laws of 2003 (HB 1073), allows foreclosures against subleases in addition to improvements on the lots when property taxes are delinquent on lots that are private leases of publicly-owned land. This legislation applies to lease arrangements at Lake Cushman only and has no revenue impact.

Clarifying 2001 Statutory Changes Made to Forest Tax Statutes – No General Fund-State Revenue Impact Chapter 170, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1075), clarifies that the date on a death certificate will be used to implement an exception to payment of back property taxes related to the death of an owner. In addition, the legislation restores language to the timber tax law that limits applicable rules to just those rules adopted under Title 76 RCW (Forests and Forest Products). This legislation has no revenue impact.

Providing Funds to Deter, Investigate, and Prosecute Real Estate Fraud Crimes – No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 289, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1081), creates an account to be administered by the Department of Financial Institutions and the State Treasurer for the purpose of assisting state and local law enforcement authorities in deterring, investigating, and prosecuting fraud on the part of mortgage lenders. County auditors are required to collect money for the new account by imposing a \$1 surcharge upon the recording of certain deeds of trust. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases revenues to a new account, the Mortgage Fraud Prosecution Account, by \$1 million.

Allowing Seed Testing Fees to Increase in Excess of the Fiscal Growth Factor Set Out in Chapter 43.135 RCW – No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 308, Laws of 2003 (HB 1126), authorizes the Department of Agriculture to increase fees imposed under the seed laws with respect to laboratory testing and seed certification in excess of the state fiscal growth factor under specified conditions. The state's seed laws provide uniformity and consistency in the packaging of agricultural and other seed. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases fee-related revenues to the Agricultural Local Account by \$938,000.

Addressing Violations Connected with the Offer, Sale, or Purchase of Securities – \$44,000 General Fund-State Revenue Decrease

Chapter 288, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1219), creates a new account and requires the Department of Financial Institutions to administer the account for the purpose of assisting law enforcement authorities in the prosecution of violations of the Securities Act. The account is funded by redirecting fines and funds from restitution and disgorgement orders. The legislation increases criminal penalties and expands the statute of limitations for violations of the Securities Act. Fines that may be administratively imposed by the Department of Financial Institutions are also increased. This legislation decreases state general fund revenues by \$44,000, decreases Financial Services Regulation Account revenues by \$7,000, and increases revenues to the new account, the Securities Prosecution Account, by \$200,000.

Providing Tax Incentives for Biodiesel and Alcohol Fuel Production – No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 261, Laws of 2003 (2SHB 1240), establishes several tax preferences for the manufacture of alcohol and biodiesel fuels and for the manufacture of feedstock used for biodiesel fuels through June 30, 2009. A sales and use tax exemption is provided for the construction of manufacturing facilities. Property and leasehold excise tax exemptions are provided on real and personal property used for the purposes of manufacturing. A preferential business and occupation (B&O) tax rate of 0.138 percent is provided to eligible manufacturers. Because no fuel production activity is expected to commence for several years, this legislation has no revenue impact during the 2003-05 biennium.

Providing Tax Incentives for the Distribution and Retail Sale of Biodiesel and Alcohol Fuels – \$50,000 General Fund-State Revenue Decrease

Chapter 63, Laws of 2003 (2SHB 1241), establishes a B&O tax deduction for income derived from the sale of biodiesel or alcohol fuel through June 30, 2009. In addition, an exemption from retail sales and use taxes is provided for machinery and equipment used directly in the sale or distribution of biodiesel and alcohol fuels as well as any associated installation labor costs. This legislation reduces state general fund revenues by \$50,000 and local revenues by \$9,000.

Listing Property for Tax Purposes – No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 302, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1278), eliminates the requirement that personal property affidavits must be signed and verified under penalty of perjury for property tax purposes. Instead, personal property lists and affidavits may be transmitted electronically. This legislation has no revenue impact.

Licensing and Regulating Money Transmission and Currency Exchange - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 287, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1455), provides requirements for the licensing and regulation of persons involved in the business of money transmission or currency exchange. Broad authority is granted to the Department of Financial Institutions to regulate money transmitters and currency exchangers, including the power to establish various fees to cover the costs of administering the program. The legislation creates bonding, net worth, and solvency requirements for licensees and certain defined practices are prohibited. Protections are provided for customers of licensees. Criminal penalties are created for certain violations of the act. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases fee-related revenue to the Financial Services Regulation Account by \$884,000.

Prohibiting Local Governments from Imposing B&O Tax on Intellectual Property - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 69, Laws of 2003 (ESHB 1462), prohibits cities from imposing B&O taxes on the process of creating intellectual property, such as the research in support of software development. This legislation has no state general fund impact but reduces revenues to the city of Seattle by over \$3 million.

Modifying Excise Tax Interest Provisions - \$614,000 General Fund-State Revenue Increase

Chapter 73, Laws of 2003 (HB 1591), changes the annual period for calculating the interest rate used by the Department of Revenue for assessments and refunds to a period that ends in July rather than October. The starting point for interest payments on overpayments of excise taxes is delayed. The act also removes an exception to the four-year time period for requesting tax refunds that applies to federal contractors. This legislation increases state general fund revenues by \$614,000.

Limiting the Taxability of Certain Internet Transactions - \$20,000 General Fund-State Revenue Decrease Chapter 76, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1722), exempts remote sellers from B&O taxes and sales and use tax collection requirements for transactions via Internet servers owned by unaffiliated businesses. This legislation decreases state general fund revenues by \$20,000 and local revenues by \$6,000.

Concerning the Cost of a Catch Record Card - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 318, Laws of 2003 (2SHB 1725), requires a \$10 fee for an additional or duplicate catch record card and deposits proceeds from the sale of catch record cards in the Wildlife Account. The Department of Fish and Wildlife is required to include provisions for recording marked and unmarked salmon on catch record cards issued after March 31, 2004. Catch record cards issued with a temporary charter stamp are exempt from the new fee and are valid for two consecutive days. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases feerelated revenues to the Wildlife Account by \$307,000.

Expanding Employment Opportunities for People with Disabilities - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 136, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1813), requires agencies to consider vendors in good standing as part of the bidding process for goods and services. A vendor in good standing is defined as a business owned and operated by a person with a disability or as a community rehabilitation program that has achieved or made progress in enhancing employment opportunities for disadvantaged persons and persons with disabilities. A potential vendor must submit an application with a non-refundable fee of no more than \$500 to the Department of General Administration; the fee is deposited to a new account to cover costs in overseeing the program. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases revenue to the new account, the Vendor in Good Standing Account, by \$62,000.

Improving Passenger Ferry Service - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 83, Laws of 2003 (ESHB 1853), authorizes public transportation benefit areas bordering Puget Sound to operate passenger-only ferries. The legislation grants the authority to impose a 0.4 percent sales and use tax and a 0.4 percent motor vehicle excise tax, both subject to voter approval, to fund passenger-only services. King County is authorized to form a county ferry district and impose regular property taxes of up to \$0.75 per thousand dollars of assessed valuation within the district. New public providers are authorized to use the state ferry system facilities. The Utilities and Transportation Commission must consider the potential effect on public agencies operating passenger-only ferry service when granting new private passenger-only ferry operating rights. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but provides authority for increased local revenues.

Regarding Taxation of Persons Providing Chemical Dependency Services - \$64,000 General Fund-State Revenue Decrease

Chapter 343, Laws of 2003 (HB 1858), reduces the B&O tax rate from 1.5 percent to 0.484 percent on certain income received by persons who provide certified intensive inpatient or recovery house residential treatment services for chemical dependency. This legislation decreases state general fund revenues by \$64,000.

Creating the Commercial Fisheries Permit Buyback Account - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact Chapter 174, Laws of 2003 (2SHB 1887), authorizes the Fish and Wildlife Commission to establish a fee on three fisheries and directs that all new revenue be used for reimbursing the federal government for a fleet reduction permit buyback program. A new account, the Commercial Fisheries Permit Buyback Account, is created for the deposit of the fees. The requirement that the Department of Fish and Wildlife maintain a maximum of 175 coastal crab licenses is removed. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases fee-related revenue to the Commercial Fisheries Buyback Account by \$3.2 million.

Providing a Limited Property Tax Exemption for the Use of Facilities by Artistic, Scientific, and Historical Organizations - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 121, Laws of 2003 (HB 1905), allows nonprofit museums and performing arts associations to retain their property tax exemption when they rent their exempt property to others under limited conditions. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but reduces local revenues by a small but indeterminate amount.

Enacting Procedural Enhancements to the Master Settlement Agreement - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 25, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1930), provides enforcement provisions for requirements adopted under the Tobacco Master Settlement Agreement. Tobacco manufacturers are required to certify to the Attorney General that they comply with the requirements for sale of cigarette brands in this state. The Attorney General is required to maintain a directory of cigarette brands that may be sold in this state. The legislation provides penalties for possession or sale of cigarettes not on the directory maintained by the Attorney General. Cigarette wholesalers are required to report cigarette sales and other supporting data. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases revenues to the Tobacco Settlement Account by \$1.5 million.

Modifying Cigarette Regulatory Provisions - \$8,000 General Fund-State Revenue Increase

Chapter 114, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1943), provides that only wholesalers can affix cigarette tax stamps. Criminal penalties for selling cigarettes without a license are increased. Criminal penalties are provided for manufacturing, selling, or possessing for sale, counterfeit cigarettes. This legislation increases state general fund revenue by \$8,000.

Clarifying Use Tax Provisions - \$60 Million General Fund-State Revenue Decrease

Chapter 5, Laws of 2003 (EHB 1977), exempts repair and other services from use tax when performed on property for which a sales tax exemption already exists for these services. This legislation corrects an error in Chapter 367, Laws of 2002, which made these previously exempt services taxable under the use tax. This legislation reduces state general fund revenues by \$60 million and local revenues by \$18 million.

Providing Property Tax Exemptions for Nonprofit Organizations Supporting Artists - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 344, Laws of 2003 (HB 2001), exempts from property tax the property of nonprofit organizations that solicit gifts, donations, and grants for individual artists. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but reduces local revenues by \$2,000.

Regulating the Sale of Cigarettes - \$99,000 General Fund-State Revenue Increase

Chapter 113, Laws of 2003 (SHB 2027), establishes requirements for the delivery of cigarettes ordered by telephone, mail, or the Internet. Criminal penalties are provided for certain cigarette shipping-related activities. Shipping cigarettes without first obtaining proof of age is a class C felony; a second or subsequent offense is a class B felony; and any delivery service that delivers cigarettes without verifying the age and identity of the recipient is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. The criminal profiteering act is applied to unlawful sales and delivery of cigarettes. This legislation is expected to increase compliance with state cigarette tax laws and increases state general fund revenues by \$99,000 and revenues to other state funds by \$227,000.

Changing Requirements Regarding State and Local Tax to Provide for Municipal B&O Tax Uniformity and Fairness - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 79, Laws of 2003 (EHB 2030), requires cities, working through the Association of Washington Cities, to adopt a model ordinance on municipal B&O taxes to address issues of uniformity and multiple taxation between municipal codes. After December 30, 2004, any city that imposes B&O taxes must first comply with all requirements of the bill or lose the authority to impose the tax. By the start of calendar year 2008, cities that impose B&O taxes must allow businesses to apportion income from non-service activities based on location and from service activities based on a formula with payroll and service income factors. This legislation does not impact state revenues but reduces local revenues by \$1.2 million.

Modifying Tobacco Escrow Refund Provisions - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 342, Laws of 2003 (SHB 2038), modifies escrow provisions under the Tobacco Master Settlement Agreement to prevent excessive refunds to non-participating manufacturers. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but is expected to increase revenues to the Tobacco Settlement Account by \$2 million.

Establishing Liability for Taxes on Unlawful or Delinquent Insurers or Taxpayer - \$40,000 General Fund-State Revenue Increase

Chapter 341, Laws of 2003 (SHB 2040), authorizes the Insurance Commissioner to impose penalties on health maintenance organizations and health care services contractors who fail to pay premium taxes on time. The assessment of penalties is allowed for failure to make timely prepayments on premium taxes. The Insurance Commissioner is authorized to charge interest on unpaid premium taxes and prepayments. Entities or individuals who are unlawfully engaged in the insurance business are subject to the same tax and penalty provisions as are authorized insurers. Premium taxes are limited by making them applicable to only that portion of the premium related to risks or exposures in this state, or to the enrolled participants residing in this state. This legislation increases state general fund revenues by \$40,000.

Facilitating License Plate Technology Advances - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 370, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (HB 2065), requires the Department of Licensing to implement a flat, digitally-printed license plate system and establishes fees to support license plate technologies. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases fee-related revenues to the new License Plate Technology Account by \$2.2 million.

Revising Provisions Relating to Storm Water Rates and Charges - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact Chapter 394, Laws of 2003 (ESHB 2088), requires local governments operating storm water sewer facilities to reduce rates and charges by a minimum of 10 percent for any new or remodeled commercial building that utilizes a permissive rainwater harvesting system meeting certain requirements. Counties are prohibited from imposing storm water sewer system rates and charges on property classified as either forestland or as timberland. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but reduces local revenues.

Providing Tax Incentives For Wood Biomass Fuel Production, Distribution, and Sale - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 339, Laws of 2003 (EHB 2146), establishes tax incentives for the production, retail sale, and distribution of wood biomass fuels through 2009. A sales and use tax exemption is provided for the construction of manufacturing facilities. Property and leasehold excise tax exemptions are provided on real and personal property used for the purposes of manufacturing. A preferential B&O tax rate of 0.138 percent is provided to eligible manufacturers. A B&O tax deduction is provided for income derived from the sale of wood biomass fuel. An exemption from sales and use taxes is provided for machinery and equipment used directly in the sale or distribution of wood biomass fuel as well as any associated installation labor costs. This legislation does not impact state revenues in the 2003-05 biennium, as no production of wood biomass fuel is expected for several years.

Taxing Parimutuel Machines – No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 27, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (SHB 2192), increases the parimutuel tax rate from 0.52 percent to 1.803 percent on the race meet gross receipts of small licensees, effective January 1, 2004. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases revenues to the Horse Racing Commission Account by \$181,000.

Extending Commute Trip Reduction (CTR) Incentives - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 364, Laws of 2003 (ESHB 2228), allows a credit against the B&O and public utility taxes to businesses providing ride sharing incentives for employees in CTR programs. A \$750,000 annual grant program is established for public and private employers, developers, and property managers for the purpose of trip reduction; awards are to be based on the expected cost-effectiveness of trip-reduction project proposals. The credit and grant program is terminated in 2013. Although the tax credits reduce state general fund revenues, the reductions are offset by transfers from the Multimodal Transportation Account. This legislation reduces revenues to the Multimodal Transportation Account by \$6 million.

Authorizing Transportation Financing Alternatives - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 361, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 2231), authorizes several transportation financing measures, including a 5 cent per gallon fuel tax increase; a 15 percent increase in gross weight fees for trucks over 10,000 pounds; an additional 0.3 percent sales tax on motor vehicles; and an option to retain a license plate number at time of replacement for \$20. The additional gas tax and additional gross weight fees are deposited to the new Transportation 2003 Account, while the sales tax on motor vehicles and the license plate retention fees are deposited into the Multimodal Transportation Account. The gas tax expires when the bonds sold to pay for the projects on the 2003 transportation project list are paid off. The rates at which refund distributions are calculated for off-road vehicles, snowmobiles, and marine usage are increased by one cent in each of the next five biennia. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases revenues to various transportation accounts by \$411.7 million. (The Governor vetoed a contingency section that would have voided the part of the legislation concerning license plate fees, if House Bill 2065 [Chapter 370, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto] was enacted.)

Relating to Increasing Revenue - \$100.6 Million General-Fund State Increase

Chapter 13, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (EHB 2269), includes a number of provisions that increase state general fund revenues. The legislation requires payment of most excise taxes by the 20th of the month instead of the 25th. Penalties are increased for the underpayment of state excise taxes. Promoters of special events such as auto shows, garden shows, and flea markets are required to verify that vendors at the event are registered with the Department of Revenue. The definition of "successor" is modified for purposes of liability for unpaid excise taxes after a business or its assets are sold. The holding period for certain types of unclaimed property under the Uniform Unclaimed Property Act is reduced from five years to three years. This legislation increases state general fund revenues by \$100.6 million.

Providing Tax Incentives for the Retention and Expansion of the Aerospace Industry in Washington State - \$25.3 Million General-Fund State

Chapter 1, Laws of 2003, 2nd sp.s. (HB 2294), provides a number of tax preferences to the Washington aerospace industry. B&O tax rates are reduced for manufacturers of commercial airplanes or commercial airplane components. Manufacturers of commercial airplanes or commercial airplane components may take credits against B&O tax liability for pre-production development expenditures. Credits may also be taken against B&O tax liability for purchases of computer software and hardware that was acquired between July 1, 1995, and the effective date of the legislation and that has been used primarily for the digital design and development of commercial airplanes. The legislation provides sales and use tax exemptions for computer hardware, computer peripherals, and software acquired after the effective date of this bill, as well as for the associated installation labor and services costs if the equipment is used primarily in the development, design, and engineering of commercial airplanes or commercial airplane components. Sales and use tax exemptions are provided for the purchase of labor and services rendered in the construction of new buildings, and for the purchase or acquisition of components and fixtures of these buildings by a manufacturer of superefficient airplanes or by a port district for lease to a manufacturer of superefficient airplanes. A leasehold excise tax exemption is provided for these new buildings when constructed by a port district and leased to a manufacturer of superefficient airplanes. A property tax exemption is provided for buildings, machinery, and equipment on port district property when used exclusively for manufacturing superefficient airplanes. Credits may be taken against B&O tax liability for property taxes paid on new buildings and the land under new buildings when used exclusively for manufacturing commercial airplanes or components of commercial airplanes. The B&O rate reductions expire July 1, 2024, or, if the assembly of a superefficient airplane does not begin by the end of calendar 2007, on December 31, 2007. All other tax incentives expire on July 1, 2024. Annual reports on employment, wages, and employee benefits are required from all businesses that benefit from a tax incentive under this bill. The effective date of the bill is made contingent on the signing of a memorandum of agreement regarding an affirmative final decision to site a significant commercial airplane final assembly plant in Washington. This legislation reduces state general fund revenues by \$25.3 million and local revenues by \$1.4 million in the 2003-05 biennium.

Requesting Congress to Restore the Federal Income Tax Deduction for State and Local Sales Taxes - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Substitute House Joint Memorial 4004 requests Congress to restore the itemized deduction for sales taxes available to Washington State residents before 1986. This legislation has no revenue impact.

Removing the Sale of Strong Beer from the Exclusive Jurisdiction of the Liquor Control Board - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 167, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5051), allows the sale of strong beer under the same provisions as regular beer. Previously, strong beer was subject to the same taxes as hard alcohol. This legislation has no revenue impact.

Revising Business and Occupation Taxation for Certain Aviation Businesses – \$1.3 Million General Fund-State Revenue Decrease

Chapter 2, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (ESSB 5071), reduces the B&O tax rate from 0.484 percent to 0.275 percent on the sale and repair of equipment used in interstate or foreign commerce by certain Federal Aviation Administration certificated aircraft repair facilities. Businesses using the special tax rate are required to report information on jobs and wages. The lower rate is terminated on July 1, 2006. This legislation reduces state general fund revenues by \$1.3 million.

Strengthening Laws of Against Fuel Tax Evasion - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 358, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5190), allows the Washington State Patrol to seize from any unlicensed importer or manufacturer any fuel imported into the state or manufactured in the state, as well as the conveyances in which the fuel is shipped. The penalty is reduced for a single event of using dyed diesel for a taxable purpose from a felony to a gross misdemeanor. Multiple dyed diesel infractions remain a felony. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases Motor Vehicle Account revenues by \$87,000.

Authorizing An Alternative Local Option Fuel Tax - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 350, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5247), authorizes a regional transportation investment district to impose the local option fuel tax of 10 percent of the state fuel tax rate, subject to voter approval. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but provides authority to increase local government revenues. Of any new local revenue, 1 percent is deposited in the new Local Administration Account to fund Department of Revenue administrative expenses.

Establishing a Quality Maintenance Fee on Nursing Facilities - \$78.2 million General Fund-State Revenue Increase

Chapter 16, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (E2SSB 5341), imposes a quality maintenance fee of \$6.50 per patient day on most nursing homes and directs the Department of Social and Health Services to submit a waiver, exempting certain nursing facilities from the fee, to the federal government. This legislation increases state general fund revenues by \$78.2 million.

Providing an Ongoing Funding Source for the Community Economic Revitalization Board's Financial Assistance Programs - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 150, Laws of 2003 (SB 5363), directs that all earnings from the Public Works Trust Fund be transferred to the Community Economic Revitalization Board's financial assistance programs beginning July 2005. Because this legislation has no effect until fiscal year 2006, there is no impact to the state general fund in the 2003-05 biennium.

Providing Incentives to Reduce Air Pollution through the Use of Neighborhood Electric Vehicles - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 353, Laws of 2003 (ESB 5450), includes certain electric vehicles that have a top speed of 20-25 miles per hour (mph) in the definition of motor vehicles and prohibits the operation of these vehicles on state highways and roads with a speed limit of over 35 mph. Insurance, drivers license, and seat belts are required. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases licensing revenues to various transportation accounts by a total of \$67,000.

Regulating Disposition of Returned License Plates - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 359, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5600), authorizes the Department of Licensing (DOL) to provide used or returned license plates to individuals requesting them for non-vehicular uses. DOL is authorized to charge up to \$5 to cover the associated postage and handling costs. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases Motor Vehicle Account revenues by \$5,000.

Authorizing Additional Funding for Local Governments – No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 24, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s, Partial Veto (2ESSB 5659), provides county and city governments with additional and more flexible funding sources. Counties are provided with additional general retail sales and use tax authority, subject to voter approval, of up to 0.3 percent. Forty percent of any revenue received under the new retail sales and use tax must be distributed to cities within the county on a per capita basis. Counties and cities may seek voter approval to increase property tax collections at a rate that exceeds 1 percent for up to six consecutive years. Certain small counties are permitted to opt out of the requirement to plan under the Growth Management Act. Clallam and Jefferson Counties are provided with an additional year by which to complete a review and evaluation of plans and regulations under the Growth Management Act. (The Governor vetoed the provisions pertaining to the Growth Management Act.) This legislation does not impact the state general fund but provides increased revenue authority to local governments.

Providing Tax Incentives to Support the State's Semiconductor Cluster - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 149, Laws of 2003 (SB 5725), creates a number of tax preferences for manufacturing semiconductor materials if a contract is signed for an investment of at least \$1 billion in a semiconductor microchip manufacturing facility in Washington. The B&O tax rate for manufacturing semiconductor materials is reduced from 0.484 percent to 0.275 percent, although manufacturers of semiconductor microchips are specifically provided a 100 percent B&O tax credit for the first nine years after the bill takes effect. An exemption is provided for the purchase or use of gases and chemicals used in semiconductor manufacturing from retail sales and use tax. Three additional preferences are provided if employment is maintained at a level that is at least 75 percent of the full employment level for 8 continuous years: an exemption from retail sales and use tax for the construction of new semiconductor manufacturing buildings; credit against B&O tax liability of \$3,000 for each employment position in semiconductor manufacturing production; and an exemption from property taxes for machinery and equipment used in manufacturing semiconductor materials. The tax preferences are terminated 12 years after they start. The legislation provides for accountability reporting and a review of the rates, credits, and exemptions. This legislation is effective upon the signing of a contract to construct a significant manufacturing facility and is not expected to impact the state general fund in the 2003-05 biennium.

Reporting Abandoned Property - No General Fund-State Revenue Increase

Chapter 237, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5737), increases the value threshold from \$25 to \$50 at which a business must provide to the Department of Revenue (DOR) names and addresses of unclaimed property owners and attempt to notify apparent owners. The number of times that DOR must publish in a newspaper the list of people owning unclaimed property is reduced from two to one. This legislation has no revenue impact.

Implementing the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement - \$4.2 Million General Fund-State Revenue Increase

Chapter 168, Laws of 2003 (SB 5783), enacts an extensive set of changes recommended in the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement developed by a number of states to simplify and improve state and local sales taxes. Changes are made in the sales and use tax treatment of delivery charges, eyeglass frames, prosthetic items, fruit and vegetable juices, and bottled water that will have at least moderate effects on amounts of taxes due. Other changes are made that affect the definitions and administrative provisions for sales and use taxes, but do not substantially affect amounts of taxes due. The Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement provisions that would change which local government receives sales tax revenue for goods shipped to a customer address are not implemented; instead, the legislation provides for a study of this issue. This legislation increases state general fund revenues by \$4.2 million and local government revenues by \$1.2 million.

Authorizing Cigarette Tax Contracts Between the State and Additional Indian Tribes - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 236, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5933), adds the Samish Indian Nation, the Quileute Tribe, and the Kalispel Tribe to the list of tribes with which the Governor may make cigarette tax contracts. This legislation has no revenue impact.

Increasing Certain Assessments and Penalties Imposed by Courts - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 380, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 6023), increases the additional penalty on traffic infractions from \$10 to \$20. The first penalty assessments on fines, forfeitures, and penalties by courts of limited jurisdiction are increased from 60 percent to 70 percent of the fine. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases Public Safety and Education Account revenues by \$16.7 million and local government revenues by \$4.3 million.

Authorizing Special Assessments to Fund Convention and Trade Promotion - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Chapter 148, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 6026), authorizes the establishment of tourism promotion areas in counties with populations of more than 40,000 but less than one million persons, and in cities and towns within such counties. Local governments that establish tourism promotion areas are provided the authority to impose a charge on lodging of up to \$2 per room per night within the areas to fund the promotion of conventions and tourism in the areas. This legislation does not impact state general fund revenues but increases local government funding authority.

Adjusting Fees, Taxes, and Penalties for Pilots and Aircraft - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact Chapter 375, Laws of 2003 (SB 6056), adjusts fees, taxes, and penalties for pilots and aircraft. Pilot, airmen, and airwomen annual registration fees are increased from \$8 to \$15. The additional revenues are used to fund airport maintenance during the 2003-05 biennium. Annual aircraft registration fees are increased from \$8 to \$15. The aircraft fuel tax is modified to a volumetric basis and is set at a fixed rate of 10 cents per gallon. Aircraft owners are required to notify the Department of Transportation of a change in ownership of a registered aircraft within 30 days. Aircraft owners are required to show proof of registration before an airport may lease or sell tie-down or hangar space to the owner. Civil penalties are established for failure to register as a pilot or to register an aircraft. This legislation does not impact the state general fund but increases Aeronautics Account revenues by \$1.1 million.

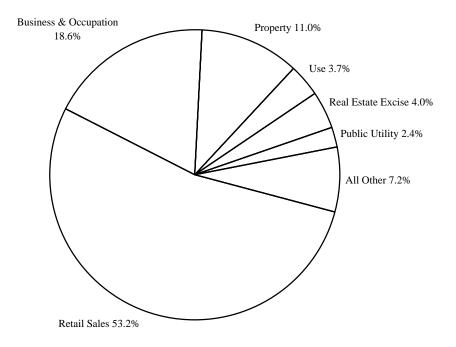
Modifying the Distribution of State Property Taxes - \$188.3 Million General Fund-State Revenue Increase Chapter 19, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (ESSB 6058), changes the per full-time equivalent (FTE) student allocations from the Student Achievement Fund from \$450 in the 2004-05 school year to \$254 per FTE student in the 2004-05 school year; \$300 per FTE student in the 2005-06 school year; \$375 per FTE student in the 2006-07 school year; and \$450 per FTE student in the 2007-08 school year. The per student allocation is increased by inflation after the 2007-08 school year. This legislation reallocates \$188.3 million in revenues from the Student Achievement Account to the state general fund in the 2003-05 biennium.

Requesting Congress to Restore the Sales Tax Deduction for Federal Income Taxes - No General Fund-State Revenue Impact

Senate Joint Memorial 8003 asks Congress to restore the federal income tax itemized deduction for sales taxes, which was available to citizens of Washington State prior to 1986. This legislation has no revenue impact.

Washington State Revenue Forecast - March 2003 2003-05 General Fund-State Revenues by Source

(Dollars in Millions)



Sources of Revenue			
Retail Sales	11,944.7		
Business & Occupation	4,170.8		
Property *	2,478.2		
Use	819.8		
Real Estate Excise	892.0		
Public Utility	529.9		
All Other	1,616.1		
Total	22,451.5		
Total	22,45		

^{*} The state levy forecast reflects only the General Fund portion. The portion of the state levy that is transferred to the Student Achievement Account by Initiative 728 is excluded.

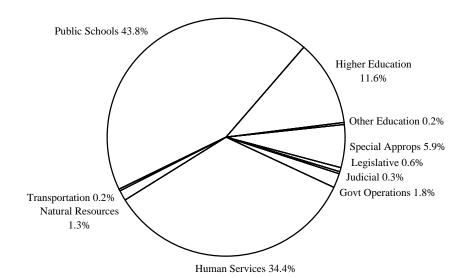
Note: Reflects the March 2003 Revenue Forecast (Cash Basis).

Omnibus Operating Budget Comparisons

(Dollars in Thousands)

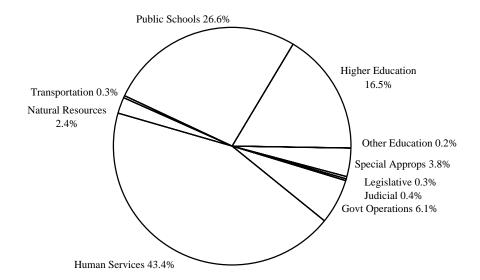
General Fund - State

Statewide Total	23,081,381
Special Appropriations	1,370,972
Other Education	39,932
Higher Education	2,667,195
Public Schools	10,104,649
Transportation	48,834
Natural Resources	297,097
Human Services	7,933,222
Governmental Operations	411,360
Judicial	78,492
Legislative	129,628



Total All Funds

Legislative	136,394
Judicial	162,179
Governmental Operations	2,726,495
Human Services	19,457,885
Natural Resources	1,091,562
Transportation	123,957
Public Schools	11,906,608
Higher Education	7,400,500
Other Education	99,594
Special Appropriations	1,690,584
Statewide Total	44,795,758



Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget 2001-03 Expenditure Authority vs. 2003-05 Budget TOTAL STATE

(Dollars in Thousands)

	General Fund-State		Total All Funds			
	2001-03	2003-05	Difference	2001-03	2003-05	Difference
Legislative	129,818	129,628	-190	136,110	136,394	284
Judicial	75,506	78,492	2,986	143,081	162,179	19,098
Governmental Operations	382,407	411,360	28,953	2,685,541	2,726,495	40,954
Other Human Services	1,254,397	1,328,153	73,756	3,491,299	3,629,216	137,917
DSHS	6,217,485	6,605,069	387,584	14,867,122	15,840,269	973,147
Natural Resources	333,375	297,097	-36,278	1,130,532	1,104,638	-25,894
Transportation	40,554	48,834	8,280	107,503	123,957	16,454
Public Schools	9,891,097	10,104,649	213,552	11,604,575	11,906,608	302,033
Higher Education	2,731,535	2,667,195	-64,340	6,439,578	7,400,500	960,922
Other Education	54,291	39,932	-14,359	110,802	99,594	-11,208
Special Appropriations	1,471,523	1,370,972	-100,551	1,834,368	1,665,908	-168,460
Total Budget Bill	22,581,988	23,081,381	499,393	42,550,511	44,795,758	2,245,247
Appropriations in Other Legislation	100	0	-100	25,100	0	-25,100
Statewide Total	22,582,088	23,081,381	499,293	42,575,611	44,795,758	2,220,147

Note: Includes only appropriations from the Omnibus Operating Budget enacted through the 2003 legislative session.

Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget 2001-03 Expenditure Authority vs. 2003-05 Budget LEGISLATIVE AND JUDICIAL

	General Fund-State		Total All Funds			
	2001-03	2003-05	Difference	2001-03	2003-05	Difference
House of Representatives	55,385	56,342	957	55,430	56,387	957
Senate	45,662	45,174	-488	45,707	45,219	-488
Jt Leg Audit & Review Committee	4,069	3,344	-725	4,069	3,344	-725
LEAP Committee	2,747	3,455	708	2,950	3,455	505
Office of the State Actuary	0	0	0	2,054	2,616	562
Joint Legislative Systems Comm	13,253	13,507	254	14,959	15,320	361
Statute Law Committee	7,826	7,806	-20	10,065	10,053	-12
Redistricting Commission	876	0	-876	876	0	-876
Total Legislative	129,818	129,628	-190	136,110	136,394	284
Supreme Court	10,987	11,127	140	10,987	11,127	140
State Law Library	3,906	4,095	189	3,906	4,095	189
Court of Appeals	25,618	25,257	-361	25,618	25,257	-361
Commission on Judicial Conduct	1,895	1,828	-67	1,895	1,828	-67
Office of Administrator for Courts	32,330	34,635	2,305	87,556	105,927	18,371
Office of Public Defense	770	1,550	780	13,119	13,945	826
Total Judicial	75,506	78,492	2,986	143,081	162,179	19,098
Total Legislative/Judicial	205,324	208,120	2,796	279,191	298,573	19,382

Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget 2001-03 Expenditure Authority vs. 2003-05 Budget GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS

		eral Fund-Sta			Total All Fund	
	2001-03	2003-05	Difference	2001-03	2003-05	Difference
Office of the Governor	8,467	7,549	-918	12,568	12,543	-25
Office of the Lieutenant Governor	877	1,098	221	877	1,098	221
Public Disclosure Commission	3,756	3,561	-195	3,756	3,561	-195
Office of the Secretary of State	16,931	41,428	24,497	35,548	81,907	46,359
Governor's Office of Indian Affairs	548	467	-81	548	467	-81
Asian-Pacific-American Affrs	417	388	-29	417	388	-29
Office of the State Treasurer	0	0	0	12,870	13,149	279
Office of the State Auditor	1,952	1,403	-549	43,984	45,133	1,149
Comm Salaries for Elected Officials	227	240	13	227	240	13
Office of the Attorney General	8,884	8,166	-718	164,976	182,263	17,287
Caseload Forecast Council	1,231	1,277	46	1,231	1,277	46
Dept of Financial Institutions	0	0	0	24,392	28,442	4,050
Dept Community, Trade, Econ Dev	130,616	122,260	-8,356	382,713	396,606	13,893
Economic & Revenue Forecast Council	1,011	1,037	26	1,011	1,037	26
Office of Financial Management	24,944	25,045	101	82,932	75,318	-7,614
Office of Administrative Hearings	0	0	0	23,523	24,669	1,146
Department of Personnel	0	0	0	32,886	42,575	9,689
State Lottery Commission	0	0	0	812,320	705,818	-106,502
Washington State Gambling Comm	0	0	0	29,353	27,284	-2,069
WA State Comm on Hispanic Affairs	441	408	-33	441	408	-33
African-American Affairs Comm	423	397	-26	423	397	-26
Personnel Appeals Board	0	0	0	1,705	1,725	20
Department of Retirement Systems	0	0	0	53,244	48,572	-4,672
State Investment Board	0	100	100	13,461	13,362	-99
Department of Revenue	149,938	164,560	14,622	160,238	175,679	15,441
Board of Tax Appeals	2,200	2,129	-71	2,200	2,129	-71
Municipal Research Council	0	0	0	4,575	4,621	46
Minority & Women's Business Enterp	0	0	0	2,616	1,990	-626
Dept of General Administration	1,195	468	-727	129,649	129,245	-404
Department of Information Services	0	2,000	2,000	207,397	207,447	50
Office of Insurance Commissioner	0	0	0	30,550	32,938	2,388
State Board of Accountancy	0	0	0	1,716	1,985	269
Forensic Investigations Council	0	0	0	276	274	-2
Washington Horse Racing Commission	0	0	0	4,436	4,609	173
WA State Liquor Control Board	2,922	2,909	-13	156,106	159,608	3,502
Utilities and Transportation Comm	0	0	0	30,829	29,481	-1,348
Board for Volunteer Firefighters	0	0	0	569	733	164
Military Department	17,905	16,709	-1,196	143,722	185,462	41,740
Public Employment Relations Comm	4,564	4,758	194	4,564	7,300	2,736
Growth Management Hearings Board	2,958	3,003	45	2,958	3,003	45
State Convention and Trade Center	0	0	0	67,734	71,752	4,018
Total Governmental Operations	382,407	411,360	28,953	2,685,541	2,726,495	40,954

Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget 2001-03 Expenditure Authority vs. 2003-05 Budget HUMAN SERVICES

	General Fund-State			Total All Funds			
	2001-03	2003-05	Difference	2001-03	2003-05	Difference	
WA State Health Care Authority	6,655	0	-6,655	664,413	538,159	-126,254	
Human Rights Commission	5,171	4,775	-396	7,065	6,384	-681	
Bd of Industrial Insurance Appeals	0	0	0	29,619	30,149	530	
Criminal Justice Training Comm	0	0	0	18,756	18,686	-70	
Department of Labor and Industries	11,094	11,723	629	457,528	472,499	14,971	
Indeterminate Sentence Review Board	1,968	1,960	-8	1,968	1,960	-8	
Home Care Quality Authority	171	671	500	171	671	500	
Department of Health	112,182	118,367	6,185	649,483	729,616	80,133	
Department of Veterans' Affairs	20,144	21,576	1,432	72,144	78,593	6,449	
Department of Corrections	1,092,010	1,164,069	72,059	1,130,568	1,199,364	68,796	
Dept of Services for the Blind	3,234	3,534	300	18,293	19,685	1,392	
Sentencing Guidelines Commission	1,768	1,478	-290	1,768	1,478	-290	
Department of Employment Security	0	0	0	439,523	531,972	92,449	
Total Other Human Services	1,254,397	1,328,153	73,756	3,491,299	3,629,216	137,917	

Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget 2001-03 Expenditure Authority vs. 2003-05 Budget DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL & HEALTH SERVICES

	General Fund-State			Total All Funds			
	2001-03	2003-05	Difference	2001-03	2003-05	Difference	
Children and Family Services	456,146	464,034	7,888	839,285	910,037	70,752	
Juvenile Rehabilitation	161,432	146,792	-14,640	229,869	204,951	-24,918	
Mental Health	595,283	674,685	79,402	1,157,015	1,229,646	72,631	
Developmental Disabilities	627,447	678,562	51,115	1,203,569	1,291,739	88,170	
Long-Term Care	1,019,659	1,128,314	108,655	2,089,076	2,314,357	225,281	
Economic Services Administration	849,956	815,547	-34,409	2,247,657	2,059,185	-188,472	
Alcohol & Substance Abuse	72,399	80,640	8,241	230,394	232,354	1,960	
Medical Assistance Payments	2,273,314	2,450,197	176,883	6,550,231	7,256,903	706,672	
Vocational Rehabilitation	20,506	20,382	-124	103,051	106,625	3,574	
Administration/Support Svcs	55,237	61,894	6,657	104,204	108,456	4,252	
Payments to Other Agencies	86,106	84,022	-2,084	112,771	126,016	13,245	
Total DSHS	6,217,485	6,605,069	387,584	14,867,122	15,840,269	973,147	
Total Human Services	7,471,882	7,933,222	461,340	18,358,421	19,469,485	1,111,064	

Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget 2001-03 Expenditure Authority vs. 2003-05 Budget NATURAL RESOURCES

	General Fund-State			Total All Funds			
	2001-03	2003-05	Difference	2001-03	2003-05	Difference	
Columbia River Gorge Commission	777	684	-93	1,526	1,347	-179	
Department of Ecology	73,629	66,727	-6,902	320,232	316,611	-3,621	
WA Pollution Liab Insurance Program	0	0	0	2,150	1,894	-256	
State Parks and Recreation Comm	62,530	59,962	-2,568	99,817	103,146	3,329	
Interagency Comm for Outdoor Rec	323	2,502	2,179	14,270	24,260	9,990	
Environmental Hearings Office	1,668	1,883	215	1,668	1,883	215	
State Conservation Commission	4,272	4,479	207	7,770	6,641	-1,129	
Dept of Fish and Wildlife	90,703	81,632	-9,071	288,030	277,840	-10,190	
Department of Natural Resources	84,281	64,540	-19,741	304,162	280,145	-24,017	
Department of Agriculture	15,192	14,688	504	90,907	90,871	36	
Total Natural Resources	333,375	297,097	-36,278	1,130,532	1,104,638	-25,894	

Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget 2001-03 Expenditure Authority vs. 2003-05 Budget TRANSPORTATION

	Gen	eral Fund-Sta	te	,	Total All Fund	ls
	2001-03	2003-05	Difference	2001-03	2003-05	Difference
Washington State Patrol	29,838	38,860	9,022	73,066	88,373	15,307
Department of Licensing	10,716	9,974	742	34,437	35,584	1,147
Total Transportation	40,554	48,834	8,280	107,503	123,957	16,454

Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget 2001-03 Expenditure Authority vs. 2003-05 Budget EDUCATION

	General Fund-State			Total All Funds		
	2001-03	2003-05	Difference	2001-03	2003-05	Difference
OSPI & Statewide Programs	51,480	41,538	-9,942	209,371	129,190	-80,181
General Apportionment	7,514,713	7,945,276	430,563	7,514,713	7,945,276	430,563
Pupil Transportation	404,421	411,917	7,496	404,421	411,917	7,496
School Food Services	6,200	6,200	0	307,192	383,061	75,869
Special Education	830,428	861,198	30,770	1,125,443	1,270,835	145,392
Traffic Safety Education	4,278	0	-4,278	4,278	0	-4,278
Educational Service Districts	9,328	7,075	-2,253	9,328	7,075	-2,253
Levy Equalization	296,720	329,309	32,589	296,720	329,309	32,589
Elementary/Secondary School Improv	0	0	0	199,660	46,198	-153,462
Institutional Education	36,917	37,688	771	45,465	37,688	-7,777
Ed of Highly Capable Students	12,716	13,211	495	12,716	13,211	495
Student Achievement Program	0	0	0	391,213	398,203	6,990
Education Reform	67,149	74,767	7,618	128,220	204,129	75,909
Transitional Bilingual Instruction	86,909	101,853	14,944	106,664	148,162	41,498
Learning Assistance Program (LAP)	135,323	129,436	-5,887	265,954	436,614	170,660
Block Grants	23,195	0	-23,195	23,195	0	-23,195
State Flexible Education Funds	20,612	0	-20,612	20,612	0	-20,612
Better Schools Program	8,996	0	-8,996	8,996	0	-8,996
Compensation Adjustments	381,712	145,181	-236,531	381,958	145,740	-236,218
Common School Construction	0	0	0	148,456	0	-148,456
Total Public Schools	9,891,097	10,104,649	213,552	11,604,575	11,906,608	302,033

Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget 2001-03 Expenditure Authority vs. 2003-05 Budget PUBLIC SCHOOLS

	Gen	eral Fund-Sta	te	Total All Funds		
	2001-03	2003-05	Difference	2001-03	2003-05	Difference
Higher Education Coordinating Board	264,129	312,297	48,168	279,914	329,640	49,726
University of Washington	679,674	631,212	-48,462	2,925,540	3,624,733	699,193
Washington State University	395,169	375,219	-19,950	817,324	864,579	47,255
Eastern Washington University	89,241	83,044	-6,197	162,729	160,199	-2,530
Central Washington University	85,572	81,156	-4,416	175,149	181,036	5,887
The Evergreen State College	49,513	46,449	-3,064	88,824	90,620	1,796
Spokane Intercoll Rsch & Tech Inst	2,896	2,822	-74	4,223	2,922	-1,301
Western Washington University	117,700	109,182	-8,518	235,470	254,158	18,688
Community/Technical College System	1,047,641	1,025,814	-21,827	1,750,405	1,892,613	142,208
Total Higher Education	2,731,535	2,667,195	-64,340	6,439,578	7,400,500	960,922
State School for the Blind	9,174	9,255	81	10,428	10,590	162
State School for the Deaf	15,093	15,137	44	15,325	15,369	44
Work Force Trng & Educ Coord Board	3,391	3,282	-109	48,877	57,571	8,694
State Library	12,000	0	-12,000	18,976	0	-18,976
Washington State Arts Commission	5,661	4,500	-1,161	6,664	5,526	-1,138
Washington State Historical Society	5,851	4,867	-984	7,411	7,647	236
East Wash State Historical Society	3,121	2,891	230	3,121	2,891	-230
Total Other Education	54,291	39,932	-14,359	110,802	99,594	-11,208
Total Education	12,676,923	12,811,776	134,853	18,154,955	19,406,702	1,251,747

Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget 2001-03 Expenditure Authority vs. 2003-05 Budget SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS

	General Fund-State			Total All Funds		
	2001-03	2003-05	Difference	2001-03	2003-05	Difference
Bond Retirement and Interest	1,211,070	1,249,251	38,181	1,382,942	1,439,607	56,665
Special Approps to the Governor	111,369	18,249	-93,120	208,773	81,015	-127,758
Sundry Claims	764	18	-746	785	383	-402
State Employee Compensation Adjust	103,943	48,284	-55,659	197,491	89,733	-107,758
Contributions to Retirement Systems	44,377	55,170	10,793	44,377	55,170	10,793
Total Special Appropriations	1,471,523	1,370,972	-100,551	1,834,368	1,665,908	-168,460

Omnibus Appropriations Act - Agency Detail

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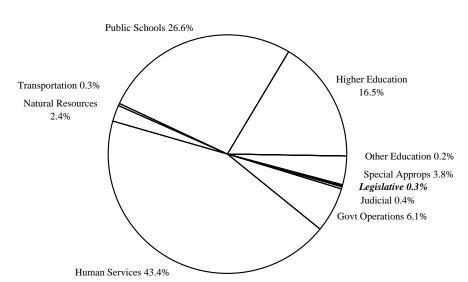
Legislative

Appropriations for the 2003-05 biennium for the state's legislative agencies, including the House of Representatives, the Senate, and the statutory legislative committees, provide carryforward funding for the statutory and constitutional duties of these agencies. In order to attain administrative efficiencies, legislative agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs commensurate with other state agencies.

2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget Total Budgeted Funds

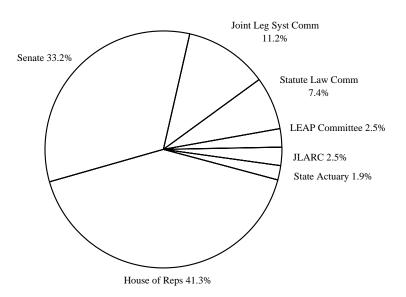
(Dollars in Thousands)

Legislative	136,394
Judicial	162,179
Governmental Operations	2,726,495
Human Services	19,457,885
Natural Resources	1,091,562
Transportation	123,957
Public Schools	11,906,608
Higher Education	7,400,500
Other Education	99,594
Special Appropriations	1,690,584
Statewide Total	44,795,758



Washington State

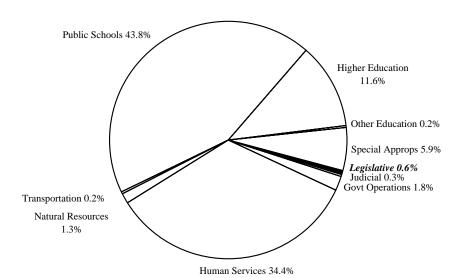
Legislative	136,394
State Actuary	2,616
Jt Leg Audit & Rev Comm	3,344
LEAP Committee	3,455
Statute Law Committee	10,053
Jt Leg Systems Comm	15,320
Senate	45,219
House of Representatives	56,387



2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget General Fund-State

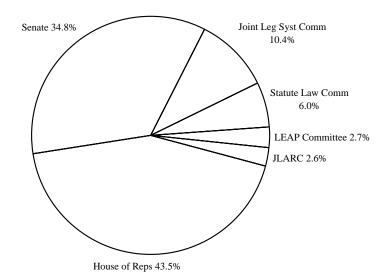
(Dollars in Thousands)

Legislative	129,628
Judicial	78,492
Governmental Operations	411,360
Human Services	7,933,222
Natural Resources	297,097
Transportation	48,834
Public Schools	10,104,649
Higher Education	2,667,195
Other Education	39,932
Special Appropriations	1,370,972
Statewide Total	23,081,381



Washington State

Legislative	129.628
Jt Leg Audit & Rev Comm	3,344
LEAP Committee	3,455
Statute Law Committee	7,806
Jt Leg Systems Comm	13,507
Senate	45,174
House of Representatives	56,342



House of Representatives

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	55,385	45	55,430
2003-05 Maintenance Level	57,075	45	57,120
Policy Changes			
1. Pension Funding Change	-266	0	-266
2. Transfer Transpo Committee Staff	1,715	0	1,715
3. Revolving Funds	152	0	152
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-2,334	0	-2,334
Total 2003-05 Biennium	56,342	45	56,387
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	28,109	0	28.109
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	28,233	45	28,278

Comments:

NOTE: The appropriations to the House of Representatives include \$171,000 for the independent operations of the Legislative Ethics Board. Expenditure decisions of the Board, including employment of staff, shall be independent of the House of Representatives and the Senate.

- 1. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 2. **Transfer Transpo Committee Staff** Funding for House Transportation Committee support is transferred from the state transportation budget (Motor Vehicle Account-State) to the state operating budget (General Fund-State) in accordance with the transfer of committee staff to the House Office of Program Research.
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

Senate

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	45,662	45	45,707
2003-05 Maintenance Level	45,919	45	45,964
Policy Changes			
1. Pension Funding Change	-196	0	-196
2. Revolving Funds	174	0	174
3. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-723	0	-723
Total 2003-05 Biennium	45,174	45	45,219
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	22,001	0	22,001
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	23,173	45	23,218

Comments:

NOTE: The appropriations to the Senate include \$171,000 for the independent operations of the Legislative Ethics Board. Expenditure decisions of the Board, including employment of staff, shall be independent of the House of Representatives and the Senate.

- 1. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 2. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 3. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

Joint Legislative Audit & Review Committee

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	4,069	0	4,069
2003-05 Maintenance Level	3,436	0	3,436
Policy Changes			
1. Pension Funding Change	-20	0	-20
2. Revolving Funds	14	0	14
3. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-86	0	-86
Total 2003-05 Biennium	3,344	0	3,344
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	1,627	0	1,627
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	1,717	0	1,717

- 1. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 2. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 3. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

Legislative Evaluation & Accountability Program

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	2,747	691	3,438
2003-05 Maintenance Level	3,292	0	3,292
Policy Changes			
Database Administrator	180	0	180
2. Pension Funding Change	-21	0	-21
3. Regional Cost of Living Index	50	0	50
4. Revolving Funds	24	0	24
5. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-70	0	-70
Total 2003-05 Biennium	3,455	0	3,455
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	1,656	0	1,656
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	1,799	0	1,799

- 1. **Database Administrator** Funding is provided for a database administrator. This position will be responsible for optimizing database performance and design, including security, access, retrieval, data updates, and backups. Increased demand for databases, in addition to increasing database size, quantity, and complexity, are driving the need for a dedicated position.
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 3. **Regional Cost of Living Index** Funding is provided for the Committee, in consultation with the Economic and Revenue Forecast Council, to develop a regional cost-of-living index for each region served by an Educational Service District of the K-12 system.
- 4. Revolving Funds Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

Office of the State Actuary

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	2,054	2,054
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	2,143	2,143
Policy Changes			
1. Research Analyst Position Upgrade	0	58	58
2. LEOFF 2 Board Support	0	189	189
3. New Lease Costs	0	178	178
4. Pension Funding Change	0	-12	-12
5. Revolving Funds	0	60	60
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	2,616	2,616
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	1,362	1,362
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	1,254	1,254

- Research Analyst Position Upgrade Funding is provided to upgrade a research analyst/legal position to a senior analyst/legal classification. (Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account-State)
- 2. LEOFF 2 Board Support Funding is provided for an additional assistant actuary position to handle increased workload associated with the creation of the Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System (LEOFF) Plan 2 Board by Initiative 790. The expenses of the Office of the State Actuary (OSA) will initially be covered by the Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account and then reimbursed by the LEOFF 2 Board from its expense fund. (Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account-State)
- 3. **New Lease Costs** Funding is provided for OSA to relocate and lease a larger facility. Additional staff required to support the LEOFF Plan 2 Board causes OSA to exceed the capacity of their current space. (Department of Retirement Systems Expense Fund-State)
- 4. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account-State)
- 5. Revolving Funds Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account-State)

Joint Legislative Systems Committee

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	13,253	1,706	14,959
2003-05 Maintenance Level	13,664	1,813	15,477
Policy Changes			
1. Pension Funding Change	-50	0	-50
2. Revolving Funds	24	0	24
3. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-131	0	-131
Total 2003-05 Biennium	13,507	1,813	15,320
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	6,754	916	7,670
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	6,753	897	7,650

- 1. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 2. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 3. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

Statute Law Committee

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	7,826	2,239	10,065
2003-05 Maintenance Level	8,105	2,263	10,368
Policy Changes			
1. Pension Funding Change	-42	0	-42
2. Revolving Funds	-54	-16	-70
3. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-203	0	-203
Total 2003-05 Biennium	7,806	2,247	10,053
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	3,851	741	4,592
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	3,955	1,506	5,461

Comments:

NOTE: The appropriations to the Statute Law Committee include \$42,100 in FY 2004 and \$43,800 in FY 2005 for the Uniform Legislation Commission.

- 1. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 2. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, Statute Law Committee Publications Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 3. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

Judicial

Office of the Administrator for the Courts

Building on improvements funded by the Legislature in the 2001–03 biennium, \$12.6 million is appropriated from the Judicial Information Systems Account to migrate the Judicial Information System to a web-based system, provide juvenile parole case management, and other improvements. These projects will assist courts statewide and prevent the need for local courts to develop stand-alone systems.

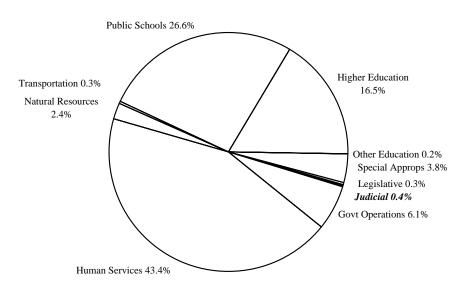
Office of Public Defense

The operating budget provides \$1.6 million to continue the dependency and termination pilot project implemented in 2000. Initial results of the project indicate adoption and foster care savings to the state, increases in the rate of family reunifications, and decreases in the rate of termination of parental rights.

2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget Total Budgeted Funds

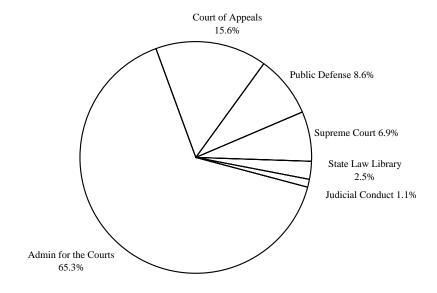
(Dollars in Thousands)

Statewide Total	44,795,758
Special Appropriations	1,690,584
Other Education	99,594
Higher Education	7,400,500
Public Schools	11,906,608
Transportation	123,957
Natural Resources	1,091,562
Human Services	19,457,885
Governmental Operations	2,726,495
Judicial	162,179
Legislative	136,394



Washington State

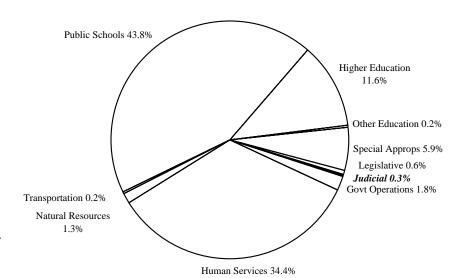
Judicial	162,179
Judicial Conduct Comm	1,828
State Law Library	4,095
Supreme Court	11,127
Office of Public Defense	13,945
Court of Appeals	25,257
Admin for the Courts	105,927



2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget General Fund-State

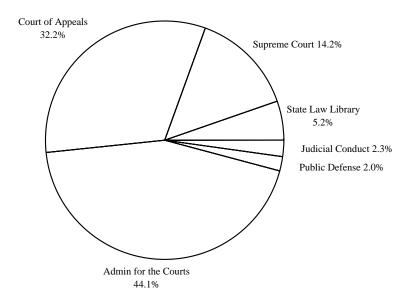
(Dollars in Thousands)

Statewide Total	23,081,381
Special Appropriations	1,370,972
Other Education	39,932
Higher Education	2,667,195
Public Schools	10,104,649
Transportation	48,834
Natural Resources	297,097
Human Services	7,933,222
Governmental Operations	411,360
Judicial	78,492
Legislative	129,628



Washington State

Judicial	78,492
Office of Public Defense	1,550
Judicial Conduct Comm	1,828
State Law Library	4,095
Supreme Court	11,127
Court of Appeals	25,257
Admin for the Courts	34,635



Supreme Court

(Dollars in Thousands)

GF-S	Other	Total
10,987	0	10,987
11,439	0	11,439
-32	0	-32
-64	0	-64
-286	0	-286
70	0	70
11,127	0	11,127
5.462	0	5,462
5,665	0	5,665
	10,987 11,439 -32 -64 -286 70 11,127 5,462	10,987 0 11,439 0 -32 0 -64 0 -286 0 70 0 11,127 0 5,462 0

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed to perform their mission.
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 3. **Hiring Freeze & Admin. Reduction** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

State Law Library

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	3,906	0	3,906
2003-05 Maintenance Level	3,942	0	3,942
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-12	0	-12
2. Pension Funding Change	-10	0	-10
3. One-time Pub. Renewal Relief	229	0	229
4. Hiring Freeze and Admin. Reduction	-98	0	-98
5. Revolving Funds	44	0	44
Total 2003-05 Biennium	4,095	0	4,095
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	2.045	0	2.045
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	2,050	0	2,050

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed to perform their mission.
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 3. **One-time Pub. Renewal Relief** One-time funding is provided to offset a portion of the increased costs of law publications and renewals.
- 4. **Hiring Freeze and Admin. Reduction** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.
- 5. Revolving Funds Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

Court of Appeals

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	25,618	0	25,618
2003-05 Maintenance Level	26,028	0	26,028
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-93	0	-93
2. Division II Security	30	0	30
3. Pension Funding Change	-142	0	-142
4. Hiring Freeze & Admin. Reduction	-650	0	-650
5. Revolving Funds	84	0	84
Total 2003-05 Biennium	25,257	0	25,257
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	12,510	0	12,510
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	12,747	0	12,747

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed to perform their mission.
- 2. Division II Security Funding is provided to expand contracted court security personnel for Division II of the Court of Appeals. Additional resources will allow for permanent staffing of metal detectors previously installed outside courtrooms and make the level of security consistent with other divisions.
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 4. **Hiring Freeze & Admin. Reduction** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.
- Revolving Funds Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

Commission on Judicial Conduct

(Dollars in Thousands)

2001-03 Expenditure Authority	GF-S	Other	Total 1,895
	1,895	0	
2003-05 Maintenance Level	1,820	0	1,820
Policy Changes			
1. Pension Funding Change	-10	0	-10
2. Revolving Funds	18	0	18
Total 2003-05 Biennium	1,828	0	1,828
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	913	0	913
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	915	0	915

- 1. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 2. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

Office of the Administrator for the Courts

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	30,288	55,226	85,514
2003 Supplemental *	2,042	0	2,042
Total 2001-03 Biennium	32,330	55,226	87,556
2003-05 Maintenance Level	33,471	42,131	75,602
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-65	-569	-634
2. Fund Truancy Petitions for Schools	0	3,000	3,000
3. Pension Funding Change	-334	-178	-512
4. Judicial Info System Improvements	0	12,572	12,572
Becca Funding Shifted from DSHS	7,132	6,092	13,224
6. Fund Becca with PSEA Account	-7,132	7,132	0
LFO Billing Shifted from DOC	3,375	0	3,375
8. Fund LFO Collection with PSEA	-1,800	1,800	0
Hiring Freeze and Admin. Reduction	0	-660	-660
10. Revolving Funds	-12	-28	-40
Total 2003-05 Biennium	34,635	71,292	105,927
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	17,295	38,196	55,491
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	17,340	33,096	50,436

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed to perform their mission. (General Fund-State, Public Safety and Education Account-State, Judicial Information Systems Account-State)
- 2. Fund Truancy Petitions for Schools Funding is provided for school district petitions to juvenile court for truant students as provided in RCW 28A.225.030 and 28A.225.035. The Office of the Administrator for the Courts (OAC) shall develop an interagency agreement with the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) to allocate the funding by district, based on the number of petitions filed. This program was formerly administered by OSPI as part of the Flexible Education Funds Block Grant. (Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 3. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, Public Safety and Education Account-State, Judicial Information Systems Account-State)
- 4. **Judicial Info System Improvements** Funding is provided to implement several Judicial Information System (JIS) improvement projects, including migrating JIS to a web-based

- system, providing additional on-line user help and juvenile parole case management, and constructing a data warehouse. Other expenditures include software licensing and hardware needs. These projects will assist courts statewide and prevent the need for local courts to develop stand-alone systems. Funding is also provided to enable JIS to exchange all stateshared data with non-JIS courts and criminal justice agencies using Seattle Municipal Court as the pilot site. OAC may prioritize projects within this appropriation as needed. (Judicial Information Systems Account-State)
- 5. **Becca Funding Shifted from DSHS** Funding for the cost of juvenile court petitions filed under the "Becca" statutes, including truancy petitions, at-risk-youth, and child-in-need-of-services petitions, is transferred from the Department of Social and Health Services, Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration (JRA) to OAC. All funds shall be distributed to county courts in accordance with current practice, and OAC shall not deduct any amounts for indirect costs, consistent with past policy at JRA. (General Fund-State, Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 6. Fund Becca with PSEA Account Funding for "Becca" petitions, including local truancy petitions, and local at-risk-youth and child-in-need-of-services petitions, is shifted from the state general fund to the Public Safety and Education Account (PSEA). (General Fund-State, Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 7. LFO Billing Shifted from DOC Currently, the Department of Corrections (DOC) is responsible for the monitoring and collection of court-ordered legal financial obligations (LFOs) for offenders supervised in the community. Savings are

Office of the Administrator for the Courts

achieved in conjunction with Chapter 379, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5990). Effective October 1, 2003, the collection of LFOs from offenders who have no other supervision requirements is shifted from DOC to county clerks through OAC. Billing for all offenders who owe LFOs will be performed by OAC effective January 1, 2004. The sum of \$1.8 million is provided for pass-through grants to the county clerks for collection duties, under the formula determined by the Washington Association of County Officials. A total of \$1.6 million and 1.3 FTEs are provided to OAC to pay for contracted billing, computer support, returned mail, and coordination with the clerks.

- 8. **Fund LFO Collection with PSEA** Funding for the collection of LFOs by the county clerks is shifted from the state general fund to PSEA. (General Fund-State, Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 9. **Hiring Freeze and Admin. Reduction** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 10. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, Public Safety and Education Account-State)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.





Office of Public Defense

(Dollars in Thousands)

2001-03 Expenditure Authority	GF-S	Other 12,344 5	Total 12,944 175
	600 170		
2003 Supplemental *			
Total 2001-03 Biennium	770	12,349	13,119
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	12,383	12,383
Policy Changes			
1. Dependency and Termination Program	1,550	0	1,550
2. Pension Funding Change	0	-6	-6
3. Revolving Funds	0	18	18
Total 2003-05 Biennium	1,550	12,395	13,945
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	666	6,227	6,893
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	884	6,168	7,052

Governmental Operations

Office of the Secretary of State

The operating budget reduces funding for the State Library by 12.5 percent. This reduction preserves funding for assistance to local libraries, historic and northwest collections, state and federal document depositories, and the Washington Talking Book and Braille Library. Funding is also restored for library services to state institutions.

Pursuant to Chapter 48, Laws of 2003 (ESB 5374), the budget authorizes the Office of the Secretary of State to spend \$13.1 million of federal funding anticipated to be received for Title I of the federal Help America Vote Act of 2002. The federal funds are intended to cover some of the costs of changing voting equipment, including eliminating punch card ballots, providing handicapped-accessible machines and touch screens in every county, and improving administration of federal elections and increased oversight of local elections.

Department of Community, Trade, and Economic Development

The operating budget provides \$2.55 million for enhanced business retention and expansion, assistance to small manufacturing businesses, continuing cluster-based economic development, foreign trade offices, expanded tourism opportunities, local economic development, and various other projects.

Department of Personnel

The Department of Personnel is provided with \$10.6 million from the Data Processing Revolving Fund-State to begin the development of a new statewide payroll and human resource information system. A surcharge will be added to client agencies' revolving fund assessments to fund the project. In addition to the funds provided, the Department is authorized to enter into a financing contract for the payroll and human resource information system of up to \$32.1 million.

Department of Revenue

The sum of \$6.18 million is provided to the Department of Revenue for additional revenue enforcement efforts. Strategies may include, but are not limited to, additional taxpayer education, audit activity, tax discovery efforts, and delinquent account collections. Positions funded include auditors, revenue agents, excise tax examiners, one hearings examiner, and one field audit manager. This item is expected to produce \$32.0 million in revenue for the state general fund in the 2003-05 biennium.

Liquor Control Board

In the 2001-03 biennium, the Legislature appropriated one-time funding for new point-of-sale technology, the Merchandising Business System (MBS). Additional funding of \$1.3 million is provided from the Liquor Revolving Account to purchase MBS software licenses, provide training, and hire technical staff to support the system. The MBS will allow tracking of all state store retail sales and facilitate forecasting and data analysis, which should enable more effective purchasing and business practices.

Appropriation authority of \$5.7 million from the Liquor Revolving Account is provided for the Liquor Control Board to open five new liquor stores in areas that are underserved due to rapid population growth, to relocate 13 existing liquor stores to more convenient and marketable locations, and to avoid closure and reductions in store hours.

Military Department

Based on recent congressional action, \$43.6 million in total federal funding is available to assist Washington State in improving homeland security, with no state or local matching fund requirements. The funding is intended for prescribed equipment, exercises, training, and competitive grants. Over 80 percent of the total federal funds are for distribution to local governments. State uses of funding include terrorism and consequence management efforts, support for the Community Emergency Response Training (CERT)/Citizen Corps Program, and

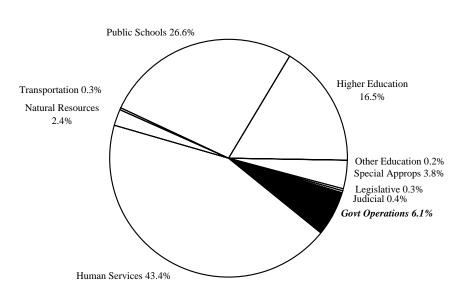
enhancements to security at the state capital. The Military Department will receive the funds and distribute them as determined by the Adjutant General and the Governor's Homeland Security Executive Group in conjunction with federal requirements and approval.

The operating budget provides \$11.2 million in funding from the Enhanced 911 Account to assist local governments with providing enhanced 911 (E911) services, which allow responders to automatically determine a caller's location. An increased level of support for 33 counties is provided to meet new federal requirements that E911 systems work with wireless calls and to update equipment for wireline calls. These counties currently collect the maximum local taxes permitted by law to cover E911 expenses but are not able to cover minimum service requirements.

2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget Total Budgeted Funds

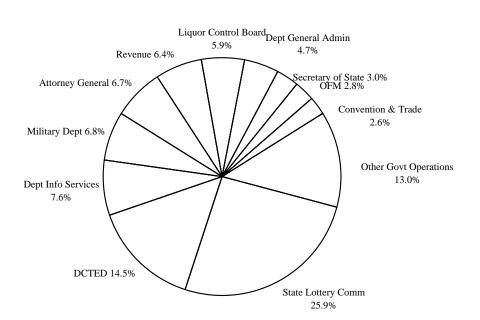
(Dollars in Thousands)

Statewide Total	44,795,758
Special Appropriations	1,690,584
Other Education	99,594
Higher Education	7,400,500
Public Schools	11,906,608
Transportation	123,957
Natural Resources	1,091,562
Human Services	19,457,885
Governmental Operations	2,726,495
Judicial	162,179
Legislative	136,394



Washington State

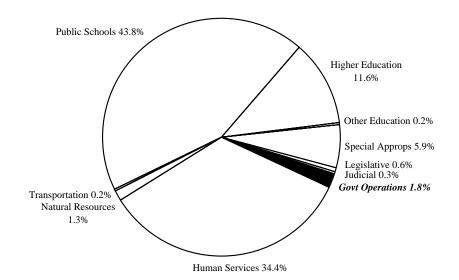
Lottery Commission	705,818
Comm/Trade/Econ Dev	396,606
Dept Information Services	207,447
Military Department	185,462
Attorney General	182,263
Revenue	175,679
Liquor Control Board	159,608
Dept General Administration	129,245
Secretary of State	81,907
Office of Financial Mgmt	75,318
Convention & Trade Center	71,752
Other Govt Operations	355,390
Governmental Operations	2,726,495



2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget General Fund-State

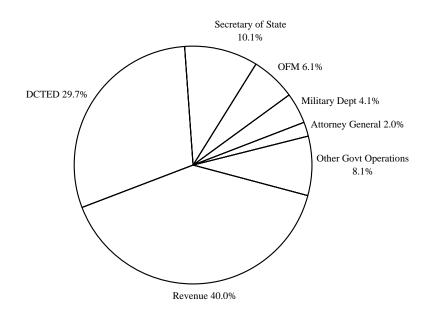
(Dollars in Thousands)

Statewide Total	23,081,381
Special Appropriations	1,370,972
Other Education	39,932
Higher Education	2,667,195
Public Schools	10,104,649
Transportation	48,834
Natural Resources	297,097
Human Services	7,933,222
Governmental Operations	411,360
Judicial	78,492
Legislative	129,628



Washington State

Revenue	164,560
G / / / / / P	,
Comm/Trade/Econ Dev	122,260
Secretary of State	41,428
Office of Financial Mgmt	25,045
Military Department	16,709
Attorney General	8,166
Other Govt Operations	33,192
Governmental Operations	411,360



Office of the Governor

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	8,525	4,127	12,652
2003 Supplemental *	-58	-26	-84
Total 2001-03 Biennium	8,467	4,101	12,568
2003-05 Maintenance Level	8,337	5,226	13,563
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-62	-26	-88
2. Pension Funding Change	-46	-26	-72
3. Revolving Funds	-4	0	-4
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-676	-180	-856
Total 2003-05 Biennium	7,549	4,994	12,543
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	3,773	2,492	6,265
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	3,776	2,502	6,278

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, Water Quality Account-State)
- 2. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, Water Quality Account-State)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, Water Quality Account-State)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Office of the Lieutenant Governor

(Dollars in Thousands)

GF-S	Other	Total
877	0	877
1,154	0	1,154
-4	0	-4
-4	0	-4
6	0	6
-54	0	-54
1,098	0	1,098
549	0	549
549	0	549
	1,154 -4 -4 -4 6 -54 1,098 549	877 0 1,154 0 -4 0 -4 0 6 0 -54 0 1,098 0 549 0

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission.
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

Public Disclosure Commission

(Dollars in Thousands)

GF-S	Other	Total
3,756	0	3,756
3,920	0	3,920
-11	0	-11
-20	0	-20
2	0	2
-330	0	-330
3,561	0	3,561
1,790	0	1,790
1,771	0	1,771
	3,756 3,920 -11 -20 2 -330 3,561 1,790	3,756 0 3,920 0 -11 0 -20 0 2 0 -330 0 3,561 0 1,790 0

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission.
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

Office of the Secretary of State

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	16,931	18,617	35,548
2003-05 Maintenance Level	42,132	26,200	68,332
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-133	-125	-258
2. Initiative/Referendum Verification	-200	0	-200
3. Library Svcs to State Institutions	2,558	0	2,558
4. Defense of Blanket Primary	134	0	134
5. Public Affairs Broadcasting	-177	0	-177
6. State Archives	0	1,471	1,471
7. Pension Funding Change	-138	-66	-204
8. SSB 5274 (Archives Div Funding)	0	0	0
9. Help America Vote Act	0	13,121	13,121
10. State Library Reduction	-2,678	0	-2,678
11. Revolving Funds	938	68	1,006
12. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-1,008	-190	-1,198
Total 2003-05 Biennium	41,428	40,479	81,907
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	24,336	27,384	51,720
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	17,092	13,095	30,187

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 2. **Initiative/Referendum Verification** This activity facilitates the filing and processing of proposed initiatives and referenda, the filing of completed petitions, and verification of voter signatures on filed petitions. Historically, there has been a fund balance at the end of each fiscal year. Funding is reduced to more accurately reflect the costs of this activity.
- 3. **Library Svcs to State Institutions** Funding is restored so that the State Library can provide services to libraries in ten correctional facilities and two mental hospitals.
- 4. **Defense of Blanket Primary** Funding is provided to reimburse the Attorney General's office for legal expenses related to defending the state's statutorily-mandated blanket primary system.
- 5. Public Affairs Broadcasting The Office of the Secretary of State contracts with a nonprofit organization to produce gavelto-gavel television coverage of state government deliberations or other events of statewide significance. Funding is not provided for the implicit price deflator increase.
- 6. **State Archives** Funding is provided for five activities related to the State Archives: (1) to allow the State Archives to provide immediate assistance to local governments with protecting and preserving archival documents in the event of an unanticipated disaster; (2) to contract services for the browntoning (polysulfide treatment) of all essential local government security microfilm and to complete the security microfilm

- project; (3) for off-site storage lease space and one temporary warehouse worker to consolidate records holdings; (4) to conduct a physical inventory of all state agency security microfilm and inspect all reels holding permanent, essential records; and (5) to support increased State Archives preservation microfilming and local government archives preservation microfilming. The Office of the Secretary of State shall use account fund balances to fund items 3, 4, and 5. The agency shall not increase revolving fund charges to fund these items. (Archives and Records Management Account-State, Archives and Records Management Account-Private/Local)
- 7. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 8. SSB 5274 (Archives Div Funding) Spending authority is provided pursuant to Chapter 163, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5274). All receipts collected for contract imaging, micrographics, reproduction, and duplication services provided by the Division of Archives and Records Management are to be deposited into the Imaging Account. All receipts collected by county auditors for local government services, such as providing records scheduling, security microfilm inspections and storage, archival preservation, and cataloguing, are to be deposited into the Local Government Archives Account. In addition, all surcharges for unpaid taxes or liabilities and recording documents are to be

Office of the Secretary of State

deposited into the Local Government Archives Account. (Archives and Records Management Account-State, Archives and Records Management Account-Private/Local, Imaging Account-Non-Appropriated, Local Government Archives Account-State)

- 9. Help America Vote Act Pursuant to Chapter 48, Laws of 2003 (ESB 5374), spending authority is provided in anticipation of receipt of federal funding for Title I of the federal Help America Vote Act of 2002. Federal funding received will assist states in replacing punch card voting equipment and improving administration of federal elections, including increased oversight of local elections. (Election Account-Federal)
- 10. State Library Reduction State Library funding is reduced by 12.5 percent. This reduction in state library services preserves the following services: (1) assistance to local libraries; (2) historic and northwest collections; (3) state and federal document depositories; and (4) talking book and braille services.
- 11. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 12. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, various other funds)

Governor's Office of Indian Affairs

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	543	0	543
2003 Supplemental *	5	0	5
Total 2001-03 Biennium	548	0	548
2003-05 Maintenance Level	565	0	565
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-4	0	-4
2. Transfer Govt-to-Govt Training	-100	0	-100
3. Pension Funding Change	-4	0	-4
4. Revolving Funds	10	0	10
Total 2003-05 Biennium	467	0	467
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	228	0	228
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	239	0	239

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission.
- 2. **Transfer Govt-to-Govt Training** Government-to-government training, conducted for stakeholders and federal, state, local, and tribal government employees, is transferred to the Department of Personnel.
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Washington State Commission on Asian-Pacific-American Affairs

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	434	0	434
2003 Supplemental *	-17	0	-17
Total 2001-03 Biennium	417	0	417
2003-05 Maintenance Level	423	0	423
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-4	0	-4
2. Asian-Pacific-American Issues	-39	0	-39
3. Pension Funding Change	-2	0	-2
4. Revolving Funds	10	0	10
Total 2003-05 Biennium	388	0	388
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	194	0	194
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	194	0	194

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission.
- 2. Asian-Pacific-American Issues In order to increase administrative efficiency, the Governor's Office of Indian Affairs shall collocate with the Commission on Asian-Pacific-American Affairs, the Commission on African-American Affairs, the Commission on Hispanic Affairs, and the Citizens' Commission on Salaries for Elected Officials. Administrative and salary savings are assumed due to shared administrative functions and fixed costs.
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Office of the State Treasurer

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	12,870	12,870
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	13,805	13,805
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-48	-48
2. Pension Funding Change	0	-72	-72
3. Revolving Funds	0	-30	-30
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-506	-506
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	13,149	13,149
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	6,585	6,585
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	6,564	6,564

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (State Treasurer's Service Account-State)
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (State Treasurer's Service Account-State)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (State Treasurer's Service Account-State)
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (State Treasurer's Service Account-State)

Office of the State Auditor

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	1,952	42,158	44,110
2003-05 Maintenance Level	1,831	45,547	47,378
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-2	-183	-185
2. Sunset Life Building	0	1,187	1,187
3. SAO Network Security	0	80	80
4. Pension Funding Change	-10	-268	-278
5. Revolving Funds	0	-6	-6
6. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-416	-2,627	-3,043
Total 2003-05 Biennium	1,403	43,730	45,133
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	701	21,905	22,606
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	702	21,825	22,527

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (General Fund-State, Municipal Revolving Account-State, Auditing Services Revolving Account-State)
- 2. Sunset Life Building The State Auditor's office will move staff out of the General Administration Building and the Department of Social and Health Services' offices to the Sunset Life Building when the Treasurer's office moves back to the Legislative Building upon completion of the Capitol Campus improvement project. Funding is provided for tenant improvements, equipment, and increased rent. (Municipal Revolving Account-State, Auditing Services Revolving Account-State)
- SAO Network Security Funding is provided for updates to internal security in order to authenticate auditors accessing of the State Auditor's network from field offices throughout the state. (Municipal Revolving Account-Non-Appropriated, Auditing Services Revolving Account-State)
- 4. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, Municipal Revolving Account-Non-Appropriated, Auditing Services Revolving Account-State)
- 5. Revolving Funds Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Municipal Revolving

- Account-Non-Appropriated, Auditing Services Revolving Account-State)
- 6. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, Municipal Revolving Account-Non-Appropriated, Auditing Services Revolving Account-State)

Citizens' Commission on Salaries for Elected Officials

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	227	0	227
2003-05 Maintenance Level	232	0	232
Policy Changes			
General Inflation	-2	0	-2
2. Revolving Funds	10	0	10
Total 2003-05 Biennium	240	0	240
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	83	0	83
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	157	0	157

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission.
- 2. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

Office of the Attorney General

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	8,881	156,092	164,973
2003 Supplemental *	3	0	3
Total 2001-03 Biennium	8,884	156,092	164,976
2003-05 Maintenance Level	9,854	174,950	184,804
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-56	-967	-1,023
2. Executive Ethics Board	-697	697	0
3. Homicide Investigation Tracking Sys	-539	90	-449
4. Legal Services to State Agencies	0	2,660	2,660
5. Division Relocation	0	403	403
Pension Funding Change	-56	-1,038	-1,094
7. Revolving Funds	0	42	42
8. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-340	-3,414	-3,754
9. Self-Insurance Premiums	0	674	674
Total 2003-05 Biennium	8,166	174,097	182,263
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	4,057	87,501	91,558
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	4,109	86,596	90,705

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 2. **Executive Ethics Board** Funding for the Executive Ethics Board is shifted from the state general fund to the Legal Services Revolving Account. (General Fund-State, Legal Services Revolving Account-State)
- 3. Homicide Investigation Tracking Sys The Supervised Management and Recidivism Tracking (SMART) System, which is part of the Homicide Investigation Tracking System (HITS), is eliminated. The state general fund portion of HITS funding is shifted to the Public Safety and Education Account. (General Fund-State, Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 4. Legal Services to State Agencies Funding is provided for additional legal assistance to the Department of Social and Health Services. In addition, funding is provided for the United States v. Washington Culverts case, which is anticipated to go to trial in December 2003. Funding is also provided for legal expenses related to defending the state's statutorily-mandated blanket primary system. (Legal Services Revolving Account-State)
- 5. Division Relocation Funding is provided for two divisions of the Office of the Attorney General to relocate during the 2003-05 biennium. The Torts Division is presently located in a building with health and safety problems. The Revenue Division has been sharing office space with the Department of Revenue. (Legal Services Revolving Account-State)

- 6. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 7. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Legal Services Revolving Account-State)
- 8. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 9. Self-Insurance Premiums State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the agency's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium. (Legal Services Revolving Account-State)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Caseload Forecast Council

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	1,231	0	1,231
2003-05 Maintenance Level	1,279	0	1,279
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-4	0	-4
2. Pension Funding Change	-8	0	-8
3. Revolving Funds	10	0	10
Total 2003-05 Biennium	1,277	0	1,277
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	638	0	638
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	639	0	639

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission.
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

Agency 103 C 25, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 126

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

(Dollars in Thousands)

		GF-S	Other	Total
2001	-03 Expenditure Authority	131,092	223,474	354,566
2003	Supplemental *	-476	28,623	28,147
	l 2001-03 Biennium	130,616	252,097	382,713
2003	-05 Maintenance Level	123,019	270,925	393,944
Poli	cy Changes			
1.	Community Services Block Grant	120	0	120
2.	Washington Manufacturing Service	400	0	400
3.	General Inflation	-174	-201	-375
4.	Foreign Offices	400	0	400
5.	Intnl Trade Small Business Asst	-380	0	-380
6.	Assist Local Economic Development	400	0	400
7.	Financial Assistance to Business	-49	0	-49
8.	Housing Trust Fund Fees	0	1,212	1,212
9.	Housing Trust Fund Admin	-1,638	1,638	0
10.	Distr of Funds for Local Purposes	-82	0	-82
11.	Developmentally Disabled Endow Fund	-471	471	0
12.	Industries of the Future	250	0	250
13.	Reduce Comm Devlt Finance Staff	-70	0	-70
14.	\mathcal{E}	410	0	410
	ESSB 5586 (Lead-Based Paint)	0	806	806
	Pension Funding Change	-177	-239	-416
17.	International Trade Alliance	100	0	100
18.	Reduce Revolving Loan Staff	-100	0	-100
19.		600	0	600
20.		400	0	400
21.	Revolving Funds	-26	-18	-44
22.	Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-672	-248	-920
Tota	1 2003-05 Biennium	122,260	274,346	396,606
F	iscal Year 2004 Total	61,459	138,975	200,434
	iscal Year 2005 Total	60,801	135,371	196,172

- Community Services Block Grant Funding is provided to the Community Services Block Grant Program for pass through to community action agencies.
- 2. **Washington Manufacturing Service** Funding is provided for the Washington Manufacturing Service to provide technical assistance and guidance to Washington-based manufacturers to enhance their competitiveness in the global market place.
- 3. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 4. **Foreign Offices** Funding is provided to expand local capacity for China and to expand operations in Shanghai, Beijing, Hong Kong, and Mexico in order to assist Washington exporters in expanding their sales opportunities.
- Intnl Trade Small Business Asst Funding is reduced for local export development in Bellingham and Spokane and to the Center for International Trade in Forest Products.

- Assist Local Economic Development Funding is provided for business development activities to conduct statewide or regional business recruitment and client lead generation services.
- 7. **Financial Assistance to Business** The administrative portion of funding for the Child Care Advantages and Facility Fund is eliminated.
- 8. Housing Trust Fund Fees The authority to spend the Housing Trust Fund Loan Origination Fee is shifted from the General Fund-Local Account to the Community and Economic Development Fee Account. Spending authority is provided for a new Housing Trust Fund Monitoring and Inspection Fee to be deposited into the Community and Economic Development Fee Account. (General Fund-Local, Community and Economic Development Fee Account-State)
- 9. **Housing Trust Fund Admin** Authority to spend administrative fees is moved from the state general fund to the

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

- Housing Trust Fund. (General Fund-State, Washington Housing Trust Account-State)
- 10. Distr of Funds for Local Purposes Funding for administrative purposes is reduced pursuant to Chapter 90, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5780). The law creates efficiencies by standardizing the distribution of Municipal Criminal Justice Assistance Account funds to counties and cities.
- 11. **Developmentally Disabled Endow Fund** The Developmental Disabilities Endowment Fund offers special needs trusts to persons with developmental disabilities to enhance the quality of their lives. Fees are sufficient to fund administrative costs of the program. Funding is shifted from the General Fund-Local Account to the Community and Economic Development Fee Account. (General Fund-Local, Community and Economic Development Fee Account-State)
- 12. **Industries of the Future** Funding is provided to develop a research program in bioinformatics as part of the Industries of the Future strategy of economic development. The Industries of the Future strategy is designed to establish Washington as a leader in emerging, strategic industries in which we already have a significant competitive advantage.
- Reduce Comm Devlt Finance Staff FTE staff and funding for the Community Development Finance Program are reduced.
- 14. **Columbia River Gorge Counties** Funding is provided for grants to Washington Columbia River Gorge counties to implement their responsibilities under the national scenic area management plan. Of this amount, \$390,000 is provided for Skamania County and \$20,000 is provided for Clark County.
- 15. ESSB 5586 (Lead-Based Paint) Funding is provided pursuant to Chapter 322, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5586). The authority to spend the federal funds will allow the Department of Community, Trade, and Economic Development to enter and inspect premises or facilities where lead-based paint removal activities have occurred or where those engaged in training for lead-based paint activities conduct business. Costs will also include sampling activities and reviewing records. (General Fund-Federal, Lead Paint Account-State)
- 16. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 17. **International Trade Alliance** Funding is provided for a contract with the International Trade Alliance of Spokane to

- expand the sales and international trade capacity of companies in Eastern Washington.
- 18. **Reduce Revolving Loan Staff** FTE staff and funding for the administration of revolving loans are reduced.
- 19. **Business Retention and Expansion** Funding is provided for additional business retention and expansion activities throughout the state.
- 20. Tourism Funding is provided for the Washington State Tourism Office to market the state as a travel destination to other northwest states as well as California and British Columbia in order to increase visitor revenues.
- 21. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 22. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, various other funds)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Economic & Revenue Forecast Council

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	1,011	0	1,011
2003-05 Maintenance Level	1,039	0	1,039
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-4	0	-4
2. Pension Funding Change	-6	0	-6
3. Revolving Funds	8	0	8
Total 2003-05 Biennium	1,037	0	1,037
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	518	0	518
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	519	0	519

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission.
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

Office of Financial Management

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	24,964	45,988	70,952
2003 Supplemental *	-20	12,000	11,980
Total 2001-03 Biennium	24,944	57,988	82,932
2003-05 Maintenance Level	27,016	49,533	76,549
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-107	-90	-197
2. Accting Svcs for Other Agencies	-43	0	-43
3. Pension Funding Change	-190	-94	-284
4. SHB 1550 (Reg Asst Office)	100	0	100
5. 2SSB 5694 (Integrated Permit Syst)	249	0	249
6. Revolving Funds	-1,332	940	-392
7. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-648	-16	-664
Total 2003-05 Biennium	25,045	50,273	75,318
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	12,662	24,842	37,504
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	12,383	25,431	37,814

Comments:

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, Data Processing Revolving Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 2. **Accting Svcs for Other Agencies** The Small Agency Client Services' rate increase included in maintenance level reduces the need for state general funds.
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 4. **SHB 1550** (**Reg Asst Office**) Funding is provided to implement Chapter 71, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1550) to develop a website containing information on regulatory requirements for businesses and citizens.
- 5. **2SSB 5694** (**Integrated Permit Syst**) Chapter 245, Laws of 2003 (2SSB 5694), establishes a pilot project to develop an integrated environmental permit system. One-time funding is provided for the contract to develop this system.
- 6. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, Data

Processing Revolving Account-Non-Appropriated, Risk Management Administration Account-Non-Appropriated)

7. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** - In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Office of Administrative Hearings

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	22,444	22,444
2003 Supplemental *	0	1,079	1,079
Total 2001-03 Biennium	0	23,523	23,523
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	25,045	25,045
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-120	-120
2. Pension Funding Change	0	-127	-127
3. Revolving Funds	0	-6	-6
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-184	-184
5. Self-Insurance Premiums	0	61	61
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	24,669	24,669
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	12,319	12,319
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	12,350	12,350

Comments:

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (Administrative Hearings Revolving Account-State)
- 2. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS' and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Administrative Hearings Revolving Account-State)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Administrative Hearings Revolving Account-State)
- 4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Administrative Hearings Revolving Account-State)
- 5. **Self-Insurance Premiums** State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased

amount for the agency's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium. (Administrative Hearings Revolving Account-State)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Personnel

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	32,886	32,886
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	32,851	32,851
Policy Changes			
1. Civil Service Work Increase	0	142	142
2. General Inflation	0	-328	-328
3. Governor's Internship Program	0	-165	-165
4. Human Resource Info Systems	0	10,592	10,592
Pension Funding Change	0	-184	-184
6. Revolving Funds	0	-164	-164
7. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-169	-169
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	42,575	42,575
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	20,842	20,842
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	21,733	21,733

- Civil Service Work Increase Funding is provided for miscellaneous expenses related to the implementation of civil service reform but not associated with the development of the new Human Resource Information System. (Department of Personnel Service Account-State)
- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (Department of Personnel Services Account-State, Data Processing Revolving Account-Non Appropriated)
- 3. **Governor's Internship Program** The Governor's Internship Program is eliminated. (Department of Personnel Service Account-State)
- 4. **Human Resource Info Systems** Funding is provided to begin the replacement of the state payroll and personnel computer systems. (Department of Personnel Data Processing Revolving Fund-Non-Appropriated)
- 5. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Department of Personnel Services Account-State, Data Processing Revolving Account-Non Appropriated, Higher Education Personnel Services Account-State)
- 6. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Department of Personnel

- Services Account-State, Data Processing Revolving Account-Non Appropriated, Higher Education Personnel Services Account-State)
- Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, benefits, and other operating efficiencies. (Department of Personnel Service Account-State)

State Lottery Commission

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	812,320	812,320
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	707,903	707,903
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-2,248	-2,248
2. Information Services	0	158	158
3. Legal Services	0	50	50
4. Pension Funding Change	0	-121	-121
5. Mega Millions Implementation	0	430	430
6. Revolving Funds	0	-18	-18
7. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-336	-336
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	705,818	705,818
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	350,831	350,831
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	354,987	354,987

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (State Lottery Account-Non-Appropriated, Lottery Administrative Account-State)
- 2. **Information Services** Funding is provided for a computer security specialist to enhance the protection of the Commission's assets from unauthorized access, destruction, or tampering. This new staff member will conduct additional comprehensive security reviews, evaluations, and systems analysis to ensure the security of Lottery information technology operations. (Lottery Administrative Account-State)
- 3. **Legal Services** Funding is provided for legal services for the procurement of the Commission's on-line electronic gaming vendor contract and for on-line electronic gaming acceptance testing. The next on-line vendor contract is expected to cost in excess of \$10 million per year, with a 6- to 10-year contract commitment. (Lottery Administrative Account-State)
- 4. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Lottery Administrative Account-State)
- 5. Mega Millions Implementation Funding is provided for one financial analyst, one programmer, one district sales representative, one part-time customer service specialist, and one security investigator as a result of the Mega Millions multijurisdictional lottery game. Mega Millions was authorized by

- the 2002 Legislature but FTEs and funding were not requested at the time. (Lottery Administrative Account-State)
- 6. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Lottery Administrative Account-State)
- 7. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Lottery Administrative Account-State)

Washington State Commission on Hispanic Affairs

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	436	0	436
2003 Supplemental *	5	0	5
Total 2001-03 Biennium	441	0	441
2003-05 Maintenance Level	439	0	439
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-4	0	-4
2. Coordinate Hispanic Comm Issues	-35	0	-35
3. Pension Funding Change	-2	0	-2
4. Revolving Funds	10	0	10
Total 2003-05 Biennium	408	0	408
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	204	0	204
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	204	0	204

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions.
- 2. Coordinate Hispanic Comm Issues In order to increase administrative efficiency, the Governor's Office of Indian Affairs shall collocate with the Commission on Asian-Pacific-American Affairs, the Commission on African-American Affairs, the Commission on Hispanic Affairs, and the Citizens' Commission on Salaries for Elected Officials. Administrative and salary savings are assumed due to shared administrative functions and fixed costs.
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Washington State Commission on African-American Affairs

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	418	0	418
2003 Supplemental *	5	0	5
Total 2001-03 Biennium	423	0	423
2003-05 Maintenance Level	447	0	447
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-3	0	-3
2. Coordinate African-American Issues	-53	0	-53
3. Pension Funding Change	-2	0	-2
4. Revolving Funds	8	0	8
Total 2003-05 Biennium	397	0	397
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	198	0	198
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	199	0	199

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions.
- 2. Coordinate African-American Issues In order to increase administrative efficiency, the Governor's Office of Indian Affairs shall collocate with the Commission on Asian-Pacific-American Affairs, the Commission on African-American Affairs, the Commission on Hispanic Affairs, and the Citizens' Commission on Salaries for Elected Officials. Administrative and salary savings are assumed due to shared administrative functions and fixed costs.
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Personnel Appeals Board

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	1,705	1,705
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	1,737	1,737
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-6	-6
2. Pension Funding Change	0	-10	-10
3. Revolving Funds	0	10	10
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-6	-6
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	1,725	1,725
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	861	861
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	864	864

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Department of Personnel Service Account-State)
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Department of Personnel Service Account-State)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Department of Personnel Service Account-State)
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Department of Personnel Service Account-State)

Department of Retirement Systems

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	53,244	53,244
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	45,944	45,944
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-318	-318
2. Unreduced Duty Death Survivor Ben.	0	31	31
3. LEOFF 2 Board Services	0	1,676	1,676
4. Pension Funding Change	0	-218	-218
5. EMT Service Credit Transfer	0	125	125
6. Substitute Employee Service Credit	0	124	124
7. Fallen Hero Survivor Benefits	0	77	77
8. Retire-Rehire Oversight	0	324	324
Complete Imaging of Member Files	0	1,678	1,678
10. Essential Maintenance of EDIMS	0	405	405
11. Plan 3 Contributions	0	21	21
12. Death Benefit for Public Employees	0	30	30
13. Revolving Funds	0	-786	-786
14. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-541	-541
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	48,572	48,572
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	26,062	26,062
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	22,510	22,510

Comments:

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Dependent Care Administrative Account-State, Department of Retirement Expense Account-State)
- 2. Unreduced Duty Death Survivor Ben. Funding is provided for the administrative costs associated with paying unreduced survivor benefits for members of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System (SERS), and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) who were killed on the job, pursuant to Chapter 155, Laws of 2003 (HB 1519). (Department of Retirement Systems Expense Fund-State)
- 3. **LEOFF 2 Board Services** Funding is provided for additional duties associated with the Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Plan 2 (LEOFF 2) Board created by Initiative 790. The expenses of the Department of Retirement Systems will be reimbursed by the LEOFF 2 Board. (Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account-State)
- 4. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for PERS, SERS, and TRS. The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Dependent Care Administrative Account-

State, Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account-State, Deferred Compensation Administrative Account)

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- 5. EMT Service Credit Transfer Funding is provided for administrative costs associated with the opportunity provided by Chapter 293, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1202). The bill provides for Emergency Medical Technicians (EMT) to transfer service credit earned in PERS into the LEOFF Plan 2. (Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account-State)
- 6. Substitute Employee Service Credit Funding is provided for administrative costs of providing the optional purchase of service credit by substitute employees in SERS after the end of each school year as required by Chapter 157, Laws of 2003 (SB 5094). (Department of Retirement Expense Account-State)
- 7. Fallen Hero Survivor Benefits Funding is provided for administrative costs associated with removing the actuarial reduction for survivor benefits paid on behalf of public safety officers killed in the line of duty, pursuant to Chapter 32, Laws of 2003 (SB 5100), and in compliance with the federal Fallen Hero Survivor Benefit Fairness Act of 2001. (Department of Retirement Expense Account-State)
- 8. **Retire-Rehire Oversight** Funding is provided for administrative costs associated with new oversight responsibilities in Chapter 412, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (SHB 1829), related to the hiring of retired members of PERS Plan 1. (Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account-State)

Department of Retirement Systems

- 9. Complete Imaging of Member Files Funding is provided to complete the conversion of member files to electronic images for the agency's Electronic Document Image Management System (EDIMS). At the beginning of FY 2004, the Department of Retirement Systems estimates that one-third of the files will remain non-imaged. (Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account-State)
- 10. **Essential Maintenance of EDIMS** Funding is provided for the ongoing maintenance of EDIMS. These funds will cover maintenance fee increases, the replacement of computer hardware, and software upgrades. (Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account-State)
- 11. **Plan 3 Contributions** Funding is provided for administrative costs associated with the provision of additional contribution options in PERS, TRS, and SERS Plans 3 under Chapter 156, Laws of 2003 (HB 1206). (Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account-State)
- 12. **Death Benefit for Public Employees** Funding is provided for administrative costs associated with paying a \$150,000 lump-sum death benefit for members of PERS, SERS, and TRS, pursuant to Chapter 402, Laws of 2003 (HB 1207). (Department of Retirement Systems Expense Fund-State)
- 13. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Dependent Care Administrative Account-State, Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account-State, Deferred Compensation Administrative Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 14. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Dependent Care Administrative Account-State, Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account-State, Deferred Compensation Administrative Account-Non-Appropriated)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

State Investment Board

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	13,461	13,461
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	13,337	13,337
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-41	-41
2. Investment Activities	0	150	150
3. Pension Funding Change	0	-68	-68
4. Investment Consultant for Fircrest	100	0	100
5. Revolving Funds	0	-8	-8
6. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-108	-108
Total 2003-05 Biennium	100	13,262	13,362
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	100	6,709	6,809
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	6,553	6,553

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (State Investment Board Expense Account-State)
- 2. **Investment Activities** Funding is provided for the State Investment Board (SIB) to hire a consultant to develop a plan with the securities industry and the Department of Information Services to allow SIB to implement the settlement of transactions within the same day for a security trade, which is called straight-through-processing. The cost of the consultant will be \$150,000. (State Investment Board Expense Account-State)
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (State Investment Board Expense Account-State)
- 4. Investment Consultant for Fircrest Funding is provided for a contract with a real estate investment consultant to prepare options and recommended investment strategies for surplus property at the five state residential habilitation centers. Investment return from the surplus properties is to be deposited into an account to support services for developmentally disabled clients. In developing recommended strategies for the Fircrest School property, the contractor shall identify an investment strategy that will produce the greatest long-term investment return on the property without sale of the land.

- 5. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (State Investment Board Expense Account-State)
- 6. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (State Investment Board Expense Account-State)

Department of Revenue

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	150,768	10,300	161,068
2003 Supplemental *	-830	0	-830
Total 2001-03 Biennium	149,938	10,300	160,238
2003-05 Maintenance Level	160,124	11,215	171,339
Policy Changes			
1. Revenue Enforcement Enhancement	6,180	0	6,180
2. Pension Funding Change	-808	-42	-850
3. Implementing the SSTA	303	0	303
4. Commute Trip Reduction Program	103	0	103
Municipal Business & Occupation Tax	82	0	82
6. Administrative Rule Notice	92	0	92
7. Revolving Funds	-104	-2	-106
8. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-1,566	-52	-1,618
9. Self-Insurance Premiums	154	0	154
Total 2003-05 Biennium	164,560	11,119	175,679
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	82,644	5,560	88,204
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	81,916	5,559	87,475

- 1. Revenue Enforcement Enhancement The amount of \$6.18 million is provided to the Department for additional revenue enforcement efforts. Strategies may include, but are not limited to, additional taxpayer education, audit activity, tax discovery efforts, and delinquent account collections. Positions funded include auditors, revenue agents, excise tax examiners, one hearings examiner, and one field audit manager. This investment is expected to produce \$32.0 million in revenue for the state general fund in the 2003-05 biennium.
- 2. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, Timber Tax Distribution Account-State, Unclaimed Personal Property Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 3. **Implementing the SSTA** Funding is provided to implement the streamlined sales and use tax agreement (SSTA), pursuant to Chapter 168, Laws of 2003 (SB 5783). Activities include, but are not limited to, studying sourcing issues, assisting taxpayers with new definitions and tax liability, and amending rules.
- 4. **Commute Trip Reduction Program** Funding is provided to implement the Commute Trip Reduction Program, pursuant to Chapter 364, Laws of 2003 (ESHB 2228).

- 5. **Municipal Business & Occupation Tax** Funding is provided to study the net fiscal impact of the apportionment and allocation method outlined in Chapter 79, Laws of 2003 (EHB 2030), pursuant to the requirements of the same chapter.
- 6. **Administrative Rule Notice** Funding is provided to the Department to increase the frequency with which it notifies businesses of changes to administrative rules, pursuant to Chapter 246, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5766).
- 7. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, Timber Tax Distribution Account-State)
- 8. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, Timber Tax Distribution Account-State)
- 9. Self-Insurance Premiums State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the Department's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Board of Tax Appeals

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	2,200	0	2,200
2003-05 Maintenance Level	2,205	0	2,205
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-12	0	-12
2. Pension Funding Change	-12	0	-12
3. Revolving Funds	12	0	12
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-64	0	-64
Total 2003-05 Biennium	2,129	0	2,129
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	1,141	0	1,141
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	988	0	988

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission.
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

Municipal Research Council

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	4,575	4,575
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	4,621	4,621
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	4,621	4,621
Fiscal Year 2004 Total Fiscal Year 2005 Total	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$	2,305 2,316	2,305 2,316

Comments:

There were no policy level changes.

Office of Minority & Women's Business Enterprises

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	2,616	2,616
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	2,519	2,519
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-23	-23
2. Pension Funding Change	0	-16	-16
3. General Activity Cut	0	-500	-500
4. Revolving Funds	0	10	10
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	1,990	1,990
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	995	995
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	995	995

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (Minority and Women's Business Enterprises Account-State)
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Minority and Women's Business Enterprises Account-State)
- 3. General Activity Cut The Office's spending authority is reduced by \$500,000 as a general activity cut. The Office shall use its managerial discretion to reduce spending in areas that will have the least impact on client services. The Office is encouraged to diversify its funding sources by adjusting fees to a more meaningful level and soliciting grants from outside sources. In addition, the Legislature will review the Office's structure and functions and recommend changes during FY 2004. (Minority and Women's Business Enterprises Account-State)
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Minority and Women's Business Enterprises Account-State)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Department of General Administration

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	1,204	128,454	129,658
2003 Supplemental *	-9	0	-9
Total 2001-03 Biennium	1,195	128,454	129,649
2003-05 Maintenance Level	1,202	130,098	131,300
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-2	-1,264	-1,266
2. Campus Tours	-616	616	0
3. Commute Trip Reduction	0	0	0
4. Dist Surplus Food/Prop:TEFAP/CSFP	0	967	967
Parking Management	0	0	0
6. Pension Funding Change	-4	-388	-392
7. Revolving Funds	0	-152	-152
8. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-112	-1,288	-1,400
9. Self-Insurance Premiums	0	188	188
Total 2003-05 Biennium	468	128,777	129,245
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	193	64,525	64,718
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	275	64,252	64,527

Comments:

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 2. **Campus Tours** In the 2003-05 biennium, tours of the State Capitol will be funded through the Seat of Government charge instead of the state general fund. (General Fund-State, General Administration Services Account-State)
- 3. Commute Trip Reduction In the 2001-03 biennium, campus parking fees funded the Commute Trip Reduction Program Coordinator and other program administrative expenses. Beginning in the 2003-05 biennium, the Seat of Government charge will fund this program. (State Capitol Vehicle Parking Account-State, General Administration Services Account-State)
- 4. **Dist Surplus Food/Prop:TEFAP/CSFP** The U.S. Department of Agriculture established The Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP) and the Commodity Supplemental Food Program (CSFP) to provide food and administrative funds to meet the needs of a client base that was not being served by other federal programs. The client will receive a monthly food package targeted to meet the special nutritional needs of children and the elderly. (General Fund-Federal)
- 5. Parking Management Parking services will be funded entirely by parking revenues from state employees in the 2003-05 biennium. Parking fee revenue will be placed in the State Vehicle Parking Account to pay costs in support of parking facility operational maintenance, parking regulation and enforcement, and parking facility capital reinvestment costs.

The parking revenues and expenditures will be budgeted as a non-appropriated, allotted line-of-business. (State Vehicle Parking Account-Non-Appropriated, General Administration Services Account-State)

- 6. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 7. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 8. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- Self-Insurance Premiums Funding is provided for the Department's annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. (General Administration Services Account-Non-Appropriated)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Information Services

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	207,397	207,397
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	209,361	209,361
Policy Changes			
1. Digital Learning	2,000	0	2,000
2. General Inflation	0	-2,764	-2,764
3. Pension Funding Change	0	-416	-416
4. Revolving Funds	0	-58	-58
5. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-676	-676
Total 2003-05 Biennium	2,000	205,447	207,447
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	1.000	102.680	103.680
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	1,000	102,767	103,767

Comments:

- 1. **Digital Learning** The Digital Learning Commons is a webbased portal where students, parents, and teachers from around the state will have access to digital resources, learning tools, and on-line classes. The intent is to establish a clearinghouse of high-quality on-line courses and curriculum materials that are aligned with the state's essential learning requirements. The clearinghouse shall be designed for ease of use and shall pool the purchasing power of the state so that these resources and courses are affordable and accessible to schools, teachers, students, and parents. The demonstration project is funded through \$2 million in state funds, which will be matched by \$3 million in private grants. An independent, nonprofit organization will launch this public-private partnership, which will become self-sustaining after the start-up phase.
- 2. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (Various funds)
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Various funds)
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Data Processing Revolving Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 5. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for

FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Data Processing Revolving Account-Non-Appropriated)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Office of the Insurance Commissioner

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	30,550	30,550
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	31,536	31,536
Policy Changes			
1. Automated Systems Examinations	0	212	212
2. Pension Funding Change	0	-178	-178
3. Market Conduct Examinations	0	544	544
4. Health Plan Provider Networks	0	195	195
Agent & Broker Licensing	0	221	221
6. Revolving Funds	0	408	408
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	32,938	32,938
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	16,478	16,478
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	16,460	16,460

Comments:

- Automated Systems Examinations Funding is provided to establish an automation examination specialist position to assess the automated systems of insurance companies as part of each company's financial examination. This examination will comply with national accreditation standards of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. (General Fund-Federal, Insurance Commissioner's Regulatory Account-State)
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Insurance Commissioner's Regulatory Account-State)
- 3. Market Conduct Examinations Funding is provided to establish an adequate staffing level to conduct statutorily-mandated market conduct examinations for all domestic insurers and health carriers at least once every five years. (Insurance Commissioner's Regulatory Account-State)
- 4. Health Plan Provider Networks Funding is provided for ongoing analysis of health care provider networks, to be performed in conjunction with the Department of Social and Health Services and the Health Care Authority. (Insurance Commissioner's Regulatory Account-State)
- 5. **Agent & Broker Licensing** Funding is provided for additional staff to address increased licensing requirements and caseloads, as well as for an automation examination specialist. These positions will reduce the waiting period for licenses, appointments, and affiliations from 20 to 5 business days. (Insurance Commissioner's Regulatory Account-State)

6. **Revolving Funds** - Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Insurance Commissioner's Regulatory Account-State)

State Board of Accountancy

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	1,716	1,716
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	1,649	1,649
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-11	-11
2. Public Accountancy Act (SHB 1211)	0	351	351
3. Pension Funding Change	0	-6	-6
4. Revolving Funds	0	8	8
5. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-6	-6
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	1,985	1,985
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	1,051	1,051
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	934	934

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (Certified Public Accountants' Account-State)
- 2. **Public Accountancy Act (SHB 1211)** Appropriation authority is provided to implement the Public Accountancy Act, pursuant to Chapter 290, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1211). (Certified Public Accountants' Account-State)
- 3. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Certified Public Accountants' Account-State)
- 4. Revolving Funds Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Certified Public Accountants' Account-State)
- 5. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Certified Public Accountants' Account-State)

Forensic Investigations Council

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	276	276
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	274	274
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	274	274
Fiscal Year 2004 Total Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0 0	262 12	262 12

Comments:

There were no policy level changes.

Washington Horse Racing Commission

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	4,436	4,436
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	4,633	4,633
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-12	-12
2. Pension Funding Change	0	-20	-20
3. Revolving Funds	0	8	8
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	4,609	4,609
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	2,306	2,306
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	2,303	2,303

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (Horse Racing Commission Account-State)
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Horse Racing Commission Account-State)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Horse Racing Commission Account-State)

Washington State Liquor Control Board

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	2,922	152,704	155,626
2003 Supplemental *	0	480	480
Total 2001-03 Biennium	2,922	153,184	156,106
2003-05 Maintenance Level	2,932	148,584	151,516
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-13	-1,319	-1,332
2. Liquor Store Relocations	0	369	369
3. Open Five New Liquor Stores	0	2,172	2,172
4. Reinstate Expenses for Liquor Store	0	3,136	3,136
MBS-Maintain Production System	0	1,309	1,309
6. MBS-Complete Migration	0	2,000	2,000
7. Pension Funding Change	-12	-528	-540
8. Revolving Funds	2	22	24
9. Self-Insurance Premiums	0	954	954
Total 2003-05 Biennium	2,909	156,699	159,608
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	1,454	78,616	80,070
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	1,455	78,083	79,538

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 2. Liquor Store Relocations Expenditure authority is provided to relocate 13 of the 157 state-run liquor stores to new locations consistent with population growth and improved marketing practices. The new locations are projected to increase net revenue to the state general fund by \$2.6 million and local governments by \$1.1 million during the 2003-05 biennium. (Liquor Revolving Account-State)
- 3. **Open Five New Liquor Stores** Expenditure authority is provided for the Liquor Control Board to open five new liquor stores in areas of the state that are underserved due to rapid population growth. The new stores will generate \$3.4 million in net revenue for the state and \$1.0 million in net revenue for local governments during the 2003-05 biennium. (Liquor Revolving Account-State, Liquor Revolving Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 4. **Reinstate Expenses for Liquor Store** Expenditure authority of \$3.1 million is provided for adequate staffing to prevent the closure of 11 state liquor stores and to increase store hours for 82 liquor stores. Previous budget reductions, combined with costs unanticipated by the Legislature, resulted in store hours being reduced, expected store closures, and a reduction in revenues. This increased level of funding will prevent a \$1.2 million reduction in future state general fund revenues. (Liquor Revolving Account-State)
- MBS-Maintain Production System In the 2001-03 biennium, the Legislature appropriated funding for new point-

- of-sale technology, known as the Merchandising Business System (MBS), to replace the agency's obsolete system. The new MBS will allow tracking of all state store retail sales, and include forecasting and data analysis that should encourage more effective purchasing and business practices. Additional funding is provided to purchase MBS software licenses, provide training, and hire technical staff to support the system. (Liquor Revolving Account-State)
- 6. **MBS-Complete Migration** In the 2001-03 biennium, the Legislature appropriated \$4.8 million to build a new MBS to improve point-of-sale data analysis and business practices. Of the \$4.8 million in planned expenditures, \$2.0 million remain unspent due to contractor and other delays and are reappropriated for the 2003-05 biennium. The total expenditures for the project shall not exceed the original appropriation of \$4.8 million, but the additional time to expend the funds should allow the Board to implement the project effectively. (Liquor Revolving Account-State)
- 7. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, Liquor Revolving Account-State)
- 8. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General,

Washington State Liquor Control Board

are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Liquor Revolving Account-State)

9. Self-Insurance Premiums - State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the agency's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium. (Liquor Revolving Account-State)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Utilities and Transportation Commission

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	30,829	30,829
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	30,675	30,675
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-103	-103
2. Financial and Budget Services	0	150	150
3. Performance Audit (SHB 1013)	0	200	200
4. Pension Funding Change	0	-197	-197
5. Revolving Funds	0	-50	-50
Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-1,092	-1,092
7. Self-Insurance Premiums	0	98	98
8. Lapse - SHB 1013	0	-200	-200
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	29,481	29,481
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	14,867	14,867
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	14,614	14,614

Comments:

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (Public Service Revolving Account-State, Pipeline Safety Account-State)
- 2. Financial and Budget Services Funding is provided to complete the Utilities and Transportation Commission's (UTC) financial system upgrade. The upgrade will automate accounting entries, increase security and internal controls, and provide more timely and accurate data to agency managers through improved reporting. (Public Service Revolving Account-State, Pipeline Safety Account-State)
- 3. **Performance Audit (SHB 1013)** Additional expenditure authority of \$200,000 is provided in recognition of SHB 1013 (UTC Performance Audit). These funds are to be transferred to the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee (JLARC) for the performance audit outlined in the bill. SHB 1013 was not enacted. See lapse comment below. (Public Service Revolving Account-State, Pipeline Safety Account-State, Pipeline Safety Account-Federal)
- 4. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Public Service Revolving Account-State)
- 5. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are

- expected to bill for their services. (Public Service Revolving Account-State, Pipeline Safety Account-State)
- 6. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Public Service Revolving Account-State, Pipeline Safety Account-State, Pipeline Safety Account-Federal)
- 7. Self-Insurance Premiums State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the agency's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium. (Public Service Revolving Account-State, Pipeline Safety Account-State)
- 8. Lapse SHB 1013 Performance Audit Because SHB 1013 did not pass the Legislature, the associated spending authority lapses (see item 3 above). (Public Service Revolving Account-State, Pipeline Safety Account-State, Pipeline Safety Account-Federal)

Governor's Vetoes:

The Governor vetoed Section 148(2) of Chapter 25, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto (ESSB 5404), which would have allowed the Commission to accept reimbursement for employees' travel cost when participating in multi-state regulatory matters.

Board for Volunteer Firefighters

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	569	569
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	687	687
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-2	-2
2. Pension Funding Change	0	-2	-2
3. Revolving Funds	0	56	56
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-6	-6
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	733	733
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	362	362
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	371	371

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (Volunteer Fire Fighters' and Reserve Officers' Relief and Pension Administrative Account-State)
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Volunteer Fire Fighters' and Reserve Officers' Relief and Pension Administrative Account-State)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Volunteer Fire Fighters' and Reserve Officers' Relief and Pension Administrative Account-State)
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Volunteer Fire Fighters' and Reserve Officers' Relief and Pension Administrative Account-State)

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Military Department

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	17,875	130,483	148,358
2003 Supplemental *	30	-4,666	-4,636
Total 2001-03 Biennium	17,905	125,817	143,722
2003-05 Maintenance Level	17,970	115,650	133,620
Policy Changes			
General Inflation	-116	-255	-371
Disaster Response and Recover	0	190	190
3. Employer Support of Guard/Reserves	-28	0	-28
4. Enhanced 911 Program	0	11,152	11,152
5. Facility Operations & Maintenance	-500	500	0
6. Military Records Management	-286	286	0
7. Real Property Management	-133	133	0
8. Homeland Security Federal Support	200	13,638	13,838
9. Homeland Security Supplemental	0	29,917	29,917
10. Vehicle/Equipment Maintenance	-263	0	-263
11. WA Emergency Mgmt Council	-133	0	-133
12. Washington State Guard	-26	0	-26
13. Additional Camp Murray Security	0	980	980
14. Pension Funding Change	-88	-100	-188
15. Nisqually Spending Adjustment	0	-6,200	-6,200
Extend Earthqk. Discretionary Fund	0	3,000	3,000
17. Revolving Funds	78	0	78
18. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-228	-138	-366
19. Self-Insurance Premiums	262	0	262
Total 2003-05 Biennium	16,709	168,753	185,462
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	8,486	103,944	112,430
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	8,223	64,809	73,032

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 2. Disaster Response and Recover One-time funding is provided to develop an automated system to collect and track damage assessment information following a disaster. The system will allow impacted organizations to provide information through an Internet template and will produce a database that can be updated as projects are developed, approved, and modified throughout the recovery process. Currently, the Military Department manages more than \$135 million in federal and state funds for recovery from floods and the 2001 Nisqually earthquake. This funding level assumes modification of systems currently available through vendors. (Disaster Response Account-State)
- 3. Employer Support of Guard/Reserves Funding is eliminated for the Employer Support of Guard/Reserves Program. The program provides advice to employers and military members about their rights and responsibilities under the law and seeks resolutions to misunderstandings between employers and reservists when forces are called for national

- defense. Full-time, federally-funded counsel remains available to provide legal advice and intervention.
- 4. Enhanced 911 Program Funding is provided to support the Enhanced 911 (E911) program. An increased level of support for counties is provided to meet new federal requirements that mandate that E911 systems work with wireless calls and to replace out-of-date equipment for supporting wireline calls. Funding is provided in the following three areas: (1) to cover the difference between local tax revenues and minimum service requirements costs (while all counties collect the maximum E911 taxes permitted by law, only seven counties collect sufficient revenue to meet minimum service requirements); (2) to pay for statewide expenses; and (3) to provide technical support staff specializing in wireless systems in the Department's Emergency Management Division. Total funding includes \$2.2 million for one-time equipment purchases. (Enhanced 911 Account-State)
- 5. Facility Operations & Maintenance Funding of \$500,000 for maintenance costs of Army and Air National Guard and Emergency Management Division facilities is shifted from state to federal. The facilities are primarily used for federal purposes. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

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Military Department

- 6. **Military Records Management** State funding of \$286,000 for military records management is shifted to federal funding. Requirements for recordkeeping of all active, reserve, retired officers, and other service records are primarily for federal purposes. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 7. **Real Property Management** State funding of \$133,000 for real property management of Army and Air National Guard and Emergency Management Division facilities is eliminated. Many of these facilities are used by local organizations that currently pay nominal rent for utility, maintenance, and operation costs. It is assumed that real property management, which includes the rental agreement function, will also be covered by rental fees. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Private/Local)
- 8. Homeland Security Federal Support Based on recent congressional action, \$13.6 million in total federal funding is expected to be available to assist Washington State in improving homeland security, with no state or local matching fund requirements (except \$200,000 for state Terrorism Consequence Management). The Military Department will receive the funds and distribute them as determined by the Adjutant General and the Governor's Homeland Security Executive Group in conjunction with federal requirements and approval. Confirmed funding of \$11.3 million from the federal FY 2003 budget is available. Federal budget projections indicate another \$2.3 million will likely become available for statewide interoperable communication equipment, competitive grants for local governments, and Community Emergency Response Training (CERT)/Citizen Corps, bringing the total federal funding for state FY 2004 to \$13.6 million. Note the expected breakout of funding for state and local governments below. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

Funding for State Needs:

Amounts of \$2.97 million in federal funds and \$200,000 in state funds are provided for prescribed equipment, exercises, planning and administration, Terrorism Consequence Management, and training.

Funding for Local Needs:

An additional \$8.3 million in federal funds is provided for prescribed equipment, exercises, planning and administration, Terrorism Consequence Management, and competitive grants.

9. Homeland Security Supplemental - Based on the federal FY 2003 supplemental budget, an additional \$29.9 million in homeland security funding has been awarded to Washington State, with no state or local matching fund requirements. The Military Department will receive the funds and distribute them as determined by the Adjutant General and the Governor's Homeland Security Executive Group in conjunction with federal requirements and approval. Note the expected breakout of funding for state and local governments below. (General Fund-Federal)

Funding for State Needs:

The amount of \$5.2 million is provided for prescribed equipment, training, exercises, and planning. An additional \$2 million is also provided for enhanced security at critical infrastructure facilities, as part of Operation Liberty Shield, and other purposes as permitted under federal rules.

Funding for Local Needs:

The amount of \$20.7 million is provided for prescribed equipment, training, exercises, and planning. An additional \$2 million is also provided for enhanced security at critical infrastructure facilities, as part of Operation Liberty Shield, and other purposes as permitted under federal rules.

- 10. Vehicle/Equipment Maintenance Funding is eliminated for the on-site repair of vehicles belonging to the state or issued to the state by the federal government. Repairs will be continued through the use of local vendors. The Military Department may also increase the use of the state motor pool, equipment rental, and contract maintenance.
- 11. WA Emergency Mgmt Council Funding is eliminated for administrative support to the Emergency Management Council (EMC). The EMC will continue to operate, but travel and support costs will be covered by the member organizations of the EMC or funded by outside grants, if possible. The Emergency Management Division will absorb costs for the annual assessment report produced by the EMC.
- 12. Washington State Guard Funding is eliminated for the uniform allowance of members of the Washington State Guard, which is composed primarily of retired members of the Washington Army and Air National Guards.
- 13. **Additional Camp Murray Security** Federal funding is provided for additional security staff at entrances to Camp Murray consistent with federal readiness measures. (General Fund-Federal)
- 14. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 15. **Nisqually Spending Adjustment** The Department's expenditure authority from the state Nisqually Earthquake Account is reduced by \$6.2 million to reflect the decrease in funds needed for earthquake repair claims. (Nisqually Earthquake Account-State)
- 16. **Extend Earthqk. Discretionary Fund** A total of \$17.2 million was provided in the 2001 supplemental budget as a

Military Department

discretionary fund for the Office of Financial Management (OFM) to cover earthquake damage claims that have merit but are not covered by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). To date, \$7.8 million of these claims have been approved, leaving a \$9.4 million balance. Of the remaining \$9.4 million, \$3.0 million is reappropriated for claims that still have appeals pending with FEMA or are otherwise waiting for approval. OFM shall manage the \$3.0 million by providing assistance only where it is most critical and shall report to the Legislature on any project approved over \$1.0 million. (Nisqually Earthquake Account-State)

- 17. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 18. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 19. **Self-Insurance Premiums** State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the Department's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Employment Relations Commission

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	4,564	0	4,564
2003-05 Maintenance Level	4,820	535	5,355
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-16	0	-16
2. Resolve Pub Employer Labor Disputes	0	2,099	2,099
3. Pension Funding Change	-38	-3	-41
4. Charter Schools Implementation	40	0	40
5. Revolving Funds	12	0	12
6. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-20	-89	-109
7. Lapse - 2ESSB 5012	-40	0	-40
Total 2003-05 Biennium	4,758	2,542	7,300
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	2,362	1,274	3,636
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	2,396	1,268	3,664

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions.
- 2. **Resolve Pub Employer Labor Disputes** Funding is provided for workload increases due to increased oversight and mediation relating to the collective bargaining/civil service reform process as required by Chapter 354, Laws of 2002, Partial Veto (SHB 1268). FTE staff added include two administrators, eight mediators, and clerical and support staff. (General Fund-State, Department of Personnel Service Account-State)
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, Department of Personnel Service Account-State)
- 4. Charter Schools Implementation Funding is provided for the implementation of 2ESSB 5012 (Charter Schools), which provides for the establishment of a limited number of charter schools. As the result of the establishment of additional bargaining units associated with charter schools, it is anticipated that the Public Employees' Relations Commission will have additional certification, mediation, and hearing workload. 2ESSB 5012 was not enacted. See lapse note below. (General Fund-State)
- Revolving Funds Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney

- General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State)
- Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, Department of Personnel Service Account-State)
- Lapse 2ESSB 5012 Funds provided for Charter Schools Implementation will lapse because 2ESSB 5012 failed to be enacted.

Growth Management Hearings Board

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	2,958	0	2,958
2003-05 Maintenance Level	3,067	0	3,067
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-12	0	-12
2. Pension Funding Change	-16	0	-16
3. Revolving Funds	8	0	8
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-44	0	-44
Total 2003-05 Biennium	3,003	0	3,003
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	1,536	0	1,536
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	1,467	0	1,467

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions.
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

State Convention and Trade Center

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	67,734	67,734
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	71,405	71,405
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-190	-190
2. Convention Center Construction Pymt	0	525	525
3. Revolving Funds	0	12	12
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	71,752	71,752
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	35,402	35,402
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	36,350	36,350

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (State Convention and Trade Center Operations Account-State)
- Convention Center Construction Pymt Funding is provided to maintain the State Convention and Trade Center building in the 2003-05 biennium, including replacement and restoration of worn wall coverings, portable chairs, slate, steam traps, and the air system. (Convention and Trade Center Account-State)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Convention and Trade Center Operations Account-State)

Department of Financial Institutions

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	24,392	24,392
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	24,387	24,387
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-70	-70
2. Non-Appropriated Fund Adjustment	0	168	168
3. Securities Violations (SHB 1219)	0	161	161
4. Pension Funding Change	0	-141	-141
5. Workforce Planning	0	505	505
6. Space Request	0	682	682
7. IT Security & Software Licensing	0	150	150
8. Money Transmitters	0	884	884
9. Examination Enhancement	0	110	110
STAR Application Development	0	658	658
11. IA Integrity & Consumer Protection	0	1,178	1,178
12. Revolving Funds	0	-12	-12
13. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-218	-218
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	28,442	28,442
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	13,977	13,977
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	14,465	14,465

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Financial Services Regulation Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 2. Non-Appropriated Fund Adjustment Increased allotment authority is provided to continue and enhance e-banking and information systems credit union examinations. Demand for these exams, instituted during the 2001-03 biennium, is greater than was originally estimated. (Financial Services Regulation Account-Non-Appropriated)
- Securities Violations (SHB 1219) Additional allotment authority is provided to increase efforts to investigate and prosecute securities violations, pursuant to Chapter 288, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1219). (Securities Prosecution Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 4. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Financial Services Regulation Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 5. **Workforce Planning** Increased allotment authority is provided to implement the compensation and class series

- packages approved by the Personnel Resources Board, which merged two of the Department's unique job classes into a revised Financial Examiner class series and created a new Financial Legal Examiner series. (Financial Services Regulation Account-Non-Appropriated)
- Space Request The Department's allotment authority is increased to cover the incremental costs of newly-leased office space. (Financial Services Regulation Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 7. IT Security & Software Licensing Increased allotment authority of \$97,000 is provided for the Department's share of the Department of Information Services' new Microsoft Software Assurance Agreement annual fee for software use and upgrades. Increased allotment authority of \$53,000 is provided to strengthen network security so that more data and services can be made available over the Internet. (Financial Services Regulation Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 8. **Money Transmitters** Chapter 287, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1455), provides for the regulation and licensing of money transmitters and currency exchangers. The Department's allotment authority is increased to implement these new activities. (Financial Services Regulation Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 9. Examination Enhancement An allotment increase is provided for additional personal service contracts to conduct fraud investigations and to receive legal advice on complex consumer protection laws. Funding for such contracts was originally approved in the 2001-03 biennium upon advice of the Office of the State Auditor and is increased due to a growing

Department of Financial Institutions

need for specialized services in fraud investigation and legal advice on consumer protection laws. (Financial Services Regulation Account-Non-Appropriated)

- 10. STAR Application Development Increased allotment authority is provided to develop the next phase of the Department's integrated relational database system, known as STAR (Securities Tracking And Registration). To date, registration, licensing, and enforcement modules have been completed. This phase will add an imaging and document management system, increased electronic filing capabilities, enhancements to the existing modules, and ongoing maintenance. (Financial Services Regulation Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 11. IA Integrity & Consumer Protection Increased allotment authority is provided to change the investment adviser (IA) examination cycle from seven years to three years, raise preemptive regulatory standards, and allow for prompt corrective action for violations. This will align the regulatory program with national accreditation standards. Reducing the examination cycle requires three additional financial examiners and prompt enforcement action requires two additional attorneys. (Financial Services Regulation Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 12. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Financial Services Regulation Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 13. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Financial Services Regulation Account-Non-Appropriated)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Washington State Gambling Commission

(Dollars in Thousands)

GF-S	Other	Total
0	29,353	29,353
0	29,112	29,112
0	-126	-126
0	168	168
0	10	10
0	-1,880	-1,880
0	27,284	27,284
0	12,967	12,967
0	14,317	14,317
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 29,353 0 29,112 0 -126 0 168 0 10 -1,880 0 27,284 0 12,967

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (Gambling Revolving Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 2. **Self-Insurance Premiums, Experience** State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the agency's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium. (Gambling Revolving Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Gambling Revolving Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Gambling Revolving Account-Non-Appropriated)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

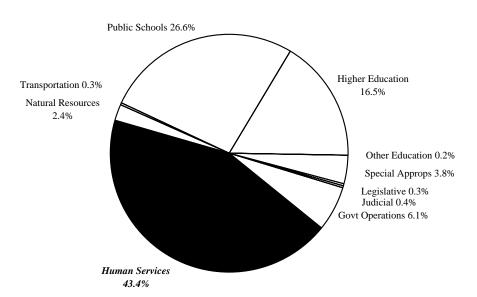
Human Services

The Human Services section is separated into two sections: the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) and Other Human Services. The DSHS budget is displayed by program division in order to better describe the costs of particular services provided by the Department. The Other Human Services section displays budgets at the departmental level, and includes the Department of Corrections, the Department of Labor and Industries, the Employment Security Department, the Health Care Authority, the Department of Health, and other human services related agencies.

2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget Total Budgeted Funds

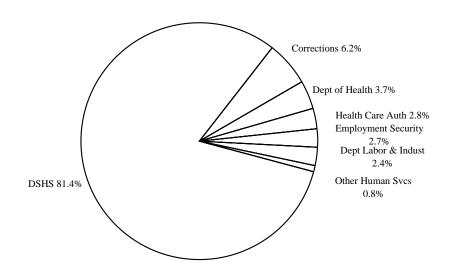
(Dollars in Thousands)

Legislative	136,394
Judicial	162,179
Governmental Operations	2,726,495
Human Services	19,457,885
Natural Resources	1,091,562
Transportation	123,957
Public Schools	11,906,608
Higher Education	7,400,500
Other Education	99,594
Special Appropriations	1,690,584
Statewide Total	44,795,758



Washington State

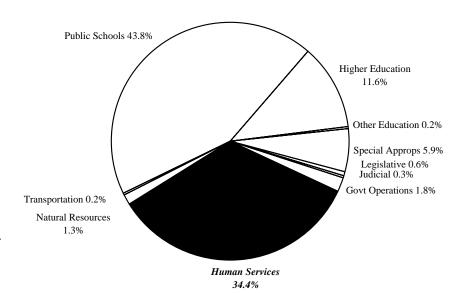
DSHS	15,840,269
Dept of Corrections	1,199,364
Dept of Health	729,616
Health Care Authority	538,159
Employment Security	520,472
Dept of Labor & Indust	472,399
Other Human Svcs	157,606
Human Services	19,457,885



2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget General Fund-State

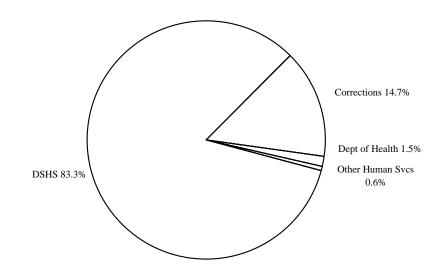
(Dollars in Thousands)

Legislative	129,628
Judicial	78,492
Governmental Operations	411,360
Human Services	7,933,222
Natural Resources	297,097
Transportation	48,834
Public Schools	10,104,649
Higher Education	2,667,195
Other Education	39,932
Special Appropriations	1,370,972
Statewide Total	23,081,381



Washington State

Human Services	7.933.222
Other Human Svcs	45,717
Dept of Health	118,367
Dept of Corrections	1,164,069
DSHS	6,605,069



Department of Social & Health Services

Children and Family Services

The budget saves a total of \$2.1 million in state and federal funds by placing more children with relatives who otherwise would be in foster care. Chapter 284, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (SHB 1233), requires the Department to increase efforts to place children with relatives, which is less costly than placing children in traditional foster care.

The budget saves \$259,000 in state general funds by instituting a more efficient reimbursement methodology for beds in Homeless, Youth Prevention/Protection, and Engagement Act (HOPE) centers. Each provider will receive a reimbursement of \$1,000 per bed per month as a base payment, and the rest of the reimbursement will be paid only when the beds are occupied. This savings is a result of the current 43 percent occupancy rate for HOPE beds.

A total of \$6.4 million in state and federal funds is provided for an increase in services for foster children who are being placed in higher levels of care.

The budget provides \$1.4 million in state and federal funds for improved and expanded training for foster parents. Enhanced training will enable foster parents to better respond to the needs of the children in their care and is intended to reduce attrition among foster homes.

The budget achieves \$2.9 million in General Fund-State savings due to a new federal tax credit for families adopting special needs children. New adoption support cases, with family incomes large enough to benefit from at least a portion of the \$10,000 tax credit, will receive a lower state adoption support level that takes into account the added federal tax credit.

Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration

Savings in the amount of \$3.3 million are achieved through the implementation of Chapter 378, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESSB 5903), which provides juvenile offenders with local disposition alternatives to secure placement in Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration (JRA) facilities. Funding in the amount of \$1.2 million is provided to local juvenile courts to implement the disposition alternatives. When these caseload savings are combined with reductions assumed in the February 2003 caseload forecast adopted by the Caseload Forecast Council, the JRA residential population is expected to decline to 921 offenders during the 2003-05 biennium. This represents an 11.1 percent reduction from the 2001-03 biennium.

Consistent with the Washington State Institute for Public Policy's 2002 findings on intensive parole services, funding for intensive parole is reduced by \$1.9 million. These savings are achieved by increasing the size of intensive parole caseloads from 12 parolees to 20 parolees, the same level as for enhanced and sex offender parole. Funding in the amount of \$943,000 is provided to JRA for research-based therapies for parolees and youth transitioning out of state institutions and into the community.

State financial support for the Consolidated Juvenile Services contract, which provides local juvenile courts with funding for diversion, probation supervision, treatment programs, and other services, is reduced by \$1.3 million, commensurate with declining juvenile adjudications and diversions.

Funding in the amount of \$13.2 million for truancy, at-risk youth, and child-in-need-of-services petitions is shifted from JRA to the Office of the Administrator for the Courts.

The Governor vetoed section 203(7) of Chapter 25, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto (ESSB 5404), which would have provided federal Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grant funding for the continuation of a pilot program for the post-release planning and treatment of juvenile offenders with co-occurring disorders.

Mental Health

To keep pace with growth in the number of persons enrolled in Medicaid, total funding for counseling, case management, residential and hospital care, and other community mental health services provided through Regional Support Networks (RSNs) is increased by \$51.7 million (14.0 percent). The cost of this increase is partially offset by:

- Eliminating \$2.9 million in total funding for annual grants to assist local communities in maintaining and expanding their capacity to provide emergency psychiatric services and community hospitals;
- Avoiding \$4.3 million of projected expenditure increases through increased efforts to assure that
 recipients of publicly-funded medical assistance meet applicable income, residency, and other eligibility
 requirements;
- Requiring families with incomes over the poverty level to pay monthly premiums for their children's medical, dental, and vision coverage, resulting in \$4.2 million of reduced expenditures in the Mental Health program as a result of fewer children being eligible for Medicaid services; and
- Limiting RSN and provider administrative expenditures to 10 percent of total funding, for total savings of \$5.8 million.

In addition, the budget provides \$200,000 in total funding for the Mental Health Program to: (1) address the recommendations included in the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee's study on children's mental health services; and (2) provide training and case management activities associated with the implementation of mental health advance directive legislation.

Special Commitment Center

Consistent with the direction from the federal court, \$2.4 million in funding is provided for the Department of Social and Health Services to operate an additional Secure Community Transition Facility (SCTF) in a location other than McNeil Island. This level of funding assumes initial occupancy by October 1, 2003, and a projected population of six residents by the end of the biennium. Staffing ratios for the facility will be one staff per resident during waking hours and two staff per three residents during sleeping hours.

With respect to the SCTF located on McNeil Island, savings of \$2.2 million were achieved by: (1) removing the roving patrol car support provided by the Washington State Patrol; and (2) reducing the staffing ratio at the SCTF to one staff per three residents during normal waking hours, and one staff per four residents during normal sleeping hours.

In addition, \$1.2 million in funding was provided for the purchase of a used passenger vessel to accommodate additional staff traveling to McNeil Island as a result of the newly-constructed Special Commitment Center.

Developmental Disabilities

Building upon past efforts to enable integrated community living for clients with developmental disabilities, the 2003-05 budget provides funding for increased community residential housing and supports, including personal care services, as follows:

- \$2.2 million in total funding for 11 developmentally disabled clients with community protection issues who are being diverted or discharged from the state psychiatric hospital;
- \$2.5 million in total funding for 14 clients who are: (1) currently without residential services and are in crisis or at risk of needing institutional placement; or (2) residents of Residential Habilitation Centers (RHCs) who choose to live in community settings; and
- \$4.7 million in total funding for 38 residents of RHCs who choose to move to community settings.

As a result of increased placements in the community along with the continued decline in the number of residents at state-operated RHCs, the budget directs the Department to consolidate RHC vacancies across the five state facilities in order to downsize Fircrest School. To minimize disruption to clients, employees, and the Developmental Disabilities Program, \$2.5 million in total funding is provided for costs associated with development and implementation of a transition plan, review of transition opportunities for dislocated state employees, and for additional staffing required by the downsizing effort.

State funding for persons with developmental disabilities receiving services in the home through Medicaid Personal Care (MPC) is increased by \$18.9 million (17 percent) over the level budgeted for the 2001-03 biennium. This increase is partially offset by: (1) raising the functional eligibility requirement for state savings of \$1.5 million; and (2) reducing the caseload to reflect Departmental efforts to ensure that children receiving MPC services meet eligibility criteria for state savings of \$1.6 million.

The budget eliminates \$9.9 million in state funding attributable to the court denial of the Arc's and the Department of Social and Health Services' joint motion for preliminary approval of a settlement regarding developmental disability services in December of 2002.

Long-Term Care Services

A total of \$2.3 billion is appropriated for the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) to provide long-term care services to an average of 48,000 elderly and disabled adults per month. This represents a 4.1 percent increase in the number of persons receiving such services, and a 10.8 percent increase in expenditures from the 2001-03 biennium. Major increases include:

- \$44.9 million to provide increased wages for home care workers who provide direct care to persons in their own homes.
- \$91.7 million to provide increased nursing home payment rates. Of this total, \$58.6 million will reimburse Medicaid facilities for a new fee of \$6.50 per patient day, levied pursuant to Chapter 16, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (E2SSB 5341). The remaining \$33.1 million will fund a 3.0 percent increase in non-capital nursing home payment rates.

Growth in the Long-Term Care Program is mitigated through the implementation of several cost containment initiatives.

A total of \$10.4 million in savings is achieved by limiting growth in the Community Options Program Entry System (COPES) waiver to 1.1 percent per year and establishing prioritized waiting lists for future enrollments in excess of these growth limits.

Additionally, \$3.7 million is saved by increasing functional eligibility standards for the MPC Program. Persons who require only minimal assistance with two activities of daily living will no longer be eligible for MPC services. Persons currently receiving care in community residential settings who do not meet the higher eligibility standard will continue to be served without matching federal funds.

Savings in the amount of \$9.9 million are achieved by modifying spousal asset limits for married persons applying for Medicaid-funded long-term care. In accordance with Chapter 28, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (ESHB 2257), DSHS will disregard up to \$40,000 in liquid assets of the spouse not receiving care when determining whether the spouse receiving care is eligible for Medicaid. Previously, Washington's spousal asset limit was set at \$90,660, which is the maximum allowable under federal guidelines.

Economic Services Administration

The budget provides \$9.1 million in federal funds for a new reimbursement methodology for county clerks who file child support orders for the state. This new methodology will increase reimbursements by 175 percent and compensate counties more equitably for the services they provide to families through child support filings.

The budget saves a total of \$13.7 million General Fund-State (\$6.6 million in Economic Services and \$7.1 million in Medical Assistance) by implementing Chapter 10, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (HB 2252). This legislation requires General Assistance clients to demonstrate continuation of their medical or mental condition and ongoing need for cash and medical benefits.

Alcohol and Substance Abuse

The budget provides \$9 million from the Criminal Justice Treatment Account for offender substance abuse treatment. These funds will be disbursed through county managed drug and alcohol treatment programs, pursuant to the distribution formula set by the Criminal Justice Treatment Account Panel.

The budget reduces funding for the Treatment Accountability for Safe Communities Program (TASC). The remaining \$2 million allocated for TASC will be distributed to counties with TASC programs. Those counties will continue the budget policy adopted in the 2002 supplemental budget by integrating their TASC and drug court funding, so as to have the greatest success in diverting offenders into successful treatment and recovery.

The budget eliminates \$2 million for the expansion of treatment services for persons defined as gravely disabled. Gravely-disabled individuals are people in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for their essential human needs of health or safety which manifests in severe deterioration in routine functioning, or who are high utilizers of treatment services and other resources.

Medical Assistance

After adjusting for intergovernmental transfer revenues to the Health Services Account, the 2003-05 budget provides a total of \$7.0 billion in state and federal funds for an average of about 900,000 persons per month to receive medical, dental, and vision care services through Medicaid and other DSHS medical assistance programs. Total expenditures on such services are budgeted to increase by \$951 million (16 percent) from the 2001-03 level, and the state share of those expenditures is projected to increase by \$338 million (12 percent).

The budget implements a number of changes in eligibility practices and service coverage policies in order to reduce the growth in future Medical Assistance expenditures. Proposed changes include the following:

- Eliminating the Medically Indigent Program and partially replacing the state-funded, open-ended entitlement program with \$58.4 million in lidded grants to hospitals that serve a disproportionate share of low-income and medically-indigent patients. Of the new amount provided, \$6.2 million in funding is dedicated to rural hospitals.
- Reducing the scope of dental benefits provided to adult medical assistance clients by 25 percent.
- Requiring families with incomes over the federal poverty level to pay monthly premiums for their children's medical, dental, and vision coverage. Premiums will range from \$15 per child per month to \$25 per child per month, depending on the family income. As a result of this change, medical assistance state expenditures are projected to be reduced by \$32.9 million by the end of the biennium.
- Increasing efforts by the Department to assure that recipients of publicly-funded medical assistance meet applicable income, residency, and other eligibility requirements, resulting in 19,000 fewer eligible clients and \$23.2 million less in net state expenditures.
- Discontinuing benefits to GA-U clients unless the client can demonstrate that their medical or mental condition has not improved and they therefore continue to need cash grants and medical assistance.
- Reducing the number of aged and disabled clients qualifying for Medicaid coverage by: (1) limiting growth in the COPES long-term care waiver to 1.1 percent per year; and (2) reducing the amount of cash, savings, and other liquid assets which a couple may retain and still qualify for publicly-funded medical care. These two efforts are projected to result in \$3.7 million in state savings over the biennium.

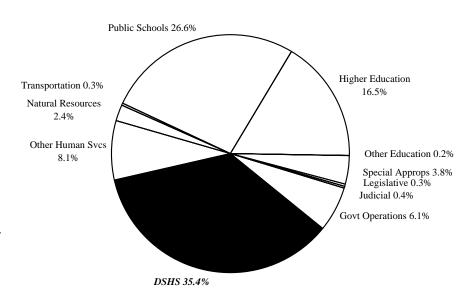
Besides changes to eligibility and services, increases in state spending would have been larger, but for several other substantial reductions included as part of the 2003-05 budget:

- Recent federal guidelines allow the state to use federal Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) funds to cover prenatal care costs for low-income women who are not eligible for Medicaid because of their immigration status. This avoids \$37.8 million in state-fund expenditures.
- Managed care payment rate increases are limited to 1.5 percent in calendar year 2004 and 5.0 percent in calendar year 2005, as compared to past average annual increases of 8 to 9 percent resulting in \$50.1 million in state savings.
- The rate of growth in state drug expenditures is to be reduced through increased efforts to prioritize the purchase of less costly and effective brands, thereby also creating a financial incentive for manufacturers of more expensive brands to provide additional price discounts to the state.

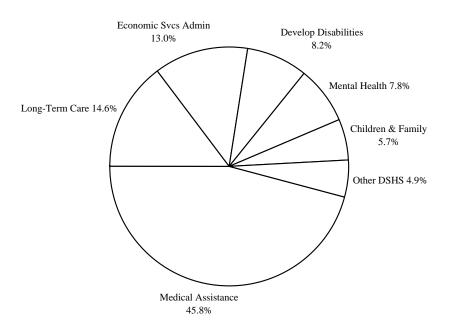
2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget Total Budgeted Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

Statewide Total	44,795,758
Special Appropriations	1,690,584
Other Education	99,594
Higher Education	7,400,500
Public Schools	11,906,608
Transportation	123,957
Natural Resources	1,091,562
Other Human Services	3,617,616
DSHS	15,840,269
Governmental Operations	2,726,495
Judicial	162,179
Legislative	136,394



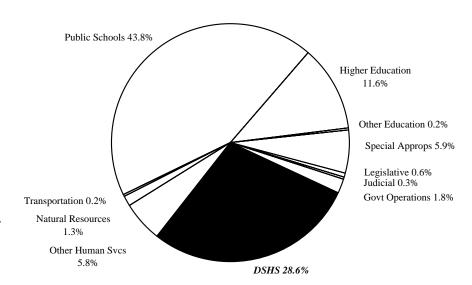
DSHS	15,840,269
Other DSHS	778,402
Children & Family Svcs	910,037
Mental Health	1,229,646
Developmental Disabilities	1,291,739
Economic Services Admin	2,059,185
Long-Term Care	2,314,357
Medical Assistance	7,256,903



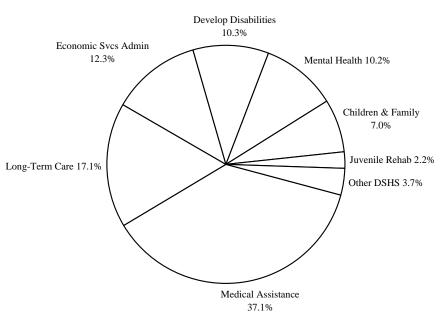
2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget General Fund-State

(Dollars in Thousands)

Legislative	129,628
Judicial	78,492
Governmental Operations	411,360
DSHS	6,605,069
Other Human Services	1,328,153
Natural Resources	297,097
Transportation	48,834
Public Schools	10,104,649
Higher Education	2,667,195
Other Education	39,932
Special Appropriations	1,370,972
Statewide Total	23,081,381



DSHS	6,605,069
Other DSHS	246,938
Juvenile Rehabilitation	146,792
Children & Family Svcs	464,034
Mental Health	674,685
Developmental Disabilities	678,562
Economic Services Admin	815,547
Long-Term Care	1,128,314
Medical Assistance	2,450,197



Department of Social and Health Services Children & Family Services

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	456,146	376,406	832,552
2003 Supplemental *	0	6,733	6,733
Total 2001-03 Biennium	456,146	383,139	839,285
2003-05 Maintenance Level	490,905	421,577	912,482
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-548	-904	-1,452
2. Homecare Worker Wage Increase	61	60	121
3. Pension Funding Change	-1,398	-418	-1,816
4. Increase Funds for Foster Children	3,300	3,145	6,445
5. Reduce Special Projects	-500	0	-500
HOPE Bed Reimbursement Change	-259	0	-259
7. SHB 1233 - Kinship Care	-1,380	-698	-2,078
8. Preserve Youth Programs w/PSEA \$	-23,000	23,000	0
9. Adoption Support-Federal Tax Credit	-2,900	0	-2,900
10. Increase Licensed Resources	1,024	382	1,406
11. Additional Admin Reductions	-1,371	-141	-1,512
12. Crosswalk Program	100	0	100
Total 2003-05 Biennium	464,034	446,003	910,037
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	231,566	221,818	453,384
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	232,468	224,185	456,653

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Local, Public Safety and Education Account-State, Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account-State)
- 2. Homecare Worker Wage Increase The Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) contracts with home care workers to provide care for elderly and disabled Medicaid clients. Funding is provided to increase the wages of individual and agency home care workers effective October 1, 2003. As a result of these changes, wages for direct care workers employed by home care agencies will be increased by \$0.75 per hour. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

- 4. Increase Funds for Foster Children Funding is provided for increased services for foster children. Some children in the state system have more complex needs and have been moved into higher levels of care, therefore resulting in higher costs. The Department will manage foster care placements within this level. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 5. Reduce Special Projects Funding is reduced in the following Children's Administration special projects: (1) \$61,000 for the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA); (2) \$91,000 for staff development and training overhead costs; (3) \$41,000 for social worker training; (4) \$47,000 for the quality improvement team; and (5) \$260,000 in Indian Child Welfare services. These reductions total \$500,000 General Fund-State.
- 6. HOPE Bed Reimbursement Change Savings are realized by changing the reimbursement methodology for Homeless, Youth Prevention/Protection and Engagement Act (HOPE) beds to a \$1,000 reimbursement rate per month per bed to each provider as a base payment, and the rest of the reimbursement paid only when the HOPE bed is occupied. This savings reflects the current 43 percent occupancy rate for 31 HOPE beds.
- 7. SHB 1233 Kinship Care Savings are realized from Chapter 284, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (SHB 1233). The savings are a result of more children being placed with relatives than in traditional foster care. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

Department of Social and Health Services Children & Family Services

- 8. Preserve Youth Programs w/PSEA \$ Public Safety and Education Account (PSEA) funding is provided to preserve programs that help youth and families in crisis. Programs that are preserved include Secure and Semi-Secure Crisis Residential Centers, HOPE Beds, the Family Policy Council and Community Public Health and Safety Networks, and the Street Youth Program. (General Fund-State, Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 9. Adoption Support-Federal Tax Credit Congress has enacted a new federal tax credit for families adopting special needs children, including those in the foster care system. This adjustment is based on the estimated number of new adoption support cases with family incomes large enough to benefit from at least a portion of the new \$10,000 tax credit in the 2003-05 biennium. Families will receive the federal tax credit funds in lieu of state funds to provide for the children in their care.
- 10. **Increase Licensed Resources** Funding and FTEs are provided for the Foster Parent Training Initiative in response to the Braam lawsuit. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 11. **Additional Admin Reductions** Funding is reduced for program support and other administrative functions as recommended by the Governor's Priorities of Government initiative. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 12. **Crosswalk Program** Funding is provided for a high risk street youth program in Spokane.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Social & Health Services Children & Family Services

WORKLOAD HISTORY

By Fiscal Year

							E	Estimated	l
1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
8,333	8,283	8,297	8,219	8,127	8,130	8,193	8,202	8,202	8,202
	-0.6%	0.2%	-0.9%	-1.1%	0.0%	0.8%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
4,672	4,422	4,435	4,563	4,909	5,253	5,284	5,150	5,150	5,150
	-5.4%	0.3%	2.9%	7.6%	7.0%	0.6%	-2.5%	0.0%	0.0%
6,241	6,319	6,477	6,214	6,351	6,375	6,461	6,288	6,500	6,500
	1.2%	2.5%	-4.1%	2.2%	0.4%	1.3%	-2.7%	3.4%	0.0%
3,678	4,040	4,683	5,455	6,318	7,247	8,049	8,741	9,456	10,190
	9.8%	15.9%	16.5%	15.8%	14.7%	11.1%	8.6%	8.2%	7.8%
36:1	36:1	33:1	29:1	29:1	29:1	24:1	24:1	24:1	24:1
	8,333 4,672 6,241 3,678	8,333 8,283 -0.6% 4,672 4,422 -5.4% 6,241 6,319 1.2% 3,678 4,040 9.8%	8,333 8,283 8,297 -0.6% 0.2% 4,672 4,422 4,435 -5.4% 0.3% 6,241 6,319 6,477 1.2% 2.5% 3,678 4,040 4,683 9.8% 15.9%	8,333 8,283 8,297 8,219 -0.6% 0.2% -0.9% 4,672 4,422 4,435 4,563 -5.4% 0.3% 2.9% 6,241 6,319 6,477 6,214 1.2% 2.5% -4.1% 3,678 4,040 4,683 5,455 9.8% 15.9% 16.5%	8,333 8,283 8,297 8,219 8,127 -0.6% 0.2% -0.9% -1.1% 4,672 4,422 4,435 4,563 4,909 -5.4% 0.3% 2.9% 7.6% 6,241 6,319 6,477 6,214 6,351 1.2% 2.5% -4.1% 2.2% 3,678 4,040 4,683 5,455 6,318 9.8% 15.9% 16.5% 15.8%	8,333 8,283 8,297 8,219 8,127 8,130 -0.6% 0.2% -0.9% -1.1% 0.0% 4,672 4,422 4,435 4,563 4,909 5,253 -5.4% 0.3% 2.9% 7.6% 7.0% 6,241 6,319 6,477 6,214 6,351 6,375 1.2% 2.5% -4.1% 2.2% 0.4% 3,678 4,040 4,683 5,455 6,318 7,247 9.8% 15.9% 16.5% 15.8% 14.7%	8,333 8,283 8,297 8,219 8,127 8,130 8,193 -0.6% 0.2% -0.9% -1.1% 0.0% 0.8% 4,672 4,422 4,435 4,563 4,909 5,253 5,284 -5.4% 0.3% 2.9% 7.6% 7.0% 0.6% 6,241 6,319 6,477 6,214 6,351 6,375 6,461 1.2% 2.5% -4.1% 2.2% 0.4% 1.3% 3,678 4,040 4,683 5,455 6,318 7,247 8,049 9.8% 15.9% 16.5% 15.8% 14.7% 11.1%	1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 8,333 8,283 8,297 8,219 8,127 8,130 8,193 8,202 -0.6% 0.2% -0.9% -1.1% 0.0% 0.8% 0.1% 4,672 4,422 4,435 4,563 4,909 5,253 5,284 5,150 -5.4% 0.3% 2.9% 7.6% 7.0% 0.6% -2.5% 6,241 6,319 6,477 6,214 6,351 6,375 6,461 6,288 1.2% 2.5% -4.1% 2.2% 0.4% 1.3% -2.7% 3,678 4,040 4,683 5,455 6,318 7,247 8,049 8,741 9.8% 15.9% 16.5% 15.8% 14.7% 11.1% 8.6%	1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 8,333 8,283 8,297 8,219 8,127 8,130 8,193 8,202 8,202 -0.6% 0.2% -0.9% -1.1% 0.0% 0.8% 0.1% 0.0% 4,672 4,422 4,435 4,563 4,909 5,253 5,284 5,150 5,150 -5.4% 0.3% 2.9% 7.6% 7.0% 0.6% -2.5% 0.0% 6,241 6,319 6,477 6,214 6,351 6,375 6,461 6,288 6,500 1.2% 2.5% -4.1% 2.2% 0.4% 1.3% -2.7% 3.4% 3,678 4,040 4,683 5,455 6,318 7,247 8,049 8,741 9,456 9.8% 15.9% 16.5% 15.8% 14.7% 11.1% 8.6% 8.2%

⁽¹⁾ Includes Family Foster Care, Group Foster Care, and Receiving Care.

Data Source:

FY 1996 through FY 2002 actuals for Child Care and Child Protective Services provided by the DSHS Budget Division.

FY 1996 through FY 2002 actuals for Foster Care and Adoption Support provided by the Caseload Forecast Council.

FY 2003 through FY 2005 estimates for Child Care and Child Protective Services provided by the DSHS Budget Division.

FY 2003 through FY 2005 estimates for Foster Care and Adoption Support provided by the Caseload Forecast Council.

⁽²⁾ Includes the following child care services: CPS/CWS, Therapeutic/Medicaid Treatment, Foster Parent Employment, and Adoption Support Child Care. Prior to FY 2002, the monthly average also included teen parent and seasonal child care.

⁽³⁾ Combined average number of open cases per worker for Child Protective Services, Child Welfare Services, and Family Reconciliation Services.

Department of Social and Health Services Juvenile Rehabilitation

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	162,258	68,595	230,853
2003 Supplemental *	-826	-158	-984
Total 2001-03 Biennium	161,432	68,437	229,869
2003-05 Maintenance Level	160,120	66,582	226,702
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-500	-6	-506
2. Consolidated Juvenile Services	-1,316	0	-1,316
3. Pension Funding Change	-820	-12	-832
4. Juvenile Sentencing Alternatives	-3,140	-188	-3,328
5. Pymt to Counties - Disposition Alts	1,183	0	1,183
6. Shift Becca Funds to Courts Admin	-7,132	-6,092	-13,224
7. Research-Based Parole Adjustment	-1,886	-629	-2,515
8. Research-Based Treatment Services	943	0	943
Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-660	-18	-678
10. Governor Veto	0	-1,478	-1,478
Total 2003-05 Biennium	146,792	58,159	204,951
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	74,095	29,130	103,225
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	72,697	29,029	101,726

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 2. Consolidated Juvenile Services Funding to local counties for the Consolidated Juvenile Services (CJS) contract is reduced, consistent with declining local adjudications and diversions. The CJS program is a partnership between the state, county juvenile courts, and the private sector. Funded programs provide services to pre-commitment juveniles, including diversion, probation supervision, individual and family services counseling, drug/alcohol assessment and treatment, vocational training, and psychiatric and psychological services.
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 4. **Juvenile Sentencing Alternatives** In accordance with Chapter 378, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESSB 5903), savings are achieved by: (1) restoring a disposition alternative that

- allows juvenile courts to suspend a standard range disposition involving confinement at the Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration (JRA) for certain juvenile offenders, on the condition that the adjudicated youth comply with one or more local sanctions or treatment requirements; (2) implementing a Mental Health Disposition Alternative (MHDA) that allows juvenile courts to suspend a disposition of 15 to 65 weeks for juvenile offenders diagnosed with mental disorders; and (3) establishing a five-bed community commitment disposition alternative pilot project. Youth adjudicated under the MHDA are required to participate in a mental health treatment program and are subject to community supervision and other local sanctions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 5. Pymt to Counties Disposition Alts Funding is provided to local juvenile courts to implement two new disposition alternatives and a five-bed community commitment disposition alternative pilot project established pursuant to Chapter 378, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESSB 5903) and to deliver research-based intervention programs to juvenile offenders that would have normally been sentenced to secure placement in JRA facilities. Payments to counties are estimated based upon projected reductions in the JRA residential population for the biennium. Actual reimbursements to the counties will depend on utilization of the disposition alternatives.
- 6. **Shift Becca Funds to Courts Admin** Funding for the cost of juvenile court petitions filed under the "Becca" statutes, including truancy, at-risk-youth, and child-in-need-of-services petitions, is transferred from JRA to the Office of the

Department of Social and Health Services Juvenile Rehabilitation

Administrator for the Courts. (General Fund-State, Public Safety and Education Account-State)

- 7. **Research-Based Parole Adjustment** Funding is reduced for intensive parole consistent with the Washington State Institute for Public Policy's (WSIPP) 2002 findings on intensive parole services. Savings in the amount of \$1.9 million are achieved by increasing the size of intensive parole caseloads from 12 parolees to 20, the same level as for enhanced and sex offender parole. Recent WSIPP studies show intensive parole to be ineffective in reducing recidivism, and that it returns no benefits in crime reduction for every dollar spent. Of the total savings, \$943,000 is reinvested in research-based therapies proven to reduce recidivism (see item below). (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 8. Research-Based Treatment Services Half of the state general fund savings from adjusting parole caseloads above is redirected for research-based therapies for parolees and youth transitioning out of institutions, such as aggression replacement training (ART), mentoring, and functional family therapy (FFT). All of these programs have been shown to reduce recidivism by WSIPP and produce in excess of \$6 dollars in benefits in crime reduction for every dollar spent. This funding level will allow the extension of research-based therapies to paroled youth who do not currently receive them. JRA shall invest some of the reprogramming in quality-control efforts, to ensure that research-based therapies are performed correctly, consistent with WSIPP findings that effective quality control is vital to positive outcomes. Additionally, up to \$55,000 in funds may be used to train additional staff in suicide precaution watches.
- 9. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 10. Governor Veto The Governor vetoed Section 203(7) of Chapter 25, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto (ESSB 5404), which would have provided federal Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grant funding for the continuation of a pilot program for the post-release planning and treatment of juvenile offenders with co-occurring disorders. The Governor directed JRA to continue the pilot, provide youth with post-release planning and treatment, and utilize any remaining funds for other program requirements. (Juvenile Accountability Incentive Account-Federal)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Social & Health Services Juvenile Rehabilitation

WORKLOAD HISTORY

By Fiscal Year

							_	E	Estimated	
_	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Community Residential (1)										
Avg Daily Population/Month	359	362	305	239	209	194	173	185	182	176
% Change from prior year		0.8%	-15.7%	-21.6%	-12.6%	-7.2%	-10.8%	6.9%	-1.6%	-3.3%
Institutions										
Avg Daily Population/Month	1,007	1,028	1,048	996	984	987	937	776	755	729
% Change from prior year		2.1%	1.9%	-5.0%	-1.2%	0.3%	-5.1%	-17.2%	-2.7%	-3.4%
Parole (2)										
Avg Daily Population/Month	917	949	1,002	768	1,023	1,062	1,006	872	870	853
% Change from prior year		3.5%	5.6%	-23.4%	33.3%	3.8%	-5.3%	-13.3%	-0.2%	-2.0%

⁽¹⁾ Includes State Group Homes, Community Residential Placements, Short Term Transition Program, and the County Commitment Program. Beginning in FY 2002, funding for County Commitment Program beds is eliminated.

<u>Data Source</u>:

FY 1996 through FY 2002 from DSHS Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration.

FY 2003 through FY 2005 data from legislative fiscal staff.

⁽²⁾ Parole eligibility standards were significantly modified in FY 1998 and FY 2000. In FY 2003, savings were assumed from the Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration implementing parole changes that might result in caseload reductions.

Department of Social and Health Services Mental Health

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total	
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	583,737	563,517	1,147,254	
2003 Supplemental *	11,546	-1,785	9,761	
Total 2001-03 Biennium	595,283	561,732	1,157,015	
2003-05 Maintenance Level	682,475	547,468	1,229,943	
Policy Changes				
1. General Inflation	-732	-221	-953	
2. McNeil Transportation Needs	1,176	0	1,176	
3. Enhanced Local Match Options	0	18,640	18,640	
4. Pension Funding Change	-2,049	-237	-2,286	
5. Eliminate Community Inpatient Pool	1,800	-4,698	-2,898	
6. Limit Administrative Expenses	-2,920	-2,920	-5,840	
7. On-Island SCTF Changes	-2,175	0	-2,175	
8. Fund Off-Island SCTF	2,353	0	2,353	
Increased Eligibility Verification	-2,131	-2,131	-4,262	
10. Children's Medical Premiums	-2,085	-2,085	-4,170	
11. Mental Health Adv. Directives	80	75	155	
12. Children's Mental Health	21	22	43	
13. Mentally Ill Offender Pilot	-902	902	0	
14. Marr Settlement Funding	502	188	690	
15. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-728	-42	-770	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	674,685	554,961	1,229,646	
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	335,572	276.093	611,665	
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	339,113	278,868	617,981	

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 2. **McNeil Transportation Needs** One-time funding is provided for the purchase of a used passenger vessel to support additional staffing at the Special Commitment Center on McNeil Island beginning in January 2004.
- 3. Enhanced Local Match Options The Mental Health Division is authorized to increase Medicaid payment rates as needed in order for Regional Support Networks (RSNs) to maximize available federal reimbursement. The Department shall first provide the higher payment to those RSNs whose allocations under the funding formula would otherwise increase the least from the previous year's level in FY 2004 and FY 2005. To qualify for the higher payment, the RSN must use qualified local funds for the required non-federal share of the Medicaid payment. (General Fund-Federal)
- 4. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the

- difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 5. Eliminate Community Inpatient Pool Funding for the community inpatient pool is eliminated. The inpatient pool was established in FY 2001 to assist communities in maintaining capacity to provide short-term psychiatric hospitalizations locally. (General Fund-State, Health Services Account-State)
- 6. **Limit Administrative Expenses** Savings are achieved by limiting total administrative expenditures of RSNs to 10 percent of total funding in FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 7. **On-Island SCTF Changes** Funding and staffing for the Secure Community Transition Facility (SCTF) is reduced pursuant to Chapter 216, Laws of 2003 (ESB 5991 Secure Community Transition Facilities). The legislation: (1) removes the roving patrol car support provided by the Washington State Patrol; and (2) reduces the staffing ratio at the McNeil Island SCTF to one staff per three residents during normal waking hours, and one staff per four residents during normal sleeping hours, provided the staffing ratio is never lower than two staff per housing unit. Existing requirements for one-to-one staffing

Department of Social and Health Services Mental Health

are maintained when residents leave the facility for required activities, and the legislation does not affect staffing ratios at SCTFs sited in locations other than McNeil Island.

- 8. Fund Off-Island SCTF Consistent with direction from the federal court, funding is provided for the operational and staffing costs for the first phase of an SCTF located off of McNeil Island that can house up to 12 residents. The funding level is based on expected occupancy by October 1, 2003, and a projected population of six residents by the end of the biennium. Staffing ratios for this facility will be one staff per resident during waking hours and two staff per three residents during sleeping hours.
- 9. Increased Eligibility Verification As provided in the 2003 supplemental, DSHS will increase efforts to assure that recipients of publicly-funded medical assistance meet applicable income, residency, and other eligibility requirements. Specific changes include: (1) verifying applicants' declared income through employer contacts and electronic records checks; (2) re-verifying eligibility at least every six months, rather than annually as was previously done for children's and family medical coverage; and (3) discontinuing coverage if subsequent income changes make the child ineligible for coverage, rather than continuing the coverage for a full year as was previously done.

These changes are expected to result in approximately 4,800 (1.9 percent) fewer persons qualifying for publicly-funded medical assistance in FY 2004, and in approximately 19,000 (3.4 percent) fewer receiving such assistance in FY 2005. The FY 2004 savings are significantly lower because electronic eligibility system changes needed to implement the six-month eligibility changes cannot be implemented until January 2004.

In addition, these changes are expected to result in \$4.3 million (\$2.1 million state funds) of avoided expenditures in the Mental Health program. Additionally, 80 FTEs are funded in the Economic Services Administration to conduct the necessary eligibility reviews, at a cost of \$7.8 million (\$4.8 million state funds). The net state savings from this change are expected to total approximately \$23 million for the biennium. (General Fund-State, Health Services Account-State, General Fund-Federal)

10. **Children's Medical Premiums** - The Department is to obtain approval of a federal waiver under which families with incomes over the poverty level will be required to pay monthly premiums for their children's medical, dental, and vision coverage. Premiums are expected to total \$15 per child per month for families with income between 100-150 percent of poverty (\$1,300 - \$1,900 per month for a family of three); \$20 per child per month for families with incomes up to 200 percent of poverty (\$2,500 per month for a family of three); and \$25 per child per month for families with incomes between 200-250 percent of poverty (\$3,200 per month for a family of three). Premiums will be capped at three children per household.

- Approximately \$3.0 million in state funds are included for administrative costs in the Economic Services Administration and the Office of Financial Recovery to accomplish the premium collections, and approximately \$2.1 million of reduced state expenditures will occur in the Mental Health Program as a result of the reduction in the number of eligible children. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 11. **Mental Health Adv. Directives** Funding is provided for training and case management activities associated with the implementation of Chapter 283, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5223 Mental Health Advance Directives), which establishes procedures and requirements for a person with capacity to create a mental health advance directive. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 12. **Children's Mental Health** Funding is provided for MHD to implement Chapter 281, Laws of 2003 (2SHB 1784 Children's Mental Health), which addresses the recommendations included in the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee's study on children's mental health services. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 13. **Mentally Ill Offender Pilot** Federal block grant funding, rather than state funds, will be used to support the Mentally Ill Offender Pilot Program that provides special services to assist approximately 25 mentally ill individuals released from a Department of Corrections facility to successfully transition back into the community. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 14. Marr Settlement Funding Funding is provided for Eastern State Hospital to provide additional specialized care, combining both habilitation and mental health treatment components, for persons with developmental disabilities who require the level and intensity of psychiatric care best provided by the state hospital. Funding will support additional FTEs, staff training, facility alteration, and court monitors as provided in the final Marr settlement. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 15. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
 - * Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Governor's Vetoes:

The Governor vetoed Section 204(1)(e) and (h) of Chapter 25, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, (ESSB 5404), which: (1) authorized implementation of a new funding formula for Regional Support Networks (RSNs); and (2) capped state funding for RSN administrative costs at 10 percent of each RSN's total funding.

Department of Social & Health Services Mental Health

WORKLOAD HISTORY

By Fiscal Year

							_	F	Estimated	<u> </u>
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
State Hospitals (1)										
Avg Daily Population/Month	1,278	1,276	1,311	1,354	1,358	1,359	1,342	1,239	1,231	1,231
% Change from prior year		-0.2%	2.7%	3.3%	0.3%	0.1%	-1.2%	-7.7%	-0.7%	0.0%
Avg Daily Census/Month	1,246	1,243	1,275	1,317	1,343	1,343	1,328	1,229	1,218	1,218
% Change from prior year		-0.2%	2.6%	3.3%	1.9%	0.0%	-1.2%	-7.5%	-0.9%	0.0%
Community Outpatient Services	38,482	39,861	41,328	43,882	45,132	48,254	51,201	53,830	55,580	56,659
% Change from prior year		3.6%	3.7%	6.2%	2.8%	6.9%	6.1%	5.1%	3.3%	1.9%
Avg Adults Served per Month	28,077	28,853	30,024	31,840	32,876	35,239	36,933	39,478	40,637	41,630
% Change from prior year		2.8%	4.1%	6.0%	3.3%	7.2%	4.8%	6.9%	2.9%	2.4%
Avg Children Served per Month	10,405	11,008	11,304	12,042	12,256	13,015	14,268	14,352	14,943	15,030
% Change from prior year		5.8%	2.7%	6.5%	1.8%	6.2%	9.6%	0.6%	4.1%	0.6%
Special Commitment Center - Mair	n Facility									
Avg Monthly Population	33	43	57	79	105	130	151	167	189	216
% Change from prior year		30.3%	32.6%	38.6%	32.9%	24.0%	15.9%	10.6%	13.5%	14.0%
Special Commitment Center - Less	Restrictiv	ve Altern	atives (2)							
Avg Monthly Population	2	2	2	3	5	5	7	10	18	28
% Change from prior year		0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	66.7%	3.3%	29.0%	51.3%	78.5%	56.5%

⁽¹⁾ Includes: Eastern State Hospital, Western State Hospital (WSH), WSH Program for Adaptive Living Skills (PALS), and Child Study and Treatment Center. Prior to FY 1995, also includes Program Offering Rehabilitation and Training in Adult Living (PORTAL).

<u>Data Sources</u>:

FY 1996 through FY 2002 actuals are from DSHS Division of Research and Data Analysis reports.

FY~2003,~FY2004,~and~FY~2005~estimates~are~from~legislative~fiscal~committees.

⁽²⁾ Includes persons in less restrictive alternative placements on McNeil Island and other locations.

Department of Social and Health Services Developmental Disabilities

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	629,106	578,745	1,207,851
2003 Supplemental *	-1,659	-2,623	-4,282
Total 2001-03 Biennium	627,447	576,122	1,203,569
2003-05 Maintenance Level	680,196	615,641	1,295,837
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-595	-732	-1,327
2. Homecare Worker Wage Increase	8,935	8,352	17,287
3. Pension Funding Change	-1,137	-1,010	-2,147
4. Community Residential	1,294	1,225	2,519
Raise Level of Care Standard	-588	-891	-1,479
Reduce Funding for the Arc Lawsuit	-9,941	-9,865	-19,806
7. MPC Adjustment	-1,626	-1,626	-3,252
8. Marr Settlement Funding	453	278	731
9. Community Protection Placements	1,127	1,073	2,200
10. RHC Consolidation	1,580	1,580	3,160
11. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-1,136	-848	-1,984
Total 2003-05 Biennium	678,562	613,177	1,291,739
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	336,565	302,871	639,436
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	341,997	310,306	652,303

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 2. Homecare Worker Wage Increase The Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) contracts with home care workers to provide care for elderly and disabled Medicaid clients. Funding is provided to increase the wages of individual and agency home care workers effective October 1, 2003. As a result of these changes, wages for direct care workers employed by home care agencies will be increased by \$0.75 per hour. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 4. **Community Residential** Funding is provided for community residential placements and support services for up to 14 clients in FY 2004. Priority consideration for these placements shall be as follows: (1) clients without residential services who are in crisis or immediate risk of needing an institutional

- placement; and (2) residents of residential habilitation centers who are able to be adequately cared for in community settings and who choose to live in those settings. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 5. Raise Level of Care Standard Savings are achieved by raising functional eligibility requirements for Medicaid Personal Care (MPC) services. Persons who require only minimal assistance with one or two activities of daily living will no longer be eligible for the program. Persons currently receiving care in community residential settings who do not meet the higher eligibility standard will continue to be served, without the benefit of federal matching funds, but no new applicants with such lower levels of care will be admitted to residential care. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 6. Reduce Funding for the Arc Lawsuit In December 2002, the court denied Arc's and DSHS's joint motion for preliminary approval of a settlement regarding developmental disability services. However, the 2003-05 budgeted carryforward level still includes \$26.2 million state general fund (\$39.2 million total funds) associated with the bow wave of the original FY 2002 funding level. Consistent with the 2003 supplemental budget, funding for the residential services component is reduced from \$11.5 million state general fund to \$2.4 million state general fund. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 7. MPC Adjustment Following the adoption of the February 2003 forecast for the MPC Program in the Division of Developmental Disabilities, new information was provided which explains a recent decline in the growth observed for

Department of Social and Health Services Developmental Disabilities

children receiving MPC. In deliberations prior to receipt of this information, the declining trend was discounted as a one-time occurrence. New information shows that only a portion of the declining trend is expected to be one-time and the remainder is the result of a freeze on enrollment in the Community Alternative Program (CAP) waiver. Savings reflect lower MPC expenditures as a result of an adjustment to the forecast that accounts for the impact of the enrollment freeze on the projected caseload and continued efforts by the Division to ensure that children receiving MPC services meet eligibility criteria. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

- 8. Marr Settlement Funding Funding is provided for a full-time psychologist, two intensive case managers, and one part-time case resource manager, to provide the necessary supports to individuals who require both habilitation and mental health treatment as provided in the Marr settlement agreement. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- Community Protection Placements Funding is provided for expanded community services for 11 persons with developmental disabilities who are being diverted or discharged from state psychiatric hospitals. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 10. RHC Consolidation The Department shall consolidate vacancies across all Residential Habilitation Centers (RHCs) in order to downsize Fircrest School. Funding is provided in the Developmental Disabilities budget for community services for residents of RHCs who choose to move to community placements. Funding is also provided in the DSHS Administration budget to support the transition of residents to other RHCs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 11. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Social & Health Services Developmental Disabilities

WORKLOAD HISTORY

By Fiscal Year

							_	E	Estimated	
<u>-</u>	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Institutions										
Avg Monthly Population ⁽¹⁾	1,295	1,262	1,228	1,189	1,139	1,116	1,093	1,060	1,038	1,015
% change from prior year		-2.5%	-2.7%	-3.2%	-4.2%	-2.0%	-2.0%	-3.0%	-2.1%	-2.2%
Community Residential Programs	(2)									
Avg Month End Contracted Be	3,740	3,819	3,742	3,747	3,920	3,957	4,010	4,141	4,165	4,197
% change from prior year		2.1%	-2.0%	0.1%	4.6%	0.9%	1.3%	3.3%	0.6%	0.8%
Employment & Day Programs										
Avg Monthly Number Served	7,571	7,954	8,455	8,567	9,193	9,636	10,186	10,580	10,603	10,635
% change from prior year		5.1%	6.3%	1.3%	7.3%	4.8%	5.7%	3.9%	0.2%	0.3%
Family Support ⁽³⁾										
Number of Clients Served	2,659	3,637	3,985	4,658	5,247	6,256	6,929	7,169	7,353	7,581
% change from prior year		36.8%	9.6%	16.9%	12.6%	19.2%	10.8%	3.5%	2.6%	3.1%
Adult Personal Care ⁽⁴⁾										
Number of Clients Served	3,525	3,951	4,199	4,730	5,015	5,630	6,212	6,737	7,181	7,568
% change from prior year		12.1%	6.3%	12.6%	6.0%	12.3%	10.3%	8.4%	6.6%	5.4%

⁽¹⁾ Funded capacity at the Residential Habilitation Centers from FY 2000 through FY 2003 was 1,231 clients.

Data Sources:

FY 1992 through FY 2002 from LEAP workload database except FY 1993 through FY 1997 Community Residential is from DSHS Division of Developmental Disabilities due to a change in reporting methodology.

FY 2003 through FY 2005 are budget estimates from legislative fiscal staff.

⁽²⁾ Includes Alternate Living (clients served), Group Homes, intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded (IMRs), Tenant Support (clients served), and State Operated Living Alternatives (SOLA).

⁽³⁾ Family Support includes Children's Personal Care.

⁽⁴⁾ Adult Personal Care includes Medicaid Personal Care and Chore Services. Prior to FY 1990, Developmental Disabilities' clients enrolled in these programs were counted in the Long-Term Care Program totals.

Department of Social and Health Services Long-Term Care

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total	
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	1,019,137	1,069,625	2,088,762	
2003 Supplemental *	522	-208	314	
Total 2001-03 Biennium	1,019,659	1,069,417	2,089,076	
2003-05 Maintenance Level	1,073,827	1,132,569	2,206,396	
Policy Changes				
1. General Inflation	-306	-372	-678	
2. Homecare Worker Wage Increase	22,578	22,292	44,870	
3. Pension Funding Change	-496	-487	-983	
4. Supplemental Nursing Home Payments	-100	0	-100	
5. Limit Waiver Enrollment Growth	-5,195	-5,195	-10,390	
6. Spousal Resource Limits	-4,934	-4,934	-9,868	
7. Raise Level of Care Standard	-1,500	-2,164	-3,664	
8. Senior Drug Information	325	0	325	
9. Nursing Home Quality Maintenance	45,861	45,861	91,722	
10. Review Elderly DD Clients	236	236	472	
11. Additional Admin Reductions	-650	-483	-1,133	
12. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-1,332	-1,280	-2,612	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	1,128,314	1,186,043	2,314,357	
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	557,645	586,646	1,144,291	
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	570,669	599,397	1,170,066	

Comments:

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Local)
- 2. Homecare Worker Wage Increase The Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) contracts with both individuals and agencies to provide home care for elderly and disabled persons. Funding is provided to increase the wages of individual and agency home care workers effective October 1, 2003. As a result of these changes, wages for direct care workers employed by home care agencies will be increased by \$0.75 per hour. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 4. **Supplemental Nursing Home Payments** Funding for special supplemental payments to nursing facilities meeting certain

- criteria is eliminated. The circumstances warranting the special supplemental payments have changed.
- 5. Limit Waiver Enrollment Growth DSHS is directed to limit growth in the number of persons receiving community-based care through the Community Options Program Entry System (COPES) waiver program to 1.1 percent per year, which is the projected growth in the total state population aged 75 and older. This will allow an average of about 24,375 people to receive such services during the 2003-05 biennium. That is 1,000 more people than are receiving such services during the current year, but approximately 700 fewer than would be served if the program continued to grow without limits. To manage within these enrollment limits, the Department may need to establish waiting lists for services, as is done in most other states. If waiting lists are established, the Department is directed to prioritize access to service for persons with the greatest care needs, and who are at greatest risk of requiring nursing home or other out-of-home placement, rather than prioritizing by the date of application.

In addition to the avoided expenditure growth shown here, this change is expected to result in approximately \$5.5 million (\$2.7 million state) of avoided expenditure increases in the Medical Assistance Program. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

6. **Spousal Resource Limits** - Under the federal Social Security Act, when one spouse applies for Medicaid-funded long-term

Department of Social and Health Services Long-Term Care

care in a nursing home or in the community, the other spouse is able to retain: a house, furnishings, and an automobile; about \$2,100 per month of joint income; and, at the state's discretion, between a minimum of \$18,132 and a maximum of \$90,660 in liquid resources. As is the case with approximately half the states, Washington presently sets the spousal resource limit at the federal maximum.

In accordance with Chapter 28, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (ESHB 2257), savings are achieved by reducing the spousal resource limit to \$40,000. Couples will need to "spend down" savings in excess of \$40,000 prior to receiving Medicaid services. Persons already receiving publicly-funded care will be exempted from the new resource limitation. Additional funding is provided to DSHS for workload associated with spousal share and eligibility determinations.

As a result of this change, by the end of the 2003-05 biennium, approximately 500 persons per month are expected to cover more of the cost of their long-term care before qualifying for public assistance. In addition to the savings shown here, state Medical Assistance expenditures will also be reduced by \$2.0 million (\$1.0 million state) for the biennium. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

7. **Raise Level of Care Standard** - Elderly and disabled persons receiving publicly-financed care in home and community-based settings may qualify for such services through a home and community-based services waiver or through the Medicaid Personal Care (MPC) program.

Savings are achieved by raising functional eligibility requirements for MPC services. Persons who require only minimal assistance with one or two activities of daily living will no longer be eligible for the program. Persons currently receiving care in community residential settings who do not meet the higher eligibility standard will continue to be served, without the benefit of federal matching funds, but no new applicants with such lower levels of care will be admitted to residential care. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

- 8. **Senior Drug Information** Funding is provided for Area Agencies on Aging to receive grants of up to \$25,000 to organize and conduct informational programs to help senior citizens learn more about the safe and effective use of prescription drugs, and how to access discount drug purchasing programs for which they may be eligible.
- 9. Nursing Home Quality Maintenance As provided in Chapter 16, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (E2SSB 5341), a fee of \$6.50 per day shall be applied to most days of nursing home care. This fee will support a 3.0 percent increase in non-capital payment rates effective July 1, 2003, to help maintain the quality of nursing home care in the state. Additionally, nursing facilities will be reimbursed for the portion of state fee revenues allocable to Medicaid patient days. With these increases, the weighted average nursing home payment is expected to be \$144.54 per patient day in FY 2004 and

- \$147.43 per patient day in FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 10. **Review Elderly DD Clients** Funding is provided for the Home and Community Services Division to annually assess each elderly resident residing in a residential habilitation center or in a state-operated living alternative to determine if the resident can be more appropriately served in a less-restrictive setting. The assessment will take into consideration the special needs of the resident, the types of services that will best meet those needs, and the type of facility that will best provide those services. In determining whether the resident should be moved to a different facility or program, consideration will be given to the proximity of family, friends, and advocates concerned with the resident's well being. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 11. **Additional Admin Reductions** Administrative funding is reduced by \$1.1 million and 6.2 FTE staff under the assumption that the Department will implement operational efficiencies. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 12. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Social & Health Services Long-Term Care Services

WORKLOAD HISTORY

By Fiscal Year

							_	J	Estimated	
_	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Nursing Homes										
# FTE Clients	15,905	14,992	14,645	14,081	13,783	13,529	13,135	12,901	12,440	12,082
% Change from prior year		-5.7%	-2.3%	-3.9%	-2.1%	-1.8%	-2.9%	-1.8%	-3.6%	-2.9%
Community Care *										
# Clients Served	20,876	23,119	25,675	27,567	29,319	30,919	32,213	33,923	35,339	36,125
% Change from prior year		10.7%	11.1%	7.4%	6.4%	5.5%	4.2%	5.3%	4.2%	2.2%

^{*} Includes Chore Services, Community Options Program Entry Services (COPES), Adult Residential, and Medicaid Personal Care.

<u>Data Source</u>:

Community Care for FY 1996 from DSHS Aging and Disability Services Administration. All other data is from the Caseload Forecast Council and legislative fiscal staff.

Department of Social and Health Services Economic Services Administration

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total		
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	837,958	1,393,385	2,231,343		
2003 Supplemental *	11,998	4,316	16,314		
Total 2001-03 Biennium	849,956	1,397,701	2,247,657		
2003-05 Maintenance Level	830,864	1,247,521	2,078,385		
Policy Changes					
1. General Inflation	-2,275	-3,866	-6,141		
2. County Legal-Clerk Reimbursement	0	9,142	9,142		
3. Pension Funding Change	-3,250	-371	-3,621		
4. Administrative Reduction	-3,062	-4,100	-7,162		
Shift GA-U Proof of Disability	-6,637	0	-6,637		
Increased Eligibility Verification	4,770	3,902	8,672		
7. Children's Medical Premiums	2,007	1,576	3,583		
8. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-6,870	-10,166	-17,036		
Total 2003-05 Biennium	815,547	1,243,638	2,059,185		
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	408,184	621,540	1,029,724		
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	407,363	622,098	1,029,461		

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Local)
- 2. **County Legal-Clerk Reimbursement** Federal funding is provided for a new reimbursement methodology for county clerks who file child support orders for the state. (General Fund-Federal)
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- Administrative Reduction Administrative reductions of 4
 percent are taken in the following areas within the Economic
 Services Administration: (1) the Automated Client Eligibility
 System (ACES); (2) the Child Support Program; and (3)
 Administrative Program Support. (General Fund-State,
 General Fund-Federal)
- 5. **Shift GA-U Proof of Disability** Savings are achieved by implementing Chapter 10, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (HB 2252). This legislation requires the Department to discontinue benefits

- for General Assistance-Unemployable (GA-U) clients unless the client demonstrates that their medical or mental condition has not improved, and they therefore still need a cash grant and medical benefits.
- 6. Increased Eligibility Verification Additional funding is provided for the Department to: (1) increase and improve efforts to verify that children and pregnant women are in fact eligible for the medical assistance services they receive; and (2) review their continued eligibility for medical assistance services every six months, rather than annually as presently occurs. Improved income verification was implemented April 1, 2003, and included review of recipient documentation and employer contacts to verify that the income declared by applicants and recipients is accurate. These efforts are supplemented by electronic records checks that will be in place by July 1, 2003. The six-month rather than annual review of continued eligibility is to be implemented no later than November 2003. The Department is to have in place all computer changes, administrative rules and procedures, and staffing arrangements as required to timely implement the six-month eligibility reviews by November 2003. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 7. **Children's Medical Premiums** The Department is to obtain approval of a federal waiver under which families with incomes over the poverty level will be required to pay monthly premiums for their children's medical, dental, and vision coverage. Premiums are expected to total \$15 per child per month for families with income between 100-150 percent of poverty (\$1,300 \$1,900 per month for a family of three); \$20 per child per month for families with incomes up to 200 percent of poverty (\$2,500 per month for a family of three); and \$25 per child per month for families with incomes between 200-250

Department of Social and Health Services Economic Services Administration

percent of poverty (\$3,200 per month for a family of three). Premiums will be capped at three children per household.

Approximately \$3.0 million in state funds are included for administrative costs in the Economic Services Administration and the Office of Financial Recovery to accomplish the premium collections, and approximately \$2.1 million of reduced expenditures will occur in the Mental Health Program as a result of the reduction in the number of eligible children. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

8. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** - In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Social & Health Services Economic Services Administration

WORKLOAD HISTORY

By Fiscal Year

			_]	Estimated				
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
General Assistance (1)										
Avg Monthly Caseload	18,074	18,155	17,657	17,129	16,416	17,857	19,934	18,819	18,517	18,912
% Change from prior year		0.4%	-2.7%	-3.0%	-4.2%	8.8%	11.6%	-5.6%	-1.6%	2.1%
TANF Cases (2)										
Avg Monthly Caseload	101,136	97,309	84,685	67,475	58,796	54,758	55,068	53,710	53,329	53,298
% Change from prior year		-3.8%	-13.0%	-20.3%	-12.9%	-6.9%	0.6%	-2.5%	-0.7%	-0.1%
Child Care										
Avg # Children Served/Month	30,636	33,309	41,707	51,187	58,786	67,454	71,893	71,017	71,917	73,252
% Change from prior year		8.7%	25.2%	22.7%	14.8%	14.7%	6.6%	-1.2%	1.3%	1.9%

⁽¹⁾ FY 1996 through FY 2000 includes General Assistance-Unemployable (GA-U), General Assistance-Unemployable with expedited medical (GA-X), and General Assistance for children living with legal guardians (GA-H). Starting in FY 2001 GA-H cases are covered by TANF funding and are moved out of the General Assistance estimate into the TANF Cases estimate. Data collection changed to the Caseload Analysis and Reporting Database (CARD) system in FY 1998. To provide comparable data, monthly caseload data from FY 1996-1997 have been adjusted to reflect the CARD system, which is 7.05 percent higher on average than the previous Average Grant method.

Data Sources:

FY 1996 through FY 2002 General Assistance actuals provided by the Caseload Forecast Council.

FY 1996 through FY 2002 TANF Cases and Child Care actuals provided by the DSHS Budget Division.

FY 2003 through FY 2005 estimates represent legislative budget assumptions, based upon forecasts provided by the Caseload Forecast Council and the Office of Financial Management.

⁽²⁾ Includes General Assistance-Pregnant Woman (GA-S) cases, and GA-H cases starting in FY 2001 (see note above). To provide comparable data, monthly caseload data from FY 1996-1997 have been adjusted to reflect the CARD system, which is 7.05 percent higher on average than the previous Average Grant method.

Department of Social and Health Services Alcohol & Substance Abuse

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total	
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	72,873	158,005	230,878	
2003 Supplemental *	-474	-10	-484	
Total 2001-03 Biennium	72,399	157,995	230,394	
2003-05 Maintenance Level	73,747	157,368	231,115	
Policy Changes				
1. General Inflation	-186	-202	-388	
2. Pension Funding Change	-76	-10	-86	
3. Reduce TASC	0	-4,648	-4,648	
4. Fund Shifts (PSEA, VRDE & GF-S)	9,700	-9,700	0	
Reduce Svcs to Gravely Disabled	-2,000	0	-2,000	
6. New Svcs for Offenders	0	8,950	8,950	
Reduce DASA Headquarters	-209	0	-209	
8. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-336	-44	-380	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	80,640	151,714	232,354	
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	40,320	75,857	116,177	
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	40,320	75,857	116,177	

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Local)
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 3. **Reduce TASC** Funding is reduced for the Treatment Accountability for Safe Communities (TASC) Program. The Department shall allocate the reduction on a pro rata basis to all TASC counties and continue budget policy adopted in the 2002 supplemental budget to integrate TASC funding with drug court funding. (Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 4. **Fund Shifts (PSEA, VRDE & GF-S)** Funds are shifted between accounts to balance the Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement (VRDE) Account and to reflect more accurate allocations of federal funds. (General Fund-State [GF-S], General Fund-Federal, Public Safety and Education Account

- [PSEA]-State, Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account-State)
- 5. Reduce Svcs to Gravely Disabled Treatment services for gravely-disabled individuals are reduced. Gravely-disabled individuals are people in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for their essential human needs of health or safety which manifests in severe deterioration in routine functioning, or who are high utilizers of treatment services and other resources.
- 6. New Svcs for Offenders Funding is provided for substance abuse treatment services for offenders participating in drug courts or other court-supervised substance abuse treatment programs in the community. (Criminal Justice Treatment Account-State)
- 7. **Reduce DASA Headquarters** The headquarters budget for the Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse (DASA) is reduced by \$209,000 and 1.9 FTEs. The program will implement operating efficiencies.
- 8. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
 - * Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Social & Health Services Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse

WORKLOAD HISTORY

By Fiscal Year

							F	Estimated		
-	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
ADATSA - Assessment										
Avg Monthly Assessments	1,284	1,199	1,194	1,162	1,167	1,112	1,176	1,100	1,120	1,120
% Change from prior year		-6.6%	-0.4%	-2.7%	0.4%	-4.7%	5.8%	-6.5%	1.8%	0.0%
ADATSA - Outpatient Treatmen	t									
Avg Monthly Admissions	325	308	322	340	351	357	386	370	375	375
% Change from prior year		-5.2%	4.5%	5.6%	3.2%	1.7%	8.1%	-4.1%	1.4%	0.0%
ADATSA - Residential										
Avg Monthly Admissions	610	631	673	633	574	596	575	578	565	565
% Change from prior year		3.4%	6.7%	-5.9%	-9.3%	3.8%	-3.5%	0.5%	-2.2%	0.0%

The Alcoholism and Drug Addiction Treatment and Support Act (ADATSA) was established in 1987. Workloads in ADATSA services are limited to openings available.

Data Sources:

FY 1996 through FY 2002 actuals provided by the DSHS Budget Division.

FY 2003 through FY 2005 estimates provided by the Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse.

(Dollars in Thousands)

		GF-S	Other	Total	
2001	-03 Expenditure Authority	liture Authority 2,205,908 4,945,668			
2003	Supplemental *	67,406	-668,751	-601,345	
Tota	l 2001-03 Biennium	2,273,314	4,276,917	6,550,231	
2003	-05 Maintenance Level	2,728,265	4,865,796	7,594,061	
Poli	ey Changes				
1.	Additional Newborn Screening Tests	424	424	848	
2.	Transfer AIDS Insurance Program	-6,798	0	-6,798	
3.	Consolidated Drug Purchasing	-24,200	-22,340	-46,540	
4.	General Inflation	-388	-785	-1,173	
5.	DME Efficiencies	-2,000	-2,000	-4,000	
6.	Pension Funding Change	-343	-357	-700	
7.	Eliminate Community Inpatient Pool	-2,248	4,496	2,248	
8.	Limit Waiver Enrollment Growth	-2,745	-2,745	-5,490	
9.	Spousal Resource Limits	-1,000	-1,000	-2,000	
10.	Shift GA-U Proof of Disability	-7,069	0	-7,069	
11.	State Savings from MI Elimination	-105,086	19,341	-85,745	
12.	Increase Rural Hospital Grants	0	6,200	6,200	
13.	Increase Other Hospital Grants	-32,000	84,160	52,160	
14.	Adult Dental Services	-11,725	-11,001	-22,726	
15.	Adult Vision Services	-117	-117	-234	
16.	Medical Equipment Co-Pay	-768	-768	-1,536	
17.	Managed Care Rate Increases	-24,926	-76,871	-101,797	
18.	Increased Eligibility Verification	-12,151	-39,033	-51,184	
19.	Children's Medical Premiums	0	-67,038	-67,038	
20.	Immigrant Prenatal Care	-37,753	37,753	0	
21.	Medicaid Integration Project	-6,335	-6,335	-12,670	
22.	Transfer Trauma Funding	0	19,800	19,800	
23.	Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-840	-874	-1,714	
Tota	1 2003-05 Biennium	2,450,197	4,806,706	7,256,903	
F	iscal Year 2004 Total	1,184,774	2,369,292	3,554,066	
	iscal Year 2005 Total	1,265,423	2,437,414	3,702,837	

- 1. Additional Newborn Screening Tests The State Board of Health has recommended that all newborns be screened by the state public health laboratory for five additional disorders which can cause mental or motor retardation, blindness, hearing loss, physical abnormalities, and/or death if undetected. Washington is the only state which does not screen for one of the disorders, and among the roughly half which presently do not screen for the other four. Testing for the five disorders will result in an estimated \$20.50 (50 percent) increase in the fee charged for newborn screenings. This item represents the share of that cost borne by the state's Medical Assistance Program, which pays for 43 percent of all births in the state. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 2. **Transfer AIDS Insurance Program** Administrative responsibility for the Evergreen Health Insurance Program, which pays for insurance coverage for persons with AIDS who are not eligible for Medicaid, is transferred from the Department of Social and Health Services to the Department of

- Health. This will consolidate management and budgetary responsibility for all non-Medicaid services for persons with HIV disease into a single agency.
- 3. Consolidated Drug Purchasing The Medical Assistance Administration, the Health Care Authority, and the Department of Labor and Industries will consolidate their drug purchasing by jointly developing a list of drugs in each of at least 16 therapeutic classes which will be prioritzed for state-agency purchase. The prioritized list will be developted by a statewide pharmacy and therapeutics committee, consisting of nine professional members, based upon safety, efficacy, and cost. This will reduce the rate of growth in state drug expenditures by prioritizing purchase of less costly, safe, and effective brands and by creating a financial incentive for manufacturers of more expensive brands to provide price discounts. Drugs not on the priority list are expected to be authorized approximately onethird of the time, in order to assure recipients have access to drugs best suited to their particular medical condition. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

- 4. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, Health Services Account-State)
- 5. **DME Efficiencies** Savings are achieved by implementing a combination of cost containment and utilization strategies sufficient to reduce General Fund-State costs for durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies in FY 2005 by approximately 5 percent below the level projected for FY 2005 in the February 2003 forecast. The primary strategy considered shall be selective or direct contracting with DME and supply vendors or manufacturers. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 6. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 7. Eliminate Community Inpatient Pool The Mental Health Program will no longer make annual grants to assist local communities in maintaining and expanding their capacity to provide emergency psychiatric services at community hospitals. As a result, federal funds previously budgeted for that purpose can instead be used to offset state expenditures for medical assistance services. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Local, General Fund-Federal)
- 8. Limit Waiver Enrollment Growth The Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) is directed to establish waiting lists to the extent necessary to limit growth in the Community Options Program Entry System (COPES) long-term care waiver to 1.1 percent per year. This is expected to result in an average of about 550 fewer elderly and disabled persons per year qualifying for publicly-funded medical assistance services. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 9. Spousal Resource Limits The Aging and Disability Services Administration is to reduce the amount of cash, savings, and other liquid assets which a couple may retain and still qualify for publicly-funded long-term care. This is expected to result in approximately 300 fewer persons per month qualifying for Medicaid coverage of their acute and long-term care costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 10. **Shift GA-U Proof of Disability** Savings are achieved by implementing legislation that requires DSHS to discontinue benefits for General Assistance-Unemployable (GA-U) clients

- unless the client demonstrates that their medical or mental condition has not improved and they therefore still need a GA-U cash grant and medical benefits.
- 11. **State Savings from MI Elimination** The Medically Indigent (MI) Program is eliminated. The program provided partial compensation to hospitals and physicians for emergency care delivered to low-income, uninsured persons and operated as an open-ended, fully state-funded entitlement. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Local, General Fund-Federal)
- 12. **Increase Rural Hospital Grants** To mitigate the effect of the elimination of the MI Program, grant payments to rural hospitals are increased by \$3.1 million total funds per year. In determining the distribution of grants to rural hospitals, the Department is directed to adopt a new formula for allocating funds under the program, so that hospitals which are operating at a loss, or with a relatively small net positive margin, are allocated more of the available revenue than are more profitable hospitals. (Health Services Account-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 13. Increase Other Hospital Grants To mitigate the effect of the elimination of the MI Program, grant payments to non-rural hospitals are increased by \$26.1 million total funds per year. In determining the distribution of grants to hospitals, the Department is directed to adopt a new formula for allocating funds under the program, so that hospitals which are operating at a loss, or with a relatively small net positive margin, are allocated more of the available revenue than are more profitable hospitals. In order to align programs with revenue sources, the budget also replaces the General Fund-State funding for the original program with Health Services Account funds. (General Fund-State, Health Services Account-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 14. **Adult Dental Services** As an alternative to eliminating nonemergency dental services for adults, the Department is directed to reduce the scope of benefits provided by approximately 25 percent. In developing a new benefit, the Department is directed to work with dental providers and recipient representatives to select the highest priority procedures to include in the reduced benefit. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 15. **Adult Vision Services** As an alternative to eliminating optical services and eyeglasses for adults, the budget requires recipients to make a \$2 co-pay for adult optical services and equipment costing \$25 \$50, and a \$3 co-pay for those costing more than \$50. These are the maximum co-pays allowed by federal Medicaid rules. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 16. **Medical Equipment Co-Pay** Savings are achieved by requiring Medicaid recipients to make a \$2 co-pay for medical supplies and equipment costing \$25 \$50, and a \$3 co-pay for supplies and equipment costing more than \$50. These amounts are the maximum co-pays allowed by federal Medicaid rules. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

- 17. **Managed Care Rate Increases** Funding is provided to increase managed care payment rates by an average of 1.5 percent in calendar year 2004, and by an average of 5.0 percent in calendar year 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 18. Increased Eligibility Verification As provided in the 2003 supplemental budget, the Department will increase efforts to assure that recipients of publicly-funded medical assistance meet applicable income, residency, and other eligibility requirements. Specific changes include: (1) verifying applicants' declared income through employer contacts and electronic records checks; (2) re-verifying eligibility at least every six months, rather than annually as was previously done for children's and family medical coverage; and (3) discontinuing coverage if subsequent income changes make the child ineligible for coverage, rather than continuing the coverage for a full year despite such changes as was previously done.

These changes are expected to result in approximately 4,800 (1.9 percent) fewer persons qualifying for publicly-funded medical assistance in FY 2004, and in approximately 19,000 (3.4 percent) fewer receiving such assistance in FY 2005. The FY 2004 savings are significantly lower because electronic eligibility system changes needed to implement the six-month eligibility changes cannot be implemented until January 2004.

In addition, these changes are expected to result in \$4.3 million (\$2.1 million state funds) of avoided expenditures in the Mental Health Program. Additionally, 80 FTEs are funded in the Economic Services Administration to conduct the necessary eligibility reviews, at a cost of \$7.8 million (\$4.8 million state funds). The net state savings from this change are expected to total approximately \$23 million for the biennium. (General Fund-State, Health Services Account-State, General Fund-Federal)

19. **Children's Medical Premiums** - The Department is to obtain approval of a federal waiver under which families with incomes over the poverty level will be required to pay monthly premiums for their children's medical, dental, and vision coverage. Premiums are expected to total \$15 per child per month for families with income between 100-150 percent of poverty (\$1,300 - \$1,900 per month for a family of three); \$20 per child per month for families with incomes up to 200 percent of poverty (\$2,500 per month for a family of three); and \$25 per child per month for families with incomes between 200-250 percent of poverty (\$3,200 per month for a family of three). Premiums will be capped at three children per household.

The projected savings anticipate that an average of approximately 10 percent of the families subject to premium payments will drop their medical coverage. This will result in an average of about 20,000 fewer children receiving publicly-funded medical assistance coverage in FY 2005, and accounts

- for about 50 percent of the total projected savings. Approximately \$3.0 million in state funds are included for administrative costs in the Economic Services Administration and the Office of Financial Recovery to accomplish the premium collections, and approximately \$2.1 million of reduced state expenditures will occur in the Mental Health Program as a result of the reduction in the number of eligible children. (Health Services Account-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 20. Immigrant Prenatal Care Washington is one of 12 states which use state funds to provide prenatal coverage for low-income women who are not eligible for Medicaid because of their immigration status. Savings are achieved as a result of new federal regulations under which the state expects to cover approximately 65 percent of the cost of such care with federal funds from the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP). The Department is directed to obtain all available federal funding, and to implement additional cost-control measures, to the extent necessary to limit total state expenditures for this coverage to \$20.8 million for the biennium. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 21. **Medicaid Integration Project** DSHS plans to contract with a specialty organization to provide medical care to interested nursing home residents. Based upon similar efforts conducted on a limited basis in other states, the Department anticipates that total state hospitalization expenditures for nursing home residents can be reduced by 20 percent, and drug expenditures by 10 percent, through increased access to specialized care. The extent to which savings are actually occurring will begin to be known approximately one year after initial implementation. The Department also plans to seek a waiver arrangement with the federal government, so that the state may share in the substantial hospitalization savings which will accrue to the federal Medicare program if this state effort is successful. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 22. Transfer Trauma Funding Emergency Medical Services and Trauma Account revenues previously appropriated to DSHS are partially transferred to the Department of Health (DOH). Funds appropriated to DOH will be distributed among hospitals and other trauma services through fixed grants and contracts. Funds appropriated to DSHS will be used to provide increased reimbursement for trauma-related services under the regular federal Medicaid program. DSHS is directed to implement a system to assure that state expenditures for increased reimbursement do not exceed the amount appropriated from the Emergency Medical Services and Trauma Account and do not include federal disproportionate share hospital funding not specifically appropriated for this purpose. The previous system of attempting to distribute such funding through add-ons to the standard Medicaid fee-for-service payment rates in order to generate federal matching funds resulted in over-expenditures of \$3.8 million in FY 2000; \$13 million in FY 2001; and an additional \$11 million through the first ten months of FY 2002. Those over-expenditures had to be paid by the state general fund, rather than by the special-purpose trauma fund. Due to an

error in the budgeting process, total trauma account appropriations to the Medical Assistance Administration exceed available revenues by \$9.2 million. The error will be corrected in the 2004 Supplemental Appropriations Act. (Emergency Medical Services and Trauma Account-State)

23. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** - In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

WORKLOAD HISTORY

By Fiscal Year

]	Estimated	
-	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Categorically Needy	653,083	697,456	704,900	691,838	718,286	766,349	789,351	827,769	857,193	865,908
AFDC/TANF	320,540	310,247	286,965	254,023	249,938	268,785	272,133	274,480	277,786	277,914
Elderly	38,716	42,050	45,047	47,336	50,408	51,757	53,144	54,148	54,835	55,332
Disabled	94,848	94,962	95,010	96,640	100,187	106,870	115,184	119,453	123,527	127,734
Non-AFDC Children	162,748	211,707	239,487	254,069	276,272	293,904	319,829	348,094	367,942	370,464
Non-AFDC Pregnant Women	19,043	20,853	21,430	21,851	21,702	22,353	23,960	25,759	26,760	27,762
Undocumented Children	13,000	13,468	13,050	13,297	15,328	18,100	0	0	0	0
Medicare Beneficiaries	4,188	4,169	3,911	4,622	4,451	4,580	5,017	5,558	5,866	6,081
Breast & Cervical Cancer							69	127	187	209
Medicaid Buy-In							15	150	289	412
Medically Needy	11,395	10,245	11,059	11,596	12,566	13,465	14,605	16,201	17,469	18,735
AFDC-Related	1,433	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Elderly	4,295	4,341	4,625	4,822	5,158	5,642	6,047	6,573	7,077	7,590
Disabled	5,576	5,765	6,356	6,650	7,299	7,752	8,486	9,558	10,320	11,073
All Others	91	139	78	124	109	71	72	70	72	72
Children's Health Insurance Pr	ogram			2	355	3,378	6,060	7,986	10,507	11,883
General Assistance/ADATSA										
# Persons/Month	11,786	12,997	13,179	12,911	11,716	11,987	11,642	9,645	8,778	8,631
State Medically Indigent										
# Persons/Month	2,060	2,003	2,284	2,271	2,457	2,690	3,346	3,931	0	0
Refugees # Persons/Month	1,411	1,064	1,353	1,319	1,004	1,135	931	813	869	660
Total Eligibles per Month % Change from prior year	679,735	723,765 6.5%	732,775 1.2%	719,935 -1.8%	746,384 3.7%	799,004 7.0%	825,935 3.4%	866,345 4.9%	894,815 3.3%	905,817 1.2%

<u>Data Sources.</u>

DSHS Budget Division, Office of Forecasting and Policy Analysis, February 2003 Forecast.

Department of Social and Health Services Vocational Rehabilitation

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total	
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	20,520	82,595	103,115	
2003 Supplemental *	-14	-50	-64	
Total 2001-03 Biennium	20,506	82,545	103,051	
2003-05 Maintenance Level	19,815	80,625	100,440	
Policy Changes				
1. General Inflation	-48	-287	-335	
2. Pension Funding Change	-247	0	-247	
3. Increase Work Opportunities	862	5,905	6,767	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	20,382	86,243	106,625	
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	10,180	42,543	52,723	
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	10,202	43,700	53,902	

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 3. Increase Work Opportunities Sufficient state funding is provided to collect the full amount of federal vocational rehabilitation funding expected to be available to Washington in 2003-05. With this funding, an average of 18,000 people with signficant disabilities are expected to receive job training and placement services each year and 4,000 are expected to become competitively employed. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Social and Health Services Administration & Supporting Services

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total	
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	52,838	47,945	100,783	
2003 Supplemental *	2,399	1,022	3,421	
Total 2001-03 Biennium	55,237	48,967	104,204	
2003-05 Maintenance Level	54,312	46,420	100,732	
Policy Changes				
1. General Inflation	-132	-479	-611	
2. Pension Funding Change	-482	-158	-640	
3. Children's Medical Premiums	945	946	1,891	
4. Required SSP Funding	10,000	0	10,000	
RHC Consolidation	1,236	1,236	2,472	
Reduce Admin & Support Services	-2,181	-935	-3,116	
7. SSP Coordination	240	80	320	
8. HIPAA Standard Transactions	200	200	400	
9. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-2,244	-748	-2,992	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	61,894	46,562	108,456	
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	35,926	23,141	59,067	
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	25,968	23,421	49,389	

Comments:

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.

This reduction in DSHS central administration includes the savings associated with the Information Services Division FTEs. The Department shall identify which programs should receive what portion of this reduction as part of their 2004 supplemental budget request. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

3. **Children's Medical Premiums** - The Department is to obtain approval of a federal waiver under which families with incomes over the poverty level will be required to pay monthly premiums for their children's medical, dental, and vision coverage. Premiums are expected to total \$15 per child per month for families with income between 100-150 percent of poverty (\$1,300 - \$1,900 per month for a family of three); \$20 per child per month for families with incomes up to 200 percent of poverty (\$2,500 per month for a family of three);

and \$25 per child per month for families with incomes between 200-250 percent of poverty (\$3,200 per month for a family of three). Premiums will be capped at three children per household.

Approximately \$3.0 million in state funds are included for administrative costs in the Economic Services Administration and the Office of Financial Recovery to accomplish the premium collections, and approximately \$2.1 million of reduced expenditures will occur in the Mental Health Program as a result of the reduction in the number of eligible children. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

- 4. **Required SSP Funding** Funding is provided for one-time expenditures needed to meet the federally-required level for Supplemental Security Income State Supplemental Payments (SSP). The Department may transfer a portion of this amount to other programs within the agency to accomplish this purpose. Once a final plan for meeting the SSP requirement is developed, the Department shall place in unallotted status the amount of this appropriation that is not needed to meet the requirement.
- 5. RHC Consolidation The Department shall consolidate vacancies across all Residential Habilitation Centers (RHCs) in order to downsize Fircrest School. Funding is provided in the Developmental Disabilities budget for community services for residents of RHCs who choose to move to community placements. One-time funding is also provided in the DSHS Administration budget to support the transition of residents to other RHCs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

Department of Social and Health Services Administration & Supporting Services

- 6. **Reduce Admin & Support Services** Administrative funding is reduced by 4 percent. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- SSP Coordination Funding is provided for agency-wide coordination of Supplemental Security Income State Supplemental Payments. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 8. HIPAA Standard Transactions Funding is provided to implement standards for electronic transactions to comply with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA). Funding provided within the Administration and Supporting Services Program is for any required changes in central agency reporting functions that must be done as a result of changes in the Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS). Funding is not provided for major changes to DSHS payment systems beyond MMIS. Funding for changes to MMIS is provided within the Medical Assistance Administration Program. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 9. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Social and Health Services Payments to Other Agencies

(Dollars in Thousands)

GF-S	Other	Total	
86,106	26,665	112,771	
85,508	26,446	111,954	
-72	-12	-84	
-1,414	-636	-2,050	
0	16,196	16,196	
84,022	41,994	126,016	
42,011	20,997	63,008	
42,011	20,997	63,008	
	86,106 85,508 -72 -1,414 0 84,022 42,011	86,106 26,665 85,508 26,446 -72 -12 -1,414 -636 0 16,196 84,022 41,994 42,011 20,997	

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 2. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 3. **Self-Insurance Premiums** State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the agency's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium. (General Fund-Federal)

Other Human Services

Basic Health Plan

State expenditures are reduced by dropping the number of persons covered by the program and by increasing the share of benefit costs that is borne by enrollees. Enrollment is gradually reduced from approximately 121,000 enrollees at the beginning of the 2003-05 biennium by limiting new admissions until a budgeted enrollment level of 100,000 enrollees is achieved. This is projected to occur by February 2004. Beginning in 2004, the state cost of covered benefits will be reduced by approximately 18 percent by raising enrollee premiums, co-pays, and deductibles.

Prescription Drug Purchasing

The Medical Assistance Administration, the Health Care Authority, and the Department of Labor and Industries will consolidate their drug purchasing by jointly developing a list of drugs in each of at least 16 therapeutic classes to be prioritized for state-agency purchase. The prioritized list will be based upon safety, efficacy, and cost, and will be developed by a statewide pharmacy and therapeutics committee consisting of nine professional members. This is expected to reduce the growth in state drug expenditures by \$84 million (\$30 million state funds) across the three agencies.

A pharmacy connection program will be established by the Health Care Authority through a contract with a university or other qualified organization to link state residents with manufacturer-sponsored drug assistance programs. This new program will employ staff, students, and volunteers to help persons who do not have prescription drug coverage in identifying and applying for the particular manufacturer-sponsored program which best fits the individual's income level and pharmaceutical needs.

Criminal Justice Training Commission

Funding in the amount of \$250,000 is provided for the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs to staff and support a web site with information about registered sex offenders.

Department of Labor and Industries

Enhanced Collections

The operating budget appropriates \$1 million to the Department of Labor and Industries (L&I) for additional staff and support for the Collections Unit, which is responsible for all collections activity related to employers who do not pay proper workers' compensation premiums or do not pay fines for worker safety violations; the Provider Fraud Investigation Program, which audits, investigates, and gathers information on alleged frauds and abuse; and the Third Party Unit, which recovers costs of workers' compensation claims from liable parties. The additional staff and funds are estimated to increase biennial collections by an additional \$8.2 million.

Enhanced Customer Service

In the 2001–03 biennium, L&I conducted a feasibility study of methods to exchange workers' compensation claim-related information electronically with employers, health care providers, and workers. The feasibility study supported a comprehensive new system for electronic management of workers' compensation claims and employer information. The operating budget appropriates \$9.9 million from the state Medical Aid and Accident Accounts to build the Online Reporting and Customer Access Project, which will allow customers to exchange information and establish and manage workers' compensation claims on-line 24 hours per day.

Home Care Quality Authority

Funding in the amount of \$150,000 is provided for the design and development of the home care provider registry required pursuant to Chapter 3, Laws of 2002 (Initiative 775).

The Legislature rejects the collective bargaining agreement entered into by the Home Care Quality Authority and the exclusive bargaining representative of individual home care providers.

Department of Health

The 2003-05 budget includes new funding for the following activities: \$1.1 million for policy development and technical assistance regarding new water conservation requirements; \$266,000 for an increase in statewide coordination and quality enhancement of local food safety inspection efforts; \$2.4 million for increased laboratory testing of newborns; \$222,000 for technical assistance to hospitals regarding detection of hearing impairments in newborns; and \$150,000 for the design of a state plan for the treatment and prevention of Hepatitis C. Most of these increases are to be supported by increased fees or private contributions, rather than by general state revenues.

The state and local fee for certified copies of birth and death certificates is increased to \$17.00. This raises \$5.9 million of new revenue, which will be used to: (1) reduce the state subsidy of the vital records and statistics system by \$2.4 million; and (2) develop and implement an Internet-based electronic death registration system.

AIDS Prescription Drug Program expenditures are projected to grow at 15 percent per year in 2003-05. About half of the increase results from increased enrollment, and the remainder is primarily due to higher drug costs associated with manufacturer price increases and the introduction of new treatment regimens. The state cost of these expenditure increases is limited to \$4.9 million, \$1.5 million less than what would otherwise be needed, by requiring recipients to participate in cost-sharing to the maximum extent allowed under the federal Ryan White Care Act.

The 2003-05 budget eliminates state-funded expenditures on the following programs: the Comprehensive Hospital Accounting and Reporting System, for a savings of \$1.5 million; the Child Death Review Program, for a savings of \$1.0 million; and a tax subsidy for the inspection and testing of recreational shellfish beds, which will instead be funded by a \$2.00 increase in recreational shellfish licensing fees.

Department of Corrections

Savings in the amount of \$40.1 million are achieved through the implementation of Chapter 379, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5990), which: (1) advances the effective date of a new drug offender sentencing grid enacted during the 2002 legislative session from July 1, 2004, to July 1, 2003; (2) changes the maximum amount of earned release time that certain offenders may earn from 33 percent of their sentence to 50 percent; (3) reduces the amount of early release time an offender may earn for serious violent and Class A sex offenses from 15 percent to 10 percent of the sentence; (4) shifts responsibility for the billing and collection of outstanding legal financial obligations for offenders under supervision only for this purpose from the Department of Corrections (DOC) to the Office of the Administrator for the Courts and county clerks; and (5) eliminates community supervision for certain low- and moderate-risk offenders. These sentencing changes are expected to result in an additional \$1.8 million in savings associated with a reduction in the number of offenders requiring substance abuse treatment.

Funding in the amount of \$400,000 is provided to address community corrections officer training issues related to the implementation of the Offender Accountability Act (Chapter 196, Laws of 1999).

DOC, in consultation with the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs (WASPC) and the Department of Social and Health Services, will implement a pilot project to test the availability, reliability, and effectiveness of an electronic monitoring system for sex offenders. Funding in the amount of \$100,000 is provided to the Department for the purposes of establishing the pilot project. WASPC is to report on the results of the pilot project by January 31, 2004.

Employment Security Department

A total of \$4 million of federal and state funds (non general fund) are provided to decrease fraud in the unemployment insurance (UI) system. Funds will be used to increase UI benefit overpayment prevention and detection by initiating a social security number cross-match and increasing investigation and collection staff.

Funding is also provided for better services for UI claimants. The amount of \$8.7 million of federal and state funds (non general fund) will be used to expedite the unemployment filing process and re-employment of claimants who are currently drawing UI by providing new technology, effective links to employers, and job search review.

Washington State Health Care Authority

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	6,655	715,890	722,545
2003 Supplemental *	0	-58,132	-58,132
Total 2001-03 Biennium	6,655	657,758	664,413
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	915,858	915,858
Policy Changes			
 Consolidated Drug Purchasing 	0	1,159	1,159
2. I-773 Basic Health Expansion	0	-206,146	-206,146
3. General Inflation	0	-209	-209
4. Managed BHP Enrollment	0	-15,341	-15,341
5. Restructure the Basic Health Plan	0	-156,778	-156,778
6. Pharmacy Connection Program	0	500	500
7. Pension Funding Change	0	-246	-246
8. Revolving Funds	0	-140	-140
9. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-498	-498
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	538,159	538,159
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	275,463	275,463
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	262,696	262,696

- 1. Consolidated Drug Purchasing Funding is provided for the Medical Assistance Administration, the Health Care Authority, and the Department of Labor and Industries to consolidate their drug purchasing by jointly developing a list of drugs in each of at least 16 therapeutic classes to be prioritized for state agency purchase. The prioritized list will be based upon safety, efficacy, and cost and will be developed by a statewide pharmacy and therapeutics committee consisting of nine professional members. This is expected to reduce the growth in state drug expenditures by \$84 million (\$30 million state funds) across the three agencies. This item funds the administrative cost of operating the program. (State Health Care Authority Administrative Account-State, Health Services Account-State, Medical Aid Account-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 2. **I-773 Basic Health Expansion** Savings are achieved by halting the expansion of enrollment in the Basic Health Plan (BHP). This item represents the difference in cost between the increase to 160,000 persons for which funding is assumed in the budget base, and the projected June 2003 enrollment of 120,777 persons funded in the 2003 Supplemental Budget . (Health Services Account-State, General Fund-Federal, Basic Health Trust Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 3. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-Federal, Health Care Authority Administrative Account-State)
- 4. **Managed BHP Enrollment** Savings are achieved by limiting admissions to the BHP until the target level of 100,000 enrollees is reached. Subsidized enrollment is expected to

- decrease to approximately 103,000 by December 2003, and it is anticipated that enrollment will reach the 100,000 targeted level early in calendar year 2004. Under the Health Care Authority's managed enrollment policy, the only persons admitted to the BHP are: (1) those who have temporarily left the program due to a Medicaid-covered pregnancy; (2) children not eligible for Medicaid due to their immigration status; (3) enrollees who become current on their account after losing a month's coverage due to late payment; and (4) new dependents of existing enrollees. (Health Services Account-State, Basic Health Trust Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 5. Restructure the Basic Health Plan Sufficient funding is provided for approximately 100,000 persons per month to receive state-subsidized health insurance coverage through the BHP from January 2004 through June 2005. Beginning in 2004, the BHP is to be restructured to reduce the state cost of covered services by approximately 18 percent. The revised benefit package is expected to include the following increases in enrollees' out-of-pocket costs: a \$250 annual deductible; a \$5 increase in office visit co-pays; a \$3-\$7 increase in co-pays for prescription drugs; a \$200 increase in the cost of a hospital stay; and a \$60-\$70 annual increase, depending upon income, in the minimum premium charged to enrollees whose incomes are below 125 percent of the poverty level. (Health Services Account-State, General Fund-Federal, Basic Health Trust Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 6. **Pharmacy Connection Program** Funding is provided for the Health Care Authority to contract with a university or other qualified organization to link state residents with manufacturer-sponsored drug assistance programs. This new Pharmacy Connection Program will employ staff, students, and volunteers to help persons who do not have prescription drug coverage

Washington State Health Care Authority

identify and apply for the particular manufacturer-sponsored program that best fits the individual's income level and pharmaceutical needs. (Health Services Account-State)

- 7. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-Federal, Health Care Authority Administration Account-State, Health Services Account-State)
- 8. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Health Care Authority Administrative Account-State, Health Services Account-State)
- Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-Federal, Health Care Authority Administrative Account-State, Health Services Account-State)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Washington State Health Care Authority

WORKLOAD HISTORY

By Fiscal Year

									Estin	nated
<u>-</u>	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Basic Health Plan (Subsidized & HCW)*	61,773	124,348	127,582	129,873	130,995	132,667	123,730	128.937	106.346	101,335
% Change from prior year	01,773	101.3%	2.6%	1.8%	0.9%	1.3%	-6.7%	4.2%	-17.5%	-4.7%
Regular Enrollees	61,590	123,555	126,472	128,610	129,530	131,111	122,250	127,603	105,011	100,000
% Change from prior year		100.6%	2.4%	1.7%	0.7%	1.2%	-6.8%	4.4%	-17.7%	-4.8%
Subsidized Homecare Workers	184	792	1,110	1,263	1,464	1,556	1,481	1,335	1,335	1,335
% Change from prior year		331.2%	40.1%	13.8%	15.9%	6.3%	-4.8%	-9.9%	0.0%	0.0%

^{*} State subsidy for "regular" enrollees is provided through the Health Care Authority budget. State and federal subsidy for homecare worker (HCW) enrollees is provided in the DSHS Long-Term Care and Developmental Disabilities budgets.

<u>Data Source</u>:

FY 1994 through FY 2003 from the Health Care Authority.

FY 2004 and FY 2005 estimates from the legislative fiscal staff.

Human Rights Commission

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	5,307	1,644	6,951
2003 Supplemental *	-136	250	114
Total 2001-03 Biennium	5,171	1,894	7,065
2003-05 Maintenance Level	5,434	1,715	7,149
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-27	-4	-31
2. Reduce Agency Spending	-478	-52	-530
3. Pension Funding Change	-26	-14	-40
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-128	-36	-164
Total 2003-05 Biennium	4,775	1,609	6,384
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	2,368	816	3,184
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	2,407	793	3,200

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 2. **Reduce Agency Spending** The Commission's total budget is reduced by 7 percent from maintenance level as a general activity cut. State general fund support is reduced by 9 percent. The Commission shall use its managerial discretion to reduce spending in those areas that have the least impact on client services and federal requirements. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Board of Industrial Insurance Appeals

(Dollars in Thousands)

GF-S	Other	Total
0	29,619	29,619
0	30,695	30,695
0	-190	-190
0	-152	-152
0	20	20
0	-224	-224
0	30,149	30,149
0	15.040	15,040
0	15,109	15,109
	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 29,619 0 30,695 0 -190 0 -152 0 20 0 -224 0 30,149 0 15,040

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (Accident Account-State, Medical Aid Account-State)
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Accident Account-State, Medical Aid Account-State)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Accident Account-State, Medical Aid Account-State)
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Accident Account-State, Medical Aid Account-State)

Washington State Criminal Justice Training Commission

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	18,756	18,756
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	18,861	18,861
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-227	-227
2. Pension Funding Change	0	-30	-30
3. Sex Offender Website	0	250	250
4. Revolving Funds	0	4	4
5. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-172	-172
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	18,686	18,686
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	9,436	9,436
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	$\overset{\circ}{0}$	9,250	9,250

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 2. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 3. Sex Offender Website Funding is provided for the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs (WASPC) to staff and support a website with information about registered sex offenders. Initial development of the website was provided through donations. The prohibition against using state funds for the maintenance and operation of the site is removed under Chapter 217, Laws of 2003 (SB 5410). (Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Public Safety and Education Account-State)

Department of Labor and Industries

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	11,094	452,607	463,701
2003 Supplemental *	0	-6,173	-6,173
Total 2001-03 Biennium	11,094	446,434	457,528
2003-05 Maintenance Level	11,689	465,736	477,425
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-27	-1,871	-1,898
2. Operating Costs/Exist Capital Proj	0	1,000	1,000
3. Claims Appeal	0	280	280
4. Claims Management	0	9,923	9,923
5. Collections Unit Enhancement	0	606	606
Health Services Analysis	0	398	398
7. Accounts Receivable System	416	5,696	6,112
8. Provider Fraud Unit	0	268	268
9. Third Party	0	149	149
10. ESSB 5713 (Electrical Contractors)	0	296	296
11. Pension Funding Change	-69	-1,996	-2,065
12. Cholinesterase Med Monitoring	0	378	378
13. Eliminate Health and Safety Grants	0	-10,000	-10,000
14. SSB 5248-Transportation Efficiency	0	100	100
15. Revolving Funds	-38	-7,326	-7,364
16. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-248	-3,586	-3,834
17. Self-Insurance Premiums	0	725	725
Total 2003-05 Biennium	11,723	460,776	472,499
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	5,863	235,387	241,250
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	5,860	225,389	231,249

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 2. Operating Costs/Exist Capital Proj Funding is provided to eliminate a growing backlog of extraordinary facility repairs that have exceeded the routine maintenance threshold, to provide certain upgrades related to employee safety and to improve the environmental infrastructure that promotes continuous operations. (Accident Account-State, Medical Aid Account-State)
- Claims Appeal Funding is increased for the Office of Claims Appeals to improve the timeliness of the reconsideration process and reduce the backlog of internal appeals cases. (Accident Account-State, Medical Aid Account-State)
- 4. Claims Management In the 2001-03 biennium, the Department of Labor and Industries (L&I) conducted a feasibility study of methods to exchange workers' compensation claim-related information electronically with employers, health care providers, and workers. The feasibility study supported a comprehensive new system for electronic management of workers' compensation claims and employer information. Funding is provided to build this new system, the Online Reporting and Customer Access Project, which will

- provide customers the ability to exchange information and establish and manage workers' compensation claims on-line 24 hours per day. (Accident Account-State, Medical Aid Account-State)
- 5. Collections Unit Enhancement The Collections Unit is responsible for all collections activity related to employers who do not pay proper workers' compensation premiums or do not pay fines for worker safety violations. This unit ensures that employers pay their premiums, responsible parties pay for the damage they cause, fraud is kept to a minimum, and appeals are handled in a timely manner. The additional staff will increase annual collections by an estimated \$2.5 million. (Accident Account-State, Medical Aid Account-State)
- 6. Health Services Analysis L&I spends approximately \$16 million per year on independent medical examinations (IMEs) for injured workers. When the exams do not provide the necessary information to make a decision, the medical costs and treatment can be delayed, thereby increasing costs. Funding is provided to establish a peer review process of IMEs in order to enhance the quality of these exams so that the necessary information is provided. (Medical Aid Account-State)
- 7. **Accounts Receivable System** Funding is provided to develop an enterprise accounts receivable system. This system will combine 16 separate accounts receivable systems within the

Department of Labor and Industries

- agency for greater accountability and reconciliation with the state accounting system. An outside auditor will perform a one-time audit on the new system. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 8. **Provider Fraud Unit** The Provider Fraud Investigation Program audits, investigates, and gathers information on alleged frauds and abuse by identifying fraudulent billing practices, pursuing leads, and recommending methods to prevent fraudulent activities. Additional funding and FTE staff are provided to investigate more cases of fraud and recover more funds for the workers' compensation system. It is estimated that these additional FTEs will be able to identify \$1 million dollars per year in fraudulent billings. (Accident Account-State, Medical Aid Account-State)
- 9. **Third Party** The Third Party Unit recovers costs of workers' compensation claims from liable parties. Funding for one additional FTE is provided to increase the recovery of benefits. The additional investigator will increase the recovery of benefits by \$600,000 per year. (Accident Account-State, Medical Aid Account-State)
- 10. ESSB 5713 (Electrical Contractors) Funding is provided to implement the provisions of Chapter 399, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESSB 5713). Expenditures will include implementing continuing education requirements, making necessary computer system modifications to address the requirements of the bill, and providing staff for the joint legislative task force established in the bill. (Electrical License Account-State, Plumbing Certificate Account-State)
- 11. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 12. **Cholinesterase Med Monitoring** Funding is provided for L&I to contract with medical laboratories, health care providers, and other entities to provide cholinesterase medical monitoring of farm workers who handle cholinesterase-inhibiting pesticides and to collect and analyze data related to such monitoring. (Accident Account-State)
- 13. **Eliminate Health and Safety Grants** The Safety and Health Impact Grant Program can only continue when there are excess funds over the 10 percent contingency reserve. Since there will be no excess funds in the 2003-05 biennium, this \$10 million dollar program is eliminated. (Medical Aid Account-State)
- 14. **SSB 5248-Transportation Efficiency** Chapter 363, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5248), makes an appropriation from the Public Works Administration Account to L&I for purposes of

- prevailing wage surveys. (Public Works Administration Account-State)
- 15. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 16. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 17. Self-Insurance Premiums State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the agency's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium. (Accident Account-State, Medical Aid Account-State)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Indeterminate Sentence Review Board

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	1,968	0	1,968
2003-05 Maintenance Level	2,000	0	2,000
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-10	0	-10
2. Pension Funding Change	-8	0	-8
3. Revolving Funds	10	0	10
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-32	0	-32
Total 2003-05 Biennium	1,960	0	1,960
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	980	0	980
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	980	0	980

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions.
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

Department of Veterans' Affairs

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	19,590	52,328	71,918
2003 Supplemental *	554	-328	226
Total 2001-03 Biennium	20,144	52,000	72,144
2003-05 Maintenance Level	22,143	57,282	79,425
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-292	0	-292
2. Pension Funding Change	-101	-277	-378
3. Revolving Funds	14	26	40
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-188	-14	-202
Total 2003-05 Biennium	21,576	57,017	78,593
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	11,579	27,885	39,464
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	9,997	29,132	39,129

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions.
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Private/Local)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Private/Local)
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Private/Local)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Home Care Quality Authority

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	152	0	152
2003 Supplemental *	19	0	19
Total 2001-03 Biennium	171	0	171
2003-05 Maintenance Level	509	0	509
Policy Changes			
 Registry of Home Care Providers 	150	0	150
2. Pension Funding Change	-2	0	-2
3. Revolving Funds	14	0	14
Total 2003-05 Biennium	671	0	671
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	412	0	412
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	259	0	259

- 1. **Registry of Home Care Providers** One-time funding is provided to design and develop a referral registry of individual home care providers, as required by Initiative 775. The Home Care Quality Authority will develop procedures to remove from the registry providers who have committed improper acts in the performance of their duties.
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Health

(Dollars in Thousands)

		GF-S	Other	Total
2001	-03 Expenditure Authority	112,277	540,940	653,217
2003	Supplemental *	-95	-3,639	-3,734
	l 2001-03 Biennium	112,182	537,301	649,483
2003	-05 Maintenance Level	119,251	577,431	696,682
Poli	cy Changes			
1.	Expand Food Safety Program	266	0	266
2.	Add Newborn Screening Tests	0	2,350	2,350
3.	Newborn Hearing Screening	222	0	222
4.	Web-Based Death Certificate System	0	3,433	3,433
5.	Vital Records Fee Increase	-2,452	2,452	0
6.	Transfer AIDS Insurance Program	6,798	0	6,798
7.	State Toxics Account Reduction	0	-231	-231
8.	General Inflation	-345	-1,132	-1,477
9.	Child Death Reviews	-1,000	0	-1,000
10.	Reduce CHARS Subsidy	0	0	0
11.	Increase HIV Cost-Sharing	-1,545	0	-1,545
12.	Additional Federal Grants	0	28,223	28,223
13.	Pension Funding Change	-435	-661	-1,096
14.	Hepatitis C	0	150	150
15.	Recreational Shellfish Testing	-938	938	0
16.	Transfer Trauma Funding	0	-2,299	-2,299
17.	Water Reclamation Assistance	-678	0	-678
18.	Municipal Water Systems	111	987	1,098
19.	Mercury Reduction and Education	0	144	144
20.	Optometrist Prescription Authority	0	67	67
21.	Nursing Technician Registration	0	67	67
22.	Revolving Funds	-4	-4	-8
23.	Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-884	-666	-1,550
Tota	1 2003-05 Biennium	118,367	611,249	729,616
F	fiscal Year 2004 Total	58,143	305,547	363,690
F	Fiscal Year 2005 Total	60,224	305,702	365,926

- 1. Expand Food Safety Program Funding is provided for a 33 percent increase in statewide coordination and quality enhancement of local food safety inspection efforts. This increase is required due to: (1) an increase in local and nationwide food recalls; (2) the need to update training materials, exams, and inspection forms to conform with the comprehensive revision of the state's food service rules scheduled for implementation in January 2005; (3) requests from the food industry and local health jurisdictions for the state to take a more active leadership role in promoting consistent food safety policies and training statewide; and (4) the need to develop and implement a plan to respond to emergencies which might result from sabotage of the food supply.
- 2. **Add Newborn Screening Tests** The State Board of Health has recommended that all newborns be screened by the state public health laboratory for five additional disorders which can cause mental or motor retardation, blindness, hearing loss, physical abnormalities, and/or death if undetected. Testing for the five disorders will increase public health laboratory

- expenditures by approximately \$1.6 million per year beginning in calendar year 2004, requiring an estimated \$20.50 (50 percent) increase in the fee charged for newborn screenings. An estimated \$800,000 of the annual cost (\$400,000 state funds) will be borne by the state's Medical Assistance Program, which pays for 43 percent of all births in the state. (General Fund-Local)
- 3. Newborn Hearing Screening The State Board of Health has recommended that all newborns be screened for early hearing loss. Funding is provided for technical assistance to hospitals for implementation of this requirement, and for surveillance and tracking activities associated with early hearing loss detection, diagnosis, and intervention.
- 4. Web-Based Death Certificate System The Department of Health's (DOH) Center for Health Statistics maintains the state's system of vital records and statistics. The state and local fee for all certified copies of vital records is raised to \$15.00. Of that increase, \$7.00 of each fee for second copies of death certificates ordered at the same time as the first copy will go to

Department of Health

DOH to maintain the state vital records system, including the implementation of a web-based electronic death registration system. Appropriation authority is provided for the implementation of a web-based death registration system. (General Fund-Local)

- 5. Vital Records Fee Increase As provided in Chapter 241, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5545 - Fees for Vital Records), the fee charged for a certified copy of all birth, death, marriage, and divorce certificates is increased by \$2, from \$15 to \$17, in order to reduce the need for state subsidy of the vital records and statistics system. Maintenance and operation of the statewide system has become increasingly reliant upon state revenues since implementation of the automated birth certificate system in 1992. The automated system enables the public to pick up certified copies of birth certificates at local health departments, rather than driving or writing to Olympia. Since current law provides that fees collected remain with the local issuer, the more user-friendly system has resulted in reduced revenues to maintain and operate the databases upon which the entire vital records system depends. The legislation provides \$2 of all fees collected, regardless of issuer, to be deposited with DOH to support maintenance and operation of the statewide system. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Private/Local)
- 6. Transfer AIDS Insurance Program Administrative responsibility for the Evergreen Health Insurance Program, which pays for insurance coverage for persons with AIDS who are not eligible for Medicaid, is transferred from the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) to DOH. This will consolidate agency management and budgetary responsibility for all non-Medicaid services for persons with HIV disease into a single agency.
- 7. State Toxics Account Reduction Funding in the State Toxics Control Account is reduced by \$230,000 in the 2003-05 biennium. To achieve this reduction, DOH will: no longer test water and toxic samples at the public health laboratories; terminate toxicological consultations involving pesticides and fertilizers for environmental health programs, local health jurisdictions, and citizens; or reduce the level of response to requests for general toxicological consultations. (State Toxics Control Account)
- 8. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 9. Child Death Reviews Since 1999, DOH has provided financial assistance for local health department staff to review the circumstances surrounding unexpected child deaths, and has collected, analyzed, and disseminated the result of the teams' findings. State funding for this activity is discontinued. Unusual circumstances will continue to be investigated by local health and law enforcement officials. Patterns and factors associated with avoidable deaths will likely continue to be

- analyzed and disseminated by private organizations, such as the Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS) Foundation.
- 10. **Reduce CHARS Subsidy** The state subsidy for the Comprehensive Hospital Accounting and Reporting System (CHARS) is eliminated. Since its inception, CHARS has been funded by a statutory assessment on hospital revenues. During 1992-2000, this assessment averaged 0.033 percent of hospital revenues. During the 2000 legislative session, the system received a public subsidy for the first time, from the Health Services Account. As a result of the subsidy being eliminated, the assessment is expected to increase to approximately 0.018 percent of hospital revenues. (Health Services Account-State, Hospital Commission Account-State)
- 11. **Increase HIV Cost-Sharing** To partially offset the \$6.4 million increase in projected state expenditures for the AIDS Drug Assistance Program, without denying access to life-sustaining medications by lowering eligibility levels or establishing program waiting lists, recipient cost-sharing is to be increased to the maximum allowed under the federal Ryan White Care Act. Recipient cost-sharing will average 5-10 percent of family income, compared to 2-4 percent now.
- 12. **Additional Federal Grants** Additional federal appropriation authority is provided due to the receipt of federal funds greater than anticipated in the base-level budget, including: \$18.9 million for the Women, Infant, and Child (WIC) nutrition program; \$2.1 million for sexually-transmitted disease projects; \$2.1 million for childhood immunization operations; \$1.8 million for infectious disease laboratory work; \$1.0 million for small rural hospitals; and \$900,000 for HIV-AIDS services and epidemiology. (General Fund-Federal)
- 13. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 14. Hepatitis C Funding is provided for implementation of Chapter 273, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5039 - Hepatitis C). DOH shall design a state plan for the prevention and treatment of Hepatitis C. Funding for the development of the plan will be provided through federal and private sources. (General Fund-Private/Local)
- 15. Recreational Shellfish Testing DOH inspects and tests shellfish from public beaches for the presence of bacteria and biotoxins to ensure that contaminated shellfish are not consumed by the public. The cost of this inspection and testing function is currently subsidized, through the state general fund. In accordance with Chapter 263, Laws of 2003 (SSB 6073 Shellfish License Fee), the fee for recreational shellfish licenses

Department of Health

- issued by the Department of Fish and Wildlife will be increased by an average of \$2, so that lab testing and on-site inspection of recreationally-harvested shellfish will be feesupported rather than state-subsidized. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Private/Local)
- 16. Transfer Trauma Funding Some of the Emergency Medical Services and Trauma Account revenues previously appropriated to DOH are transferred to DSHS, in order to collect federal Medicaid matching funds on allowable expenditures. The \$12.6 million which continues to be appropriated to DOH is to be distributed among hospitals, trauma professionals, and other trauma services through fixed grants and contracts. The Departments are directed to implement a system to assure that state expenditures for increased trauma reimbursement do not exceed the amount appropriated from the Emergency Medical Services and Trauma Account and do not include federal disproportionate share hospital funding not specifically appropriated for this purpose. The previous system of attempting to distribute such funding through add-ons to the standard Medicaid fee-forservice payment rates in order to generate federal matching funds resulted in over-expenditures of \$3.8 million in FY 2000; \$13 million in FY 2001, and an additional \$11 million through the first ten months of FY 2002. Those overexpenditures had to be paid by the state general fund, rather than by the special-purpose trauma fund. (Emergency Medical Systems and Trauma Account-State)
- 17. Water Reclamation Assistance During the 1999-01 biennium, the state's Drinking Water Program expanded efforts to promote water conservation and re-use by providing technical assistance and training to local water systems, and by promoting improved coordination among state and local agencies. Because a solid foundation has now been laid for continuation of such efforts locally, and because this is a lower priority government activity, state funding for this expanded effort is discontinued.
- 18. Municipal Water Systems Funding is provided for implementation of Chapter 5, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (2E2SHB 1338 Municipal Water Rights). This legislation requires DOH to draft rules, implement policy, and provide technical assistance regarding new, enforceable water conservation requirements. It is also expected to result in 50 additional water systems seeking plan reviews each year, in order to secure water rights. The majority of the cost associated with the bill will be financed by a 25 cent per residence fee on water connections. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Private/Local)
- 19. Mercury Reduction and Education Funding is provided for DOH to develop a plan for educating schools, local governments, businesses, and the public on proper disposal methods for mercury-added products, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1002 - Mercury). (State Toxics Control Account)

- 20. Optometrist Prescription Authority Chapter 142, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5226 - Optometry) authorizes optometrists who have completed additional instruction and clinical supervision to prescribe certain oral medications. Funding is provided for the health professional quality assurance program to define training requirements, develop drug guidelines, and promulgate rules for implementation of this new licensing option. (Health Professions Account-State)
- 21. **Nursing Technician Registration** Chapter 258, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5829 Nursing Technicians), authorizes nursing students who are employed by hospitals or nursing homes and who have registered as nursing technicians to perform certain tasks under the supervision of a registered nurse. Funding is provided for DOH to establish and managed this new fee-supported registration program. (Health Professions Account-State)
- 22. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 23. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, various other funds)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Corrections

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	1,072,559	37,764	1,110,323
2003 Supplemental *	19,451	794	20,245
Total 2001-03 Biennium	1,092,010	38,558	1,130,568
2003-05 Maintenance Level	1,208,756	34,069	1,242,825
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-4,637	-148	-4,785
2. Comm. Corr. Officer Training	400	0	400
3. Electronic Monitoring Pilot	100	0	100
4. Reduce Low/Mod-Risk Supervision	-14,782	0	-14,782
Shift LFO Billing and Collection	-3,375	0	-3,375
6. LFO Savings	-334	0	-334
Drug Treatment Funding Adj.	-229	1,412	1,183
8. Pension Funding Change	-5,805	-22	-5,827
OMNI-Phase II Modifications	3,250	0	3,250
Sentencing & Early Release Changes	-24,939	0	-24,939
11. Revolving Funds	-1,522	0	-1,522
Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-5,660	-16	-5,676
13. Self-Insurance Premiums	12,846	0	12,846
Total 2003-05 Biennium	1,164,069	35,295	1,199,364
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	579,116	17,681	596,797
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	584,953	17,614	602,567

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, Public Health Services Account-State, Cost of Supervision Fund)
- 2. Comm. Corr. Officer Training Funding is provided to expand the adult services academy from three weeks to four weeks in order to address training related to the implementation of the Offender Accountability Act (OAA). In addition, the training will address tort liability claims, OAA issues related to victims, and safety issues such as defensive tactics and search and seizure arrests. The additional funding will cover increased expenses resulting from the Criminal Justice Training Commission's expansion of the academy to include these issues.
- 3. Electronic Monitoring Pilot One-time funding is provided for a pilot project to examine the efficacy, feasibility, and reliability of using GPS electronic monitoring to track released level III sex offenders or kidnapping offenders under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections (DOC) and sexually-violent predators under the state's civil commitment laws. DOC will work with the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs (WASPC) and the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) to establish the pilot project. WASPC will report to the Legislature by January 31, 2004, on the results of the pilot.
- 4. Reduce Low/Mod-Risk Supervision DOC is responsible for supervising felony offenders who have been sentenced in Superior Court and reside in the community. Using a risk assessment process, the Department classifies offenders into four risk levels. Funding is reduced in accordance with Chapter 379, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5990), which eliminates community supervision for offenders who have been assessed as low or moderate risk (risk management levels D and C) with certain exceptions. Regardless of risk level, the Department will continue to supervise offenders with prison sentences who have a current or prior: sex offense; violent offense; crime against a person; residential burglary conviction; felony domestic violence conviction; delivery of a controlled substance to a minor conviction; methamphetamine manufacture/delivery/possession with intent to deliver conviction; and offenders who have been sentenced under the First-Time Offender Waiver (FTOW); and offenders whose conditions of community supervision include substance abuse treatment. For offenders sentenced to jail for one year or less, the Department will only supervise those offenders for whom the courts have imposed a term of community custody because of a current conviction for a sex offense, violent offense, crime against a person, drug offense, or a sentence under the FTOW. The community supervision changes expire on July 1, 2010.
- 5. **Shift LFO Billing and Collection** Currently, DOC is responsible for the monitoring and collection of court-ordered legal financial obligations (LFOs) for offenders supervised in the community. Effective October 1, 2003, the collection of LFOs from offenders who have no other supervision

Department of Corrections

- requirements is shifted from the Department to county clerks through the Office of the Administrator for the Courts (OAC). Billing for all offenders who owe LFOs will be performed by OAC effective January 1, 2004.
- 6. LFO Savings Savings are achieved in conjunction with Chapter 379, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5990), which shifts responsibility for the billing and collection of outstanding LFOs under supervision only for this purpose from DOC to OAC and county clerks.
- 7. **Drug Treatment Funding Adj.** Funding in the amount of \$2.9 million is provided to DOC in accordance with Chapter 290, Laws of 2002 (2SHB 2338), which lowered presumptive standard range sentences for certain drug offenders and devoted savings resulting from the implementation of the sentencing changes to drug offender treatment in prison and in the community. Existing funding is adjusted in conjunction with an assumed reduction in the drug offender population due to proposed drug sentencing and early release changes included in Chapter 379, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5990). The reduction assumes that fewer offenders will need treatment services in prison than was previously estimated. Funding for offenders participating in drug courts or other court-supervised substance abuse treatment programs in the community is reflected in the DSHS Division of Alcohol and Substance Abuse budget. (General Fund-State, Violence Reduction and Drug **Enforcement Account-State**)
- 8. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, Public Safety and Education Account-State, Cost of Supervision Fund)
- 9. **OMNI-Phase II Modifications** Funding from the second phase of the Department's project to replace the Offender-Based Tracking System with the new Offender Management Network Information (OMNI) system is shifted from FY 2003 to the 2003-05 biennium to account for modifications to the sentence structure and classification modules. These modules will be carried forward from the 2001-03 biennium in order to prevent the Department from incurring additional costs to the OMNI project as a result of offender sentencing and supervision changes enacted by the Legislature in Chapter 379, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5990).
- 10. Sentencing & Early Release Changes Savings are achieved through the implementation of Chapter 379, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5990), which: (1) moves up the effective date of a new drug offender sentencing grid enacted during the 2002 legislative session (Chapter 290, Laws of 2002 [2SHB 2338])

- from July 1, 2004, to July 1, 2003; (2) changes the maximum amount of earned release time that certain offenders may earn from 33 percent of their sentence to 50 percent; (3) reduces the amount of early release time an offender may earn for serious violent and Class A sex offenses from 15 percent to 10 percent of the sentence; and (4) changes the manner in which DOC must supervise offenders in the community. The 50 percent earned early release changes will only be made available to offenders who are classified as low- to moderate-risk and who do not have current or prior convictions for violent offenses, sex crimes, certain methamphetamine crimes, residential burglary offenses, felony domestic violence offenses, delivery of a controlled substance to a minor, or crimes against persons. Provisions that increase the maximum earned release time apply both to the existing inmate population and to future inmates incarcerated in state prison facilities. The early release provisions expire July 1, 2010.
- 11. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 12. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, Public Saftey and Education Account-State)
- 13. **Self-Insurance Premiums** Funding is provided to reflect increased self-insurance premiums for DOC in the 2003-05 biennium. State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's self-insurance liability program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Corrections

WORKLOAD HISTORY

By Fiscal Year

								F	Estimated	l
<u>-</u>	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Community Supervision (1)										
# Active (Non-Monetary) Offenders	28,700	28,961	31,173	30,973	30,278	31,323	35,719	37,946	27,882	28,279
% Change from prior year		0.9%	7.6%	-0.6%	-2.2%	3.5%	14.0%	6.2%	-26.5%	1.4%
# of Monetary Only Offenders	22,284	22,997	23,115	22,979	26,458	27,364	27,145	27,438	0	0
% Change from prior year		3.2%	0.5%	-0.6%	15.1%	3.4%	-0.8%	1.1%		
Work Release										
Avg Daily Pop/Month	604	622	612	636	642	656	654	699	699	699
% Change from prior year		3.0%	-1.6%	3.9%	0.9%	2.2%	-0.4%	7.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Institutions										
Avg Daily Pop/Month	11,177	11,968	12,694	13,629	13,910	14,386	14,808	15,664	15,547	15,763
% Change from prior year		7.1%	6.1%	7.4%	2.1%	3.4%	2.9%	5.8%	-0.8%	1.4%
Average Cost Per Inmate (2)										
Annual	23,394	22,906	22,986	22,849	23,775	24,685	25,447	26,112	26,012	26,342
% Change from prior year	- ,	-2.1%	0.3%	-0.6%	4.1%	3.8%	3.1%	2.6%	-0.4%	1.3%

⁽¹⁾ Data reflect end of year caseloads. Comprehensive sentencing reforms (Chapter 379, Laws of 2003 - ESSB 5990) enacted during the 2003 legislative session changed the manner in which offenders are supervised in the community. Effective October 1, 2003, the monitoring of offenders whose only supervision requirement is the the payment of monetary obligations (i.e., monetary only) is shifted from the Department of Corrections to county clerks through the Office of the Administrator for the Courts (OAC).

Data Source:

Caseload Forecast Council, Department of Corrections, and legislative fiscal staff.

⁽²⁾ Cost per offender includes institutions, pre-releases, and work-releases.

Department of Services for the Blind

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	3,240	14,516	17,756
2003 Supplemental *	-6	543	537
Total 2001-03 Biennium	3,234	15,059	18,293
2003-05 Maintenance Level	3,621	14,985	18,606
Policy Changes			
 Federal Match Update/Revision 	0	1,437	1,437
2. General Inflation	-23	-72	-95
3. Pension Funding Change	-14	-45	-59
4. Revolving Funds	2	6	8
5. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-52	-160	-212
Total 2003-05 Biennium	3,534	16,151	19,685
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	1,767	7,982	9,749
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	1,767	8,169	9,936

- 1. **Federal Match Update/Revision** Federal appropriation authority is provided for the Department of the Services for the Blind to maximize federal funding for vocational rehabilitation services. (General Fund-Federal)
- 2. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-Federal)
- 5. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Sentencing Guidelines Commission

(Dollars in Thousands)

GF-S	Other	Total
1,768	0	1,768
1,698	0	1,698
-10	0	-10
-6	0	-6
10	0	10
-214	0	-214
1,478	0	1,478
737	0	737
741	0	741
	1,768 1,698 -10 -6 10 -214 1,478 737	1,768 0 1,698 0 -10 0 -6 0 10 0 -214 0 1,478 0 737 0

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions.
- 2. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. Funding is adjusted to more closely reflect actual agency staffing patterns. It is assumed that the Commission can leave vacant one position on an ongoing basis. This represents 30 percent of the number of staff months actually vacant during the first eight months of FY 2003.

Department of Employment Security

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	440,273	440,273
2003 Supplemental *	0	-750	-750
Total 2001-03 Biennium	0	439,523	439,523
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	515,615	515,615
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-1,694	-1,694
2. Reemployment of UI Claimants	0	2,272	2,272
3. Social Security Crossmatch	0	644	644
4. Overpayment Cash Processing	0	387	387
Increased Revenue Collection	0	1,105	1,105
6. Pension Funding Change	0	-1,294	-1,294
7. Electronic Data Management	0	1,881	1,881
8. Improve Initial UI Claim Process	0	2,065	2,065
9. UI Claimant Assistance	0	4,337	4,337
10. Manufacturing Advisory Partnership	0	100	100
11. SB 6099 - Unemployment Comp	0	11,500	11,500
12. Revolving Funds	0	-1,246	-1,246
13. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-3,902	-3,902
14. Self-Insurance Premiums	0	202	202
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	531,972	531,972
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	272,370	272,370
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	259,602	259,602

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Local, Unemployment Compensation Administration Account-Federal, Employment Services Account-State)
- 2. Reemployment of UI Claimants Funding is provided to expedite the reemployment of claimants who are currently drawing unemployment insurance (UI) by providing the tools and technology needed to effectively link claimants to employers. The Employment Security Department (ESD) has been providing these services on a pilot basis and the projects have already resulted in a 40 percent decrease in UI benefit usage for long-term unemployed clients. This funding will allow ESD to implement the program statewide. (Employment Services Account-State)
- 3. Social Security Crossmatch Funding is provided to increase unemployment insurance benefit overpayment prevention and detection by initiating a cross-match with the Social Security Administration and by increasing investigative staff. This initiative will result in increased UI benefit payment accuracy due to verifying each social security number used to file claims. (Administrative Contingency Account-State)
- 4. **Overpayment Cash Processing** One-time funding is provided to develop an automated cash processing computer system that interfaces with the Department's benefit payment system (GUIDE General Unemployment Insurance

- Development Effort). This system will provide an efficient and effective method for processing payments, and will improve the audit and accounting functions for all claimant payments submitted to the agency. (Administrative Contingency Account-State)
- 5. **Increased Revenue Collection** Funding is provided for additional revenue collection staff. This will result in an increased collection of unemployment insurance benefit overpayments of \$7.2 million annually (principal and interest). (Administrative Contingency Account-State)
- 6. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Local, Unemployment Compensation Administration Account-Federal, Administrative Contingency Account-State, Employment Services Account-State)
- 7. Electronic Data Management One-time funding is provided to build an electronic data management system to improve the collection, storage, and access of claimant and employer documents used regularly by the Department. The system will

Department of Employment Security

scan incoming documents (typically at a volume up to 37,016 per week), establish a bar code with routing information, and build an electronic delivery system. (Unemployment Compensation Administration Account-Federal)

- 8. Improve Initial UI Claim Process One-time funding is provided for technology to collect information from unemployment insurance applicants using the keypads on their telephones, and provide that information to the claims taker at the beginning of the telephone interview. This will decrease the amount of time necessary for the initial claim telephone interview, while at the same time decreasing wait times for initial claim applicants. (Unemployment Compensation Administration Account-Federal)
- 9. UI Claimant Assistance Funding is provided for 25 front-line staff to assist unemployment claimants in WorkSource offices statewide. Half of the new staff will provide direct services to UI claimants by helping them find employment. The other half of the new staff will enforce work requirements by providing job search review. These new staff will enable the Department to retain unemployment insurance claimstaking staff in their current positions while not sacrificing other employment and enforcement duties. (Unemployment Compensation Administration Account-Federal)
- 10. **Manufacturing Advisory Partnership** Funding is provided to establish an advisory partnership on the Washington manufacturing sector. (Administrative Contingency Account-State)
- 11. **SB 6099 Unemployment Comp** Chapter 3, Laws of 2003, 2nd sp.s. (SB 6099), provides funding for the implementation of Chapter 4, Laws of 2003, 2nd sp.s., Partial Veto (2ESB 6097 Unemployment Compensation). 2ESB 6097 revises the unemployment compensation system, including changes to UI benefits, UI taxes, and administration of the UI program. (Unemployment Compensation Administration Account-Federal)
- 12. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Local, Unemployment Compensation Administration Account-Federal, Administrative Contingency Account-State, Employment Services Account-State)
- 13. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Local, Unemployment Compensation Administration Account-Federal, Administrative Contingency Account-State, Employment Services Account-State)
- 14. **Self-Insurance Premiums** State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related

to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for ESD's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium. (General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Local, Unemployment Compensation Administration Account-Federal, Administrative Contingency Account-State, Employment Services Account-State)

* Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Natural Resources

Department of Ecology

The budget assumes that the Department will take a variety of actions to reduce operating costs and achieve administrative savings totaling \$1.06 million from the state general fund and \$1.41 million from other fund sources.

Funding for the processing of applications for changes and transfers of existing water rights is reduced \$2 million from the state general fund and increased \$1 million from the Water Quality Account for an overall reduction of \$1 million for the 2003-05 biennium. In addition, funding for the Flood Control Assistance Account is reduced by 50 percent for the biennium. The remaining funding of \$2 million will be used for local government flood damage reduction projects, Comprehensive Hazard Management Plans, flood mapping, technical assistance for the National Flood Insurance Program, and flood damage reduction projects.

The operating budget provides \$2 million from the state general fund to the Department to provide state funding to local governments to develop, amend, or review their shoreline master programs according to the newly-established staggered schedule for updating the shoreline master programs. The sum of \$3 million from the Water Quality Account is reappropriated for watershed planning grants that were originally appropriated and obligated during the 2001-03 biennium, but have not yet been paid out to grant recipients.

State Parks and Recreation Commission

The budget assumes that the Commission will take a variety of actions to reduce operating costs and achieve administrative savings totaling \$3,008,000 from the state general fund and \$842,000 from other fund sources.

The operating budget provides \$4,061,000 from the Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account and 50 full-time equivalent staff to implement a system-wide parking fee that the Commission instituted on January 1, 2003. Staff will communicate the new payment options and collect the parking fees from day use visitors. The new fee will generate \$10 million in new revenue during the 2003-05 biennium.

Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

The budget provides \$1,625,000 state general fund and \$1,625,000 from the General Fund-Federal to the Committee to continue providing grants for the operations of local lead entities established under chapter 77.85 RCW. The groups solicit habitat improvement and restoration projects, develop habitat project lists, and recommend development and maintenance of habitat work schedules.

Department of Fish and Wildlife

The budget assumes that the Department will take a variety of actions to reduce operating costs and achieve administrative savings totaling \$3,060,000 from the state general fund and \$1,584,000 from other fund sources. In addition, funding of \$800,000 in the Enforcement Program is shifted from the state general fund to the Wildlife Account-State, for the 2003-05 biennium. Funding is reduced \$1 million from the state general fund for the Enforcement program by maintaining staff vacancies for the biennium.

The operating budget provides \$900,000 from the Wildlife Account-State for wetland restoration and landowner incentives to create or maintain habitat for migratory waterfowl. These activities are supported by revenue from an increase in the migratory waterfowl stamp, authorized by Chapter 283, Laws of 2002 (2SSB 6353 - Migratory Bird Stamps).

Funding for the Fish Hatcheries Division is reduced \$1,284,000 from the state general fund and increased \$642,000 from the Wildlife Account-State for an overall reduction of \$642,000. The Department of Fish and Wildlife is not directed to close specified fish hatcheries. The amounts of \$450,000 state general fund and \$550,000 from other fund sources are provided to implement the Hatchery Scientific Review Group recommendations to reform hatchery programs for the benefit of recovering wild salmon and providing sustainable fisheries.

The operating budget is reduced \$850,000 from the state general fund and \$200,000 from other fund sources. License sales and customer services staff within each regional office are eliminated, which requires customers to purchase licenses through alternative retail establishments.

Department of Natural Resources

The budget assumes that the Department will take a variety of actions to reduce operating costs and achieve administrative savings totaling \$2,364,000 from the state general fund and \$3,306,000 from other fund sources. In addition, \$7.2 million funding for fire suppression is shifted from the state general fund to the Disaster Response Account for the 2003-05 biennium.

The operating budget provides \$2.7 million from the state general fund for a lawsuit settlement and purchase of approximately 232 acres of land and timber in Klickitat County from the SDS Lumber Company. The land and timber acquired with this funding will be managed for the benefit of the common schools.

The Department of Natural Resources is provided \$1.2 million from the state general fund in a combination of ongoing and one-time funding and staff, to maintain and update computer systems that support salmon recovery, the state's Forest and Fish Report, and basic geographic information system analysis for the Forest Practices Program.

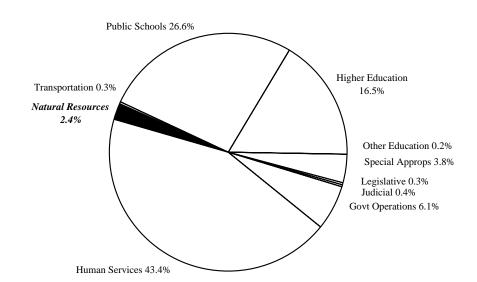
Department of Agriculture

The budget assumes that the Department will take a variety of actions to reduce operating costs and achieve administrative savings totaling \$431,000 from the state general fund and \$1.4 million from other fund sources.

2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget Total Budgeted Funds

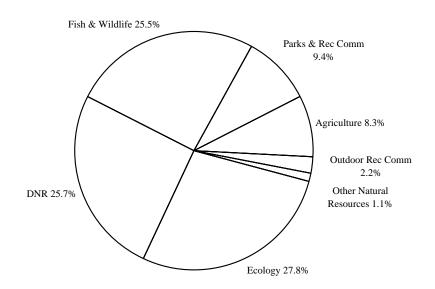
(Dollars in Thousands)

Legislative	136,394
Judicial	162,179
Governmental Operations	2,726,495
Human Services	19,457,885
Natural Resources	1,091,562
Transportation	123,957
Public Schools	11,906,608
Higher Education	7,400,500
Other Education	99,594
Special Appropriations	1,690,584
Statewide Total	44,795,758



Washington State

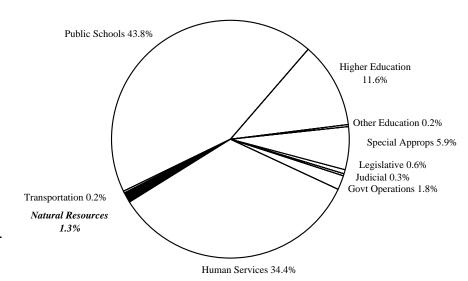
Ecology	303,535
Dept of Natural Resources	280,145
Dept of Fish & Wildlife	277,840
Parks & Recreation Comm	103,146
Dept of Agriculture	90,871
Outdoor Recreation	24,260
Other Natural Resources	11,765
Natural Resources	1,091,562



2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget General Fund-State

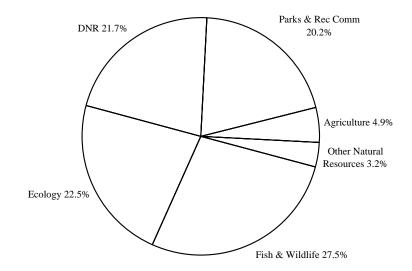
(Dollars in Thousands)

Legislative	129,628
Judicial	78,492
Governmental Operations	411,360
Human Services	7,933,222
Natural Resources	297,097
Transportation	48,834
Public Schools	10,104,649
Higher Education	2,667,195
Other Education	39,932
Special Appropriations	1,370,972
Statewide Total	23,081,381



Washington State

Natural Resources	297.097
Other Natural Resources	9,548
Dept of Agriculture	14,688
Parks & Recreation Comm	59,962
Dept of Natural Resources	64,540
Ecology	66,727
Dept of Fish & Wildlife	81,632



Columbia River Gorge Commission

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	777	749	1,526
2003-05 Maintenance Level	768	743	1,511
Policy Changes			
 Lease Rate Adjustments 	15	15	30
2. General Inflation	-3	-3	-6
3. Refocus on Core Activities	-100	-100	-200
4. Pension Funding Change	-4	-4	-8
NSA Management Plan	10	10	20
6. Revolving Funds	6	6	12
7. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-8	-4	-12
Total 2003-05 Biennium	684	663	1,347
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	339	331	670
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	345	332	677

- Lease Rate Adjustments Funding is provided for the Commission to relocate to a new office site in White Salmon. In addition to ongoing increase lease costs, one-time funding of \$7,000 is provided for moving costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Private/Local)
- 2. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Private/Local)
- 3. **Refocus on Core Activities** Savings are realized through administrative reductions in program activities. Remaining funds will allow the Commission to review county-approved plans for development to ensure consistency with the Scenic Area Act and Management Plan. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Private/Local)
- 4. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Private/Local)
- 5. NSA Management Plan One-time funding is provided to obtain a technical writing contract to reorganize and edit the revised National Scenic Area (NSA) Management Plan and for distribution of the plan in FY 2004. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Private/Local)
- Revolving Funds Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney

- General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Private/Local)
- 7. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Private/Local)

Department of Ecology

(Dollars in Thousands)

		GF-S	Other	Total
2001	-03 Expenditure Authority	73,687	246,584	320,271
	Supplemental *	-58	19	-39
	l 2001-03 Biennium	73,629	246,603	320,232
2003	-05 Maintenance Level	70,104	232,285	302,389
Poli	cy Changes			
1.	General Inflation	-586	-432	-1,018
2.	PBT Reduction	0	-800	-800
	Air: Reduce Outreach	-374	100	-274
4.	Reduce Smoke & Dust in Eastern WA	-500	500	0
	Pension Funding Change	-345	-930	-1,275
	Haz Waste: Reduce Tech Assistance	0	-406	-406
	Nuclear Program Office Move	0	650	650
	401 Cert: Shift to WQA	-160	160	0
	Reduce FCAAP Grants	0	-2,000	-2,000
10.	Shoreline Master Programs	2,000	0	2,000
	Reappropriate Watershed Grants	0	3,000	3,000
	Solid Waste: Tech Assist Reduction	0	-152	-152
	Site Cleanup Tech Assist. Reduction	0	1.726	1,726
	US v. WA Culverts Litigation	16	28	44
	Metals Mining Inspection Transfer	0	14	14
	Aquatic Weeds Reappropriation	Ö	1,050	1,050
	Delay Water Rights Decisions	-2,000	1,000	-1,000
	Ensure Drought Response	0	226	226
	Support Stream Gauging	0	221	221
	Support Water Purchase/Lease	0	631	631
	Pine Hollow EIS	0	325	325
	Well Regulation: Reduce Tech Asst	-454	300	-154
	Dam Safety: New Fee Revenue	90	0	90
	Administrative Services	-131	0	-131
	Communication and Education	-12	Ö	-12
	Employee Services	-29	ő	-29
	Executive Management & Support	-26	0	-26
	Field Offices	-19	Ö	-19
	Financial Services	-67	ő	-67
	Governmental Relations	-17	0	-17
	Regional Offices	-55	Ö	-17 -55
	Mercury Reduction & Education	0	100	100
	ESSB 6072 - Pollution Abatement	0	13,076	13,076
	Revolving Funds	-22	-38	-60
35.		-1,060	-1,410	-2,470
	Self-Insurance Premiums	374	660	1,034
Tota	1 2003-05 Biennium	66,727	249,884	316,611
Т	iscal Year 2004 Total	33,464	127,245	160,709
1	fiscal Year 2005 Total	33,263	122,639	155,902

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Private/Local, various other funds)
- 2. **PBT Reduction** Funding is eliminated for a strategy to address persistent, bioaccumulative toxic (PBT) chemicals. (State Toxics Control Account)
- 3. **Air: Reduce Outreach** Funding for education and community-outreach activities for the air program is reduced. (General Fund-State, Air Pollution Control Account-State)
- 4. **Reduce Smoke & Dust in Eastern WA** Funding for activities to reduce regional smoke and dust pollution in central and eastern Washington is shifted from the state general fund to the Air Pollution Control Account. (General Fund-State, Air Pollution Control Account-State)

Department of Ecology

- 5. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 6. Haz Waste: Reduce Tech Assistance Due to a State Toxics Control Account revenue shortfall, a 15 percent reduction in education and technical assistance will be realized for businesses that generate less than 220 pounds of dangerous waste per month (small quantity generators). (General Fund-Federal, State Toxics Control Account)
- 7. **Nuclear Program Office Move** Funding is provided for the Nuclear Waste Program staff to move to new office space in Richland. Fees, agreed to by the United State Department of Energy, will be utilized for moving to a new office site and for the increased inflationary lease costs. The office is currently located in Kennewick and the facilities lease expires in August 2004. (General Fund-Federal, State Toxics Control Account)
- 8. **401 Cert: Shift to WQA** Funding is shifted from the state general fund to the Water Quality Account for the issuance of water quality certifications and Coastal Zone Management Act consistency determinations for water-related construction projects. Water Quality Certifications, authorized under section 401 of the Federal Clean Water Act, determine if proposed projects will meet state water quality standards. (General Fund-State, Water Quality Account-State)
- 9. Reduce FCAAP Grants Funding for the Flood Control Assistance Account Program (FCAAP) is reduced by 50 percent for the 2003-05 biennium. Remaining funding of \$2 million will be used for local government flood damage reduction projects, Comprehensive Hazard Management Plans, flood mapping, technical assistance for the National Flood Insurance Program, and flood damage reduction projects. (Flood Control Assistance Account-State)
- 10. Shoreline Master Programs One-time funding is provided to implement Chapter 262, Laws of 2003 (SSB 6012). This bill provides a staggered statutory schedule for local governments to develop or update shoreline master programs. Funding is provided for local governments who are identified in the first round of implementation deadlines.
- 11. **Reappropriate Watershed Grants** Funding is provided for watershed planning grants that were originally appropriated and obligated during the 2001-03 biennium but have not been paid out to grant recipients due to the cash reimbursement nature of the program. (Water Quality Account-State)

- 12. **Solid Waste: Tech Assist Reduction** Funding for technical assistance in the Solid Waste Division is reduced from the State Toxics Control Account and is partially offset by an increase from the Biosolids Permit Account. This results in an 18 percent program reduction to engineering and hydrology technical assistance to local health districts. (State Toxics Control Account, Biosolids Permit Account-State)
- 13. **Site Cleanup Tech Assist. Reduction** Funding for four staff who provide: (1) technical assistance related to hydrogeology, sediment, chemistry; and (2) biological impact analysis for site clean-up is eliminated. A one-time \$2.1 million fund balance, from delayed payments to the United States Environmental Protection Agency and other savings, will be utilized for emergency site cleanups. (State Toxics Control Account)
- 14. US v. WA Culverts Litigation One-time funding is provided for Assistant Attorneys' General staff support for the United States v. Washington State (Culverts Case) trial which is anticipated to occur in December 2003. The court has framed the issue as whether the state is "affirmatively diminishing the number of fish available for harvest" by "build[ing] and manag [ing] its roadway culverts in a fashion that impermissibly blocks the passage of fish destined for the Tribes' usual and accustomed fishing ground." Agencies involved in the case include the Departments of Transportation, Natural Resources, Fish and Wildlife, Ecology, and the Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission. (General Fund-State, Water Quality Account-State, Water Quality Permit Account-State)
- 15. **Metals Mining Inspection Transfer** The state Metal Mining and Milling Act requires state agencies to conduct quarterly inspections for mining and milling operations. Currently, both the Department of Ecology (DOE) and the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) have appropriations from this account to complete inspections, but only DOE collects the revenue associated with the cost of the inspections. To reduce administration of this small \$18,000 expenditure, DNR's funding is transferred to DOE. DOE will contract with DNR for inspections that DNR would be required to complete. (Metals Mining Account-State)
- 16. Aquatic Weeds Reappropriation Funding is provided to local governments to reduce the propagation of freshwater aquatic weeds. Funds were previously appropriated and obligated but not dispersed due to seasonal limitations on weed control. (Freshwater Aquatic Weed Account-State)
- 17. **Delay Water Rights Decisions** Funding is reduced for processing water rights decisions and will extend the timeline for reducing the 2,000 water rights change and transfer applications backlog. DOE is responsible for making decisions on applications for new water rights and changes and transfers to existing water rights. The 2001 Legislature enacted a law allowing the agency to provide priority processing for water right changes and provided a budget increase that more than doubled the number of staff dedicated to processing water rights. (General Fund-State, Water Quality Account-State)

Department of Ecology

- 18. **Ensure Drought Response** Funding is provided to increase program capacity for potential drought response activities in the 2003-05 biennium. (State Emergency Water Projects Revolving Account)
- 19. **Support Stream Gauging** Funding is provided to maintain and operate new stream gauging facilities installed during the 2001-03 biennium and for additional state match needed for the federal stream gauging program. (State Drought Preparedness Account)
- 20. **Support Water Purchase/Lease** Funding for the Water Resource Program (\$640,000) is transferred from the Water Quality Account to the Reclamation Account. Additional funding (\$631,000) is provided to the Water Right Acquisition and/or Leasing Program to avoid eliminating staff costs and to support the \$4.3 million capital budget program. (Water Quality Account-State, State Drought Preparedness Account-State, Reclamation Account-State)
- 21. **Pine Hollow EIS** Funding is provided to complete an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Pine Hollow water storage project contingent on the outcome of the planning process. (State Drought Preparedness Account)
- 22. **Well Regulation: Reduce Tech Asst** State general fund support for data management and technical assistance is shifted to the Reclamation Account and is reduced by 8.8 percent. A reduced level of technical assistance will be provided to homeowners, well drillers, tribes, and local governments. (General Fund-State, Reclamation Account-State)
- 23. **Dam Safety: New Fee Revenue** Funding is provided for an additional staff person in FY 2005 to increase the inspections of high risk dams to every five years, rather than the current schedule of every six to ten years. Fees for approving new dam construction and modifications will be increased to cover the actual cost of plan reviews, and fees for periodic dam inspections will be instituted to begin covering the cost of inspections. During the 2003-05 biennium, \$243,000 in new revenue to the state general fund will be generated if fees are instituted before January 2004.
- 24. **Administrative Services** Savings are realized through an administrative reduction in information services that are related to program activity reductions.
- 25. **Communication and Education** Savings are realized through an administrative reduction related to communication and education program activities.
- 26. **Employee Services** Savings are realized through an administrative reduction in employee services that are related to program activities.
- 27. **Executive Management & Support** Savings are realized through an administrative reduction in executive management and support that are related to program activities.

- 28. **Field Offices** Savings are realized through an administrative reduction in field offices that are related to program activities.
- 29. **Financial Services** Savings are realized through an administrative reduction in financial services that are related to program activities.
- 30. **Governmental Relations** Savings are realized through an administrative reduction in governmental relations that are related to program activities.
- 31. **Regional Offices** Savings are realized through an administrative reduction in regional offices that are related to program activities.
- 32. **Mercury Reduction & Education** Funding is provided to implement Chapter 260, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1002). This bill provides staff to assist with public education efforts providing public notice and education about specific product bans and developing guidelines for issuing penalties. (State Toxics Control Account)
- 33. **ESSB 6072 Pollution Abatement** Chapter 264, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESSB 6072), appropriated funding for air pollution control (\$10 million), vessel emergency towing including a prepositioned dedicated rescue tug (\$2.9 million), and an evaluation of tug escort requirements (\$0.2 million). (Air Pollution Control Account-State, Vessel Response Account-State, Oil Spill Prevention Account-State)
- 34. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, State Toxics Control Account, various other funds)
- 35. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, Water Quality Permit Account-State, State Toxics Control Account, Oil Spill Prevention Account-State, various other funds)
- 36. **Self-Insurance Premiums** State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the Department's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium. (General Fund-State, Water Quality Permit Account-State, State Toxics Control Account, various other funds)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

State Parks and Recreation Commission

(Dollars in Thousands)

_	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	62,538	36,747	99,285
2003 Supplemental *	-8	540	532
Total 2001-03 Biennium	62,530	37,287	99,817
2003-05 Maintenance Level	63,473	38,917	102,390
Policy Changes			
Technical Adjustment	0	0	0
2. General Inflation	-547	-79	-626
3. Operating Costs/Exist Capital Proj	1,439	0	1,439
4. Cama Beach Reduction	-1,978	0	-1,978
5. Administrative Reduction	-43	0	-43
6. US v. Washington Culverts	22	0	22
7. Implement Parking Fee	0	4,061	4,061
8. Decrease Maintenance Backlog	0	750	750
9. WaterTrail Program Acct Elimination	0	0	0
10. Pension Funding Change	-277	-132	-409
11. Savings from 2002 Park Closures	-163	-70	-233
12. Gas Tax Revenue Adjustment	0	129	129
13. Revolving Funds	24	12	36
14. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-3,008	-842	-3,850
15. Self-Insurance Premiums	1,020	438	1,458
Total 2003-05 Biennium	59,962	43,184	103,146
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	29,986	20,447	50,433
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	29,976	22,737	52,713

Comments:

- 1. **Technical Adjustment** Staff level and funding adjustments are made to several funds. (General Fund-Local, Water Trail Program Account-State, Parks Renewal Stewardship Account-State, Off-Road Vehicle Account-State, Snowmobile Account-State)
- 2. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 3. **Operating Costs/Exist Capital Proj** A combination of one-time and ongoing funding is provided for operating and maintenance impacts for capital projects funded in the 2001-03 biennium and prior biennia.
- 4. **Cama Beach Reduction** Funding and staff are reduced to reflect a delay in the opening of Cama Beach State Park.
- 5. **Administrative Reduction** Funding and staff are reduced to reflect administrative reductions related to program reductions.
- 6. **US v. Washington Culverts** One-time funding is provided for Assistant Attorneys' General staff support for the United States v. Washington State (Culverts Case) trial which is anticipated to occur in December 2003. The court has framed the issue as whether the state is "affirmatively diminishing the number of fish available for harvest" by "build[ing] and manag [ing] its roadway culverts in a fashion that impermissibly

blocks the passage of fish destined for the Tribes' usual and accustomed fishing ground." Agencies involved in the case include the Departments of Transportation, Natural Resources, Fish and Wildlife, Ecology, and the Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission.

- 7. **Implement Parking Fee** Funding and staffing are increased \$4,061,000 in the Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account on an ongoing basis to reflect the Agency's collection of system-wide parking fees. State Parks projects total revenues of \$10 million from the parking fee. The net revenue of \$5.9 million is provided in the capital budget for facility preservation. (Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account-State)
- 8. Decrease Maintenance Backlog Funding is provided to decrease the backlog of maintenance projects at state parks. The State Parks and Recreation Commission will prioritize projects to address critical maintenance projects that protect public health and safety. (Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account-State)
- WaterTrail Program Acct Elimination Funding is provided to implement Chapter 338, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1335). This bill eliminates the Water Trail Program Account and transfers the remaining fund balance into the Parks Renewal Stewardship Account. (Water Trail Program Account-State, Parks Renewal Stewardship Account-State)

State Parks and Recreation Commission

- 10. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- Savings from 2002 Park Closures Funding is reduced to reflect the closure of Lyons Ferry, Crow Butte, Lake Cushman, Central Ferry, and Chief Timothy State Parks in 2002. (General Fund-State, Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account-State)
- Gas Tax Revenue Adjustment Funding is provided to reflect additional revenue from an increase in the gas tax. (Off-Road Vehicle Account-State, Snowmobile Account-State)
- 13. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account-State)
- 14. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** Savings are realized by reducing operational costs and attaining administrative efficiencies. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 15. **Self-Insurance Premiums** State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the Commission's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium. (General Fund-State, Parks Renewal Stewardship Account-State)

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the omnibus appropriations act. The remainder of the State Parks and Recreation Commission's budget is shown in the Transportation Budget Section of this document.

* Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	323	13,947	14,270
2003-05 Maintenance Level	329	19,944	20,273
Policy Changes			
1. Watershed Monitoring Council	250	0	250
2. Watershed Health Report Card	50	0	50
3. SWIM Coordinator	168	0	168
4. Aquatic Lands Enhancement Grants	0	254	254
5. General Inflation	-2	-14	-16
6. Lead Entities	1,625	1,625	3,250
7. Natural Resources Data Portal	82	0	82
8. Fund Adjust to Match Revenue	0	-15	-15
9. Pension Funding Change	0	-18	-18
10. Gas Tax Revenue	0	32	32
11. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-50	-50
Total 2003-05 Biennium	2,502	21,758	24,260
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	1,246	10,859	12,105
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	1,256	10,899	12,155

Comments:

- Watershed Monitoring Council Funding is provided to implement priority recommendations of the Monitoring Oversight Committee that include improved watershed health monitoring.
- 2. Watershed Health Report Card Funding is provided to implement priority recommendations of the Monitoring Oversight Committee that include production of a state Watershed Health Report Card.
- 3. **SWIM Coordinator** Funding is provided for a Salmon and Watershed Information Management (SWIM) Coordinator position to provide increased accessibility to monitoring information and coordinated natural resource data. The Joint Natural Resource Agency Cabinet (JNRC) identified access to data as a barrier in restoring and protecting natural resources. This item implements a recommendation of the Monitoring Oversight Committee.
- 4. **Aquatic Lands Enhancement Grants** Funding is provided to administer the Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account grant program, which is transferred from the Department of Natural Resources. (Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account-State)
- 5. General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, Salmon Recovery Account-State, Recreation Resources Account-State)
- 6. **Lead Entities** Funding is provided to continue operation of lead entities. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- Natural Resources Data Portal Funding is provided for a part-time webmaster position to support the operations and maintenance of the Natural Resources Data Portal. The Data

Portal is a website that provides access to a variety of distributed natural resource data and information which is maintained by various state agencies. It is a single place to access available data related to watershed health and salmon recovery efforts.

- 8. Fund Adjust to Match Revenue Appropriation authority is reduced to align available revenue and operating expenses with statutory requirements. Statute requires a maximum of 10 percent of the Nonhighway and Off-Road Vehicle Activities Program Account and the Firearms Range Account revenue to be used for operating expenses. (Firearms Range Account-State, Nonhighway and Off-Road Vehicle Activities Program Account-State)
- 9. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, Recreation Resources Account-State)
- Gas Tax Revenue Funding is provided to reflect additional revenue from an increase in the gas tax. (Nonhighway and Off-Road Vehicle Activities Program Account-State)
- 11. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Recreation Resources Account-State)

Environmental Hearings Office

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	1,668	0	1,668
2003-05 Maintenance Level	1,963	0	1,963
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-8	0	-8
2. Land Use Hearings Board	50	0	50
3. Pension Funding Change	-10	0	-10
4. Revolving Funds	8	0	8
5. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-120	0	-120
Total 2003-05 Biennium	1,883	0	1,883
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	923	0	923
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	960	0	960

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions.
- 2. **Land Use Hearings Board** Funding is provided to implement Chapter 393, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5776). This bill provides funds for the increased costs associated with the creation of the Environmental and Land Use Hearings Board.
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

State Conservation Commission

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	4,272	3,498	7,770
2003-05 Maintenance Level	4,258	2,282	6,540
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-10	-20	-30
2. Drainage Infrastructure	239	0	239
3. Dairy Nutrient Program	0	-90	-90
4. Pension Funding Change	-6	-8	-14
5. Revolving Funds	6	2	8
6. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-8	-4	-12
Total 2003-05 Biennium	4,479	2,162	6,641
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	2,234	1.076	3,310
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	2,245	1,086	3,331

Comments:

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, Water Quality Account-State)
- 2. Drainage Infrastructure One-time funding is provided to implement Chapter 391, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (E2SHB 1418). Increased funding will be used for the assessments leading to the development of the Skagit tide gates and estuarine habitat plans and to provide support to the newly created task force as they address issues related to agricultural drainage systems.
- Dairy Nutrient Program Spending authority is transferred from the Conservation Commission to the Department of Agriculture for implementation of Chapter 325, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5889). The Dairy Waste Management Account is renamed the Livestock Nutrient Management Account. (Dairy Waste Management Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 4. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, Water Quality Account-State)
- 5. Revolving Funds Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, Water Quality Account-State)

 Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies - In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, Water Quality Account-State)

Department of Fish and Wildlife

(Dollars in Thousands)

		GF-S	Other	Total
2001	-03 Expenditure Authority	90,709	196,877	287,586
	Supplemental *	-6	450	444
	1 2001-03 Biennium	90,703	197,327	288,030
2003	-05 Maintenance Level	90,464	193,730	284,194
Polic	ey Changes			
1.	General Inflation	-502	-1,013	-1,515
2.	Reduce Regional Customer Service	-850	-200	-1,050
3.		112	0	112
4.	Safety Equipment Upgrade	60	50	110
5.	Admin Technical Adjustment	0	-24	-24
6.	Admin General Reduction	-405	0	-405
7.	Computer & Software Upgrade	0	400	400
8.	Enforcement: Evidence Storage	0	300	300
9.	Enforcement Vacancy Savings	-1,000	0	-1,000
10.	Spartina Funding to ALEA	0	466	466
11.	Reduce Warm Water Assessment	-550	250	-300
12.	Hatchery Science Review Group	450	550	1,000
13.	Fish Hatcheries Division Reduction	-1,284	642	-642
14.	Habitat: Cut Pre-Project Screening	-465	0	-465
15.	WCC: Working Circles with DNR	-410	0	-410
16.	Lands - Stewardship & Maintenance	0	850	850
	Migratory Waterfowl	0	900	900
18.	Wildlife - Marine Bird Monitoring	0	402	402
19.	Wildlife Decals (SSB 5204)	0	24	24
20.	Small Forest Landowners	157	0	157
21.	Intergovernmental Affairs Assistant	-160	0	-160
22.	Fish Management Division Reduction	-160	0	-160
23.	Enforcement Program Fund Shift	-800	800	0
24.	Municipal Water Rights	50	0	50
25.	Pacific Salmon Treaty	220	0	220
26.	Pension Funding Change	-574	-646	-1,220
27.	Gas Tax Revenue	0	24	24
28.	Revolving Funds	-64	-42	-106
29.	Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-3,060	-1,584	-4,644
30.	Self-Insurance Premiums	403	329	732
Tota	1 2003-05 Biennium	81,632	196,208	277,840
F	iscal Year 2004 Total	41,453	95,720	137,173
	iscal Year 2005 Total	40,179	100,488	140,667

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 2. **Reduce Regional Customer Service** Savings are realized through the elimination of customer services staff within each regional office. License sales will be eliminated in all regional offices, which will require customers to purchase licenses through a retail establishment. (General Fund-State, Wildlife Account-State)
- 3. **US v. Washington Culvert Lawsuit** One-time funding is provided for the United States v. Washington State (Culvert Case). The court has framed the issue as whether the state is
- "affirmatively diminishing the number of fish available for harvest" by "build[ing] and manag[ing] its roadway culverts in a fashion that impermissibly blocks the passage of fish destined for the Tribes' usual and accustomed fishing ground." The trial is anticipated to begin in December 2003. Agencies involved in the case include the Departments of Transportation, Natural Resources, Fish and Wildlife, Ecology, and the Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission.
- 4. **Safety Equipment Upgrade** Funding is provided for replacement of emergency communication radios with equipment that meets federal standards, is compatible with equipment used by other state agencies, and can be used by

Department of Fish and Wildlife

- employees working alone in remote locations that lack cellular phone coverage. (General Fund-State, Wildlife Account-State)
- 5. **Admin Technical Adjustment** Savings are realized through an adminstrative technical adjustment. (General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Private/Local, Wildlife Account-Federal, Wildlife Account-Local)
- 6. **Admin General Reduction** Savings are achieved through a general reduction to administration.
- 7. **Computer & Software Upgrade** Funding is provided for the Information Services Division to upgrade agency computer backup systems and to continue the transition of agency personal computers and software to current standards. (General Fund-Private/Local, Wildlife Account-State, Wildlife Account-Federal)
- 8. **Enforcement: Evidence Storage** Funding is provided to implement evidence storage upgrades, provide mobile data terminals to all officers, and to replace vehicles in order to conform to recognized replacement schedules and ensure employee safety. (Wildlife Account-State)
- 9. **Enforcement Vacancy Savings** Savings are realized through the Enforcement Program maintaining staff vacancies.
- 10. **Spartina Funding to ALEA** Funding is provided to continue efforts to control and manage Spartina infestations within the state. (Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account [ALEA]-State)
- 11. Reduce Warm Water Assessment Savings are realized through the elimination of the Western Washington Warm Water Assessment Team. Additionally, funding is provided for the Warm Water Program for certain activities from fund sources other than the state general fund. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Private/Local, Warm Water Game Fish Account-State, Wildlife Account-State, Wildlife Account-Federal, Wildlife Account-Local)
- 12. Hatchery Science Review Group Funding is provided to implement the Hatchery Scientific Review Group recommendations to reform hatchery programs for the benefit of recovering wild salmon and providing sustainable fisheries. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Private/Local, Wildlife Account-State, Wildlife Account-Federal, Wildlife Account-Local)
- 13. **Fish Hatcheries Division Reduction** Savings are realized through reductions to the Hatchery Division that may include the closure of hatcheries. Appropriation authority of \$642,000 is transferred from the General Fund-State to the State Wildlife Account. (General Fund-State, Wildlife Account-State)
- 14. **Habitat:** Cut Pre-Project Screening Funding is eliminated for pre-project screening activities related to habitat restoration projects. Although this activity is being eliminated, project screening will continue at a reduced level through other Department staff.

- 15. **WCC:** Working Circles with DNR Funding and staff are reduced for Washington Conservation Corps (WCC) activities. The Department of Natural Resources and the Department of Fish and Wildlife will coordinate the management of remaining WCC crews in "working circles" around the state.
- 16. Lands Stewardship & Maintenance Funding is provided to address stewardship and maintenance needs on roughly 90,000 acres of agency land and over 600 water access sites. (General Fund-Private/Local, Wildlife Account-State, Wildlife Account-Local)
- 17. **Migratory Waterfowl** Funding is provided for wetland restoration and landowner incentives to create or maintain habitat for migratory waterfowl. These activities are supported by revenue from an increase in the migratory waterfowl stamp, authorized by Chapter 283, Laws of 2002 (2SSB 6353). (Wildlife Account-State)
- 18. Wildlife Marine Bird Monitoring Funding is provided to investigate recent declines in marine bird populations within Puget Sound and to begin implementation of a recovery plan. State funds will be used to match and leverage resources from other government or private partners. (Wildlife Account-State)
- 19. **Wildlife Decals (SSB 5204)** Funding is provided to implement Chapter 317, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5204). This bill authorizes the Department to sell watchable wildlife decals, and the revenue generated will support watchable wildlife activities. (Wildlife Account-State)
- 20. Small Forest Landowners Funding is provided to implement Chapter 311, Laws of 2003 (2SHB 1095). This bill provides for an agency program administrator to establish an assistance program for small forest landowners.
- 21. **Intergovernmental Affairs Assistant** Funding is eliminated for one intergovernmental affairs assistant position.
- 22. **Fish Management Division Reduction** Funding is reduced for the Fish Management Division.
- 23. **Enforcement Program Fund Shift** One-time funding is transferred from the General Fund-State to the State Wildlife Account for the Enforcement Program. (General Fund-State, Wildlife Account-State)
- 24. Municipal Water Rights Funding is provided to implement Chapter 5, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (2E2SHB 1338). This bill provides for staff consultation for the review of water system plans of public water systems and participation in selecting watershed areas to participate in voluntary pilot watershed agreements.
- 25. **Pacific Salmon Treaty** Funding is provided to implement license buyback provisions of the United States/Canada salmon treaty.
- 26. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the

Department of Fish and Wildlife

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)

- 27. Gas Tax Revenue Funding is provided to reflect additional revenue from an increase in the gas tax. (Off-Road Vehicle Account-State)
- 28. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, Wildlife Account-State, Water Quality Account-State)
- 29. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 30. **Self-Insurance Premiums** State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the agency's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium. (General Fund-State, Wildlife Account-State)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

(Dollars in Thousands)

		GF-S	Other	Total
2001	-03 Expenditure Authority	66,414	210,352	276,766
	Supplemental *	17,867	9,529	27,396
	2001-03 Biennium	84,281	219,881	304,162
Tota	1 2001-03 Dienmum	04,201	217,001	304,102
2003	-05 Maintenance Level	73,776	209,030	282,806
Polic	y Changes			
1.	Culverts Lawsuit Funding	0	302	302
2.	General Inflation	-517	-909	-1,426
3.	Revenue Management System	50	2,414	2,464
4.	Improved Data Storage & Access	262	651	913
5.	Adminstrative Reduction	-429	0	-429
6.	Fund Adjustment to Match Revenue	-296	-14,593	-14,889
7.	Aquatic Restoration Land Mgmt	0	254	254
8.	Transfer ALEA Grant Program to IAC	0	-254	-254
9.	Geoduck Research	0	265	265
10.	Contaminated Sediments Liability	0	1,000	1,000
11.	Derelict Vessel Removal	0	1,050	1,050
12.		0	250	250
	Suppression: Disaster Acct Shift	-7,200	7,200	0
14.	Fire Prevention: Revenue Adj	0	-101	-101
	Forest Practices HCP	0	1,077	1,077
16.	Increase Forest & Fish Info System	1,200	0	1,200
	SDS Lumber Lawsuit Settlement	2,700	0	2,700
18.	Forest Stewardship: Cut Level 3	-920	0	-920
19.	Reduce Geology Public Information	-730	0	-730
20.	Law Enforcement Investigations	12	369	381
21.	Fund Shift to NRCA Stewardship	-49	49	0
	Natural Area Operating Impacts	176	0	176
	Aquatic Land ESA	0	1,101	1,101
24.	Eliminate GF-S for Public Access	-429	0	-429
25.	Shellfish Biotoxin Testing	0	40	40
26.	Spartina Control: Shift to ALEA	-182	182	0
27.	Contract Harvesting	0	8,280	8,280
28.	PSAMP Expenditures	0	300	300
29.	Metals Mining Transfer	0	-64	-64
30.	Surface Mining: Match Revenue	0	-157	-157
31.		-779	0	-779
32.	Small Forest Landowners	278	0	278
33.	Pension Funding Change	-341	-766	-1,107
34.	Gas Tax Revenue	0	193	193
	Temporary Exchange Authority	0	1,250	1,250
36.	Revolving Funds	-68	-202	-270
37.	Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-2,364	-3,306	-5,670
38.	Self-Insurance Premiums	390	700	1,090
Tota	2003-05 Biennium	64,540	215,605	280,145
F	iscal Year 2004 Total	30,307	114,364	144,671
	iscal Year 2005 Total	34,233	101,241	135,474

Comments:

1. Culverts Lawsuit Funding - One-time funding is provided for the United States v. Washington State (Culvert Case). The court has framed the issue as whether the state is "affirmatively diminishing the number of fish available for harvest" by "build [ing] and manag[ing] its roadway culverts in a fashion that impermissibly blocks the passage of fish destined for the Tribes' usual and accustomed fishing ground." The trial is

anticipated to begin in December 2003. Agencies involved in the case include the Departments of Transportation, Natural Resources, Fish and Wildlife, Ecology, and the Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission. (Resource Management Cost Account-State, Forest Development Account-State)

- 2. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 3. Revenue Management System One-time and ongoing funding and staff are provided to replace the revenue management system. The current mainframe computer system will be replaced with a commercial system that is compatible with a web-based database. (General Fund-State, Resource Management Cost Account-State, Forest Development Account-State, various other funds)
- 4. Improved Data Storage & Access Funding is provided for a network structure that will support storage and access to information. (General Fund-State, Resource Management Cost Account-State, Forest Development Account-State, various other funds)
- Administrative Reduction Administrative funding and staff are reduced.
- 6. Fund Adjustment to Match Revenue Funding for land management and resource protection activities is reduced to match available revenues in the Forest Development Account (\$241,000), Forest Fire Protection Assessment Account (\$2 million), and Resource Management Cost Account (\$12.3 million). In addition, a one-time operational efficiency reduction is taken (\$296,000 General Fund-State). Appropriation authority is also reduced to match available revenues in the Surface Mining Reclamation Account and Air Pollution Control Account. (General Fund-State, Resource Management Cost Account-State, Surface Mining Reclamation Account-State, Air Pollution Control Account-State, Forest Fire Protection Assessment Account-Non-Appropriated, Forest Development Account-State)
- 7. Aquatic Restoration Land Mgmt One-time and ongoing funding and staff are provided to develop and manage conservation and restoration projects on state-owned aquatic lands. (Resource Management Cost Account-State, Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account-State)
- 8. **Transfer ALEA Grant Program to IAC** The administration of the Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account (ALEA) grant program is transferred to the Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation (IAC). (Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account-State)
- 9. **Geoduck Research** One-time funding is provided to develop a geoduck research project. Of the \$265,000 provided, \$140,000 is for a contract with the University of Washington to conduct a comprehensive literature review of geoduck aquaculture research and to design a pilot project to develop the guidelines for a research project; \$100,000 is for the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) to support the development of the project, and \$25,000 is for the Department of Fish and Wildlife to provide biological support and scientific review. (Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account-State)

- 10. Contaminated Sediments Liability One-time funding is provided to complete cleanup of contaminated sediments in Commencement Bay and to fulfill the state's obligations at other contaminated sites. (Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account-State)
- 11. **Derelict Vessel Removal** Funding is provided for costs associated with removing derelict vessels. The Legislature gave public entities the authority to seize, remove, and dispose of derelict vessels, as authorized in Chapter 286, Laws of 2002 (ESHB 2376). (Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account-State, Derelict Vessel Removal Account-State)
- 12. **Dredged Material Program Monitoring** Funding is provided for increased costs associated with environmental monitoring of open-water disposal sites used for the disposal of dredged material. The Dredged Materials Management Program coordinates site authorizations, permitting, contracting, and monitoring of two disposal sites. (Aquatic Land Dredged Material Disposal Site Account-State)
- 13. **Suppression: Disaster Acct Shift** A one-time fund shift is made from the state general fund to the Disaster Response Account for fire suppression activities in FY 2004. (General Fund-State, Disaster Response Account-State)
- 14. **Fire Prevention: Revenue Adj** Funding is reduced to match available revenue for the regulation of burning on timber lands. (Air Pollution Control Account-State)
- 15. **Forest Practices HCP** Federal funding is provided for the development of a statewide habitat conservation plan (HCP) for non-federal forest landowners. The Department will prepare the environmental impact statement (EIS) and the draft implementation agreement with federal agencies implementing the Endangered Species Act (ESA). (General Fund-Federal)
- 16. Increase Forest & Fish Info System A combination of ongoing and one-time funding and staff are provided to maintain and update computer systems that support salmon recovery, the state's Forest and Fish Report, and basic geographic information system analysis for the Forest Practices Program.
- 17. **SDS Lumber Lawsuit Settlement** Funding is provided for a lawsuit settlement and purchase of approximately 232 acres of land and timber in Klickitat County from the SDS Lumber Company. The land and timber acquired with this funding will be managed for the benefit of the common schools.

A proviso in the omnibus budget requires the Department to recover by June 30, 2004, the amount appropriated by either trust management or reimbursement from the federal government. It is the intent of the Legislature that the state general fund appropriation in the 2005-07 biennium for the Forest Practices Program be reduced by the amount not recovered by trust management or reimbursement.

- 18. Forest Stewardship: Cut Level 3 Funding and staff are reduced for forest stewardship assistance. The Department will continue to provide non-industrial private forest owners limited advice, assistance, and educational opportunities to enhance their land stewardship.
- 19. **Reduce Geology Public Information** Funding and staff are reduced for the geology library. One libraian is retained for limited interaction with the general public, organized groups, and the educational community.
- 20. Law Enforcement Investigations Funding is provided for two additional staff to conduct investigations of criminal and civil incidents occurring on the Department's managed and protected lands. The Law Enforcement Services Program currently has one Natural Resources Investigator in each of the seven administrative regions. (General Fund-State, Resource Management Cost Account-State, Forest Development Account-State, various other funds)
- 21. Fund Shift to NRCA Stewardship Funds are shifted, on a one-time basis, from the state general fund to the Natural Resources Conservation Areas (NRCA) Stewardship Account. The Natural Areas Program maintains and provides operational support for 115,000 acres of natural area preserves and natural resource conservation areas. (General Fund-State, Natural Resources Conservation Areas Stewardship Account-State)
- 22. **Natural Area Operating Impacts** Funding is provided for operating and maintaining 4,700 acres of land acquired under authority in the 2001-03 capital budget. Natural Area Preserves (NAPs) and NRCAs are acquired through the Trust Land Transfer Program and purchases from the Washington Wildlife and Recreation Program. This item provides ongoing funding and staff to support the basic maintenance and operation of the additions to NAPs and NRCAs.
- 23. **Aquatic Land ESA** One-time and ongoing funding and staff are provided to develop an ESA compliance plan for 2.4 million acres of state-owned aquatic lands. (Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account-State)
- 24. Eliminate GF-S for Public Access General Fund-State funding and associated staff are eliminated for support of approximately 950 miles of trails statewide. An additional \$450,000 from the Nonhighway and Off-Road Vehicles Activities (NOVA) Program Account in the capital budget will ensure all DNR campgrounds remain open for FY 2004.
- 25. **Shellfish Biotoxin Testing** Ongoing funding is provided to DNR to continue shellfish biotoxin testing by the Department of Health. (Resource Management Cost Account-State)
- 26. **Spartina Control: Shift to ALEA** General Fund-State funding for Spartina control is shifted to ALEA. (General Fund-State, Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account-State)
- 27. **Contract Harvesting** Spending authority is provided from the Contract Harvesting Revolving Account for payment of

- harvesting costs incurred on contract harvesting sales and to implement Chapter 313, Laws of 2003 (2SSB 5074). (Contract Harvesting Revolving Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 28. **PSAMP Expenditures** Funding is provided to improve and expand monitoring activities in the Puget Sound Ambient Monitoring Program (PSAMP). Data obtained will enhance the ability of state, federal, and local governments to manage, protect, and restore local marine ecosystems and the fish stocks they support. (Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account-State)
- 29. **Metals Mining Transfer** DNR and the Department of Ecology (DOE) both conduct mining-related inspections. By mutual agreement of the two agencies, the appropriations from the Metals Mining Account are transferred from DNR to DOE on an ongoing basis. (Metals Mining Account-State)
- 30. **Surface Mining: Match Revenue** Spending authority for the Surface Mining Reclamation Account is reduced to match revenue. (Surface Mining Reclamation Account-State)
- 31. WCC: Working Circles with WDFW Funding and staff are reduced for Washington Conservation Corps (WCC) activities. DNR and the Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) will coordinate the management of remaining WCC crews in "working circles" around the state.
- 32. **Small Forest Landowners** Funding is provided to implement Chapter 311, Laws of 2003 (2SHB 1095). This bill provides for a one-time EIS and cost-benefit analysis and an ongoing natural resource engineer to assist with program implementation.
- 33. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 34. **Gas Tax Revenue** Funding is provided to reflect additional revenue from an increase in the gas tax. (Off-Road Vehicle Account-State)
- 35. **Temporary Exchange Authority** The Department is authorized to accept payment for land and timber appraisals in land exchanges. (Forest Development Account-State, Resource Management Cost Account-State)
- 36. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, various other funds)

- 37. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 38. **Self-Insurance Premiums** State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the agency's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
 - * Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Governor's Vetoes:

The Governor vetoed a portion of Section 308(14) of Chapter 25, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto (ESSB 5404). It has no fiscal effect in the 2003-05 biennium.

Department of Agriculture

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	15,249	75,923	91,172
2003 Supplemental *	-57	-208	-265
Total 2001-03 Biennium	15,192	75,715	90,907
2003-05 Maintenance Level	15,494	76,264	91,758
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-99	-212	-311
2. Ag Statistics Service Reduction	-350	0	-350
3. Dairy Nutrient Program	0	947	947
4. Seed Program	0	198	198
Livestock Identification	0	360	360
Pension Funding Change	-76	-296	-372
7. Chickens (ESHB 1754)	68	4	72
8. Revolving Funds	-6	-14	-20
9. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-431	-1,400	-1,831
10. Self-Insurance Premiums	88	332	420
Total 2003-05 Biennium	14,688	76,183	90,871
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	7,444	37,472	44,916
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	7,244	38,711	45,955

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- Ag Statistics Service Reduction Funding and staff are reduced to reflect removal of General Fund-State support for the Washington Agriculture Statistics Service. The effect of this change will be fewer county-level crop analyses. Corresponding administrative funding and staff are also reduced.
- 3. Dairy Nutrient Program Funding is provided for the transfer of the Dairy Nutrient Program from the Department of Ecology to the Department of Agriculture as outlined in Chapter 325, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5889). The bill also transfers spending authority from the Conservation Commission to the Department of Agriculture for the Dairy Waste Management Account and renames the account the Livestock Nutrient Management Account. (Water Quality Account-State, Water Quality Permit Account-State, Dairy Waste Management Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 4. Seed Program Spending authority is provided to implement Chapter 308, Laws of 2003 (HB 1126). This bill provides funding for two additional staff for the Seed Program to prepare for anticipated growth in seed production and increased testing of genetically-altered crops. (Agricultural Local Account-Non-Appropriated)
- Livestock Identification Spending authority is provided to implement Chapter 326, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5891). This bill increases fees charged under the livestock identification,

- certified feed lot, and public livestock market laws. Funding is provided for inspections at certified feed lots and slaughter plants and to increase livestock theft investigation activities. (Agricultural Local Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 6. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 7. **Chickens (ESHB 1754)** Funding is provided to implement Chapter 397, Laws of 2003 (ESHB 1754). The bill authorizes the Department to issue special, temporary permits for the slaughter, preparation, and on-farm, producer-to-consumer sale of 1,000 or fewer pastured, whole chickens in a calendar year. One-time funding of \$38,000 is provided for required rule adoption. (General Fund-State, Agricultural Local-Non-Appropriated)
- 8. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE

Department of Agriculture

staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, various other funds)

10. **Self-Insurance Premiums** - State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the agency's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium. (General Fund-State, various other funds)

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the omnibus appropriations act. The remainder of the Department of Agriculture's budget is shown in the Transportation Budget Section of this document.

* Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Washington Pollution Liability Insurance Program

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	2,150	2,150
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	2,042	2,042
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	0	-6	-6
2. Agency Administration Fund Shift	0	0	0
3. Pension Funding Change	0	-8	-8
4. Revolving Funds	0	6	6
5. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	0	-140	-140
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	1,894	1,894
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	941	941
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	Ō	953	953

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (Pollution Liability Insurance Program Trust Account-State, Heating Oil Pollution Liability Trust Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 2. Agency Administration Fund Shift Appropriation authority is transferred from the Heating Oil Pollution Liability Trust Account to the Pollution Liability Insurance Program Trust Account. Funding is provided for program administration. (Pollution Liability Insurance Program Trust Account-State, Heating Oil Pollution Liability Trust Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 3. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (Pollution Liability Insurance Program Trust Account-State, Heating Oil Pollution Liability Trust Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Pollution Liability Insurance Program Trust Account-State)
- 5. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Pollution Liability Insurance Program Trust Account-State)

Transportation

The majority of funding for transportation services is included in the transportation budget, not in the omnibus appropriations act. The omnibus appropriations act includes only a portion of the funding for the Department of Licensing and the Washington State Patrol. Therefore, the notes contained in this section are limited. For additional information on transportation funding, please see the Transportation Budget section of this document.

Washington State Patrol

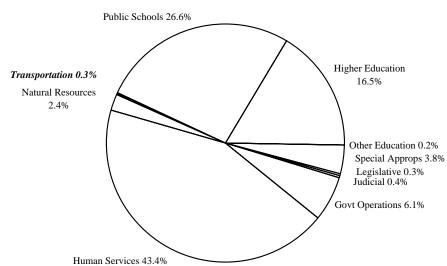
A total of \$200,000 is provided for two full-time equivalent staff in the State Fire Marshal's office to review K-12 school construction documents for fire and life safety issues. In previous biennia, these staff positions were funded in the capital budget.

Legislation passed this session requires new funding for the addition of wildland firefighter training to the current firefighter one level training curriculum. Chapter 316, Laws of 2003 (SB 5176), provides for the new training, increases the allowable reimbursement hours, and increases the reimbursement rate to fire districts and cities that provide wildland firefighter training as part of the firefighter one level training.

2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget Total Budgeted Funds

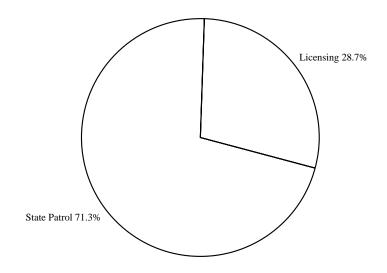
(Dollars in Thousands)

Legislative	136,394
Judicial	162,179
Governmental Operations	2,726,495
Human Services	19,457,885
Natural Resources	1,091,562
Transportation	123,957
Public Schools	11,906,608
Higher Education	7,400,500
Other Education	99,594
Special Appropriations	1,690,584
Statewide Total	44,795,758



Washington State

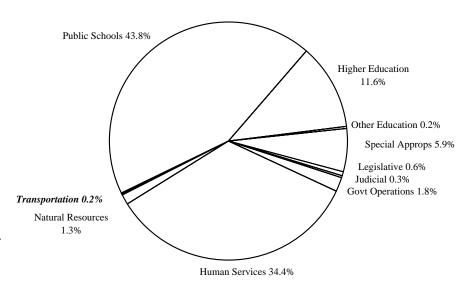
Transportation	123,957
Dept of Licensing	35,584
Washington State Patrol	88,373



2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget General Fund-State

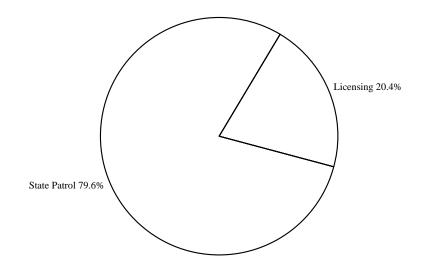
(Dollars in Thousands)

Statewide Total	23,081,381
Special Appropriations	1,370,972
Other Education	39,932
Higher Education	2,667,195
Public Schools	10,104,649
Transportation	48,834
Natural Resources	297,097
Human Services	7,933,222
Governmental Operations	411,360
Judicial	78,492
Legislative	129,628



Washington State

Transportation	48,834
Dept of Licensing	9,974
Washington State Patrol	38,860



Department of Licensing

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	10,666	23,627	34,293
2003 Supplemental *	50	94	144
Total 2001-03 Biennium	10,716	23,721	34,437
2003-05 Maintenance Level	10,326	24,969	35,295
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-42	-94	-136
2. Equipment Replacement Costs	28	78	106
Master License Services	0	403	403
4. Expanded Internet 2003-05	0	229	229
5. Information Technology Svcs (ITS)	0	389	389
6. Pension Funding Change	-58	-112	-170
7. Revolving Funds	-20	-6	-26
8. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-260	-246	-506
Total 2003-05 Biennium	9,974	25,610	35,584
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	4,986	12,947	17,933
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	4,988	12,663	17,651

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 2. **Equipment Replacement Costs** One-time funding is provided to replace the remittance mail processing machine, which processes professional license renewal fees returned by mail. The current equipment is obsolete and no longer supported by the manufacturer. New equipment will also be able to process transportation-related billing, and additional funds are appropriated in the Transportation Budget. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 3. Master License Services Funding is provided to cover the costs of partnering with cities and other state agencies to perform new business licensing functions within the Master License Service Program. The funding is for three additional FTEs and anticipated credit card fees associated with on-line payments. (Master License Account-State)
- 4. Expanded Internet 2003-05 Funding is provided to expand the Internet services provided by the Business and Professions Division. The renewal of the following new business and professional licenses will be provided on-line: Architects; Landscape Architects; Bail Bonds; Security Guards; Funeral Directors; Notaries; Real Estate Brokers; Real Estate Sales; Real Estate Appraisers; Cemeteries; Liquor Shopkeepers; Collection Agencies; Private Investigators; Sellers of Travel; Employment Agencies; Bulk Fertilizer Dealers; Refrigerated Lockers; Seed Dealers; Pesticide Dealers; Cigarette Retail/Wholesale; Whitewater River Outfitters; and Underground Storage Tanks. (Various funds)

- 5. **Information Technology Svcs (ITS)** Funding is provided for information technology expansion and support associated with a variety of projects. These projects include information technology infrastructure improvements, Unisys re-platforming, call center improvements, one-stop business licensing, and the Special Investigations Unit. The Unisys Re-Platforming Project represents Phase I of a comprehensive program to migrate core agency systems from existing mainframe "legacy" systems to a modern server-based environment. (Various funds)
- 6. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 7. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 8. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, various other funds)

Department of Licensing

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the omnibus appropriations act. The remainder of the Department of Licensing's budget is shown in the Transportation Budget Section of this document.

* Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Washington State Patrol

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	29,500	41,897	71,397
2003 Supplemental *	338	1,331	1,669
Total 2001-03 Biennium	29,838	43,228	73,066
2003-05 Maintenance Level	44,292	44,199	88,491
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-19	-43	-62
Crime Lab Funding Adjustment	0	0	0
3. Executive Protection	0	216	216
4. Reduce Drug Enforcement Funding	-507	0	-507
Fund Drug Enforcement with PSEA	-4,000	4,000	0
6. Fire Services Funding Adjustment	0	0	0
7. Pension Funding Change	-222	-153	-375
8. SB 5176 - Wildland Fire Training	0	750	750
9. School Fire Prevention	0	200	200
10. Enhanced 911 Equipment	0	612	612
11. Revolving Funds	18	0	18
12. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-760	-268	-1,028
13. Self-Insurance Premiums	58	0	58
Total 2003-05 Biennium	38,860	49,513	88,373
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	20,005	25,147	45,152
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	18,855	24,366	43,221

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 2. Crime Lab Funding Adjustment Under RCW 82.14.310 and RCW 82.14.320, not more than 5 percent of funds deposited into the county and municipal criminal justice assistance accounts are available for appropriations to the Washington State Patrol (WSP) crime laboratory. To stay within these statutory requirements, funding from these two accounts is reduced and offset with an increase in Public Safety and Education Account funds. (Public Safety and Education Account-State, County Criminal Justice Assistance Account, Municipal Criminal Justice Assistance Account)
- 3. **Executive Protection** Funding is provided for two additional cadets to provide 24-hour, seven days per week coverage for the secure entrance of the Governor's residence. The State Patrol is currently absorbing the cost of staffing the residence entrance but will no longer be able to do so in the 2003-05 biennium. (Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 4. **Reduce Drug Enforcement Funding** General Fund-State funding is reduced for drug enforcement activities, including elimination of 1.2 Trooper Detective FTEs in the Narcotics Section and 1.0 FTE in the Methamphetamine Resource Center.
- Fund Drug Enforcement with PSEA Public Safety and Education Account (PSEA) funds are used to replace a General

- Fund-State reduction in drug enforcement. (General Fund-State, Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 6. Fire Services Funding Adjustment A reduction of \$38,000 due to declining revenues in the State Toxics Control Account is offset by additional appropriation authority in the Fire Services Training Account. This will allow the Fire Services Bureau to continue using special live fuels in its hazardous materials trainings. The fund balance in the Fire Services Training Account is sufficient to handle the additional expenditure without raising fees to local fire districts. (State Toxics Control Account, Fire Services Training Account-State)
- 7. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 8. **SB 5176 Wildland Fire Training** Funding is provided to implement Chapter 316, Laws of 2003 (SB 5176). This bill provides for wildland firefighter training and increases the allowable reimbursement hours and the reimbursement rate to fire districts and cities who provide this training. (Fire Services Training Account-State)

Washington State Patrol

- School Fire Prevention Funding is provided for two FTEs in the State Fire Marshal's office to review K-12 construction documents for fire and life safety issues. During the 2001-03 biennium these staff positions were funded in the capital budget. (Fire Services Account-State)
- 10. **Enhanced 911 Equipment** Funding is provided to replace the State Patrol's computer aided dispatch (CAD) system for emergency 911 calls. The new CAD system will enable the agency to provide Enhanced 911 caller/location identification and positioning for wireless calls. The funding level reflects the 2003-05 portion of debt service on a Certificate of Participation. Future payments may be paid with transportation funds. (Enhanced 911 Account-State)
- 11. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 12. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 13. **Self-Insurance Premiums** State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for WSP's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium.

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the omnibus appropriations act. The remainder of the WSP's budget is shown in the Transportation Budget Section of this document.

* Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Schools

Increases

Health Benefits - \$116.0 Million General Fund-State

Funding is provided to increase the K-12 monthly benefit rate from \$457.07 per employee in the 2002-03 school year to \$481.31 in the 2003-04 school year and to \$570.74 in the 2004-05 school year.

Beginning Teacher Salary Increases – \$29.2 Million General Fund-State

Salary increases are provided for certificated instructional staff that are in their first seven years of teaching. Beginning in the 2004-05 school year, a beginning teacher with a Bachelor of Arts degree will earn an annual salary of at least \$30,023.

Truancy Petitions – \$3.0 Million Public Safety and Education Account

Funding is provided through the Office of the Administrator for the Courts to reimburse school districts for filing truancy petitions in juvenile court.

Focused Assistance to Schools – \$2.6 Million General Fund-State

Funding is provided for 30 additional low-performing schools to receive Focused Assistance, which increases total state funding for the program to \$6.1 million.

Digital Learning Commons – \$2.0 Million General Fund-State

The Digital Learning Commons will create, in collaboration with schools, a web-based portal where students, parents, and teachers from around the state will have access to digital curriculum resources, learning tools, and on-line classes. Funding is provided through the Department of Information Systems.

Washington Achievers Scholars - \$1.0 Million General Fund-State

Funding is provided for the Washington State Achievers Scholarship Program to support community involvement officers who recruit, train, and match community volunteer mentors with high school students selected as achiever scholars. After graduating from high school, the achiever scholars receive college scholarships funded through private grants.

Savings and Reductions

Student Achievement Fund Per Student Allocations – \$236.9 Million Student Achievement Fund-State Savings

Initiative 728 allocations to school districts will increase from \$211.67 in the 2003-04 school year to \$254.00 in the 2004-05 school year, rather than to \$450.00 as required under the original Initiative language. In addition, the distributions will be spread over 12 months rather than 10 months. The per student allocations will increase to \$300.00 in the 2005-06 school year, \$375.00 in the 2006-07 school year, \$450.00 in the 2007-08 school year, and will increase by inflation beginning in the 2008-09 school year.

Initiative 732 Cost-of-Living Adjustment – \$190.6 Million General Fund-State Savings

The salary increases provided to K-12 employees under Initiative 732 are suspended for the 2003-05 biennium.

Pension Funding Change – \$61.4 Million General Fund-State Savings

Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System (SERS), and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made towards the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.

State Flexible Education Funds – \$41.4 Million General Fund-State Savings

For the 2002-03 school year, the state allocated flexible education funds to school districts to supplement basic education. The funds were provided at a rate of \$21.55 per student, based on school districts' prior year FTE student enrollment. Beginning with the 2003-04 school year, the flexible education funds are eliminated.

Levy Equalization Allocations – \$17.3 Million General Fund-State Savings

State allocations for the Local Effort Assistance Program (levy equalization) are uniformly reduced by 6.3 percent.

Integrate Federal Funds – \$17.1 Million General Fund-State Savings

Federal funds to Washington State for special education will increase by \$20 million in the 2003-04 school year and an additional \$20 million in the 2004-05 school year. A portion of the federal fund increase is incorporated to pay for some of the increased costs of the Special Education Program.

Better Schools Class Size – \$13.9 Million General Fund-State Savings

The Better Schools K-4 enhanced staffing ratio is eliminated in the 2004-05 school year. This program provides 0.8 certificated instructional staff for every 1,000 students.

Transportation Depreciation Changes – \$10.7 Million General Fund-State Savings

To be eligible for state reimbursement, a school bus purchased on or after July 1, 2003, must be competitively bid based on the lowest solicited price quotes from bus dealers for school buses meeting state and local standards.

Educational Service Districts – \$2.0 Million General Fund-State Savings

State funding to Educational Service Districts (ESDs) is reduced. The State Board of Education is encouraged to reduce the number of ESDs from nine to seven through consolidation.

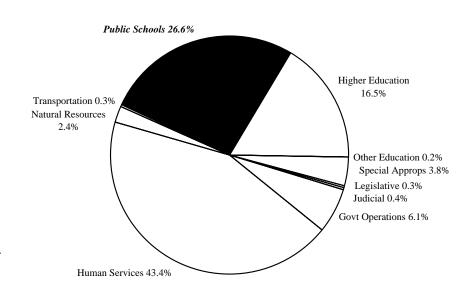
Other Non-Basic Education Reductions – \$6.5 Million General Fund-State Savings

A variety of reductions are made in non-basic education programs. Some examples include: assumed administrative efficiencies in the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction; efficiencies and changes to the Alternative Routes to Certification Program; and reducing state funding for various K-12 training programs.

2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget Total Budgeted Funds

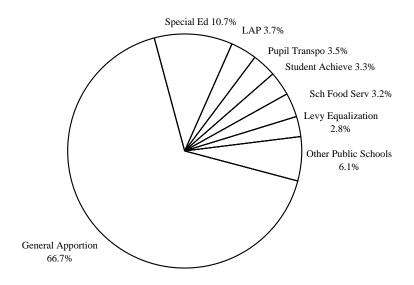
(Dollars in Thousands)

Statewide Total	44,795,758
Special Appropriations	1,690,584
Other Education	99,594
Higher Education	7,400,500
Public Schools	11,906,608
Transportation	123,957
Natural Resources	1,091,562
Human Services	19,457,885
Governmental Operations	2,726,495
Judicial	162,179
Legislative	136,394



Washington State

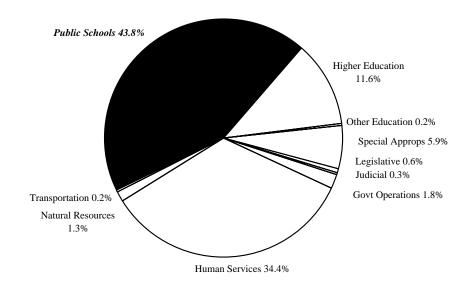
Public Schools	11,906,608
Other Public Schools	731,393
Levy Equalization	329,309
School Food Services	383,061
Student Achievement	398,203
Pupil Transportation	411,917
Learning Assist Pgm	436,614
Special Education	1,270,835
General Apportionment	7,945,276



2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget General Fund-State

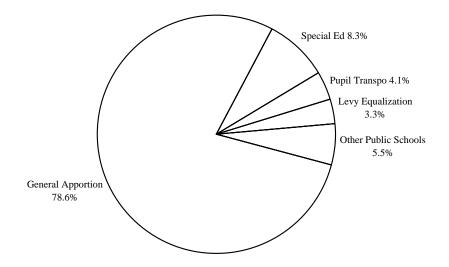
(Dollars in Thousands)

Statewide Total	23,081,381
Special Appropriations	1,370,972
Other Education	39,932
Higher Education	2,667,195
Public Schools	10,104,649
Transportation	48,834
Natural Resources	297,097
Human Services	7,933,222
Governmental Operations	411,360
Judicial	78,492
Legislative	129,628



Washington State

Public Schools	10.104.649
Other Public Schools	556,949
Levy Equalization	329,309
Pupil Transportation	411,917
Special Education	861,198
General Apportionment	7,945,276



Public Schools

WORKLOAD HISTORY

By School Year

									Estin	nated
	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05
General Apportionment										
FTE Enrollment	904,288	923,467	936,435	946,385	948,485	951,033	956,567	959,234	960,201	960,795
% Change from prior year		2.1%	1.4%	1.1%	0.2%	0.3%	0.6%	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%
Special Education										
Funded Enrollment (1)	108,185	109,149	111,257	113,249	115,257	116,709	118,519	120,832	121,094	121,411
% Change from prior year		0.9%	1.9%	1.8%	1.8%	1.3%	1.6%	2.0%	0.2%	0.3%
Bilingual Education										
Headcount Enrollment	42,981	46,029	47,975	52,040	55,656	59,514	62,522	66,058	69,273	72,356
% Change from prior year		7.1%	4.2%	8.5%	6.9%	6.9%	5.1%	5.7%	4.9%	4.4%
Learning Assistance Program	n									
Entitlement Units (1)	154,867	157,482	159,556	159,481	184,804	177,763	174,275	170,157	165,191	162,377
% Change from prior year		1.7%	1.3%	0.0%	15.9%	-3.8%	-2.0%	-2.4%	-2.9%	-1.7%

 $^{(1) \ \}textit{Beginning in 2002-03, the workload indicators include incorporation of federal funds}.$

<u>Data Sources</u>:

1995-96 through 1998-99 amounts from SPI/OFM and Caseload Forecast Council.

2001-02 through 2004-05 estimates from Caseload Forecast Council and legislative 2003-05 budget.

Public Schools OSPI & Statewide Programs

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total 192,176
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	51,480	140,696	
2003 Supplemental *	0	17,195	17,195
Total 2001-03 Biennium	51,480	157,891	209,371
2003-05 Maintenance Level	44,632	87,811	132,443
Policy Changes			
1. Alternative Certification Routes	-2,314	0	-2,314
2. Anti-Bullying/Harassment Training	-486	0	-486
3. Sexual Abstinence Program	-388	0	-388
4. General Inflation	-37	-159	-196
5. 2SHB 2012 Pilot Projects	995	0	995
6. Pension Funding Change	-144	0	-144
7. Washington Achievers Scholars	1,000	0	1,000
8. World War II Oral History Project	-292	0	-292
9. Charter Schools	306	0	306
10. Revolving Funds	-110	0	-110
11. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-1,318	0	-1,318
12. Lapse	-306	0	-306
Total 2003-05 Biennium	41,538	87,652	129,190
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	20,581	37,770	58,351
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	20,957	49,882	70,839

- 1. Alternative Certification Routes Alternative certification routes are teacher-training programs that serve as an alternative to traditional teacher preparation programs. The alternative route programs are developed as partnerships between school districts and higher education teacher preparation programs. Chapter 410, Laws of 2003 (SB 6052 Alternative Route Teacher Certification), eliminates the stipend for interns in the program, decreases the stipend for mentors in the program, and increases the conditional scholarship from \$4,000 per year to \$8,000 per year. The net effect of these changes and the savings taken here is that the number of state-funded interns in the program can increase from about 60 to about 90.
- 2. Anti-Bullying/Harassment Training The Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) has developed a model bullying and harassment prevention policy and has created training materials for use by school and educational service districts. Since the development of the policy and materials has been completed, state funding for this activity is eliminated.
- Sexual Abstinence Program State funding for the design of media and community campaigns promoting sexual abstinence is eliminated.
- 4. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

- 5. **2SHB 2012 Pilot Projects** Under Chapter 133, Laws of 2003 (2SHB 2012 Special Services Pilot Program), two districts will be selected to provide early intensive reading and language assistance to students who are struggling academically. To the extent that the pilot projects are successful in reducing the number of students in special education and therefore reducing state special education expenditures, funding is provided for the pilot projects.
- 6. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 7. Washington Achievers Scholars Funding is provided for the Washington State Achievers Scholarship Program. The funds will be used to support community involvement officers who recruit, train, and match community volunteer mentors with high school students selected as achiever scholars. After graduating from high school, achiever scholars receive college scholarships funded through private grants.

Public Schools OSPI & Statewide Programs

- 8. World War II Oral History Project State funding for this program is eliminated.
- 9. **Charter Schools** Funding is provided to implement 2ESSB 5012 (Charter Schools), which provides for the establishment of a limited number of charter schools. Most of the fiscal impact comes from an anticipated increase in funded enrollment due to home-schooled and private school students switching to public charter schools. See item 12.
- 10. Revolving Funds Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 11. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.
- 12. Lapse Funding was provided to implement 2ESSB 5012 (Charter Schools) contingent on enactment of the bill by June 30, 2003. Because the bill was not passed by the Legislature, the appropriation lapsed.
 - * Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Governor's Vetoes:

The Governor vetoed Section 501(2)(a)(iv) of Chapter 25, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto (ESSB 5404), Transfer of Federal Funds for Teen Aware, which directed the Department of Health to transfer \$400,000 to OSPI for the continuation of the Teen Aware Program. The Governor vetoed the proviso because state funding for the program, which OSPI has used to administer the program and to provide matching funds, was eliminated.

Public Schools General Apportionment

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total	
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	7,498,021	0	7,498,021	
2003 Supplemental *	16,692	0	16,692	
Total 2001-03 Biennium	7,514,713	0	7,514,713	
2003-05 Maintenance Level	8,011,027	0	8,011,027	
Policy Changes				
1. Pension Funding Change	-51,877	0	-51,877	
2. Better Schools	-13,874	0	-13,874	
3. Charter Schools	1,340	0	1,340	
4. Lapse	-1,340	0	-1,340	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	7,945,276	0	7,945,276	
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	3,969,248	0	3,969,248	
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	3,976,028	0	3,976,028	

Comments:

- 1. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System (SERS), and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made towards the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. The SERS employer contribution rate includes an increase of 0.01 percent due to the enactment of Chapter 402, Laws of 2003 (HB 1207 Public Employee Death Benefits).
- Better Schools Beginning with the 2004-05 school year, the Better Schools K-4 staffing ratio enhancement is eliminated. The enhancement provides 0.8 certificated instructional staff per 1,000 students enrolled in kindergarten through fourth grade.
- 3. Charter Schools Funding is provided to implement 2ESSB 5012 (Charter Schools), which provides for the establishment of a limited number of charter schools. Most of the fiscal impact comes from an anticipated increase in funded enrollment due to home-schooled and private school students switching to public charter schools. Because the bill was not enacted by June 30, 2003, the funding lapsed. See item 4.
- 4. **Lapse** Funding was provided to implement 2ESSB 5012 (Charter Schools) contingent on enactment of the bill by June 30, 2003. Because the bill was not passed by the Legislature, the appropriation lapsed.

* Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Schools Compensation Adjustments

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	380,813	191	381,004
2003 Supplemental *	899	55	954
Total 2001-03 Biennium	381,712	246	381,958
2003-05 Maintenance Level	190,563	208	190,771
Policy Changes			
 Cost-of-Living Increases 	-190,563	-208	-190,771
2. Health Benefits	116,030	453	116,483
3. Beginning Teacher Salary Increase	29,151	106	29,257
Total 2003-05 Biennium	145,181	559	145,740
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	28,511	59	28,570
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	116,670	500	117,170

- 1. **Cost-of-Living Increases** The salary increases provided by Initiative 732 are suspended for the 2003-04 and 2004-05 school years, consistent with Chapter 20, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (SB 6059, Teachers' Cost-of-Living Increases). (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 2. **Health Benefits** Funding is provided to increase the K-12 monthly benefit rate from \$457.07 per employee in the 2002-03 school year to \$481.31 in the 2003-04 school year and to \$570.74 in the 2004-2005 school year. This increases the K-12 funding rates by the same amount as the state employer rates. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 3. **Beginning Teacher Salary Increase** The state uses a salary schedule to allocate funds to school districts for certificated instructional staff salaries. This schedule provides increments for additional experience and education. For the 2002-03 school year, the state-funded annual salary for a beginning teacher was \$28,300. In the 2003-04 school year, funding is provided to increase beginning teacher and second year teacher salaries by an average of 3 percent, 2.5 percent for third year teachers, 1.5 percent for fourth year teachers, 1 percent for fifth year teachers, and 0.5 percent for sixth and seventh year teachers. In the 2004-05 school year, additional salary increases of the same percentages are provided. An estimated 32 percent of teachers will receive salary increases as a result of these salary schedule adjustments. By the second year of the biennium, the annual salary for a beginning teacher with a Bachelor of Arts degree will be at least \$30,023. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Schools Pupil Transportation

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	385,695	0	385,695
2003 Supplemental *	18,726	0	18,726
Total 2001-03 Biennium	404,421	0	404,421
2003-05 Maintenance Level	424,148	0	424,148
Policy Changes			
1. Pension Funding Change	-1,531	0	-1,531
2. Depreciation Changes	-10,700	0	-10,700
Total 2003-05 Biennium	411,917	0	411,917
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	201,638	0	201,638
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	210,279	0	210,279

- 1. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System (SERS), and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made towards the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. The SERS employer contribution rate includes an increase of 0.01 percent due to the enactment of Chapter 402, Laws of 2003 (HB 1207 Public Employee Death Benefits).
- 2. **Depreciation Changes** To be eligible for state reimbursement, a school bus purchased on or after July 1, 2003, must be competitively bid based on the lowest-solicited price quotes from bus dealers for school buses meeting state and local standards. As a result of these changes, it is assumed that state depreciation payments will be reduced by \$10.7 million in the 2003-05 biennium.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Schools School Food Services

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	6,200	290,187	296,387
2003 Supplemental *	0	10,805	10,805
Total 2001-03 Biennium	6,200	300,992	307,192
2003-05 Maintenance Level	6,200	376,861	383,061
Total 2003-05 Biennium	6,200	376,861	383,061
Fiscal Year 2004 Total Fiscal Year 2005 Total	3,100 3,100	177,705 199,156	180,805 202,256

Comments:

There were no policy level changes.

 $[\]mbox{*}$ Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Schools Special Education

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total	
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	828,926	256,407	1,085,333	
2003 Supplemental *	1,502	38,608	40,110	
Total 2001-03 Biennium	830,428	295,015	1,125,443	
2003-05 Maintenance Level	885,131	409,959	1,295,090	
Policy Changes				
Federal Funding Adjustment	0	-17,374	-17,374	
2. 2SHB 2012 Pilot Projects	-995	0	-995	
3. Pension Funding Change	-5,819	-67	-5,886	
4. Integrating Federal Funds	-17,119	17,119	0	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	861,198	409,637	1,270,835	
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	433,984	193,958	627,942	
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	427,214	215,679	642,893	

- 1. **Federal Funding Adjustment** Due to the integration of federal funds to fund a portion of the increased costs of the Special Education Program (see item 4), federal spending authority is reduced to reflect estimated federal special education award amounts for the 2003-05 biennium. (General Fund-Federal)
- 2. 2SHB 2012 Pilot Projects Under Chapter 133, Laws of 2003 (2SHB 2012 Special Services Pilot Program), two districts will be selected to provide early intensive reading and language assistance to students who are struggling academically. To the extent that the pilot projects are successful in reducing the number of students in special education and therefore reducing state special education expenditures, funding is provided for the pilot projects.
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System (SERS), and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made towards the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. The SERS employer contribution rate includes an increase of 0.01 percent due to the enactment of Chapter 402, Laws of 2003 (HB 1207 Public Employee Death Benefits).
- 4. **Integrating Federal Funds** Federal funds to Washington State for special education will increase by \$20 million in the 2003-04 school year and an additional \$20 million in the 2004-05 school year. The budget incorporates a portion of the federal funds to pay for some of the increased costs of the Special Education Program. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Schools Educational Service Districts

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	9,328	0	9,328
2003-05 Maintenance Level	10,132	0	10,132
Policy Changes			
1. Educational Service Districts	-2,021	0	-2,021
2. Teacher Training Coord (ESDs)	-486	0	-486
3. Student Teacher Centers (ESDs)	-486	0	-486
4. Pension Funding Change	-64	0	-64
Total 2003-05 Biennium	7,075	0	7,075
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	3,538	0	3,538
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	3,537	0	3,537

- 1. **Educational Service Districts** State funding for the nine regional Educational Service Districts (ESDs) is reduced. The State Board of Education has the authority to establish the number and boundaries of the ESDs. The Board is encouraged to consider options to reduce the number of ESDs to seven through consolidation.
- 2. **Teacher Training Coord (ESDs)** State funding for teacher training coordination at the ESDs is eliminated.
- 3. **Student Teacher Centers (ESDs)** State funding for student teacher centers at the ESDs is eliminated.
- 4. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System (SERS), and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made towards the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. The SERS employer contribution rate includes an increase of 0.01 percent due to the enactment of Chapter 402, Laws of 2003 (HB 1207 Public Employee Death Benefits).

Public Schools Levy Equalization

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	295,863	0	295,863
2003 Supplemental *	857	0	857
Total 2001-03 Biennium	296,720	0	296,720
2003-05 Maintenance Level	346,564	0	346,564
Policy Changes			
Levy Equalization	-17,255	0	-17,255
Total 2003-05 Biennium	329,309	0	329,309
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	162,236	0	162,236
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	167,073	0	167,073

^{1.} **Levy Equalization** - For calendar years 2004 and 2005, state local effort assistance (levy equalization) allocations are reduced by 6.3 percent. This change results in a 5 percent reduction of levy equalization funding for the biennium.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Schools Institutional Education

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	37,731	8,548	46,279
2003 Supplemental *	-814	0	-814
Total 2001-03 Biennium	36,917	8,548	45,465
2003-05 Maintenance Level	37,949	0	37,949
Policy Changes			
1. Pension Funding Change	-261	0	-261
Total 2003-05 Biennium	37,688	0	37,688
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	18,596	0	18,596
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	19,092	0	19,092

Comments:

1. **Pension Funding Change** - Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System (SERS), and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made towards the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. The SERS employer contribution rate includes an increase of 0.01 percent due to the enactment of Chapter 402, Laws of 2003 (HB 1207 - Public Employee Death Benefits).

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Schools Education of Highly Capable Students

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	12,699	0	12,699
2003 Supplemental *	17	0	17
Total 2001-03 Biennium	12,716	0	12,716
2003-05 Maintenance Level	13,291	0	13,291
Policy Changes			
1. Pension Funding Change	-80	0	-80
Total 2003-05 Biennium	13,211	0	13,211
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	6,597	0	6,597
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	6,614	0	6,614

Comments:

1. **Pension Funding Change** - Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System (SERS), and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made towards the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. The SERS employer contribution rate includes an increase of 0.01 percent due to the enactment of Chapter 402, Laws of 2003 (HB 1207 - Public Employee Death Benefits).

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Schools Elementary & Secondary School Improvement

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	201,737	201,737
2003 Supplemental *	0	-2,077	-2,077
Total 2001-03 Biennium	0	199,660	199,660
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	46,198	46,198
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	46,198	46,198
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	27,435	27,435
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	18,763	18,763

Comments:

There were no policy level changes.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Schools Education Reform

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	67,030	61,071	128,101
2003 Supplemental *	119	0	119
Total 2001-03 Biennium	67,149	61,071	128,220
2003-05 Maintenance Level	75,021	128,902	203,923
Policy Changes			
1. Focused Assistance - Schools	2,600	0	2,600
2. National Board Certification Bonus	405	0	405
3. Summer Institutes	-460	460	0
4. General Inflation	-128	0	-128
Re-Takes for 10th Grade WASLs	466	0	466
6. Align & Review WASLs	300	0	300
7. Change Goal 2 WASLs	-2,005	0	-2,005
8. Eliminate Listening WASL	-388	0	-388
9. Develop Alternative Assessments	75	0	75
10. Pension Funding Change	-38	0	-38
11. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-240	0	-240
12. Lapse	-841	0	-841
Total 2003-05 Biennium	74,767	129,362	204,129
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	38,510	61,616	100,126
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	36,257	67,746	104,003

- 1. Focused Assistance Schools This program combines federal Title I School Improvement funds and state Focused Assistance funds in a collaborative effort with participating districts, schools, and communities to develop long-term capacity for improving student learning. Low-performing schools are eligible to apply for grants and assistance. Each participating school is assigned a facilitator to work with a school improvement team consisting of district and school staff, parents, and community members to develop and implement a school improvement plan and a two-year performance agreement based on both an educational audit and input from staff, parents, and the community. Thirty-eight schools participated in the school improvement process during the 2001-03 biennium using state and federal funds. State funding is provided to assist an additional 30 schools during the 2003-05 biennium.
- 2. National Board Certification Bonus The certification process by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS) requires an educator to demonstrate teaching practices that meet high and rigorous standards. Washington State supports this effort by providing annual bonuses of \$3,500 for four years to more than 400 national board certified teachers. Increased funding is provided to allow all teachers with a National Board certificate in the 2003-04 and 2004-05 school years to receive the bonus.
- 3. **Summer Institutes** A portion of the state funding for Summer Institutes is eliminated. The program provides a

- series of three-day regional meetings focused on school improvement planning, tools, resources, and staff necessary to improve student achievement. It is assumed that the program will be more self-sustaining through program registration fees. (General Fund-State, Center for the Improvement of Student Learning Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 4. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions.
- 5. **Re-Takes for 10th Grade WASLs** Under 2ESHB 2195 (State Academic Standards), high school students who are not successful in one or more content areas of the Washington Assessment of Student Learning (WASL) will have the opportunity to retake the test at no cost to the student, beginning in the fall of 2005. Funding was provided to develop the necessary test items, but because the bill was not enacted by June 30, 2003, the funding lapsed. See item 12.
- 6. **Align & Review WASLs** Funding was provided for independent research on the alignment and technical review of the reading, writing, and science content areas of the WASL, as provided by 2ESHB 2195. Because the bill was not enacted by June 30, 2003, the funding lapsed. See item 12.
- 7. **Change Goal 2 WASLs** Under 2ESHB 2195, the social studies, arts, and health and fitness portions of the WASL are eliminated pending a report from the Superintendent of Public

Public Schools Education Reform

Instruction in August 2004 that will recommend options to ensure that students learn the essential academic learning requirements in these subjects. Funding is reduced to reflect savings in test development and scoring.

Note: Savings were taken assuming the enactment of 2ESHB 2195, which was not subsequently passed by the Legislature.

8. **Eliminate Listening WASL** - As provided in 2ESHB 2195, the listening portion of the fourth, seventh, and tenth grade assessments is eliminated.

Note: Savings were taken assuming the enactment of 2ESHB 2195, which was not subsequently passed by the Legislature.

- 9. **Develop Alternative Assessments** Funding was provided to the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction to develop alternative means of assessing high school students who are not successful in one or more areas of the WASL as required by 2ESHB 2195. Because the bill was not enacted by June 30, 2003, the funding lapsed. See item 12.
- 10. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 11. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.
- 12. **Lapse** Funding was provided to implement several provisions of 2ESHB 2195 (State Academic Standards) contingent on enactment of the bill by June 30, 2003. Because the bill was not passed by the Legislature, the appropriations for the following items lapsed: Re-Takes for 10th Grade WASLs (\$466,000), Align & Review WASLs (\$300,000), and Develop Alternative Assessments (\$75,000).

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Schools Transitional Bilingual Instruction

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	87,501	20,280	107,781
2003 Supplemental *	-592	-525	-1,117
Total 2001-03 Biennium	86,909	19,755	106,664
2003-05 Maintenance Level	102,645	46,309	148,954
Policy Changes			
Pension Funding Change	-792	0	-792
Total 2003-05 Biennium	101,853	46,309	148,162
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	49,791	22,633	72,424
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	52,062	23,676	75,738

Comments:

1. **Pension Funding Change** - Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System (SERS), and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made towards the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. The SERS employer contribution rate includes an increase of 0.01 percent due to the enactment of Chapter 402, Laws of 2003 (HB 1207 - Public Employee Death Benefits).

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Schools Learning Assistance Program (LAP)

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	135,956	130,631	266,587
2003 Supplemental *	-633	0	-633
Total 2001-03 Biennium	135,323	130,631	265,954
2003-05 Maintenance Level	130,200	307,178	437,378
Policy Changes			
1. Pension Funding Change	-764	0	-764
Total 2003-05 Biennium	129,436	307,178	436,614
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	65,385	151,880	217,265
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	64,051	155,298	219,349

Comments:

1. **Pension Funding Change** - Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System (SERS), and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made towards the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. The SERS employer contribution rate includes an increase of 0.01 percent due to the enactment of Chapter 402, Laws of 2003 (HB 1207 - Public Employee Death Benefits).

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Schools Student Achievement Program

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0	391,149	391,149
2003 Supplemental *	0	64	64
Total 2001-03 Biennium	0	391,213	391,213
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	635,142	635,142
Policy Changes			
Student Achievement Fund	0	-236,939	-236,939
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	398,203	398,203
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	0	203,123	203,123
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	195,080	195,080

Comments:

1. **Student Achievement Fund** - Under Initiative 728, per student allocations from the Student Achievement Fund to school districts were scheduled to increase from \$211.67 in the 2003-04 school year to \$450.00 in the 2004-05 school year. In accordance with the provisions of Chapter 19, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (ESSB 6058 - State Property Taxes), the per student allocation in the 2004-05 school year will be \$254.00 and will be distributed to school districts based on the apportionment distribution schedule. (Student Achievement Fund-State)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Public Schools State Flexible Education Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	20,612	0	20,612
2003-05 Maintenance Level	41,369	0	41,369
Policy Changes 1. State Flexible Education Funds	-41,369	0	-41,369
Total 2003-05 Biennium	0	0	0
Fiscal Year 2004 Total Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0 0	0 0	0

Comments:

1. **State Flexible Education Funds** - For the 2002-03 school year, the state allocated flexible education funds to school districts to supplement basic education. The funds were provided at a rate of \$21.55 per student, based on school districts' prior year FTE student enrollment. Beginning with the 2003-04 school year, the flexible education funds are eliminated.

Higher Education

Enrollment Increases

The amount of \$34.5 million from the state general fund is provided to address increasing enrollment demand primarily in high demand fields for which there is a shortage of qualified graduates. Targeted enrollment increases will also go to assist qualified residents seeking to transfer to public baccalaureate institutions and for unemployed workers seeking new job skills.

College access is specifically expanded to support an additional 1,296 full-time equivalent (FTE) student enrollments: 500 enrollments in a high demand pool to be allocated by the Higher Education Coordinating Board to the baccalaureate institutions; 400 enrollments in a transfer student pool to be allocated to the baccalaureate institutions by the Office of Financial Management; 196 enrollments restored to Central Washington University's budgeted enrollment base; 32 resident enrollments in veterinary medicine at Washington State University to replace Oregon students; and 168 enrollments at Clark and Lower Columbia Community Colleges to prepare students for direct transfer into a new Engineering and Science Institute at the Vancouver branch campus of Washington State University.

The State Board for Community and Technical Colleges received \$12.6 million in response to enrollment pressures and will provide information to the Legislature by 2004 on the level of high demand and worker retraining state FTEs beings serviced by the two-year colleges with the pooled funds made available.

Job Skills

The Job Skills Program, administered by the State Board for Community and Technical Colleges, is expanded by \$1.8 million. Job Skills provides grants for customized job training for workers of existing companies or firms that might expand or locate in the state. Grants are matched in cash or in kind, dollar for dollar, by employers who may opt to partner with an educational service district, a university, college, or career school in Washington.

Financial Aid

A total of \$27.9 million from the state general fund is provided for student financial aid through the State Need Grant, Washington Scholars, and Washington Award for Vocational Excellence programs. Current legislative policy is maintained with respect to grants for undergraduate students from families with incomes up to 55 percent of the state's median, and full tuition grants are restored for state merit scholars with this budget.

College and University Operations

A state general fund operating reduction totaling \$131 million is made to all public higher education institutions. This reduction may be partially offset by higher tuition collected from enrolled students. Higher education institutions are given the management flexibility to determine how to best implement this reduction.

Compensation

The Legislature provided \$10 million from the state general fund for competitive salary adjustments by four-year institutions to recruit and retain key faculty and professional staff. Institutions may supplement this salary pool with tuition funds at their own discretion. Additionally, \$2.5 million from the state general fund is provided to the State Board for Community and Technical Colleges to address salary equity for part-time faculty, as well as \$2.5 million from the state general fund for incremental salary adjustments for full-time faculty. Salary turnover savings may also be used for increments.

Tuition

Governing boards of each institution and the State Board for Community and Technical Colleges will decide the maximum level of tuition for all students, except resident undergraduates, for the next six academic years. This authority is delegated under Chapter 232, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5448), and leaves the decision on resident undergraduate rates to the state operating budget. For the 2003-04 and 2004-05 academic years, the Legislature has granted institutions the authority to increase tuition up to 7 percent each year over rates charged to resident undergraduate students at that institution during the prior academic year.

The authority for public colleges and universities to grant tuition waivers is lowered by \$5.6 million for the second academic year of the 2003-05 biennium. This instructional support either will be replaced with tuition collected from enrolled students, or local funds at the discretion of each institution.

Facility Stewardship

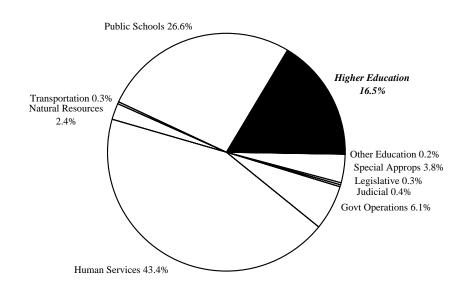
Responding to findings and recommendations of the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee, the Legislature sharpened its focus on building preservation needs for higher education for the 2003-05 biennium. State general funds totaling \$11.4 million are provided for plant operations and maintenance to protect and prolong the life of public facilities; another \$14.5 million increase to the base is provided for this same purpose at maintenance level.

With this budget, \$52.7 million of general fund support for routine maintenance and preventive inspections, mechanical adjustments, and minor work to replace or repair building systems, surfaces, or materials is shifted to the capital budget. Operating appropriations are replaced with non-bond capital funds to sustain levels of investment necessary to keep the current inventory of buildings in "superior" to "good" working condition, until the state chooses to modernize, renovate, or replace them. Through this action, approximately 85 percent of building systems annual expenses once assigned to the state general fund will be newly met with state capital funds.

2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget Total Budgeted Funds

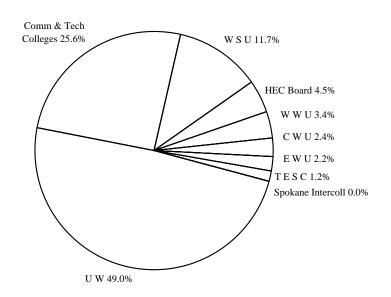
(Dollars in Thousands)

Statewide Total	44,795,758
Special Appropriations	1,690,584
Other Education	99,594
Higher Education	7,400,500
Public Schools	11,906,608
Transportation	123,957
Natural Resources	1,091,562
Human Services	19,457,885
Governmental Operations	2,726,495
Judicial	162,179
Legislative	136,394



Washington State

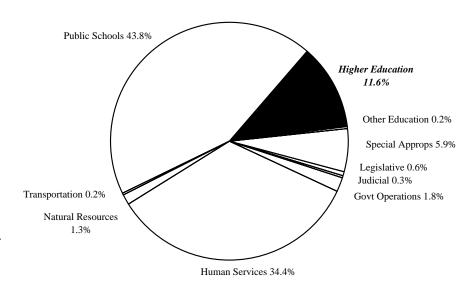
Higher Education	7,400,500
Spokane Intercoll	2,922
The Evergreen State Coll	90,620
Eastern Washington Univ	160,199
Central Washington Univ	181,036
Western Washington Univ	254,158
Higher Ed Coord Bd	329,640
Washington State Univ	864,579
Community/Tech Colleges	1,892,613
Univ of Washington	3,624,733



2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget General Fund-State

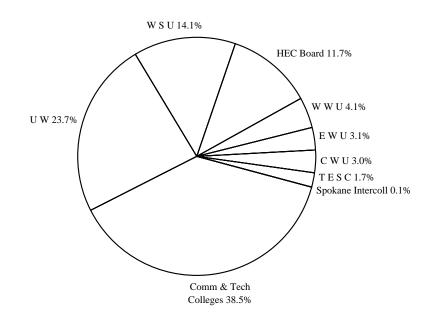
(Dollars in Thousands)

Statewide Total	23,081,381
Special Appropriations	1,370,972
Other Education	39,932
Higher Education	2,667,195
Public Schools	10,104,649
Transportation	48,834
Natural Resources	297,097
Human Services	7,933,222
Governmental Operations	411,360
Judicial	78,492
Legislative	129,628



Washington State

Higher Education	2,667,195
Spokane Intercoll	2,822
The Evergreen State Coll	46,449
Central Washington Univ	81,156
Eastern Washington Univ	83,044
Western Washington Univ	109,182
Higher Ed Coord Bd	312,297
Washington State Univ	375,219
Univ of Washington	631,212
Community/Tech Colleges	1,025,814



Higher Education FTE Student Enrollment History

By Academic Year

	Actual Enrollment				Budg	eted			
	<u>1996-97¹</u>	1997-98 ¹	1998-99 ¹	1999-00 ¹	2000-01 ¹	2001-02 ¹	<u>2002-03¹</u>	2003-04	<u>2004-05</u>
Community & Technical Colleges	118,653	117,925	121,302	125,131	128,093	133,962	139,753	126,070	126,070
General Enrollment (2)	111,129	110,808	114,885	117,623	120,830	124,850	127,604	119,840	119,840
Dislocated Workers (2)	7,524	7,117	6,417	7,508	7,263	9,112	12,149	6,200	6,200
Two-plus-Two (3)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	30
Four-Year Schools	79,435	80,458	81,814	82,734	84,784	87,969	89,511	86,148	86,418
University of Washington	32,858	33,398	33,592	34,058	34,966	36,647	36,963	35,146	35,146
Washington State University	18,594	18,584	19,148	18,983	19,473	19,955	20,311	19,710	19,726
Eastern Washington University	6,945	6,907	7,244	7,712	8,081	8,421	8,700	8,017	8,017
Central Washington University	7,448	7,474	7,471	7,463	7,287	7,672	8,106	7,666	7,666
The Evergreen State College	3,489	3,728	3,822	3,697	3,786	4,009	4,054	3,837	3,837
Western Washington University	10,101	10,367	10,537	10,821	11,191	11,265	11,377	11,126	11,126
Jr-Class Standing Transfers (OFM)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	400	400
High Demand Programs (HECB)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	246	500
HECB Timber Workers (4)	139	148	177	45	48	0	0	0	0
Total Higher Education	198,227	198,531	203,293	207,910	212,925	221,931	229,264	212,218	212,488

- (1) Actual enrollments were greater than budgeted levels in these years. Institutions are permitted to enroll over budgeted levels and to support the additional student FTEs with tuition and fees.
- (2) General Enrollment includes technical college and Distressed Economic Community program enrollments. Since 1997-98, the Community and Technical College System has been authorized to enroll up to 7,200 FTEs in the Dislocated Workers Program. Budgeted levels are corrected going into the 2003-04 academic year to reflect service levels actually supported by the colleges with available funds. The 2003 Legislature appropriated funds to expand access to high demand training which may result in dislocated worker FTEs beyond the 6,200 budgeted service level shown here for the 2003-04 and 2004-05 academic years. The State Board has discretion to assign \$12.6 million of instructional funds to either "general enrollment" or "dislocated worker" categories (or both) for FTE tracking purposes.
- (3) Specific funding has been provided since 2000-01 for Olympic Community College to facilitate the delivery of upper division courses by accredited, four-year guest institutions for 30 FTE students. Because the supporting funds do not generate lower division enrollment, there are no actual FTE to report for the two-year college system.
- (4) Actual Timber Worker enrollments reported for 1996-97 and 1998-99 include Pullman extended degree students. The program itself was allowed to sunset being replaced by a rural community development grant program at the start of the 2001-03 biennium.

Data Source :

Community and Technical College data from the State Board for Community and Technical Colleges.

Four Year Schools and Timber Worker data from the Higher Education Enrollment Report (HEER) from the OFM Forecasting Division.

Higher Education Budgeted Enrollment Increases

By Academic Year

	FTE Student Enrollment					
	Budgeted Level 2002-2003	Increase for 2003-2004	Total Budgeted 2003-2004	Increase for 2004-05	Total Budgeted 2004-2005	
Community & Technical Colleges	128,222	-2,152	126,070	0	126,070	
General Enrollments	119,672	168	119,840	0	119,840	
Dislocated Workers (1)	8,520	-2,320	6,200	0	6,200	
Two-plus-Two	30	0	30	0	30	
Four-Year Schools	85,290	858	86,148	270	86,418	
University of Washington	35,146	0	35,146	0	35,146	
Seattle (2)	32,427	0	32,427	0	32,427	
Bothell (2)	1,235	0	1,235	0	1,235	
Tacoma (2)	1,484	0	1,484	0	1,484	
Washington State University	19,694	16	19,710	16	19,726	
Pullman ⁽²⁾	17,332	16	17,348	16	17,364	
Spokane (2)	593	0	593	0	593	
Tri-Cities (2)	616	0	616	0	616	
Vancouver (2)	1,153	0	1,153	0	1,153	
Eastern Washington University	8,017	0	8,017	0	8,017	
Central Washington University	7,470	196	7,666	0	7,666	
The Evergreen State College	3,837	0	3,837	0	3,837	
Western Washington University	11,126	0	11,126	0	11,126	
High Demand Programs (HECB)	0	246	246	254	500	
Jr-Class Standing Transfers (OFM)	0	400	400	0	400	
Total Higher Education	213,512	-1,294	212,218	270	212,488	

⁽¹⁾ The State Board for Community and Technical Colleges is authorized to enroll up to 8,520 FTEs in the Dislocated Workers Program in academic year 2002-03, and not less than 6,200 FTEs per academic year for the 2003-05 biennium. Also see note (2) on the FTE Student Enrollment History page of this document. Of the reduction shown above, -1,320 FTEs reflects 2002 supplemental funds made available on a one-time basis by the Legislature and -1,000 FTE corrects the budget to reflect actual service expectations when the State Board allocates \$28.7 million annually to the colleges to support seats in training classes and sections of benefit to dislocated workers.

⁽²⁾ Subject to reporting requirements, the research universities may reassign budgeted FTEs from a main campus (Seattle, Pullman) to any of its respective branch campuses at the start of an academic year.

2003-2005 New Tuition and Services and Activities Fee Authority *

	Current Rate	Maximum N	New Rate	
	2002-2003	2003-2004	2004-2005	
Research Universities				
Resident Undergraduate	4,488	4,802	5,138	
Resident Graduate - Business (UW)	8,288	TBD	TBD	
Resident Graduate - Business (WSU)	6,088	TBD	TBD	
Resident Graduate - All Other	6,333	TBD	TBD	
Resident Law	10,049	TBD	TBD	
Resident MD/DDS/DVM	11,148	TBD	TBD	
Nonresident Undergraduate	13,713	TBD	TBD	
Nonresident Graduate - Business (UW)	17,388	TBD	TBD	
Nonresident Graduate - Business (WSU)	14,918	TBD	TBD	
Nonresident Graduate - All Other	15,291	TBD	TBD	
Nonresident Law	17,788	TBD	TBD	
Nonresident MD/DDS/DVM	27,393	TBD	TBD	
Regional Universities				
Resident Undergraduate	3,407	3,645	3,901	
Resident Graduate - Business	5,261	TBD	TBD	
Resident Graduate - All Other	5,261	TBD	TBD	
Nonresident Undergraduate	11,729	TBD	TBD	
Nonresident Graduate - Business	15,917	TBD	TBD	
Nonresident Graduate - All Other	15,917	TBD	TBD	
Community & Technical Colleges				
Resident Undergraduate	1,983	2,121	2,270	
Nonresident Undergraduate	7,191	TBD	TBD	

^{*} These are average tuition and fees rates by sector; individual institutions may vary slightly from these averages. "TBD" reflects rates yet to be determined by the governing boards of the respective institutions. See notes below.

Notes:

The budget grants institutions' governing boards the flexibility to increase tuition rates up to certain limits set out in section 601 of the act. The tuition and fee levels above illustrate the maximum amounts that could be set by institutions where caps exist. Pursuant to Chapter 232, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5448), only undergraduate tuition fees for residents are capped. The maximum annual increase governing boards may adopt for undergraduate study by residents during the 2003-05 biennium is 7 percent. For graduate and non-resident students, institutional governing boards have full discretion to adjust tuition fees as deemed appropriate each academic year through the 2008-09 academic year. Except for resident undergraduates, tuition reductions or increases may be made for all or portions of an institution's programs, campuses, courses, or students. To use state resources efficiently, governing boards are encouraged to adjust full-time operating fees for any student category based upon factors like time of day, day of week, delivery method or campus.

Services and activities (S&A) fees included in the figures above are estimated at the highest levels permissible under tuition statutes. S&A fees are set by institutions' governing boards, and they may be increased from one year to the next by a percentage not to exceed the annual percentage increase in tuition fees for resident undergraduate students. If the institution has dedicated a portion of the S&A fees to repay bonded debt, then that portion of the S&A fees may not be increased.

Community & Technical College System

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total	
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	1,047,641	702,764	1,750,405	
2003-05 Maintenance Level	1,070,702	838,580	1,909,282	
Policy Changes				
1. Waive Less Tuition	-3,553	3,553	0	
2. Job Skills Program	-1,135	2,950	1,815	
3. Pension Reduction Correction	168	0	168	
4. Alliance for Corporate Education	0	250	250	
5. High Demand	12,609	0	12,609	
6. Wine Industry Education Partnership	197	0	197	
7. General Inflation	-2,236	-6,053	-8,289	
8. Initiative 732 COLA	-16,791	0	-16,791	
9. Part-Time Faculty Compensation	2,500	0	2,500	
10. Facility Maintenance and Operations	4,489	0	4,489	
11. Faculty Salary Increments	2,500	0	2,500	
12. Operating Cost Reduction	-44,235	27,519	-16,716	
13. Building Maintenance to Capital	-17,754	0	-17,754	
14. Pension Funding Change	-2,034	0	-2,034	
15. Pipeline to BS-Engineer & Sci-Techn	1,350	0	1,350	
16. Health Benefits	17,095	0	17,095	
17. Revolving Funds	-154	0	-154	
18. Self-Insurance Premiums	2,096	0	2,096	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	1,025,814	866,799	1,892,613	
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	507,960	423,107	931,067	
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	517,854	443,692	961,546	

- 1. Waive Less Tuition Overall tuition waiver activity in FY 2005 is reduced. It is assumed that universities and colleges will replace this general fund reduction with tuition collected from enrolled students. This budget action is exercised pursuant to authority and discretion granted to the Legislature under RCW 28B.15.910. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 2. Job Skills Program Non-general funding is provided to expand the availability of job skills grants during the 2003-05 biennium. The Job Skills Program supports up to half of the total cost of customized training, with participating companies providing a dollar-for-dollar cash or in-kind match. The State Board shall provide an annual report by January 1 of each fiscal year to the Governor and the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the Legislature on the implementation of this appropriation and distribution of state funds by educational sector and region of the state. (General Fund-State, Administrative Contingency Account-State)
- 3. **Pension Reduction Correction** In the 2002 supplemental budget, the pension allotment reduction was calculated on the assumption that all higher education employees are in Department of Retirement System (DRS) plans. However, some higher education employees are in retirement plans that are not managed by DRS. As a result, the reductions for higher

- education institutions were too high. This item restores part of the General Fund-State reduction.
- 4. **Alliance for Corporate Education** One-time funding is provided to seed the creation of a partnership between 17 college districts who have formed an alliance to simplify and provide a single source of contact for corporations seeking to out source job skills training. (Administrative Contingency Account-State)
- 5. **High Demand** Funding is provided solely to expand enrollment in high-demand fields. High-demand fields include health services, viticulture and enology, applied science and engineering, and expansion of worker retraining programs. The State Board will manage a competitive process for awarding high-demand resources.
- 6. Wine Industry Education Partnership Funding is provided for allocation to Walla Walla, Yakima Valley, and Wenatchee college districts for equipment and supply purchases (one-time), student labor, field work, and related travel, as well as orchard program adaptations (one-time) to develop a comprehensive, more expansive viticulture (grape growing) and enology (wine making) higher education program supporting career-path opportunities for Washington residents. The colleges are encouraged to apply for a portion of high-demand enrollments-permanent funding made available on a competitive basis

Community & Technical College System

- through the State Board--to address their respective need for additional instructors or professional staff.
- 7. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 8. **Initiative 732 COLA** Implementation of Initiative 732 cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) increases for selected community and technical college staff are suspended for the 2003-05 biennium. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 9. Part-Time Faculty Compensation Funding is provided to increase the statewide average compensation of part-time faculty at state community and technical colleges. The State Board will report on the distribution of state funds and wage adjustments for part-time faculty to the fiscal and higher education committees of the Legislature by January 30, 2004.
- 10. Facility Maintenance and Operations Funding is provided to maintain existing buildings and preserve related infrastructure during the 2003-05 biennium, as well as for newly-authorized capital projects that expand facility maintenance and operation requirements by adding square footage that is expected to be occupied before June 30, 2005. Funds are also provided to maintain and operate new facilities whose construction was principally financed with local or private funds for which the state provided matching funds through the capital budget.
- 11. **Faculty Salary Increments** Funding is provided for incremental salary adjustments for community and technical college faculty. State general fund appropriations may be used in combination with turnover savings for this purpose.
- 12. **Operating Cost Reduction** A state general fund reduction is made that may be partially offset by increasing tuition rates by 7 percent each academic year for resident undergraduate students. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 13. **Building Maintenance to Capital** Funding for routine maintenance and preventive inspections, mechanical adjustments, and minor work to replace or repair building systems, surfaces, or materials is shifted to the capital budget. This sum will be replaced with non-bond capital funds to sustain levels of investment necessary to keep the current inventory of buildings in "superior" to "good" working condition, until the state chooses to modernize, renovate, or replace them.
- 14. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the

- difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 15. **Pipeline to BS-Engineer & Sci-Techn** Funding is provided for allocation to Clark and Lower Columbia College to enroll and prepare 168 FTE associate degree students for transfer to engineering and applied science-technology degree programs offered by Washington State University in Vancouver. Preparation of students may be accomplished together with other private or border-state accredited post-secondary institutions.
- 16. **Health Benefits** The employer contribution rate is increased from \$482.38 in FY 2003 to \$504.89 in FY 2004 and \$592.30 in FY 2005. At these rates, premium inflation is expected to average 15.5 percent a year and the employee contributions average 16.3 percent of the total premium in both fiscal years. These rates also assume an increase in co-payments from \$10 to \$15 for office visits.
- 17. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 18. **Self-Insurance Premiums** State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the Community and Technical College's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium.

University of Washington

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	679,674	2,245,866	2,925,540
2003-05 Maintenance Level	678,037	3,001,064	3,679,101
Policy Changes			
1. Waive Less Tuition	-1,251	1,251	0
2. Pension Reduction Correction	134	0	134
3. High Demand - Research Match	2,500	0	2,500
4. General Inflation	-3,818	-24,399	-28,217
Recruitment and Retention	4,622	0	4,622
6. Facility Maintenance and Operations	4,777	0	4,777
7. Operating Cost Reduction	-41,927	15,218	-26,709
8. Building Maintenance to Capital	-20,108	0	-20,108
9. Pension Funding Change	-1,076	-10	-1,086
10. Shellfish Biotoxin Monitoring	0	300	300
11. Health Benefits	9,498	153	9,651
12. Revolving Funds	-176	-56	-232
Total 2003-05 Biennium	631,212	2,993,521	3,624,733
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	311,628	1,493,485	1,805,113
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	319,584	1,500,036	1,819,620

- 1. Waive Less Tuition Overall tuition waiver activity in FY 2005 is reduced. It is assumed that universities and colleges will replace this general fund reduction with tuition collected from enrolled students. This budget action is exercised pursuant to authority and discretion granted to the Legislature under RCW 28B.15.910. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 2. **Pension Reduction Correction** In the 2002 supplemental budget, the pension allotment reduction was calculated on the assumption that all higher education employees are in Department of Retirement System (DRS) plans. However, some higher education employees are in retirement plans that are not managed by DRS. As a result, the reductions for higher education institutions were too high. This item restores part of the General Fund-State reduction.
- 3. **High Demand Research Match** Funding is provided as state match to attract or retain federal research grants in high-demand and technologically-advanced fields.
- 4. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- Recruitment and Retention Funding is provided for competitive salary adjustments or offers to attract and retain quality faculty and staff.
- 6. **Facility Maintenance and Operations** Funding is provided to maintain existing buildings and preserve related infrastructure during the 2003-05 biennium.

- 7. **Operating Cost Reduction** A state general fund reduction is made that may be partially offset by increasing tuition rates by 7 percent each academic year for resident undergraduate students. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 8. **Building Maintenance to Capital** Funding for routine maintenance and preventive inspections, mechanical adjustments, and minor work to replace or repair building systems, surfaces, or materials is shifted to the capital budget. This sum will be replaced with non-bond capital funds to sustain levels of investment necessary to keep the current inventory of buildings in "superior" to "good" working condition, until the state chooses to modernize, renovate, or replace them.
- 9. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, Medical Aid Account-State, Accident Account-State)
- 10. Shellfish Biotoxin Monitoring Funding is provided for shellfish biotoxin monitoring by the Olympic Region Harmful Algal Bloom Program of the Olympic Natural Resources Center pursuant to Chapter 263, Laws of 2003 (SSB 6073). (General Fund-Local)

University of Washington

- 11. **Health Benefits** The employer contribution rate is increased from \$482.38 in FY 2003 to \$504.89 in FY 2004 and \$592.30 in FY 2005. At these rates, premium inflation is expected to average 15.5 percent a year and the employee contributions average 16.3 percent of the total premium in both fiscal years. These rates also assume an increase in co-payments from \$10 to \$15 for office visits. (General Fund-State, Medical Aid Account-State, Accident Account-State)
- 12. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Dedicated Local Account-Non-Appropriated)

Washington State University

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	395,169	422,155	817,324
2003-05 Maintenance Level	392,682	482,737	875,419
Policy Changes			
1. Waive Less Tuition	-564	564	0
2. Pension Reduction Correction	74	0	74
3. Veterinary Student Enrollment	1,521	323	1,844
4. Wine Industry Education Partnership	837	150	987
5. General Inflation	-1,313	-3,893	-5,206
6. Recruitment and Retention	2,876	0	2,876
7. Facility Maintenance and Operations	1,236	0	1,236
8. Operating Cost Reduction	-20,678	9,479	-11,199
9. Building Maintenance to Capital	-7,876	0	-7,876
10. Pension Funding Change	-662	0	-662
11. Engineering & Science Institute	1,350	0	1,350
12. Health Benefits	5,833	0	5,833
13. Revolving Funds	-142	0	-142
14. Self-Insurance Premiums	45	0	45
Total 2003-05 Biennium	375,219	489,360	864,579
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	185,265	240,255	425,520
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	189,954	249,105	439,059

- 1. Waive Less Tuition Overall tuition waiver activity in FY 2005 is reduced. It is assumed that universities and colleges will replace this general fund reduction with tuition collected from enrolled students. This budget action is exercised pursuant to authority and discretion granted to the Legislature under RCW 28B.15.910. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 2. **Pension Reduction Correction** In the 2002 supplemental budget, the pension allotment reduction was calculated on the assumption that all higher education employees are in Department of Retirement System (DRS) plans. However, some higher education employees are in retirement plans that are not managed by DRS. As a result, the reductions for higher education institutions were too high. This item restores part of the General Fund-State reduction.
- 3. **Veterinary Student Enrollment** Due to declining participation by Oregon State University, funding is provided to expand the size of the entering professional veterinary medicine class by 16 resident students each academic year during the 2003-05 biennium. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 4. Wine Industry Education Partnership Funding is provided to develop a comprehensive viticulture (grape growing) and enology (wine making) program that supports career path opportunities for Washington residents. Washington State University's (WSU's) share of this \$1 million state investment (also see Agency 699 State Board for Community & Technical Colleges) is primarily for extension field personnel

- and services on an ongoing basis. One-time support of \$477,000 is provided in FY 2004 to serve as a bridge so that WSU may hire and make joint faculty appointments for the benefit of programs in Pullman and the Tri-Cities until permanent funding is secured by a successful application for high-demand instructional support from the Higher Education Coordinating Board. Building funds are appropriated to equip and renovate a Tri-Cities branch campus wet lab. (General Fund-State, Washington State University Capital Projects Account-State)
- 5. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- Recruitment and Retention Funding is provided for competitive salary adjustments or offers to attract and retain quality faculty and staff.
- 7. **Facility Maintenance and Operations** Funding is provided to maintain existing buildings and preserve related infrastructure during the 2003-05 biennium. Additional funds are also provided for newly-authorized capital projects that expand facility maintenance and operation requirements by adding square footage that is expected to be occupied before June 30, 2005.
- 8. **Operating Cost Reduction** A state general fund reduction is made that may be partially offset by increasing tuition rates by 7 percent each academic year for resident undergraduate

Washington State University

- students. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 9. **Building Maintenance to Capital** Funding for routine maintenance and preventive inspections, mechanical adjustments, and minor work to replace or repair building systems, surfaces, or materials is shifted to the capital budget. This sum will be replaced with non-bond capital funds to sustain levels of investment necessary to keep the current inventory of buildings in "superior" to "good" working condition, until the state chooses to modernize, renovate, or replace them.
- 10. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 11. Engineering & Science Institute Operating support is provided to enable WSU-Vancouver, Clark College, and Lower Columbia Community College to execute a regional partnership that will create an Institute for Engineering & Science in southwest Washington. Additional resources have been appropriated to the State Board for Community and Technical Colleges (see Agency 699) to prepare 168 FTE associate degree students for eventual transfer completion of baccalaureate degree programs in applied science, technology, and engineering.
- 12. **Health Benefits** The employer contribution rate is increased from \$482.38 in FY 2003 to \$504.89 in FY 2004 and \$592.30 in FY 2005. At these rates, premium inflation is expected to average 15.5 percent a year and the employee contributions average 16.3 percent of the total premium in both fiscal years. These rates also assume an increase in co-payments from \$10 to \$15 for office visits.
- 13. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 14. **Self-Insurance Premiums** State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the University's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium.

Eastern Washington University

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	89,241	73,488	162,729
2003-05 Maintenance Level	88,103	73,969	162,072
Policy Changes			
1. Waive Less Tuition	-85	85	0
2. Pension Reduction Correction	18	0	18
3. General Inflation	-207	-481	-688
4. Recruitment and Retention	751	0	751
Facility Maintenance and Operations	318	0	318
6. Operating Cost Reduction	-6,006	3,582	-2,424
7. Building Maintenance to Capital	-1,726	0	-1,726
8. Pension Funding Change	-154	0	-154
9. Health Benefits	1,438	0	1,438
10. Revolving Funds	-22	0	-22
11. Self-Insurance Premiums	616	0	616
Total 2003-05 Biennium	83,044	77,155	160,199
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	40,861	37,140	78,001
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	42,183	40,015	82,198

Comments:

Agency 370

- Waive Less Tuition Overall tuition waiver activity in FY 2005 is reduced. It is assumed that universities and colleges will replace this general fund reduction with tuition collected from enrolled students. This budget action is exercised pursuant to authority and discretion granted to the Legislature under RCW 28B.15.910. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 2. **Pension Reduction Correction** In the 2002 supplemental budget, the pension allotment reduction was calculated on the assumption that all higher education employees are in Department of Retirement System (DRS) plans. However, some higher education employees are in retirement plans that are not managed by DRS. As a result, the reductions for higher education institutions were too high. This item restores part of the General Fund-State reduction.
- 3. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 4. **Recruitment and Retention** Funding is provided for competitive salary adjustments or offers to attract and retain quality faculty and staff.
- 5. Facility Maintenance and Operations Funding is provided to maintain existing buildings and preserve related infrastructure during the 2003-05 biennium. Additional funds are also provided for newly-authorized capital projects that expand facility maintenance and operation requirements by adding square footage that is expected to be occupied before June 30, 2005.

- 6. Operating Cost Reduction A state general fund reduction is made that may be partially offset by increasing tuition rates by 7 percent each academic year for resident undergraduate students. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 7. **Building Maintenance to Capital** Funding for routine maintenance and preventive inspections, mechanical adjustments, and minor work to replace or repair building systems, surfaces, or materials is shifted to the capital budget. This sum will be replaced with non-bond capital funds to sustain levels of investment necessary to keep the current inventory of buildings in "superior" to "good" working condition, until the state chooses to modernize, renovate, or replace them.
- 8. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 9. **Health Benefits** The employer contribution rate is increased from \$482.38 in FY 2003 to \$504.89 in FY 2004 and \$592.30 in FY 2005. At these rates, premium inflation is expected to average 15.5 percent a year and the employee contributions average 16.3 percent of the total premium in both fiscal years. These rates also assume an increase in co-payments from \$10 to \$15 for office visits.

Eastern Washington University

- 10. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 11. **Self-Insurance Premiums** State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the University's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium.

Central Washington University

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	85,572	89,577	175,149
2003-05 Maintenance Level	83,837	96,596	180,433
Policy Changes			
1. Waive Less Tuition	-53	53	0
2. Pension Reduction Correction	16	0	16
3. General Inflation	-29	-551	-580
4. Recruitment and Retention	624	0	624
5. Facility Maintenance and Operations	67	0	67
6. Operating Cost Reduction	-5,390	3,782	-1,608
7. Building Maintenance to Capital	-1,886	0	-1,886
8. Enrollment Stabilization & Recovery	2,100	0	2,100
9. Pension Funding Change	-120	0	-120
10. Health Benefits	1,568	0	1,568
11. Revolving Funds	-50	0	-50
12. Self-Insurance Premiums	472	0	472
Total 2003-05 Biennium	81,156	99,880	181,036
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	39,765	48,584	88,349
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	41,391	51,296	92,687

- Waive Less Tuition Overall tuition waiver activity in FY 2005 is reduced. It is assumed that universities and colleges will replace this general fund reduction with tuition collected from enrolled students. This budget action is exercised pursuant to authority and discretion granted to the Legislature under RCW 28B.15.910. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 2. **Pension Reduction Correction** In the 2002 supplemental budget, the pension allotment reduction was calculated on the assumption that all higher education employees are in Department of Retirement System (DRS) plans. However, some higher education employees are in retirement plans that are not managed by DRS. As a result, the reductions for higher education institutions were too high. This item restores part of the General Fund-State reduction.
- 3. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, various other funds)
- 4. **Recruitment and Retention** Funding is provided for competitive salary adjustments or offers to attract and retain quality faculty and staff.
- 5. **Facility Maintenance and Operations** Funding is provided to maintain existing buildings and preserve related infrastructure during the 2003-05 biennium.
- 6. **Operating Cost Reduction** A state general fund reduction is made that may be partially offset by increasing tuition rates by 7 percent each academic year for resident undergraduate

- students. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 7. **Building Maintenance to Capital** Funding for routine maintenance and preventive inspections, mechanical adjustments, and minor work to replace or repair building systems, surfaces, or materials is shifted to the capital budget. This sum will be replaced with non-bond capital funds to sustain levels of investment necessary to keep the current inventory of buildings in "superior" to "good" working condition, until the state chooses to modernize, renovate, or replace them.
- 8. Enrollment Stabilization & Recovery Funding is provided to partially restore state funded full-time equivalent (FTE) students that were deducted from the budgeted base in 2001, because enrollment has been fully recovered. This funding will provide for 196 additional FTE students during the 2003-05 biennium.
- 9. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 10. **Health Benefits** The employer contribution rate is increased from \$482.38 in FY 2003 to \$504.89 in FY 2004 and \$592.30 in FY 2005. At these rates, premium inflation is expected to

Central Washington University

average 15.5 percent a year and the employee contributions average 16.3 percent of the total premium in both fiscal years. These rates also assume an increase in co-payments from \$10 to \$15 for office visits.

- 11. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 12. **Self-Insurance Premiums** State agencies pay an annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the University's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium.

The Evergreen State College

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	49,513	39,311	88,824
2003-05 Maintenance Level	49,767	42,948	92,715
Policy Changes			
1. Waive Less Tuition	-33	33	0
2. Pension Reduction Correction	8	0	8
3. General Inflation	0	-356	-356
4. Recruitment and Retention	376	0	376
5. Facility Maintenance and Operations	260	0	260
6. Operating Cost Reduction	-4,389	1,546	-2,843
7. Building Maintenance to Capital	-584	0	-584
8. Pension Funding Change	-109	0	-109
9. Charter Schools Study	50	0	50
10. Juvenile Offender Sentencing	26	0	26
11. Standards for Release of Offenders	24	0	24
12. WSIPP Youth Intervention Study	110	0	110
13. Prison Capacity Study	100	0	100
14. Health Benefits	907	0	907
15. Revolving Funds	-14	0	-14
16. Lapse - 2ESSB 5012	-50	0	-50
Total 2003-05 Biennium	46,449	44,171	90,620
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	22,856	21,799	44,655
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	23,593	22,372	45,965

- Waive Less Tuition Overall tuition waiver activity in FY 2005 is reduced. It is assumed that universities and colleges will replace this general fund reduction with tuition collected from enrolled students. This budget action is exercised pursuant to authority and discretion granted to the Legislature under RCW 28B.15.910. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 2. Pension Reduction Correction In the 2002 supplemental budget, the pension allotment reduction was calculated on the assumption that all higher education employees are in Department of Retirement System (DRS) plans. However, some higher education employees are in retirement plans that are not managed by DRS. As a result, the reductions for higher education institutions were too high. This item restores part of the General Fund-State reduction.
- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (Various funds)
- 4. **Recruitment and Retention** Funding is provided for competitive salary adjustments or offers to attract and retain quality faculty and staff.
- 5. **Facility Maintenance and Operations** Funding is provided to maintain existing buildings and preserve related infrastructure during the 2003-05 biennium.

- 6. Operating Cost Reduction A state general fund reduction is made that may be partially offset by increasing tuition rates by 7 percent each academic year for resident undergraduate students. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 7. **Building Maintenance to Capital** Funding for routine maintenance and preventive inspections, mechanical adjustments, and minor work to replace or repair building systems, surfaces, or materials is shifted to the capital budget. This sum will be replaced with non-bond capital funds to sustain levels of investment necessary to keep the current inventory of buildings in "superior" to "good" working condition, until the state chooses to modernize, renovate, or replace them.
- 8. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 9. **Charter Schools Study** Funding is provided for the implementation of 2ESSB 5012 (Charter Schools) which provides for the establishment of a limited number of charter

The Evergreen State College

schools. Specifically, the Washington State Institute for Public Policy (WSIPP) was directed to conduct an evaluation of the process used to establish charter schools, as well as outcomes. Because the bill was not enacted by June 30, 2003, the appropriation lapsed. See item 16.

- 10. **Juvenile Offender Sentencing** Funding is provided for WSIPP to develop adherence and outcome standards for measuring the effectiveness of treatment programs referred to in Chapter 378, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESSB 5903). The Institute shall present its conclusions and recommend standards to the Governor and Legislature by no later than January 1, 2004.
- 11. **Standards for Release of Offenders** Funding is provided for WSIPP to study the results of the changes in "earned release" under Chapter 379, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5990). The study shall determine whether the new policy affects the rate of recidivism or the type of offenses committed by persons whose release dates were affected by the new law. The Institute shall report its findings to the Governor and appropriate legislative committees by no later than December 1, 2008.
- 12. **WSIPP Youth Intervention Study** Funding is provided for WSIPP to review research assessing the effectiveness of prevention and early intervention programs concerning children and youth, including programs designed to reduce the at-risk behaviors for children and youth identified in RCW 70.190.010(4).
- 13. **Prison Capacity Study** Funding is provided for WSIPP to conduct a study of the relationship between prison overcrowding and construction and the current state criminal sentencing structure. The Institute will present preliminary findings to the Governor and to the Legislature by December 15, 2003, and a final report by March 15, 2004.
- 14. **Health Benefits** The employer contribution rate is increased from \$482.38 in FY 2003 to \$504.89 in FY 2004 and \$592.30 in FY 2005. At these rates, premium inflation is expected to average 15.5 percent a year and the employee contributions average 16.3 percent of the total premium in both fiscal years. These rates also assume an increase in co-payments from \$10 to \$15 for office visits.
- 15. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- 16. **Lapse 2ESSB 5012** Funding was provided to evaluate the process used to establish charter schools and related outcomes contingent upon enactment of 2ESSB 5012 (Charter Schools) by June 30, 2003. Because the bill was not passed by the Legislature, the appropriation lapsed.

Western Washington University

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	117,700	117,770	235,470
2003-05 Maintenance Level	117,852	140,221	258,073
Policy Changes			
1. Waive Less Tuition	-107	107	0
2. Pension Reduction Correction	22	0	22
3. General Inflation	0	-949	-949
4. Recruitment and Retention	751	0	751
5. Facility Maintenance and Operations	272	0	272
6. Operating Cost Reduction	-8,389	5,597	-2,792
7. Building Maintenance to Capital	-2,814	0	-2,814
8. Pension Funding Change	-225	0	-225
9. Health Benefits	1,852	0	1,852
10. Revolving Funds	-32	0	-32
Total 2003-05 Biennium	109,182	144,976	254,158
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	53,645	71,157	124,802
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	55,537	73,819	129,356

- Waive Less Tuition Overall tuition waiver activity in FY 2005 is reduced. It is assumed that universities and colleges will replace this general fund reduction with tuition collected from enrolled students. This budget action is exercised pursuant to authority and discretion granted to the Legislature under RCW 28B.15.910. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 2. Pension Reduction Correction In the 2002 supplemental budget, the pension allotment reduction was calculated on the assumption that all higher education employees are in Department of Retirement System (DRS) plans. However, some higher education employees are in retirement plans that are not managed by DRS. As a result, the reductions for higher education institutions were too high. This item restores part of the General Fund-State reduction.
- 3. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (Various funds)
- 4. **Recruitment and Retention** Funding is provided for competitive salary adjustments or offers to attract and retain quality faculty and staff.
- 5. Facility Maintenance and Operations Funding is provided to maintain existing buildings and preserve related infrastructure during the 2003-05 biennium. Additional funds are also provided for newly-authorized capital projects that expand facility maintenance and operation requirements by adding square footage that is expected to be occupied before June 30, 2005.
- 6. **Operating Cost Reduction** A state general fund reduction is made that may be partially offset by increasing tuition rates by 7 percent each academic year for resident undergraduate

- students. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Operating Fees Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 7. **Building Maintenance to Capital** Funding for routine maintenance and preventive inspections, mechanical adjustments, and minor work to replace or repair building systems, surfaces, or materials is shifted to the capital budget. This sum will be replaced with non-bond capital funds to sustain levels of investment necessary to keep the current inventory of buildings in "superior" to "good" working condition, until the state chooses to modernize, renovate, or replace them.
- 8. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 9. **Health Benefits** The employer contribution rate is increased from \$482.38 in FY 2003 to \$504.89 in FY 2004 and \$592.30 in FY 2005. At these rates, premium inflation is expected to average 15.5 percent a year and the employee contributions average 16.3 percent of the total premium in both fiscal years. These rates also assume an increase in co-payments from \$10 to \$15 for office visits.
- 10. Revolving Funds Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

Higher Education Coordinating Board

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	264,158	15,785	279,943
2003 Supplemental *	-29	0	-29
Total 2001-03 Biennium	264,129	15,785	279,914
2003-05 Maintenance Level	276,037	17,357	293,394
Policy Changes			
Jefferson County Pilot Project	350	0	350
2. State Need Grant Increase	26,145	0	26,145
3. Washington Scholars	1,286	0	1,286
4. Washington Award for Voc Excellence	489	0	489
5. Reduction	-232	0	-232
6. High Demand Enrollments	8,275	0	8,275
7. Pension Funding Change	-43	-14	-57
8. Revolving Funds	-10	0	-10
Total 2003-05 Biennium	312,297	17,343	329,640
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	150,169	8,454	158,623
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	162,128	8,889	171,017

- 1. **Jefferson County Pilot Project** Continued funding is provided for a demonstration project to increase opportunities and participation in post-secondary education in rural areas of Jefferson County.
- 2. **State Need Grant Increase** Funding is provided for new state budgeted, full-time equivalent (FTE) student enrollments and to keep pace with tuition increases that state universities and colleges may adopt under limits proposed for undergraduate study during the 2003-05 biennium. The effective income cutoff for need grants is 55 percent of the state's median family income.
- 3. **Washington Scholars** Funding is provided to support increased use of state merit awards (24 each year) by students at Washington higher education institutions (\$259,000) and to restore awards to full tuition and fee scholarships (\$1,027,000) for all recipients.
- 4. **Washington Award for Voc Excellence** Funding is provided to support increased use of excellence awards in vocational arts by students enrolling at Washington higher education institutions (\$76,000) and to restore awards to full tuition and fee scholarships (\$413,000) for all recipients.
- 5. **Reduction** The policy and coordination function within the Higher Education Coordinating Board is reduced.
- 6. High Demand Enrollments The Board will manage a competitive process to award 500 FTE student enrollments in high-demand fields. Public baccalaureate institutions are eligible to apply for funding and may submit proposals that include cooperative partnerships with private institutions. State funds are budgeted at an average rate of \$11,000 per FTE for instruction. Enrollment contracts will be awarded principally

- to prepare undergraduates for careers in nursing and other health services, applied science and engineering, teaching and speech pathology, computing and information technology, and viticulture (grape growing) and enology (wine making).
- 7. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, Advanced College Tuition Payment Program Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 8. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Spokane Intercollegiate Research & Technology Inst

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	2,896	1,327	4,223
2003-05 Maintenance Level	2,835	102	2,937
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-21	-2	-23
2. Pension Funding Change	-14	0	-14
3. Health Benefits	24	0	24
4. Revolving Funds	-2	0	-2
Total 2003-05 Biennium	2,822	100	2,922
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	1,403	50	1,453
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	1,419	50	1,469

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, Institutions of Higher Education Dedicated Local Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 3. **Health Benefits** The employer contribution rate is increased from \$482.38 in FY 2003 to \$504.89 in FY 2004 and \$592.30 in FY 2005. At these rates, premium inflation is expected to average 15.5 percent a year and the employee contributions average 16.3 percent of the total premium in both fiscal years. These rates also assume an increase in co-payments from \$10 to \$15 for office visits.
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.

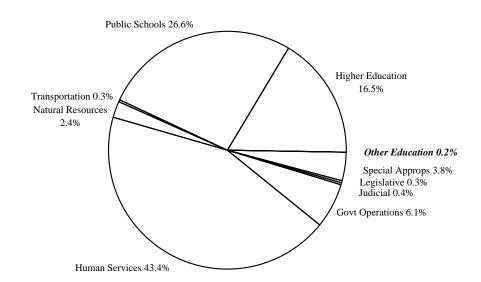
Other Education

Appropriations for the 2003-05 biennium for the state's other education agencies, provide carryforward funding for the statutory and constitutional duties of these agencies. In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs commensurate with other state agencies.

2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget Total Budgeted Funds

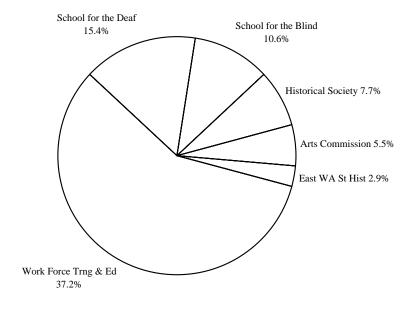
(Dollars in Thousands)

Statewide Total	44,795,758
Special Appropriations	1,690,584
Other Education	99,594
Higher Education	7,400,500
Public Schools	11,906,608
Transportation	123,957
Natural Resources	1,091,562
Human Services	19,457,885
Governmental Operations	2,726,495
Judicial	162,179
Legislative	136,394



Washington State

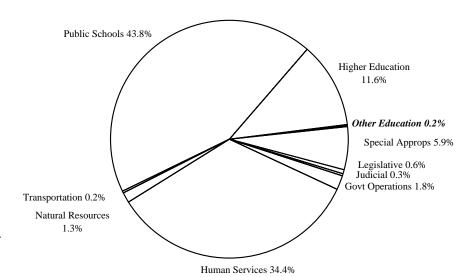
Other Education	99,594
East WA State Hist Society	2,891
State Arts Comm	5,526
State Hist Society	7,647
School for the Blind	10,590
School for the Deaf	15,369
Work Force Trng & Ed	57,571



2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget General Fund-State

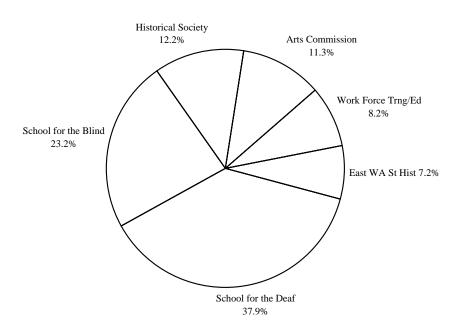
(Dollars in Thousands)

Statewide Total	23,081,381
Special Appropriations	1,370,972
Other Education	39,932
Higher Education	2,667,195
Public Schools	10,104,649
Transportation	48,834
Natural Resources	297,097
Human Services	7,933,222
Governmental Operations	411,360
Judicial	78,492
Legislative	129,628



Washington State

4,500 3,282 2,891
4,500
,
4,867
9,255
15,137



Work Force Training & Education Coordinating Board

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	3,395	45,486	48,881
2003 Supplemental *	-4	0	-4
Total 2001-03 Biennium	3,391	45,486	48,877
2003-05 Maintenance Level	3,375	54,319	57,694
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-21	-6	-27
2. Pension Funding Change	-14	-8	-22
3. Revolving Funds	6	2	8
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-64	-18	-82
Total 2003-05 Biennium	3,282	54,289	57,571
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	1,662	25,590	27,252
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	1,620	28,699	30,319

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 2. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Washington State Arts Commission

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	5,661	1,003	6,664
2003-05 Maintenance Level	5,654	1,028	6,682
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-14	-2	-16
2. Program Reductions	-1,080	0	-1,080
3. Pension Funding Change	-14	0	-14
4. Revolving Funds	10	0	10
5. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-56	0	-56
Total 2003-05 Biennium	4,500	1,026	5,526
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	2,247	417	2,664
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	2,253	609	2,862

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 2. Program Reductions The Commission's budget is reduced by 19 percent from maintenance level as a general activity cut. The Commission shall use its managerial discretion to reduce spending in those areas that will have the least impact on implementing its mission.
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 4. Revolving Funds Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

Washington State Historical Society

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	5,934	1,560	7,494
2003 Supplemental *	-83	0	-83
Total 2001-03 Biennium	5,851	1,560	7,411
2003-05 Maintenance Level	5,682	2,583	8,265
Policy Changes			
1. Lewis & Clark	20	0	20
2. General Inflation	-45	-31	-76
3. Program/Activity Reductions	-560	230	-330
4. Pension Funding Change	-26	-4	-30
5. Revolving Funds	8	2	10
6. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-212	0	-212
Total 2003-05 Biennium	4,867	2,780	7,647
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	2,400	890	3,290
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	2,467	1,890	4,357

Comments:

- 1. **Lewis & Clark** Funding is provided to support Washington's advisory committee in preparations for inaugural events, celebrating the 200th anniversary of the Lewis and Clark Expedition from January 2003 through the early fall of 2006.
- 2. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, Local Museum Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 3. **Program/Activity Reductions** State general fund support for the Historical Society's budget is reduced by 10 percent from maintenance level as a general activity cut. The Historical Society shall use its managerial discretion to reduce spending in those areas that will have the least impact on implementing its mission. (General Fund-State, Local Museum Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 4. Pension Funding Change Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005. (General Fund-State, Local Museum Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 5. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (General Fund-State, Local Museum Account-Non-Appropriated)

6. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** - In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Eastern Washington State Historical Society

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	3,163	0	3,163
2003 Supplemental *	-42	0	-42
Total 2001-03 Biennium	3,121	0	3,121
2003-05 Maintenance Level	3,311	0	3,311
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-25	0	-25
2. Program Reductions	-291	0	-291
3. Pension Funding Change	-16	0	-16
4. Revolving Funds	12	0	12
5. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-100	0	-100
Total 2003-05 Biennium	2,891	0	2,891
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	1,430	0	1,430
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	1,461	0	1,461

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions.
- 2. **Program Reductions** The Historical Society's budget is reduced by 9 percent from maintenance level as a general activity cut. The Historical Society shall use its managerial discretion to reduce spending in those areas that will have the least impact on implementing its mission.
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

State School for the Blind

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	9,174	1,254	10,428
2003-05 Maintenance Level	9,587	1,335	10,922
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-54	0	-54
2. Initiative 732 COLA	-92	0	-92
3. Pension Funding Change	-63	0	-63
4. Revolving Funds	14	0	14
5. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-137	0	-137
Total 2003-05 Biennium	9,255	1,335	10,590
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	4,614	667	5,281
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	4,641	668	5,309

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions.
- 2. **Initiative 732 COLA** The salary increases provided by Initiative 732 are suspended for the 2003-04 and 2004-05 school years, consistent with Chapter 20, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s. (SB 6059 Teachers' Cost-of-Living Adjustments [COLAs]).
- 3. **Pension Funding Change** Savings are achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System, and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The new method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially-assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions will be made toward the unfunded liabilities in the PERS and TRS Plans 1 during FY 2004 and FY 2005.
- 4. Revolving Funds Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services.
- Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs.



State School for the Deaf

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	15,146	232	15,378
2003 Supplemental *	-53	0	-53
Total 2001-03 Biennium	15,093	232	15,325
2003-05 Maintenance Level	15,586	0	15,586
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-83	0	-83
2. Initiative 732 COLA	-101	0	-101
3. Outreach Services	0	232	232
4. Pension Funding Change	-86	0	-86
5. Revolving Funds	18	0	18
6. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-197	0	-197
Total 2003-05 Biennium	15,137	232	15,369
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	7,578	116	7,694
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	7,559	116	7,675

Special Appropriations

Extraordinary Criminal Justice

The costs of investigating and prosecuting the "Green River murders" accounted for more than half the costs of King County's 18 aggravated murder cases in 2002. As a result, the Legislature appropriated \$766,000 to King County to assist in defraying extraordinary criminal justice costs incurred in the adjudication of aggravated murder cases.

Legislative Liaisons

The Legislature prohibits state agencies and institutions from spending any funds appropriated in the operating budget to employ legislative liaisons or contract for legislative liaisons. Independently elected statewide officials are permitted to employ one legislative liaison during the biennium. The Legislature directs the Office of Financial Management (OFM) to reduce allotments for agencies by \$3.257 million from general fund appropriations to reflect the savings. *The Governor vetoed this item*.

Travel, Equipment, and Contracts

In the operating budget, the Legislature directs OFM to reduce allotments for all agencies for equipment, travel, and management and organization personal services contracts by \$20 million from general fund appropriations. *The Governor vetoed this item.*

Backfill for Cities and Counties

In the operating budget, the Legislature continues to replace a portion of the Motor Vehicle Excise Tax (MVET) funding for local governments and local public health districts eliminated as a result of the passage of Initiative 695 in 1999. Local public health districts are appropriated \$24 million per year from the Health Services Account. Cities and counties are each appropriated \$5 million of federal funds in fiscal year 2004.

Expand Junior-Level Transfer Student Enrollment

The operating budget appropriates \$6.3 million to be allocated to public baccalaureate institutions to expand state-supported college access by 400 full-time equivalent student enrollments. With this funding, the Legislature intends to assist qualified residents seeking to transfer with an associate degree or credits sufficient to enter degree programs with junior-class standing.

Health Benefits

A total of \$127 million (\$85 million General Fund-State) is provided to cover the increased cost of medical, dental, life, and disability insurance benefits provided to state agency and higher education employees and retirees.

The budget anticipates that the total cost of medical insurance purchased on behalf of current employees will increase by an average of 15.5 percent per year next biennium. The state's cost for that increase is partially offset by requiring employees to pay an average of 16 percent of the cost of their medical insurance, compared to an average of 14 percent now, and increasing the co-payments for medical office visits to \$15, from \$10 now. Dental insurance and basic levels of life and disability insurance will continue to be provided at no cost to the employee. With the increases in state funding, the average monthly employee contribution is expected to increase from \$72.38 in calendar year 2003 to \$96.43 in calendar year 2004 and \$110.58 in calendar year 2005.

The cost of supplemental medical insurance for retirees enrolled in Medicare is expected to increase by approximately 13.9 percent per year. The monthly retiree subsidy is increased so that, on average, the state will continue to cover approximately 44 percent of the cost of supplemental insurance for Medicare-eligible retirees.

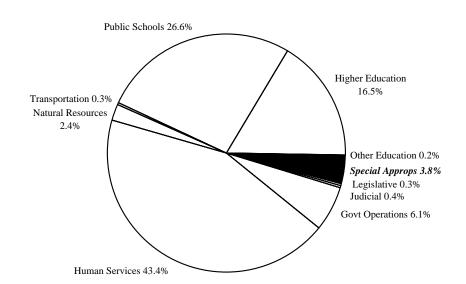
Pension Funding Method Change

A savings of \$87.7 million General Fund-State is achieved by adopting a new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets for the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), the School Employees' Retirement System (SERS), and the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). The method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially assumed rate of investment return. In addition, no contributions are made towards the unfunded liabilities in PERS and TRS Plan 1 during the biennium.

2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget Total Budgeted Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

Special Appropriations Statewide Total	1,690,584
Other Education	99,594
Higher Education	7,400,500
Public Schools	11,906,608
Transportation	123,957
Natural Resources	1,091,562
Human Services	19,457,885
Governmental Operations	2,726,495
Judicial	162,179
Legislative	136,394



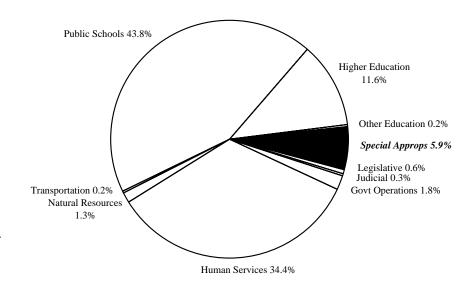
Washington State

Bond Retire/Int	1,439,607		
St Employ Comp Adj	89,733		
Special Approps to Governor	81,015		/
Retirement Contributions	55,170		
Other Legislation	24,676		
Sundry Claims	383	Bond Retire/Int 85.2%	
Special Appropriations	1,690,584	Bond Rethe/Int 03.2/0	\

2003-05 Washington State Operating Budget General Fund-State

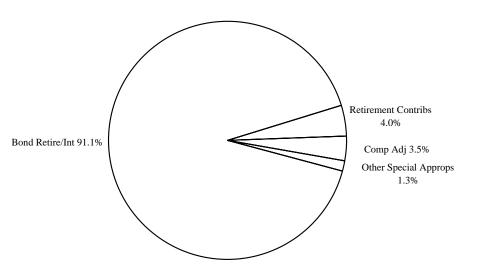
(Dollars in Thousands)

Statewide Total	23,081,381
Special Appropriations	1,370,972
Other Education	39,932
Higher Education	2,667,195
Public Schools	10,104,649
Transportation	48,834
Natural Resources	297,097
Human Services	7,933,222
Governmental Operations	411,360
Judicial	78,492
Legislative	129,628



Washington State

Special Appropriations	1,370,972
Other Special Approps	18,267
St Employ Comp Adj	48,284
Retirement Contributions	55,170
Bond Retire/Int	1,249,251



Bond Retirement and Interest

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	1,251,110	181,470	1,432,580
2003 Supplemental *	-40,040	-9,598	-49,638
Total 2001-03 Biennium	1,211,070	171,872	1,382,942
2003-05 Maintenance Level	1,227,608	186,245	1,413,853
Policy Changes			
1. General Inflation	-18	-112	-130
2. New Debt 2003-05 Capital Budget	21,661	4,223	25,884
Total 2003-05 Biennium	1,249,251	190,356	1,439,607
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	597,106	106,374	703,480
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	652,145	83,982	736,127

Comments:

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their missions. (General Fund-State, State Building Construction Account-State)
- 2. New Debt 2003-05 Capital Budget Debt service and bond sale expenses will be incurred for new debt issued to fund the 2003-05 capital budget. (General Fund-State, State Building Construction Account-State, State Taxable Building Construction Account-State)

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the omnibus appropriations act. The remainder of the Bond Retirement & Interest's budget is shown in the Transportation Budget Section of this document.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Contributions to Retirement Systems

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	44,145	0	44,145
2003 Supplemental *	232	0	232
Total 2001-03 Biennium	44,377	0	44,377
2003-05 Maintenance Level	55,170	0	55,170
Total 2003-05 Biennium	55,170	0	55,170
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	27,756	0	27,756
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	27,414	0	27,414

Comments:

There were no policy level changes.

 $[\]mbox{\ensuremath{^{\ast}}}$ Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Sundry Claims

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	274	5	279
2003 Supplemental *	490	16	506
Total 2001-03 Biennium	764	21	785
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	0	0
Policy Changes			
1. Deer and Elk Damage Claims	0	365	365
2. Self-Defense Claims	18	0	18
Total 2003-05 Biennium	18	365	383
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	18	365	383
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	0	0	0

- Deer and Elk Damage Claims On the recommendation of the State Office of Risk Management, payment is made under RCW 77.12.280 for claims for damages to agricultural crops by wildlife. (Wildlife Account-State)
- Self-Defense Claims On the recommendation of the State
 Office of Risk Management, payment is made under RCW
 9A.16.110 for claims for reimbursement of legal costs and
 other expenses of criminal defendants acquitted on the basis of
 self defense.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

Special Appropriations to the Governor

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	107,369	97,404	204,773
2003 Supplemental *	4,000	0	4,000
Total 2001-03 Biennium	111,369	97,404	208,773
2003-05 Maintenance Level	22,636	52,000	74,636
Policy Changes			
1. Liability Account	-10,638	0	-10,638
2. Extraordinary Crim Justice Costs	0	766	766
3. Legislative Liaisons	-3,257	0	-3,257
4. Travel, Equipment, Contracts	-20,000	0	-20,000
I-695 Backfill for Counties	0	5,000	5,000
6. I-695 Backfill for Cities	0	5,000	5,000
7. Higher Education Enrollments	6,251	0	6,251
8. Governor Veto	23,257	0	23,257
Total 2003-05 Biennium	18,249	62,766	81,015
Fiscal Year 2004 Total	9,124	34,766	43,890
Fiscal Year 2005 Total	9,125	28,000	37,125

Comments:

- Liability Account Savings are projected in the state general fund based on historical patterns in tort claims, settlements, and judgments.
- 2. Extraordinary Crim Justice Costs Funding is provided for assistance to King County for extraordinary criminal justice costs incurred in the adjudication of aggravated murder cases. (Public Safety and Education Account-State)
- 3. **Legislative Liaisons** Funding is reduced for state agency legislative liaisons. *The Governor vetoed this item. See item* 8.
- 4. **Travel, Equipment, Contracts** Funding is reduced resulting from an across-the-board reduction in travel, equipment, and personal service contract expenditures. *The Governor vetoed this item. See item 8.*
- 5. **I-695 Backfill for Counties** Funding is provided for distribution to specified counties to mitigate the loss of local revenue following the passage of Initiative 695. (General Fund-Federal)
- 6. **I-695 Backfill for Cities** Funding is provided for distribution to cities to mitigate the loss of local revenue following the passage of Initiative 695. (General Fund-Federal)
- 7. **Higher Education Enrollments** Funds are provided to support 400 full-time equivalent resident transfer students entering public baccalaureate institutions with junior-class standing beginning with the 2003-04 academic year.
- 8. **Governor Veto** The Governor vetoed Sections 717 and 724 of Chapter 25, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto (ESSB 5404), which reduced state general fund spending for agency

legislative liaisons and for travel, equipment, and personal service contract expenditures.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget Section for additional information.

State Employee Compensation Adjustments

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	103,943	93,548	197,491
2003-05 Maintenance Level	1,162	217	1,379
Policy Changes			
1. Health Benefits	47,122	41,232	88,354
Total 2003-05 Biennium	48,284	41,449	89,733
Fiscal Year 2004 Total Fiscal Year 2005 Total	8,821 39,463	7,361 34,088	16,182 73,551

Comments:

1. **Health Benefits** - A total of \$135 million (\$85 million General Fund-State) is provided to cover the increased cost of medical, dental, life, and disability insurance benefits provided on behalf of state and higher education employees and retirees. This item represents the share of that total increase associated with state agency employees and retirees. The increase for higher education employees and retirees is allocated in the higher education sections of the budget.

The budget anticipates that the total cost of medical insurance purchased on behalf of current employees will increase by an average of 15.5 percent per year next biennium. The state's cost for that increase is partially offset by: (1) requiring employees to pay an average of 16.3 percent of the cost of their medical insurance, compared to an average of 14 percent now; and (2) increasing co-payments for medical office visits to \$15, from \$10 now. Dental insurance and basic levels of life and disability insurance will continue to be provided at no cost to the employee.

The cost of supplemental medical insurance for retirees enrolled in Medicare is expected to increase by approximately 13.9 percent per year. The budget provides for the same rate of increase in the monthly retiree subsidy so that, on average, the state will continue to cover approximately 44 percent of the cost of supplemental insurance for Medicare-eligible retirees. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, General Fund-Local, other funds)

2003 Supplemental Omnibus Operating Budget

2001-03 Estimated Revenues and Expenditures General Fund-State

(Dollars in Millions)

Resources		
Beginning Fund Balance	599.1	
March 2003 Revenue Forecast	21,163.0	
Fund Transfers to General Fund	289.0	
Tobacco Securitization	450.0	
Transfer from Emergency Reserve Fund	325.0	
Changes in Reserves and Other Adjustments	55.7	
Total Resources (Revenue/Fund Balance)	22,881.8	
Appropriations		
Biennial Appropriation *	22,451.5	
2003 Supplemental and Adjustments to FY 2003 in 2003-05 Budget	130.9	
Spending Level	22,582.4	
Unrestricted General Fund Balance		
Projected Ending Fund Balance	299.3	
Emergency Reserve Fund		
Beginning Fund Balance	462.1	
Actual/Estimated Interest Earnings	15.5	
Transfers and Appropriations	(420.0)	
Projected Ending Fund Balance	57.6	

^{*} Not shown above are federal assistance funds appropriated to states pursuant to Public Law (PL) 108-27. Washington expects to receive a total of \$400.5 million from this source, \$390.5 million of which was appropriated in the 2001-03 biennium.

Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget

2001-03 Expenditure Authority

TOTAL STATE

(Dollars in Thousands)

	General Fund-State		Total All Funds			
	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03
Legislative	129,818	0	129,818	136,110	0	136,110
Judicial	73,294	2,212	75,506	140,864	2,217	143,081
Governmental Operations	383,769	-1,362	382,407	2,649,413	36,128	2,685,541
Other Human Services	1,234,610	19,787	1,254,397	3,538,947	-47,648	3,491,299
DSHS	6,126,587	90,898	6,217,485	15,437,738	-570,616	14,867,122
Natural Resources	315,637	17,738	333,375	1,102,464	28,068	1,130,532
Transportation	40,166	388	40,554	105,690	1,813	107,503
Total Education	12,640,369	36,554	12,676,923	18,054,276	100,679	18,154,955
Public Schools	9,854,332	36,765	9,891,097	11,503,685	100,890	11,604,575
Higher Education	2,731,564	-29	2,731,535	6,439,607	-29	6,439,578
Other Education	54,473	-182	54,291	110,984	-182	110,802
Special Appropriations	1,506,841	35,318	1,471,523	1,879,268	44,900	1,834,368
Total Budget Bill	22,451,091	130,897	22,581,988	43,044,770	-494,259	42,550,511
Appropriations in Other Legislation	100	0	100	25,100	0	25,100
Statewide Total	22,451,191	130,897	22,582,088	43,069,870	-494,259	42,575,611

Note: Includes all operating appropriations from both the Omnibus and Transportation Budgets enacted through the 2003 legislative session.

Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget

2001-03 Expenditure Authority

LEGISLATIVE AND JUDICIAL

(Dollars in Thousands)

	General Fund-State		Total All Funds			
	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03
House of Representatives	55,385	0	55,385	55,430	0	55,430
Senate	45,662	0	45,662	45,707	0	45,707
Jt Leg Audit & Review Committee	4,069	0	4,069	4,069	0	4,069
LEAP Committee	2,747	0	2,747	2,950	0	2,950
Office of the State Actuary	0	0	0	2,054	0	2,054
Joint Legislative Systems Comm	13,253	0	13,253	14,959	0	14,959
Statute Law Committee	7,826	0	7,826	10,065	0	10,065
Redistricting Commission	876	0	876	876	0	876
Total Legislative	129,818	0	129,818	136,110	0	136,110
Supreme Court	10,987	0	10,987	10,987	0	10,987
State Law Library	3,906	0	3,906	3,906	0	3,906
Court of Appeals	25,618	0	25,618	25,618	0	25,618
Commission on Judicial Conduct	1,895	0	1,895	1,895	0	1,895
Office of Administrator for Courts	30,288	2,042	32,330	85,514	2,042	87,556
Office of Public Defense	600	170	770	12,944	175	13,119
Total Judicial	73,294	2,212	75,506	140,864	2,217	143,081
Total Legislative/Judicial	203,112	2,212	205,324	276,974	2,217	279,191

Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget

2001-03 Expenditure Authority

GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Ger	neral Fund-Sta	te		Total All Fund	ls
	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03
Office of the Governor	8,525	-58	8,467	12,652	-84	12,568
Office of the Lieutenant Governor	877	0	877	877	0	877
Public Disclosure Commission	3,756	0	3,756	3,756	0	3,756
Office of the Secretary of State	16,931	0	16,931	35,548	0	35,548
Governor's Office of Indian Affairs	543	5	548	543	5	548
Asian-Pacific-American Affrs	434	-17	417	434	-17	417
Office of the State Treasurer	0	0	0	12,870	0	12,870
Office of the State Auditor	1,952	0	1,952	43,984	0	43,984
Comm Salaries for Elected Officials	227	0	227	227	0	227
Office of the Attorney General	8,881	3	8,884	164,973	3	164,976
Caseload Forecast Council	1,231	0	1,231	1,231	0	1,231
Dept of Financial Institutions	0	0	0	24,392	0	24,392
Dept Community, Trade, Econ Dev	131,092	-476	130,616	354,566	28,147	382,713
Economic & Revenue Forecast Cncl	1,011	0	1,011	1,011	0	1,011
Office of Financial Management	24,964	-20	24,944	70,952	11,980	82,932
Office of Administrative Hearings	0	0	0	22,444	1,079	23,523
Department of Personnel	0	0	0	32,886	0	32,886
State Lottery Commission	0	0	0	812,320	0	812,320
Washington State Gambling Comm	0	0	0	29,353	0	29,353
WA State Comm on Hispanic Affairs	436	5	441	436	5	441
African-American Affairs Comm	418	5	423	418	5	423
Personnel Appeals Board	0	0	0	1,705	0	1,705
Department of Retirement Systems	0	0	0	53,244	0	53,244
State Investment Board	0	0	0	13,461	0	13,461
Department of Revenue	150,768	-830	149,938	161,068	-830	160,238
Board of Tax Appeals	2,200	0	2,200	2,200	0	2,200
Municipal Research Council	0	0	0	4,575	0	4,575
Minority & Women's Business Enterp	0	0	0	2,616	0	2,616
Dept of General Administration	1,204	-9	1,195	129,658	-9	129,649
Department of Information Services	0	0	0	207,397	0	207,397
Office of Insurance Commissioner	0	0	0	30,550	0	30,550
State Board of Accountancy	0	0	0	1,716	0	1,716
Forensic Investigations Council	0	0	0	276	0	276
Washington Horse Racing Commission	0	0	0	4,436	0	4,436
WA State Liquor Control Board	2,922	0	2,922	155,626	480	156,106
Utilities and Transportation Comm	0	0	0	30,829	0	30,829
Board for Volunteer Firefighters	0	0	0	569	0	569
Military Department	17,875	30	17,905	148,358	-4,636	143,722
Public Employment Relations Comm	4,564	0	4,564	4,564	0	4,564
Growth Management Hearings Board	2,958	0	2,958	2,958	0	2,958
State Convention and Trade Center	0	0	0	67,734	0	67,734
Total Governmental Operations	383,769	-1,362	382,407	2,649,413	36,128	2,685,541

2001-03 Expenditure Authority

HUMAN SERVICES

	General Fund-State			Total All Funds		
	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03
WA State Health Care Authority	6,655	0	6,655	722,545	-58,132	664,413
Human Rights Commission	5,307	-136	5,171	6,951	114	7,065
Bd of Industrial Insurance Appeals	0	0	0	29,619	0	29,619
Criminal Justice Training Comm	0	0	0	18,756	0	18,756
Department of Labor and Industries	11,094	0	11,094	463,701	-6,173	457,528
Indeterminate Sentence Review Board	1,968	0	1,968	1,968	0	1,968
Home Care Quality Authority	152	19	171	152	19	171
Department of Health	112,277	-95	112,182	653,217	-3,734	649,483
Department of Veterans' Affairs	19,590	554	20,144	71,918	226	72,144
Department of Corrections	1,072,559	19,451	1,092,010	1,110,323	20,245	1,130,568
Dept of Services for the Blind	3,240	-6	3,234	17,756	537	18,293
Sentencing Guidelines Commission	1,768	0	1,768	1,768	0	1,768
Department of Employment Security	0	0	0	440,273	750	439,523
Total Other Human Services	1,234,610	19,787	1,254,397	3,538,947	-47,648	3,491,299

2001-03 Expenditure Authority

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL & HEALTH SERVICES

	General Fund-State			Total All Funds		
	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03
Children and Family Services	456,146	0	456,146	832,552	6,733	839,285
Juvenile Rehabilitation	162,258	-826	161,432	230,853	-984	229,869
Mental Health	583,737	11,546	595,283	1,147,254	9,761	1,157,015
Developmental Disabilities	629,106	-1,659	627,447	1,207,851	-4,282	1,203,569
Long-Term Care	1,019,137	522	1,019,659	2,088,762	314	2,089,076
Economic Services Administration	837,958	11,998	849,956	2,231,343	16,314	2,247,657
Alcohol & Substance Abuse	72,873	-474	72,399	230,878	-484	230,394
Medical Assistance Payments	2,205,908	67,406	2,273,314	7,151,576	-601,345	6,550,231
Vocational Rehabilitation	20,520	-14	20,506	103,115	-64	103,051
Administration/Support Svcs	52,838	2,399	55,237	100,783	3,421	104,204
Payments to Other Agencies	86,106	0	86,106	112,771	0	112,771
Total DSHS	6,126,587	90,898	6,217,485	15,437,738	-570,616	14,867,122
Total Human Services	7,361,197	110,685	7,471,882	18,976,685	-618,264	18,358,421

2001-03 Expenditure Authority

NATURAL RESOURCES

	General Fund-State				Total All Fund	ls
	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03
Columbia River Gorge Commission	777	0	777	1,526	0	1,526
Department of Ecology	73,687	-58	73,629	320,271	-39	320,232
WA Pollution Liab Insurance Program	0	0	0	2,150	0	2,150
State Parks and Recreation Comm	62,538	-8	62,530	99,285	532	99,817
Interagency Comm for Outdoor Rec	323	0	323	14,270	0	14,270
Environmental Hearings Office	1,668	0	1,668	1,668	0	1,668
State Conservation Commission	4,272	0	4,272	7,770	0	7,770
Dept of Fish and Wildlife	90,709	-6	90,703	287,586	444	288,030
Department of Natural Resources	66,414	17,867	84,281	276,766	27,396	304,162
Department of Agriculture	15,249	57	15,192	91,172	-265	90,907
Total Natural Resources	315,637	17,738	333,375	1,102,464	28,068	1,130,532

2001-03 Expenditure Authority

TRANSPORTATION

	Gei	General Fund-State		Total All Funds		ls
	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03
Washington State Patrol	29,500	338	29,838	71,397	1,669	73,066
Department of Licensing	10,666	50	10,716	34,293	144	34,437
Total Transportation	40,166	388	40,554	105,690	1,813	107,503

2001-03 Expenditure Authority

EDUCATION

	General Fund-State		Total All Funds			
	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03
OSPI & Statewide Programs	51,480	0	51,480	192,176	17,195	209,371
General Apportionment	7,498,021	16,692	7,514,713	7,498,021	16,692	7,514,713
Pupil Transportation	385,695	18,726	404,421	385,695	18,726	404,421
School Food Services	6,200	0	6,200	296,387	10,805	307,192
Special Education	828,926	1,502	830,428	1,085,333	40,110	1,125,443
Traffic Safety Education	4,277	1	4,278	4,277	1	4,278
Educational Service Districts	9,328	0	9,328	9,328	0	9,328
Levy Equalization	295,863	857	296,720	295,863	857	296,720
Elementary/Secondary School Improv	0	0	0	201,737	-2,077	199,660
Institutional Education	37,731	-814	36,917	46,279	-814	45,465
Ed of Highly Capable Students	12,699	17	12,716	12,699	17	12,716
Student Achievement Program	0	0	0	391,149	64	391,213
Education Reform	67,030	119	67,149	128,101	119	128,220
Transitional Bilingual Instruction	87,501	-592	86,909	107,781	-1,117	106,664
Learning Assistance Program (LAP)	135,956	-633	135,323	266,587	-633	265,954
Block Grants	23,204	-9	23,195	23,204	-9	23,195
State Flexible Education Funds	20,612	0	20,612	20,612	0	20,612
Better Schools Program	8,996	0	8,996	8,996	0	8,996
Compensation Adjustments	380,813	899	381,712	381,004	954	381,958
Common School Construction	0	0	0	148,456	0	148,456
Total Public Schools	9,854,332	36,765	9,891,097	11,503,685	100,890	11,604,575

2001-03 Expenditure Authority

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

	General Fund-State		Total All Funds			
	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03
Higher Education Coordinating Board	264,158	-29	264,129	279,943	-29	279,914
University of Washington	679,674	0	679,674	2,925,540	0	2,925,540
Washington State University	395,169	0	395,169	817,324	0	817,324
Eastern Washington University	89,241	0	89,241	162,729	0	162,729
Central Washington University	85,572	0	85,572	175,149	0	175,149
The Evergreen State College	49,513	0	49,513	88,824	0	88,824
Spokane Intercoll Rsch & Tech Inst	2,896	0	2,896	4,223	0	4,223
Western Washington University	117,700	0	117,700	235,470	0	235,470
Community/Technical College System	1,047,641	0	1,047,641	1,750,405	0	1,750,405
Total Higher Education	2,731,564	-29	2,731,535	6,439,607	-29	6,439,578
State School for the Blind	9,174	0	9,174	10,428	0	10,428
State School for the Deaf	15,146	-53	15,093	15,378	-53	15,325
Work Force Trng & Educ Coord Board	3,395	-4	3,391	48,881	-4	48,877
State Library	12,000	0	12,000	18,976	0	18,976
Washington State Arts Commission	5,661	0	5,661	6,664	0	6,664
Washington State Historical Society	5,934	-83	5,851	7,494	-83	7,411
East Wash State Historical Society	3,163	42	3,121	3,163	42	3,121
Total Other Education	54,473	-182	54,291	110,984	-182	110,802
Total Education	12,640,369	36,554	12,676,923	18,054,276	100,679	18,154,955

2001-03 Expenditure Authority

SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS

	General Fund-State			Total All Funds		
	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03	2001-03	2003 Supp	Rev 2001-03
Bond Retirement and Interest	1,251,110	-40,040	1,211,070	1,432,580	-49,638	1,382,942
Special Approps to the Governor	107,369	4,000	111,369	204,773	4,000	208,773
Sundry Claims	274	490	764	279	506	785
State Employee Compensation Adjust	103,943	0	103,943	197,491	0	197,491
Contributions to Retirement Systems	44,145	232	44,377	44,145	232	44,377
Total Budget Bill	1,506,841	-35,318	1,471,523	1,879,268	-44,900	1,834,368
Appropriations in Other Legislation	100	0	100	25,100	0	25,100
Total Special Appropriations	1,506,941	-35,318	1,471,623	1,904,368	-44,900	1,859,468

	GF-S	Other	Total
Judicial			
Office of the Administrator for the Courts			
1. Superior Court Judges' Benefits	2,042	0	2,042
Office of Public Defense			
2. Dependency and Termination	170	5	175
Total Judicial	<u> 2,212</u>		2,217
Governmental Operations			
Office of the Governor			
3. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	-58	-26	-84
Governor's Office of Indian Affairs			
4. Collocation of Offices	5	0	5
Comm on Asian-Pacific-American Affairs			
5. Collocation of Office	5	0	5
6. Adjustment for Actual Underspending	-22	0	-22
Total	-17	0	-17
Office of the Attorney General			
7. Tort Defense County Prosecutors	12	0	12
8. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction		0	-9
Total	3	0	3
Dept of Community, Trade, & Economic Development			
9. Federal Authority Level Increase10. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	0 -476	28,623	28,623 -476
Total	-476 -476	<u>0</u> 	28,147
	470	20,023	20,147
Office of Financial Management	0	12 000	12,000
11. Increased Federal Authority12. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	0 -20	12,000 0	12,000 -20
Total	-20	12,000	11,980
Office of Administrative Hearings			
13. 2003 Unemployment Caseload Increase	0	1,079	1,079
• •	•	-,0.5	-,,
WA State Commission on Hispanic Affairs 14. Collocation of Office	5	0	5
	3	O	3
WA State Comm on African-American Affairs 15. Collocation of Office	5	0	~
	5	0	5
Department of Revenue	200	^	200
16. Property Tax Deferral Payments17. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	-380 -450	$0 \\ 0$	-380 -450
Total	-830		-830
101111	-030	V	-030

	GF-S	Other	Total
Department of General Administration			
18. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	-9	0	-9
Washington State Liquor Control Board			
19. Distribution Center Costs	0	480	480
Military Department			
20. Nisqually Earthquake Adjustment	0	-6,414	-6,414
21. Disaster Response Adjustment	0	-3,891	-3,891
22. Federal Funding Adjustment	0	3,996	3,996
23. Flood Lawsuit Defense Costs	0	145	145
24. National Guard Activation Costs	30	0	30
25. Homeland Security	0	1,498	1,498
Total	30	-4,666	-4,636
Total Governmental Operations	-1,362	37,490	36,128
DSHS			
Children and Family Services			
26. Mandatory Caseload Changes	3,661	744	4,405
27. Centennial Building Lease Savings	132	44	176
28. Postage	58	21	79
29. Administrative Reductions	-56	-18	-74
30. Cost Allocation/Incr Fed Revenue	-7,556	7,556	0
31. Foster Parent Training	271	100	371
32. DD Parent Participation	690	122	812
33. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	-904	-1,836	-2,740
34. Adoption Tax Credit35. Governor Veto	-100 2 904	$0 \\ 0$	-100 2 204
	3,804		3,804
Total	0	6,733	6,733
Juvenile Rehabilitation	= -0		0.1.7
36. Mandatory Workload Changes	-763	-154	-917
37. Centennial Building Lease Savings	20	0	20
38. Postage39. Administrative Reductions	7 -90	0 -4	7 -94
Total	-90 -826	-158	-94 -984
Mental Health	020	130	701
40. Mandatory Workload Changes	672	178	850
41. Mandatory Caseload Changes	2,341	2,350	4,691
42. Balanced Budget Act Implementation	500	500	1,000
43. Special Commitment Ctr Legal Fees	392	0	392
44. Postage	6	1	7
45. Increase DSH	5,778	-5,778	Ó
46. Administrative Reductions	-194	-71	-265
47. HIPAA Standard Transactions	928	928	1,856
48. Marr Lawsuit	1,123	107	1,230
Total	11,546	-1,785	9,761

	GF-S	Other	Total
Developmental Disabilities			
49. Mandatory Caseload Changes	-363	-363	-726
50. State Supplemental Payments	156	157	313
51. SSI Client Contributions	153	0	153
52. Postage	12	11	23
53. Administrative Reductions	-222	-109	-331
54. Olmstead Placement Reversal	-192	-124	-316
55. Audit Responses	143	96	239
56. Headquarters Overspending	934	709	1,643
57. Reduce funding for Arc Settlement	-3,000	-3,000	-6,000
58. DD Parent Participation	720	0	720
Total	-1,659	-2,623	-4,282
Long-Term Care			
59. Mandatory Caseload Changes	6,016	5,816	11,832
60. Centennial Building Lease Savings	36	35	71
61. SSI Client Contributions	218	34	252
62. Basic Health Plan	35	1,116	1,151
63. Home Care Worker Wage	-2,927	-2,945	-5,872
64. Postage	16	15	31
65. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	-91	-146	-237
66. Administrative Reductions	-411	-154	-565
67. Forecast Cost/Utilization	-2,762	-4,359	-7,121
68. Abuse Prevention	0	772	772
69. Adult Family Homes Licensing Fee	392	-392	0
Total	522	-208	314
Economic Services Administration			
70. Mandatory Caseload Changes	10,574	3,436	14,010
71. Centennial Building Lease Savings	215	207	422
72. Increase Incapacity Exams	1,469	301	1,770
73. Banking Fees	105	204	309
74. IRS Intercept Program Costs	31	61	92
75. Food Assistance Program	2,820	0	2,820
76. Postage	242	268	510
77. Administrative Reductions	-1,822	-416	-2,238
78. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	-1,947	0	-1,947
79. Improved Eligibility Verification	311	255	566
Total	11,998	4,316	16,314
Alcohol and Substance Abuse			10
80. Postage	8	2	10
81. Administrative Reductions	-455	-12	-467
82. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	-27	0	-27
Total	-474	-10	-484
Medical Assistance Payments	^	450	4-0
83. Mandatory Workload Changes	0	478	478
84. Mandatory Caseload Changes	8,189	26,301	34,490

	GF-S	Other	Total
Medical Assistance Payments (continued)			
85. Program Transfers	887	1,938	2,825
86. MMIS Procurement	21	189	210
87. ProShare & UPL Adjustments	0	-731,888	-731,888
88. Postage	23	41	64
89. Utilization Changes	56,752	23,686	80,438
90. Administrative Reductions	-1,200	-2,116	-3,316
91. Trauma Assistance	5,600	6,100	11,700
92. HIPAA Standard Transactions	454	3,633	4,087
93. DSH Disallowance	6,892	-6,892	0
94. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	-99	-224	-323
95. Immigrant Prenatal Care	-10,113	10,113	0
96. Improved Eligibility Verification	0	-110	-110
Total	67,406	-668,751	-601,345
Vocational Rehabilitation			
97. Centennial Building Lease Savings	25	0	25
98. Postage	8	0	8
99. Administrative Reductions		-50	-97
Total	-14	-50	-64
Administration and Supporting Services			
100. Program Transfers	-887	-1,938	-2,825
101. Centennial Building Lease Savings	3	1	4
102. Postage	24	10	34
103. Administrative Reductions	4,497	2,950	7,447
104. HIPAA Standard Transactions	100	100	200
105. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	-1,368	-111	-1,479
106. SSP Coordination	30	10	40
Total	2,399	1,022	3,421
Total DSHS	90,898	-661,514	-570,616
Other Human Services			
Washington State Health Care Authority			
107. Technical Correction	0	0	0
108. Defer Basic Health Expansion	$\overset{\circ}{0}$	-28,556	-28,556
109. Increased Income Verification	0	288	288
110. Basic Health Enrollment Management	$\overset{\circ}{0}$	-27,524	-27,524
111. Transfer for Insurance Sys. Project	$\overset{\circ}{0}$	-2,200	-2,200
112. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	$\overset{\circ}{0}$	-140	-140
Total		-58,132	-58,132
Human Rights Commission			
113. Capture State Savings to Date	-136	250	114
Department of Labor and Industries			
114. Adjust CVC Projection	0	-1,173	-1,173
	v	2,2.0	2,273

	GF-S	Other	Total
Department of Labor and Industries (cont	inued)		
115. Safety & Health Impact Grant Prog	0	-5,000	-5,000
Total	0	-6,173	-6,173
Home Care Quality Authority			
116. Labor Negotiator	19	0	19
Department of Health			
117. Operator Cert. Fee Authority	0	121	121
118. Federal Vaccine Purchases	0	-5,060	-5,060
119. Private/Local Expenditure Authority	y 0	1,300	1,300
120. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction		0	-95
Total	-95	-3,639	-3,734
Department of Veterans' Affairs			
121. New MicroSoft Licensing Fee Impo	osed 103	0	103
122. Workers Compensation Changes	123	0	123
123. Updated Revenue Forecast	328	-328	0
Total	554	-328	226
Department of Corrections			
124. Utility Rate Adjustments	1,324	0	1,324
125. Federal Fund Transfer	-794	794	0
126. Health Care Inflation	1,880	0	1,880
127. Kent Office Fire	280	0	280
128. Legal Mandates	77	0	77
129. Rate Increases	222	0	222
130. Regulatory Compliance	140	0	140
131. Workload Increase	20,268	0	20,268
132. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	-696	0	-696
133. Delay OMNI Phase II Modifications	-3,250	0	-3,250
Total	19,451	794	20,245
Department of Services for the Blind			
134. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	-6	0	-6
135. Federal Funds Adjustment	0	543	543
Total	-6	543	537
Department of Employment Security			
136. Technical Correction	0	-750	-750
Total Other Human Services	<u> 19,787</u>	-67,435	-47,648
ntural Resources			
Department of Ecology			
137. Loan Tracking System	0	28	28
138. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	58	-9	-67
Total	-58	19	-39

		GF-S	Other	Total
State Pa	rks and Recreation Commission			
139.	Parking Fee Implementation	0	540	540
	Firefighting at Steamboat Rock	16	0	16
141.	2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction		0	-24
	Total	-8	540	532
Departn	nent of Fish and Wildlife			
142.	2002-03 Winter Feeding	0	200	200
143.	Federal Spending Authority	0	0	0
	Spartina Weed Control	0	233	233
145.	Fish Food Cost Increase	35	17	52
146.	2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction		0	-41
	Total	-6	450	444
Departn	nent of Natural Resources			
147.	2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	-29	-2	-31
	Fire Suppression	17,896	9,331	27,227
	Derelict Vessel Removal	0	200	200
	Total	17,867	9,529	27,396
Departn	nent of Agriculture			
150.	Pesticide Strategy Reduction	0	-225	-225
	2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	-57	0	-57
	State Toxics Reduction	0	-416	-416
153.	Governor Veto	0	433	433
	Total	-57	-208	-265
	Total Natural Resources	<u> 17,738</u>	10,330	28,068
ranspor				
•	gton State Patrol		710	510
	Administrative Fee Recovery	0	712	712
	Federal Spending Authority	0	640	640
	DNA Kits 2003 Supplemental FTE Paduation	375 -37	0 -21	375 -58
137.	2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction			
	Total	338	1,331	1,669
-	nent of Licensing			
	Credit Card Costs	40	0	40
	Lease Rate Adjustments	43	94	137
160.	2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction			-33
	Total	50	94	144

	GF-S	Other	Total
ublic Schools			
OSPI & Statewide Programs			
161. Federal and Other Funds Update	0	17,195	17,195
General Apportionment			
162. Enrollment and Workload Adjustments	16,692	0	16,692
Pupil Transportation			
163. Enrollment and Workload Adjustments	18,726	0	18,726
School Food Services			
164. Federal and Other Funds Update	0	10,805	10,805
Special Education			
165. Federal and Other Funds Update	0	37,640	37,640
166. Enrollment and Workload Adjustments	1,502	968	2,470
Total	1,502	38,608	40,110
Traffic Safety Education			
167. Enrollment and Workload Adjustments	1	0	1
Levy Equalization			
168. Levy Equalization Update	857	0	857
Elementary & Secondary School Improvement			
169. Federal and Other Funds Update	0	-2,077	-2,077
Institutional Education			
170. Enrollment and Workload Adjustments	-814	0	-814
Education of Highly Capable Students			
171. Enrollment and Workload Adjustments	17	0	17
Student Achievement Program			
172. Enrollment and Workload Adjustments	0	64	64
Education Reform			
173. Enrollment and Workload Adjustments	119	0	119
Transitional Bilingual Instruction			
174. Federal and Other Funds Update	0	-525	-525
175. Enrollment and Workload Adjustments	-592	0	-592
Total	-592	-525	-1,117
Learning Assistance Program (LAP)			
176. Enrollment and Workload Adjustments	-633	0	-633
Block Grants			
177. Enrollment and Workload Adjustments	-9	0	-9

	GF-S	Other	Total
Compensation Adjustments			
178. Enrollment and Workload Adjustments	899	55	954
Total Public Schools	36,765	64,125	100,890
Higher Education			
Higher Education Coordinating Board			
179. Staff Reduction & Efficiencies	-29	0	-29
Total Higher Education	-29		-29
Other Education			
State School for the Deaf			
180. 2003 Supplemental FTE Reduction	-53	0	-53
Work Force Training & Education Coordinating Board			
181. Staff Reduction & Efficiencies	-4	0	-4
Washington State Historical Society			
182. Acq & Maint Historic Collection	-8	0	-8
183. Agency Administration	-23	0	-23
184. Community Outreach Activities	-6	0	-6
185. Historical Education	-9	0	-9
186. Museum Op & Facilities Maintenance	-13	0	-13
187. State Historical Exhibits	-24		-24
Total	-83	0	-83
Eastern Washington State Historical Society			
188. Maintain Cultural/Art/Hist Collect	-3	0	-3
189. Agency Administration	-8	0	-8
190. Museum Operations, Maint & Exhibits	-31	0	-31
Total	-42	0	-42
Total Other Education	<u>-182</u>	0 =	-182
Special Appropriations			
Bond Retirement and Interest			
191. Supplemental 2003	-40,040	-9,598	-49,638
Special Approps to the Governor			
192. FTE Reduction Contingency Pool	1,000	0	1,000
193. Liability Account	3,000	0	3,000
194. Reduce Travel, Equipment, Contracts	-6,000	-6,000	-12,000
195. Emergency Travel, Equipment, etc.	1,000	1,000	2,000
196. Governor Veto	5,000	5,000	10,000
Total	4,000	0	4,000

2001-03 Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget 2003 Supplemental Budget

Chapter 10, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (SSB 5403)

(Dollars in Thousands)

	GF-S	Other	Total
Sundry Claims			
197. Self-Defense Claims	33	0	33
198. State Employee Death Benefit	450	0	450
199. Deer and Elk Damage Claims	0	16	16
200. RCW 27.44.040(1) Claims	7	0	7
Total	490	16	506
Contributions to Retirement Systems			
201. FY 2003 Spending Level	232	0	232
Total Special Appropriations	-35,318	-9,582	
Total 2003 Supplemental	130,897	-625,156	-494,259

Comments:

Office of the Administrator for the Courts

1. SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES' BENEFITS - Funding is provided pursuant to a recent Thurston County Superior Court decision that requires the state to reimburse counties for 100 percent of Superior Court judges' benefits. The agency will reimburse all counties for amounts paid during FY 2002, as well as pay 100 percent of the Superior Court judges' benefits in FY 2003.

Office of Public Defense

2. DEPENDENCY AND TERMINATION - Funding is provided to continue the Dependency and Termination Program, currently underway in Benton, Franklin, and Pierce Counties. The agency has since secured some grant funding and providing \$170,000 in additional state funds will allow the program to continue through the end of the 2001-03 biennium. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Local)

Office of the Governor

3. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION - Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act. (General Fund-State, Water Quality Account-State)

Governor's Office of Indian Affairs

4. COLLOCATION OF OFFICES - One-time funding is provided to collocate the Governor's Office of Indian Affairs with the Commissions on Asian-Pacific-American Affairs, African-American Affairs, and Hispanic Affairs.

Comm on Asian-Pacific-American Affairs

- 5. COLLOCATION OF OFFICE One-time funding is provided to collocate the Governor's Office of Indian Affairs with the Commissions on Asian-Pacific-American Affairs, African-American Affairs, and Hispanic Affairs.
- 6. ADJUSTMENT FOR ACTUAL UNDERSPENDING Appropriation authority is reduced to reflect actual expenditures.

Office of the Attorney General

- 7. TORT DEFENSE COUNTY PROSECUTORS Funding is provided for the payment of ongoing tort defense costs related to county prosecutor actions.
- 8. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

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Dept of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

- 9. FEDERAL AUTHORITY LEVEL INCREASE Congress has increased federal appropriations for the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP). LIHEAP provides payments to utility companies on behalf of low-income households that cannot afford to pay their energy bills. (General Fund-Federal)
- 10. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

Office of Financial Management

- 11. INCREASED FEDERAL AUTHORITY Congress has increased the federal appropriation for the AmeriCorps Program, which supports the Washington Reading Corps, the Washington Conservation Corps, and various other programs designed to benefit the citizens of Washington State. Federal funding is also provided for National Criminal History projects. (General Fund-Federal)
- 12. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

Office of Administrative Hearings

13. 2003 UNEMPLOYMENT CASELOAD INCREASE - The unemployment caseload continues to increase due to economic conditions in the state of Washington. The Employment Security Department will pay the Office of Administrative Hearings for the increase in hearings from federal funds. (Administrative Hearings Revolving Account-State)

WA State Commission on Hispanic Affairs

14. COLLOCATION OF OFFICE - One-time funding is provided to collocate the Governor's Office of Indian Affairs with the Commissions on Asian-Pacific-American Affairs, African-American Affairs, and Hispanic Affairs.

WA State Comm on African-American Affairs

15. COLLOCATION OF OFFICE - One-time funding is provided to collocate the Governor's Office of Indian Affairs with the Commissions on Asian-Pacific-American Affairs, African-American Affairs, and Hispanic Affairs.

Department of Revenue

- 16. PROPERTY TAX DEFERRAL PAYMENTS The number of applications for the Property Tax Deferral Program has been declining, resulting in lower expenditures. The Department of Revenue expects this change to have an ongoing impact on the program.
- 17. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

Department of General Administration

18. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION - Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

Washington State Liquor Control Board

19. DISTRIBUTION CENTER COSTS - Additional expenditure authority is provided for staffing in order to accommodate increased sales volumes. (Liquor Revolving Account-State)

Military Department

- 20. NISQUALLY EARTHQUAKE ADJUSTMENT Funding is adjusted to reflect the most recent estimates available to repair damages caused by the 2001 Nisqually Earthquake. The adjustment is based on estimates produced by the Department in January 2003. (Nisqually Earthquake Account-State, Nisqually Earthquake Account-Federal)
- 21. DISASTER RESPONSE ADJUSTMENT Funding is adjusted to reflect the most recent estimates available to repair damages caused by floods and other disasters in the mid-1990s. The adjustment is based on estimates produced by the Department in January 2003. (Disaster Response Account-State, Disaster Response Account-Federal)

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Military Department (continued)

- 22. FEDERAL FUNDING ADJUSTMENT Funding is adjusted to reflect increased federal support for operations, maintenance, environmental management, electronic and physical security, and telecommunications support by the National Guard Bureau. (General Fund-Federal)
- 23. FLOOD LAWSUIT DEFENSE COSTS One-time funding is provided for lawsuit defense costs related to 1996 Nisqually River floods. (Disaster Response Account-State)
- 24. NATIONAL GUARD ACTIVATION COSTS One-time funding is provided for the medical costs of a National Guard member related to fighting fires while on state active duty, as required under RCW 38.40.030.
- 25. HOMELAND SECURITY The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) has awarded \$2.5 million to Washington for homeland security purposes. Of that amount, FEMA has earmarked \$1.6 million for local jurisdictions; \$0.4 million for the Citizen Corps and Community Emergency Response Teams; \$50,000 to conduct assessments of state and local Emergency Operation Centers; and \$0.3 million for terrorism consequence management. Of the remaining \$0.2 million, the Military Department will retain \$0.1 million for administration of the grant, and \$0.1 million is available to state agencies on a competitive basis for homeland security preparedness. No state match is required for this grant award. Funding is provided for the portion of the award the Department expects to spend during FY 2003. (General Fund-Federal)

DSHS -- Children and Family Services

- 26. MANDATORY CASELOAD CHANGES Funding is provided for workload increases based on the February 2002 caseload forecast adopted by the Caseload Forecast Council and the expenditure forecast projected by the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) Office of Forecasting and Policy Analysis for the Adoption and Foster Care Programs. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 27. CENTENNIAL BUILDING LEASE SAVINGS Funding was reduced in the 2001-03 biennial budget, anticipating that Centennial Buildings I and II would be purchased by the Department of General Administration. These purchases did not occur; therefore, funding to support existing Centennial Building leases is restored. (General Fund-Federal)
- 28. POSTAGE Funding is provided for the increase in postage rates from \$0.34 to \$0.37, which went into effect June 30, 2002. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 29. ADMINISTRATIVE REDUCTIONS Administrative reductions made in the 2002 supplemental budget are distributed to all programs within DSHS. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 30. COST ALLOCATION/INCR FED REVENUE FY 2003 federal earnings for the Division of Children and Family Services Direct Social Services through December exceed the level anticipated in the budget. This adjustment assumes that the Department's successful initiative to improve federal earnings continues for the rest of the fiscal year. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 31. FOSTER PARENT TRAINING The amount of \$371,000 and 4.5 FTEs are provided to meet the requirements of Section IV, the unsafe placements provision, of the Braam lawsuit injunction. Although the remaining sections of the lawsuit were stayed, pending appeal to the Washington State Supreme Court, unsafe placements was not. As a result, in August 2002, DSHS began providing specialized training for foster parents and staff on sexually-aggressive and physically-assaultive youth. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 32. DD PARENT PARTICIPATION Funding was reduced in the 2002 supplemental budget, anticipating that legislation needed to authorize the Division of Child Support to assess and collect child support from parents of children with developmental disabilities (DD) would pass. That legislation was not enacted; therefore, funding is restored. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 33. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

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DSHS -- Children and Family Services (continued)

- 34. ADOPTION TAX CREDIT The Governor's proposed 2003-05 budget includes a savings in the Adoption Support Program based on negotiating lower adoption support payments in recognition of the new \$10,000 federal income tax credit available to families who adopt a child. This reduction assumes that the Department implements that proposed policy beginning in April 2003.
- 35. GOVERNOR VETO The Governor vetoed a portion of Section 202 of Chapter 10, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (SSB 5403), which restores \$3.804 million General Fund-State funding in FY 2003 for the Children's Administration.

DSHS -- Juvenile Rehabilitation

- 36. MANDATORY WORKLOAD CHANGES Funding is adjusted to reflect the February 2003 caseload forecast adopted by the Caseload Forecast Council, which assumes that 83 fewer juvenile offenders will require residential services in FY 2003 than were previously budgeted. Adjustments also reflect projected changes in parole, diagnostics, and additional suicide prevention watches. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 37. CENTENNIAL BUILDING LEASE SAVINGS Funding was reduced in the 2001-03 biennial budget, anticipating that Centennial Buildings I and II would be purchased by the Department of General Administration. These purchases did not occur; therefore, funding to support existing Centennial Building leases is restored.
- 38. POSTAGE Funding is provided for the increase in postage rates from \$0.34 to \$0.37, which went into effect June 30, 2002.
- 39. ADMINISTRATIVE REDUCTIONS The administrative reductions made in the 2002 supplemental budget are distributed to all programs within DSHS. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

DSHS -- Mental Health

- 40. MANDATORY WORKLOAD CHANGES Expenditures at Western State Hospital (WSH) are exceeding budgeted levels even though the patient population is currently below the level assumed in the budget. Additional funding is provided to address some of the over-expenditures at WSH, which are partially the result of an increase in the number of patients who, in addition to their behavioral or mental condition, are also developmentally disabled. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 41. MANDATORY CASELOAD CHANGES Based on the February 2003 projections adopted by the Caseload Forecast Council, an average of 835,000 children and adults will be eligible for Medicaid-funded community mental health services during the 2001-03 biennium. As a result of the forecast, managed care payments to the Regional Support Networks (RSNs) will also be higher than originally budgeted. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 42. BALANCED BUDGET ACT IMPLEMENTATION The Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (BBA) places new recordkeeping and reporting requirements on managed care organizations. The rules were published in final form in June 2002 and are to be implemented no later than August 13, 2003. The rules have an impact on the Regional Support Networks (RSNs), as prepaid health plans are made administratively equal to Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) under the BBA. Funding is provided for: (1) client notifications as required under the BBA; and (2) an actuarial rate analysis/cost effectiveness study. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 43. SPECIAL COMMITMENT CTR LEGAL FEES Funding is provided to cover state reimbursement to counties for the cost of civil commitment proceedings that were higher than originally budgeted.
- 44. POSTAGE Funding is provided for the increase in postage rates from \$0.34 to \$0.37, which went into effect June 30, 2002. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 45. INCREASE DSH The amount of federal funding available under the Institution for Mental Disease Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) Program has decreased to \$49,572,600 in FY 2003 from \$55,350,000 in FY 2002, resulting in a need for additional state funding to offset the lost federal funding. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 46. ADMINISTRATIVE REDUCTIONS The administrative reductions made in the 2002 supplemental budget are distributed to all programs within DSHS. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

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DSHS -- Mental Health (continued)

- 47. HIPAA STANDARD TRANSACTIONS Funding is provided to the Mental Health Division to comply with the new standardized codes for electronic transactions that the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) requires to be used for all health billing transactions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 48. MARR LAWSUIT Funding is provided for Eastern State Hospital (ESH) to provide additional specialized care, combining both habilitation and mental health treatment components, for persons with developmental disabilities who require the level and intensity of psychiatric care best provided by the state hospital. Funding will support an additional two FTEs, staff training, facility alteration, court monitors, and attorney fees as provided in the final settlement agreement. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

DSHS -- Developmental Disabilities

- 49. MANDATORY CASELOAD CHANGES Medicaid Personal Care Program expenditures are projected to be lower than the level assumed in the 2002 supplemental budget for FY 2003 based on the February 2003 projections adopted by the Caseload Forecast Council and actual program expenditures for July through September 2002. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 50. STATE SUPPLEMENTAL PAYMENTS Funding is provided for additional staff to manage the implementation of the Supplemental Security Income (SSI)/State Supplemental Payment (SSP) Program established during the 2002 legislative session. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 51. SSI CLIENT CONTRIBUTIONS The 2002 supplemental budget eliminated supplemental state payments to some recipients of SSI. As a result, those who are in state-funded residential care have less income to contribute to their cost of care, resulting in increased state costs.
- 52. POSTAGE Funding is provided for the increase in postage rates from \$0.34 to \$0.37, which went into effect June 30, 2002. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 53. ADMINISTRATIVE REDUCTIONS The administrative reductions made in the 2002 supplemental budget are spread to all programs within DSHS. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 54. OLMSTEAD PLACEMENT REVERSAL The 2001-03 biennial budget provided funding for community residential placements and corresponding support services for up to 80 individuals to transition from state RHCs. In addition, savings were to be achieved through the consolidation of cottages resulting from vacancies at RHCs due to normal attrition and anticipated vacancies accruing as a result of residents moving to community settings. A negative funding adjustment in community residential is made to reflect the fact that: (1) 18 fewer clients moved to community settings in FY 2002 than originally budgeted; and (2) there is a slower rate of placement into the community than projected for the first half of FY 2003. Fewer client moves to the community results in a need for additional funding to the RHCs to account for: (1) a sixmonth delay in a cottage closing at Rainier School; and (2) two less cottages being consolidated at Fircrest School. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 55. AUDIT RESPONSES Recent audits by the Joint Legislative Audit Review Committee, Sterling Associates, and the Center for Medicaid and Medicare Services identified a need to improve the quality of program data, fiscal and program management, and operational control over the Developmental Disabilities Program. Funding and FTE authority are provided for those positions that have already been filled. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 56. HEADQUARTERS OVERSPENDING Funding and FTEs are provided to address program support over-expenditures that have been occurring for the past several years. The adjustment covers projected over-expenditures for FY 2003. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 57. REDUCE FUNDING FOR ARC SETTLEMENT In December 2002, the court denied Arc's and DSHS's joint motion for preliminary approval of a settlement regarding developmental disabilities services. Funding included for the proposed settlement in the FY 2002 supplemental budget is reduced based on the level of funding that has not already been committed for services. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

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DSHS -- **Developmental Disabilities** (continued)

58. DD PARENT PARTICIPATION - Funding was reduced in the 2002 supplemental budget, anticipating that legislation needed to authorize the Division of Child Support to assess and collect child support from parents of children with developmental disabilities would pass. That legislation was not enacted; therefore, funding is restored. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

DSHS -- Long-Term Care

- 59. MANDATORY CASELOAD CHANGES Funding is provided for changes in the number of clients who utilize long-term care services based upon forecasts adopted by the Caseload Forecast Council. An average of 46,800 people are now expected to receive state-funded long-term care services in FY 2003, which is 0.3 percent more than previously forecasted and budgeted. A majority of the increase is attributable to an average of 29 more people than expected receiving state-funded nursing home care and to an average of 283 more people than budgeted receiving publicly-funded care in their own homes. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 60. CENTENNIAL BUILDING LEASE SAVINGS Funding was reduced in the 2001-03 biennial budget, anticipating that Centennial Buildings I and II would be purchased by the Department of General Administration. These purchases did not occur; therefore, funding to support existing Centennial Building leases is restored. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 61. SSI CLIENT CONTRIBUTIONS The 2002 supplemental budget eliminated SSP to some recipients of SSI. As a result, those who are in state-funded residential care have less income to contribute to their cost of care, resulting in increased state costs for that care. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 62. BASIC HEALTH PLAN Home care workers who contract directly with the state are eligible to enroll in the Basic Health Plan (BHP) at a cost of \$10 per month if their income is less than 200 percent of the federal poverty level. For those employed by home care agencies, DSHS reimburses the agency for the cost of employee coverage equivalent to that offered by BHP, regardless of the worker's income. Expenditures on such coverage increased by 35 percent in FY 2002, and exceeded budgeted levels by 15 percent, primarily due to increased billings by home care agencies. Similar increases are occurring in FY 2003, resulting in the need for additional funding. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, Health Services Account)
- 63. HOME CARE WORKER WAGE The Governor vetoed the provision in the 2002 supplemental budget that provided funding for a 25-cent per hour wage increase for individual and agency providers of home care services. This item adjusts appropriation levels accordingly. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 64. POSTAGE Funding is provided for the increase in postage rates from \$0.34 to \$0.37, which went into effect June 30, 2002. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 65. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.
- 66. ADMINISTRATIVE REDUCTIONS The administrative reductions made in the 2002 supplemental budget are distributed to all programs within DSHS. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 67. FORECAST COST/UTILIZATION The net public cost per long-term care recipient is now projected to be about 0.9 percent less than previously budgeted for FY 2003. This is primarily because nursing home rates are about 0.8 percent lower than originally budgeted; and nursing home resident contributions toward their cost of care are slightly higher than budgeted, as are financial recoveries from the estates of deceased long-term care recipients. These savings are partially offset by payments for adult family homes, which are 4.6 percent higher per recipient than budgeted; and for assisted living facilities, which are 3.9 percent higher. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 68. ABUSE PREVENTION The federal government requires that allegations of actual or potential harm to nursing home residents be investigated within ten days. Since 1999, Washington has employed 14 quality assurance nurses to assure that this standard is met, five of whom were funded with additional funds appropriated by the Legislature in 2000, and the other nine of whom have been funded with federal matching funds and grants. This item provides appropriation authority for the federally-funded staff. (General Fund-Federal)

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DSHS -- Long-Term Care (continued)

69. ADULT FAMILY HOMES LICENSING FEE - The 2002 supplemental budget anticipated that adult family home licensing fees would be increased from \$50 per home to about \$233 per home in FY 2003, to offset approximately one-third of the state cost of licensing and inspecting such facilities. The necessary authorizing legislation was not enacted, and so the anticipated state savings have not occurred. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Private/Local)

DSHS -- Economic Services Administration

- 70. MANDATORY CASELOAD CHANGES Funding is provided for caseload changes in the Refugee Assistance and General Assistance Programs and for decreasing child support recoveries. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 71. CENTENNIAL BUILDING LEASE SAVINGS Funding was reduced in the 2001-03 biennial budget, anticipating that Centennial Buildings I and II would be purchased by the Department of General Administration. These purchases did not occur; therefore, funding to support existing Centennial Building leases is restored. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 72. INCREASE INCAPACITY EXAMS Funding is provided for increased quantity and cost of incapacity exams for the General Assistance (GA) Program. The number of GA incapacity exams has increased due to the growing number of applicants and increased emphasis on objective "evidence-based" eligibility determination. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 73. BANKING FEES Funding is provided for increased banking fees. Funds recovered by the Division of Child Support from increased use of electronic fund transfers have been subtracted from the banking fees increase. (General Fund-State, General-Fund Federal)
- 74. IRS INTERCEPT PROGRAM COSTS Federal regulations require Washington State's Child Support Enforcement Program to participate in the federal Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Tax Intercept Program. Funding is provided for an incremental increase in the cost per intercept and for growth in the number of intercepts. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 75. FOOD ASSISTANCE PROGRAM In the 2002 supplemental budget, the Legislature reduced the FY 2003 funding for State Food Assistance for Legal Immigrants, assuming the federal Farm Bill would restore federal benefits to most legal immigrants effective October 1, 2002. Under the Food Stamp Reauthorization Act of 2002, federal benefit restoration for the largest portion of the legal immigrant population was delayed until April 2003; therefore, partial funding is restored to provide state food assistance for those months that were not federally funded in FY 2003.
- 76. POSTAGE Funding is provided for the increase in postage rates from \$0.34 to \$0.37, which went into effect June 30, 2002. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 77. ADMINISTRATIVE REDUCTIONS Administrative reductions made in the 2002 supplemental budget are distributed to all programs within DSHS. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 78. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.
- 79. IMPROVED ELIGIBILITY VERIFICATION Additional funding is provided for the Department to: (1) increase and improve efforts to verify that children and pregnant women are in fact eligible for the medical assistance services they receive; and (2) review their continued eligibility for medical assistance services every six months, rather than annually as presently occurs. The improved income verification efforts are to be implemented no later than April 1, 2003, and are to include review of recipient documentation and employer contacts to verify that the income declared by applicants and recipients is accurate. These efforts will be supplemented by electronic records checks that will be in place by July 1, 2003. The six-month rather than annual review of continued eligibility is to be implemented no later than November 2003. The Department is to have in place all computer changes, administrative rules and procedures, and staffing arrangements as required to timely implement the six-month eligibility reviews by November 2003. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

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DSHS -- Alcohol and Substance Abuse

- 80. POSTAGE Funding is provided for the increase in postage rates from \$0.34 to \$0.37, which went into effect June 30, 2002. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 81. ADMINISTRATIVE REDUCTIONS Administrative reductions made in the 2002 supplemental budget are distributed to all programs within DSHS. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 82. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

DSHS -- Medical Assistance Payments

- 83. MANDATORY WORKLOAD CHANGES Additional federally-funded staff are authorized for the Division of Disability Determination Services (DDS) to determine eligibility for social security disability benefits in accordance with federal rules. The DDS has sufficient state-fund under-expenditures to meet federal matching requirements. (General Fund-Federal)
- 84. MANDATORY CASELOAD CHANGES On average, approximately 865,000 persons per month are now expected to enroll in state medical assistance programs in FY 2003. This is about 1 percent less than previously budgeted; however, there is a net increase in required state and federal expenditures, because enrollment of two high-cost groups, pregnant women and persons with disabilities, has grown more than anticipated, offsetting the savings from slower growth among other groups. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, Health Services Account-State)
- 85. PROGRAM TRANSFERS The Payment Review Program, which uses technological tools and software to identify and prevent inappropriate provider billings, is transferred from the Administration and Support Services Administration to the Medical Assistance Administration. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 86. MMIS PROCUREMENT The Medicaid Management Information System (MMIS) is the system which supports payment and management analysis of over 20 million individual medical billings, totaling over \$3 billion, each year. The current system has been in operation for almost 20 years and is based upon a 1979 design for which adequate technical support is increasingly difficult to obtain. Funding is provided for a feasibility study to assess long-term, system-wide needs and develop a strategy to replace, rather than reprocure, the existing system. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 87. PROSHARE & UPL ADJUSTMENTS This item adjusts appropriation levels to reflect the reduced level of federal intergovernmental transfer payments to the Health Services Account now anticipated for the 2001-03 biennium. The 2002 supplemental budget anticipated that the federal government would approve \$1.05 billion of "pro-share" intergovernmental transfer payments to public hospital districts, resulting in \$550 million of net revenue gain for the state Health Services Account and public hospitals. Since then, the federal government has agreed to only \$396 million of such payments, resulting in \$218 million net revenue for the state and hospitals. In addition, both the original 2001-03 budget and the 2002 supplemental budget anticipated approximately \$99 million of other "Medicare Upper Payment Limit" (UPL) transactions with public hospital districts, which were expected to result in about \$50 million of net revenues for the hospitals and the Health Services Account. DSHS has now concluded that only about \$21 million of such transactions will be feasible. (Health Services Account-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 88. POSTAGE Funding is provided for the increase in postage rates from \$0.34 to \$0.37, which went into effect June 30, 2002. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 89. UTILIZATION CHANGES Costs per eligible medical assistance recipient are now projected to be about 4.2 percent higher in FY 2003 than anticipated in the 2002 supplemental budget forecast. The primary reasons for the increase are: higher drug and hospitalization costs for aged and disabled recipients; a substantial increase in federally-required enhancement payments to community and rural health clinics; and \$15 million of increased expenditures for the Take Charge Family Planning Program. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, Health Services Account)
- 90. ADMINISTRATIVE REDUCTIONS The administrative reductions made in the 2002 supplemental budget are distributed to all programs within DSHS. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

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DSHS -- Medical Assistance Payments (continued)

91. TRAUMA ASSISTANCE - The Department of Health and the DSHS Medical Assistance Program jointly administer a system for paying enhanced rates to hospitals and physicians for treating traumatically-injured recipients of state medical assistance. In the spring of 2002, the departments concluded that the enhanced hospital and physician payment rates had significantly exceeded appropriations from the Trauma Account during the 1999-01 biennium, and were exceeding budgeted levels at an even faster pace in the current biennium. In response, the agencies suspended all payments from the Trauma Account in spring 2002, both for the enhancement rates which were exceeding budgeted levels, and also for the hospital and ambulance service grant programs, which were not.

Subsequent analysis has shown that the enhancement billings exceeded budgeted levels by \$16.9 million during the 1999-01 biennium, resulting in unbudgeted claims upon the state general fund and by \$11 million during the first 10 months of the 2001-03 biennium.

Sufficient additional funding is provided for the agencies to: (1) resume hospital and ambulance service grant payments at the levels originally budgeted for the current biennium; and (2) pay any outstanding claims at the enhanced rate for services delivered prior to the suspension of the enhanced rate system in spring 2002. The enhanced rate system is not to be resumed for services delivered subsequent to the spring 2002 suspension, pending development by the agencies and authorization in the 2003-05 biennial budget of a method for avoiding future cost overruns. (General Fund-State, Emergency Medical Services and Trauma Care Systems Trust Account-State)

- 92. HIPAA STANDARD TRANSACTIONS Funding is provided to modify MMIS to comply with the new standardized codes which the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) requires be used for all health billing transactions. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 93. DSH DISALLOWANCE The Medical Assistance Administration makes additional state and federal disproportionate share hospital (DSH) payments to hospitals which serve a disproportionate number of Medicaid and medically indigent patients. Recently, the federal Office of the Inspector General completed an audit of FY 1999 payments under the program, and identified \$23.3 million of federal monies which may need to be refunded, primarily on the grounds that some of the hospitals' actual uncompensated care costs were less than the projected uncompensated care costs upon which the payments were based. The state is currently disputing \$16.4 million of the federal disallowance. The remaining \$6.9 million will be deducted from federal payments otherwise due the state this year and are replaced with state funds.
- 94. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.
- 95. IMMIGRANT PRENATAL CARE Under new federal regulations, the state expects to be able to use federal funds available under the State Children's Health Initiative Program (SCHIP) to cover 65 percent of the cost of providing prenatal care to women who are not eligible for Medicaid because of their immigration status. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 96. IMPROVED ELIGIBILITY VERIFICATION Additional funding is provided for the Department to: (1) increase and improve efforts to verify that children and pregnant women are in fact eligible for the medical assistance services they receive; and (2) review their continued eligibility for medical assistance services every six months, rather than annually as presently occurs. The improved income verification efforts are to be implemented no later than April 1, 2003, and are to include review of recipient documentation and employer contacts to verify that the income declared by applicants and recipients is accurate. These efforts will be supplemented by electronic records checks that will be in place by July 1, 2003. The six-month rather than annual review of continued eligibility is to be implemented no later than November 2003. The Department is to have in place all computer changes, administrative rules and procedures, and staffing arrangements as required to timely implement the six-month eligibility reviews by November 2003. (General Fund-State, Health Services Account-State, General Fund-Federal)

DSHS -- Vocational Rehabilitation

97. CENTENNIAL BUILDING LEASE SAVINGS - Funding was reduced in the 2001-03 biennial budget, anticipating that Centennial Buildings I and II would be purchased by the Department of General Administration. These purchases did not occur; therefore, funding to support existing Centennial Building leases is restored.

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DSHS -- Vocational Rehabilitation (continued)

- 98. POSTAGE Funding is provided for the increase in postage rates from \$0.34 to \$0.37, which went into effect June 30, 2002.
- 99. ADMINISTRATIVE REDUCTIONS Administrative reductions made in the 2002 supplemental budget are distributed to all programs within DSHS. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

DSHS -- Administration and Supporting Services

- 100. PROGRAM TRANSFERS The Payment Review Program is transferred from the Administration and Supporting Services Division to the Medical Assistance Administration. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 101. CENTENNIAL BUILDING LEASE SAVINGS Funding was reduced in the 2001-03 biennial budget, anticipating that Centennial Buildings I and II would be purchased by the Department of General Administration. These purchases did not occur; therefore, funding to support existing Centennial Building leases is restored. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 102. POSTAGE Funding is provided for the increase in postage rates from \$0.34 to \$0.37, which went into effect June 30, 2002. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 103. ADMINISTRATIVE REDUCTIONS Administrative reductions made in the 2002 supplemental budget are distributed to all programs within DSHS. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 104. HIPAA STANDARD TRANSACTIONS Funding is provided to implement standards for electronic transactions to comply with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA). Funding provided within the Administration and Supporting Services Division is for any required changes in central agency reporting functions that must be done as a result of changes in MMIS. Funding is not provided for major changes to payment systems beyond MMIS. Funding for MMIS changes is provided within the Medical Assistance Administration. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 105. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 106. SSP COORDINATION Funding is provided for coordination of efforts to meet State Supplemental Payment (SSP) requirements of the federal Supplemental Security Income Program (SSI). The Department shall include allowable payments for foster children who are eligible for SSI in achieving the federal maintenance of effort requirement. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

Washington State Health Care Authority

- 107. TECHNICAL CORRECTION Funding incorrectly allocated to the Uniform Dental Plan Benefits Administration Account in the 2002 Supplemental Budget is re-allocated to the State Health Care Authority Administrative Account.
- 108. DEFER BASIC HEALTH EXPANSION In the 2002 supplemental budget, increased tax revenues generated by Initiative 773 were to be used to expand Basic Health Plan (BHP) enrollments to a total of 172,000 persons per month by June 2003. This item represents the difference in cost between the increase to 172,000 enrollments funded in the 2002 supplemental budget and the estimated December 2002 BHP enrollment level of 140,575. (Health Services Account-State, General Fund-Federal, Basic Health Trust Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 109. INCREASED INCOME VERIFICATION Additional funding and staff are assigned to verifying the eligibility of BHP enrollees for membership and subsidy levels. This additional staffing level is offset by a staff reduction in enrollment, permitted by the management of BHP enrollment that limits admission solely to children and limited groups of adults with dependents. In combination with prior efforts to improve enrollee eligibility verification, some additional enrollees are expected to be found ineligible through these efforts. (Health Services Account -State, General Fund-Federal)

2003 Supplemental Budget

Chapter 10, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (SSB 5403)

Washington State Health Care Authority (continued)

- 110. BASIC HEALTH ENROLLMENT MANAGEMENT As directed by the Governor, the Health Care Authority (HCA) has been limiting new admissions to BHP since December 2002. This item represents the additional premium subsidy and administrative savings which will occur as a result of only enrolling children and limited groups of adults with dependents. As a result of this managed enrollment policy, subsidized enrollment is expected to total about 120,777 in June 2003. (Health Services Account-State, General Fund-Federal, Basic Health Trust Account-Non-Appropriated)
- 111. TRANSFER FOR INSURANCE SYS. PROJECT HCA is replacing a computer system that handles accounting for public employee and BHP benefits. The project was originally scheduled for completion by June 30, 2003, but completion is now not expected until September 30, 2003. Because final payments will not be made until testing and acceptance of the completed system, \$2.2 million of appropriation authority for the project is shifted from the 2001-03 biennium to the 2003-05 biennium. (HCA Administrative-State, Health Services-State)
- 112. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

Human Rights Commission

113. CAPTURE STATE SAVINGS TO DATE - Appropriation authority is adjusted to reflect actual expenditures. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

Department of Labor and Industries

- 114. ADJUST CVC PROJECTION Spending authority for Crime Victims Compensation (CVC) is reduced due to a revised revenue forecast. (Public Safety and Education-Local)
- 115. SAFETY & HEALTH IMPACT GRANT PROG The Safety and Health Impact Grant Program can only continue when there are excess funds over the 10 percent contingency reserve. Since there are no excess funds in this fiscal year, this program is eliminated. (Medical Aid Account)

Home Care Quality Authority

116. LABOR NEGOTIATOR - Funding is provided for a half-time labor negotiator to provide ongoing assistance in negotiating and developing the collective bargaining agreement between the Home Care Quality Authority and home care workers.

Department of Health

- 117. OPERATOR CERT. FEE AUTHORITY New federal requirements, effective in January 2001, require that there be at least one certified operator for every community water system which serves 50 or more connections. As a result, approximately 1,500 additional operators have had to be tested and certified, with the cost of those functions covered by the applicants' certification fees. This item provides the Department with the appropriation authority to cover those costs. No additional fee increase is required. (Waterworks Operator Certification Account-State)
- 118. FEDERAL VACCINE PURCHASES Despite a temporary national shortage of four vaccines, the Department of Health projects that it will expend \$69 million this biennium on childhood vaccines, rather than \$67 million as previously projected. State Health Services Account expenditures are reduced during the current year through the use of the calendar year 2003 allotment of federally-provided vaccine funding in state FY 2003, rather than in state FY 2004 as originally budgeted. (Health Services Account-State)
- 119. PRIVATE/LOCAL EXPENDITURE AUTHORITY The Department of Health receives contributions from private and local sources and some fee revenues which are deposited into "local" rather than other dedicated accounts. Such "local fund" revenues may only be expended to the extent that the Legislature has provided sufficient appropriation authority. This item provides the authority to expend the higher-than-anticipated revenues from three sources: (1) the Susan G. Komen Foundation, for breast and cervical cancer screening; (2) the Seattle-King County Health Department's federal Ryan White grant, for payment of insurance premiums on behalf of persons with HIV/AIDS; and (3) the Newborn Screening Program, for conducting and collecting fees for screenings. (General Fund-Private/Local)
- 120. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

2001-03 Washington State Omnibus Operating Budget 2003 Supplemental Budget

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Department of Veterans' Affairs

- 121. NEW MICROSOFT LICENSING FEE IMPOSED Effective July 2002, the cost of upgrading from older versions of software increased substantially, and technical support was discontinued for software older than the previous release. Under these circumstances, it became more cost-effective for the agency to pay an annual licensing fee than to continue its previous practice of purchasing upgrades as conditions warranted. Funding is provided to cover the difference in cost between the new annual licensing fee arrangement and the agency's average expenditures on software licensing, purchases, and upgrades in prior years.
- 122. WORKERS COMPENSATION CHANGES Funding is provided to cover the cost of the 38 percent average increase in workers compensation rates which was applied to the state veterans' homes effective January 1, 2003. Increased costs will be absorbed within existing funding levels by the agency's headquarters and field offices, as is being done by other state administrative units.
- 123. UPDATED REVENUE FORECAST Funding is provided to cover lower-than-anticipated earnings from federal and private/local sources. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal, and General Fund-Private/Local)

Department of Corrections

- 124. UTILITY RATE ADJUSTMENTS Funding is provided for costs associated with utility rate and price increases experienced at the Department's facilities.
- 125. FEDERAL FUND TRANSFER The federal Bureau of Justice Assistance allocated \$794,000 more in State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP) funds than was originally estimated. The Department receives federal SCAAP funds to assist in paying the cost of incarcerating illegal aliens who have committed serious crimes in Washington. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 126. HEALTH CARE INFLATION Funding is provided for inflation in health care services, including increased costs for pyschotropic drugs and for medical supplies and services.
- 127. KENT OFFICE FIRE Funding is provided to replace lost equipment and reimburse other expenses that the Department incurred as a result of the Kent Community Corrections Office fire on July 6, 2002.
- 128. LEGAL MANDATES Funding is provided for an additional sewer bond at Stafford Creek Corrections Center, pursuant to a mediation agreement between the Department of Corrections, the city of Aberdeen, and the Friends of Grays Harbor. Additional sewer needs are related to the opening of two additional units at the Stafford Creek Corrections Center.
- 129. RATE INCREASES Funding is provided to cover increased Department of Health fees authorized by the 2002 Legislature and increased rates from the Office of the Secretary of State for archives and records retention. Funding is also provided to cover impact fees for Snohomish County Sheriff's Department personnel as part of the Department's obligations under a Memorandum of Understanding on the Twin Rivers Corrections Center.
- 130. REGULATORY COMPLIANCE Funding is provided for regulatory compliance activities that include lease purchasing automated medication devices and paying impact fees to the Snohomish County Fire District.
- 131. WORKLOAD INCREASE Funding is provided for workload increases based upon the February 2003 forecast adopted by the Caseload Forecast Council. The forecast includes an average of 933 additional inmates during FY 2003 and 732 additional offenders on active supervision in the community by the end of FY 2003. Funding is adjusted to reflect: (1) The opening of the last two units at the Stafford Creek Corrections Center; (2) the anticipated acquisition of 250 rentabeds from other jurisdictions; (3) the acquisition of the Mission Creek minimum-security facility from the Department of Social and Health Services; (4) the addition of 90 minimum security beds at the Airway Heights Corrections Center; and (5) the establishment of various emergency measures to accommodate the growth in the inmate population at the Monroe Correctional Complex and other facilities. It is assumed that the agency would not be able to add administrative staff by the end of the biennium and can therefore maintain current spending patterns in the Administration Program.
- 132. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

2003 Supplemental Budget

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Department of Corrections (continued)

133. DELAY OMNI PHASE II MODIFICATIONS - Funding from the second phase of the Department's project to replace the Offender-Based Tracking System with the new Offender Management Network Information (OMNI) system is shifted from FY 2003 to the 2003-05 biennium to account for modifications to the sentence structure and classification modules. These modules will be carried forward from the 2001-03 biennium in order to prevent the Department from incurring additional costs to the OMNI project as a result of offender sentencing and supervision changes enacted by the Legislature in Chapter 379, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5990).

Department of Services for the Blind

- 134. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.
- 135. FEDERAL FUNDS ADJUSTMENT Federal appropriation authority is provided to allow the Department to spend all federal funds received in FY 2003. (General Fund-Federal)

Department of Employment Security

136. TECHNICAL CORRECTION - A technical adjustment is made to correct the fund source and dollar amount for Chapter 149, Laws of 2002, Partial Veto (EHB 2901 - Unemployment Insurance) passed during the 2002 legislative session. Funding should have been provided from the Employment Services Administrative Account, rather than the Administrative Contingency Account. In addition, portions of the bill were repealed by Referendum 53; therefore, the Department does not need as much funding to implement the remainder of the bill. (Administrative Contingency Account-State, Employment Services Account-State)

Department of Ecology

- 137. LOAN TRACKING SYSTEM Funding is provided to complete an automated loan tracking system to manage current and future water quality improvement loans. (Water Pollution Control Revolving-State)
- 138. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

State Parks and Recreation Commission

- 139. PARKING FEE IMPLEMENTATION Funding is provided for costs incurred by the commission due to implementing the vehicle parking fee that went into effect on January 1, 2003. (Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account-State)
- 140. FIREFIGHTING AT STEAMBOAT ROCK Funding is provided for fire mobilization costs associated with the 2001 fire at Steamboat Rock State Park.
- 141. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

Department of Fish and Wildlife

- 142. 2002-03 WINTER FEEDING Funding is provided for increased costs of hay and to purchase emergency winter feed (alfalfa hay and deer pellets) to maintain deer and elk herds. Increased feeding is in response to habitat damage from fires on the north shore of Lake Chelan. (Wildlife Fund-State)
- 143. FEDERAL SPENDING AUTHORITY Federal and local appropriation authority is redistributed between the General Fund and the Wildlife Fund to reflect actual federal and local expenditures through July 2002. (General Fund-Federal, Wildlife Fund-Private/Local)
- 144. SPARTINA WEED CONTROL Funding is provided to continue spartina control activities in Willapa Bay, Grays Harbor, and Camano Island in north Puget Sound. In response to a non-specific reduction in the 2002 Supplemental Budget, the Department of Fish and Wildlife reduced spartina control funding in FY 2003. (Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account-State)

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Department of Fish and Wildlife (continued)

- 145. FISH FOOD COST INCREASE Funding is provided to cover a 7.5 percent increase in the cost of fish food used by hatcheries across the state to produce salmon and trout for recreational and commercial purposes. General Fund-State and Wildlife Fund-State funds are provided proportionate to each funds' contribution to hatchery operations. (General Fund-State, Wildlife Fund-State)
- 146. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

Department of Natural Resources

- 147. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.
- 148. FIRE SUPPRESSION Funding is provided for fire suppression costs incurred during the 2002 fire season. The General Fund-Federal appropriation is reduced by \$326,000 to match expected federal reimbursements. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)
- 149. DERELICT VESSEL REMOVAL Appropriation authority is provided for costs incurred by authorized public entities for removal of derelict and abandoned vessels. Chapter 286, Laws of 2002 (ESHB 2376), provides the authority and funding mechanism to seize, remove, and dispose of derelict vessels. (Derelict Vessel Removal Account-State)

Department of Agriculture

- 150. PESTICIDE STRATEGY REDUCTION One-time savings are realized from staffing and other efficiencies during the current biennium. Funding and staffing are reduced to match the expected expenditure level of the Pesticide Strategy Program during FY 2003. (State Toxics Control Account-State)
- 151. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.
- 152. STATE TOXICS REDUCTION Savings are realized from a lower level of reimbursement to county horiticultural pest and disease boards for the costs of pest control and tree removal on abandoned orchards. (Agricultural Local Account-Non-Appropriated, State Toxics Control Account-State)
- 153. GOVERNOR VETO The Governor vetoed a portion of Section 305 of Chapter 10, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (SSB 5403), which had the effect of restoring a reduction made to the non-provisoed portion of the State Toxics Control Account appropriation. The Governor then directed the Department to place an equal amount of the agency's provisoed State Toxics Control appropriation (\$433,000) in reserve. (State Toxics Control Account-State)

Washington State Patrol

- 154. ADMINISTRATIVE FEE RECOVERY Additional expenditure authority is provided for the payment of administrative fees collected for the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Department of Social and Health Services for fingerprint-based background checks of applicants. (Fingerprint Indentification Account-State)
- 155. FEDERAL SPENDING AUTHORITY Additional federal appropriation authority is provided to fully expend grant funds awarded to the State Patrol. (General Fund-Federal)
- 156. DNA KITS One-time funding is provided to the Crime Laboratory Division for additional DNA kits. The kits are needed for an increased number of DNA analysis cases, due to using a more advanced method which allows analysis of trace evidence. The State Patrol is encouraged to apply for federal grants to assist in reducing the backlog.
- 157. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

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Department of Licensing

- 158. CREDIT CARD COSTS Funding is provided for credit card transaction fees due to more expensive vessel licenses and a greater number of vessel licenses being renewed over the Internet than originally anticipated.
- 159. LEASE RATE ADJUSTMENTS Funding is provided to cover increased lease costs at the Olympia Black Lake offices. (General Fund-State, other funds)
- 160. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

Public Schools -- OSPI & Statewide Programs

161. FEDERAL AND OTHER FUNDS UPDATE - The Superintendent of Public Instruction has submitted revised estimates for federal grants and other non-state revenues. The appropriation authority is increased to match higher-than-expected revenues. (General Fund-Federal, Miscellaneous Program Account-Non-Appropriated)

Public Schools -- General Apportionment

162. ENROLLMENT AND WORKLOAD ADJUSTMENTS - The public school enrollment for the 2002-03 school year is higher than expected by 672 FTE students (from 958,563 to 959,234). The education and experience of certificated instructional staff (staff mix) is also slightly above the levels assumed in the 2002 supplemental budget. In addition, the funding needed to complete school district allocations for the 2001-02 school year is \$4.3 million higher than expected, due to school district adjustments submitted after the end of the 2002 state fiscal year.

Public Schools -- Pupil Transportation

163. ENROLLMENT AND WORKLOAD ADJUSTMENTS - Public school enrollment growth is higher than expected, resulting in a funding increase for student transportation (from 4,621,751 weighted student miles to 4,700,801). The depreciation system payments are significantly higher than expected with new system depreciation more than doubling (from \$13.8 million to \$30.3 million) and contractor depreciation increasing from \$6.0 million to \$6.3 million. Prices on the state bid were significantly higher for one category of bus, which received only one contractor bid. This category will be removed from future state bid lists, which is expected to return depreciation payments to historical averages after this biennium.

Public Schools -- School Food Services

164. FEDERAL AND OTHER FUNDS UPDATE - The Superintendent of Public Instruction has submitted revised estimates of federal grants and allocations. The appropriation authority is increased to match higher-than-expected revenues. (General Fund-Federal)

Public Schools -- Special Education

- 165. FEDERAL AND OTHER FUNDS UPDATE The Superintendent of Public Instruction has submitted revised estimates of federal grants and allocations for education programs. The appropriation authority is increased to match higher-than-expected revenues. (General Fund-Federal)
- 166. ENROLLMENT AND WORKLOAD ADJUSTMENTS Enrollment in special education programs is higher than expected for the 2002-03 school year (up from 118,146 students to 118,389 students). In addition, the funding needed to complete school district allocations for the 2001-02 school year is \$1.3 million higher than expected, due to school district adjustments submitted after the end of the 2002 state fiscal year.

The special education funds are allocated to districts for students ages 3-21, up to 13 percent of the district's total enrollment. State funds are provided for the first 12.7 percent of enrollment, with the remaining allocation for special education enrollment between 12.7 percent and 13.0 percent provided through federal special education funds. The 2002-03 school year is the first year in which the additional funding is provided for special education enrollment above 12.7 percent of total district enrollment. The estimates for 12.7 percent enrollment and the additional 0.3 percent enrollment have been adjusted since the original budget proposal (from 117,097 to 116,992 for the 12.7 percent enrollment with state funding, and from 1,049 to 1,398 for the 0.3 percent enhancement funded through federal funds). (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

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Public Schools -- Traffic Safety Education

167. ENROLLMENT AND WORKLOAD ADJUSTMENTS - The funding necessary to complete the final Traffic Safety Education allocations is increased due to higher-than-expected enrollments in traffic safety programs in the 2001-02 school year.

Public Schools -- Levy Equalization

168. LEVY EQUALIZATION UPDATE - Higher-than-expected assessed property values, local levy bases, and increased voter approval of local levies combined to increase the amounts needed for Local Effort Assistance.

Public Schools -- Elementary & Secondary School Improvement

169. FEDERAL AND OTHER FUNDS UPDATE - The Superintendent of Public Instruction has submitted revised estimates of federal grants and allocations for education programs. The appropriation authority is adjusted to match the expected revenues. (General Fund-Federal)

Public Schools -- Institutional Education

170. ENROLLMENT AND WORKLOAD ADJUSTMENTS - Enrollment in institutions is lower than anticipated by 155 FTE students (from 2,191 to 2,036).

Public Schools -- Education of Highly Capable Students

171. ENROLLMENT AND WORKLOAD ADJUSTMENTS - Funding for the Highly Capable Program is provided for up to 2 percent of each district's K-12 enrollment. To account for higher-than-expected K-12 enrollment, funding for the gifted program is increased.

Public Schools -- Student Achievement Program

172. ENROLLMENT AND WORKLOAD ADJUSTMENTS - Property tax revenues are deposited into the Student Achievement Fund, to be distributed to school districts based on the full-time equivalent (FTE) student enrollment from the prior school year. A portion of lottery revenues are also deposited into the Student Achievement Fund. FY 2003 revenues into the Student Achievement Fund from each source are updated, resulting in a net increase of \$64,000 and changing the maximum allocation per FTE student from \$219.84 to \$220.00 for the 2002-03 school year. (Student Achievement Fund-State)

Public Schools -- Education Reform

173. ENROLLMENT AND WORKLOAD ADJUSTMENTS - More teachers attained certification from the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards than was originally expected, bringing the total to 218 National Board certified teachers in Washington classrooms.

Public Schools -- Transitional Bilingual Instruction

- 174. FEDERAL AND OTHER FUNDS UPDATE The Superintendent of Public Instruction has submitted revised estimates of federal grants and allocations for education programs. The appropriation authority is adjusted to match the revenue estimates. (General Fund-Federal)
- 175. ENROLLMENT AND WORKLOAD ADJUSTMENTS Enrollment in transitional bilingual programs is 809 students lower than expected for the 2002-03 school year (down from 66,866 students to 66,058).

Public Schools -- Learning Assistance Program (LAP)

176. ENROLLMENT AND WORKLOAD ADJUSTMENTS - The Learning Assistance Program provides funds to school districts based on the proportion of low-achieving students in each district, defined by the percentage of students scoring in the lowest quartile on nationally-normed tests. Districts also receive LAP funds based on the percentage of students, beyond the statewide average, who receive free and reduced-price lunch. The percentage of students scoring in the lowest national quartile is declining, lowering the LAP allocation to school districts. The percentage of students above the state average for free and reduced-price lunch is higher than expected. These combined factors result in a \$633,000 reduction in the LAP budget.

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Public Schools -- Block Grants

177. ENROLLMENT AND WORKLOAD ADJUSTMENTS - The funding to complete the final block grant allocations is reduced by \$9,000 due to lower-than-expected final enrollments for the 2001-02 school year.

Public Schools -- Compensation Adjustments

178. ENROLLMENT AND WORKLOAD ADJUSTMENTS - Public school enrollment is higher than expected in the 2002-03 school year, increasing the number of teachers and staff funded by the state. Additionally, the education and experience of certificated instructional staff (staff mix) is slightly above the levels assumed in the 2002 supplemental budget. Both of these factors raise the cost of providing the health benefit and Initiative 732 cost-of-living increases in the 2002-03 school year. (General Fund-State, General Fund-Federal)

Higher Education Coordinating Board

179. STAFF REDUCTION & EFFICIENCIES - Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions imposed by the Governor to reduce full-time equivalent (FTE) employment. The reduction in staffing is assumed to be permanent and will reduce ongoing 2003-05 expenditures.

State School for the Deaf

180. 2003 SUPPLEMENTAL FTE REDUCTION - Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions assumed or reflected in the supplemental budget act.

Work Force Training & Education Coordinating Board

181. STAFF REDUCTION & EFFICIENCIES - Funding is reduced as a result of a statewide hiring freeze and/or other staffing reductions imposed by the Governor to reduce full-time equivalent (FTE) employment. The reduction in staffing is assumed to be permanent and will reduce ongoing 2003-05 expenditures.

Washington State Historical Society

- 182. ACQ & MAINT HISTORIC COLLECTION Funding for acquisition and maintenance of historic collections is reduced by 9 percent starting April 2003.
- 183. AGENCY ADMINISTRATION Funding for agency administration is reduced by 7 percent starting April 2003.
- 184. COMMUNITY OUTREACH ACTIVITIES Funding for community outreach activities is reduced by 10 percent starting April 2003.
- 185. HISTORICAL EDUCATION Funding for historical education activities is reduced by 14 percent starting April 2003.
- 186. MUSEUM OP & FACILITIES MAINTENANCE Funding for museum operations and facilities maintenance is reduced by 6 percent starting April 2003.
- 187. STATE HISTORICAL EXHIBITS Funding for state historical exhibits is reduced by 17 percent starting April 2003.

Eastern Washington State Historical Society

- 188. MAINTAIN CULTURAL/ART/HIST COLLECT Funding for maintenance of historic collections is reduced by 6 percent starting April 2003.
- 189. AGENCY ADMINISTRATION Funding for agency administration is reduced by 6 percent starting April 2003.
- 190. MUSEUM OPERATIONS, MAINT & EXHIBITS Funding for museum operations, maintenance, and exhibits is reduced by 10 percent starting April 2003.

Bond Retirement and Interest

191. SUPPLEMENTAL 2003 - Savings are achieved in debt service due to lower interest rates. (General Fund-State and various other funds)

2003 Supplemental Budget

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Special Approps to the Governor

- 192. FTE REDUCTION CONTINGENCY POOL Funding is reduced in state agencies to reflect reduced employment levels in those agencies. Up to \$1 million is provided for assistance to state agencies that are unable to effectively absorb the FTE reductions made in the 2003 supplemental budget.
- 193. LIABILITY ACCOUNT Additional funding is provided to cover settlement costs anticipated by the end of the 2001-03 biennium.
- 194. REDUCE TRAVEL, EQUIPMENT, CONTRACTS State agency expenditures for discretionary travel, equipment, and personal service contracts are reduced by \$5 million. A portion of these savings is appropriated to the Governor for emergency allocation to state agencies to address critical needs (see next item). The Governor vetoed this provision.
- 195. EMERGENCY TRAVEL, EQUIPMENT, ETC. A portion of the savings from the 20 percent reduction in agency expenditures for travel, equipment, and personal service contracts is appropriated to the Governor to be used on an emergency basis to allocate to state agencies to fund critically-necessary travel, equipment, and personal service contracts. The Governor vetoed this provision.
- 196. GOVERNOR VETO The Governor vetoed Sections 706 and 707 of Chapter 10, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (SSB 5403), which reduced state agency expenditures for discretionary travel, equipment, and personal service contracts from the state general fund by \$5 million.

The Governor also vetoed Section 707 which imposed restrictions on state employment.

Sundry Claims

- 197. SELF-DEFENSE CLAIMS On the recommendation of the State Office of Risk Management, payment is made under RCW 9A.16.110 for claims for reimbursement of legal costs and other expenses of criminal defendants acquitted on the basis of self defense.
- 198. STATE EMPLOYEE DEATH BENEFIT A death benefit payment is paid to the families of three state employees pursuant to section 715, chapter 7, Laws of 2001, 2nd sp.s.
- 199. DEER AND ELK DAMAGE CLAIMS On the recommendation of the State Office of Risk Management, payment is made under RCW 77.12.280 for claims for damages to agricultural crops by wildlife. (Wildlife Account-State)
- 200. RCW 27.44.040(1) CLAIMS Payment is made for a claim arising pursuant to RCW 27.44.040(1) (Indian Graves).

Contributions to Retirement Systems

201. FY 2003 SPENDING LEVEL - Funding is increased to compensate for a higher-than-expected salary base in the Law Enforcement and Fire Fighters Retirement System.

2003-05 Transportation Budget Operating and Capital

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2003-05 Washington State Transportation Budget

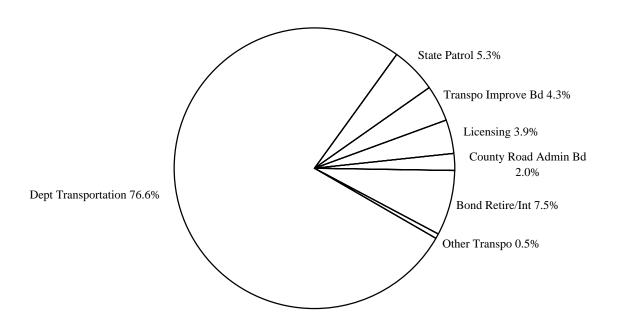
Agency Summary TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL BUDGET Total Appropriated Funds

		Enacted
Department of Transportation		3,603,586
Pgm C - Information Technology		70,770
Pgm D - Hwy Mgmt & Facilities		48,344
Pgm F - Aviation		6,039
Pgm H - Pgm Delivery Mgmt & Suppt		49,410
Pgm I1 - Improvements - Mobility		717,257
Pgm I2 - Improvements - Safety		140,280
Pgm I3 - Improvements - Econ Init		103,827
Pgm I4 - Improvements - Env Retro		22,171
Pgm I7 - Tacoma Narrows Br		613,300
Pgm K - Transpo Economic Part		1,011
Pgm M - Highway Maintenance		289,029
Pgm P1 - Preservation - Roadway		255,060
Pgm P2 - Preservation - Structures		325,460
Pgm P3 - Preservation - Other Facil		76,459
Pgm Q - Traffic Operations		68,192
Pgm S - Transportation Management		27,554
Pgm T - Transpo Plan, Data & Resch		47,899
Pgm U - Charges from Other Agys		61,082
Pgm V - Public Transportation		49,186
Pgm W - WA State Ferries-Cap		182,596
Pgm X - WA State Ferries-Op		314,700
Pgm Y - Rail		80,374
Pgm Z - Local Programs		53,586
Vashington State Patrol		251,099
Field Operations Bureau		177,611
Support Services Bureau		71,283
Capital		2,205
epartment of Licensing		182,151
Management & Support Services		13,185
Information Systems		17,927
Vehicle Services		63,336
Driver Services		87,703
egislative Transportation Comm		2,374
Board of Pilotage Commissioners		272
Itilities and Transportation Comm		293
VA Traffic Safety Commission		20,820
ounty Road Administration Board		94,184
Cransportation Improvement Board		200,647
Marine Employees' Commission		352
ransportation Commission		807
reight Mobility Strategic Invest		616
tate Parks and Recreation Comm		972
repartment of Agriculture		315
tate Employee Compensation Adjust		-4,855
Otal Appropriation		4,353,633
ond Retirement and Interest		352,296
otal		4,705,929
Vent.	322	7,100,929

2003-05 Washington State Transportation Budget Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163) Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

MAJOR COMPONENTS BY AGENCY Total Operating and Capital Budget



Department of Transportation	3,603,586
Washington State Patrol	251,099
Transportation Improvement Board	200,647
Department of Licensing	182,151
County Road Administration Board	94,184
Bond Retirement and Interest	352,296
Other Transportation	21,966

2003-05 Transportation Budget Overview

The 2003 Legislature faced the challenge of balancing growing demands for new revenues for transportation with possible impacts that an increase in taxes or fees may have on a weak economy. The issues surrounding transportation financing were tightly interwoven with a widespread desire to improve the accountability and efficiency of the state's transportation system.

Consideration of new revenue for transportation was made in the context of recent revenue reductions brought about by voter approval and subsequent Legislative endorsement of Initiative 695 in the 2000 legislative session. I-695 eliminated the state Motor Vehicle Excise Tax (MVET) that was a significant source of funding for the ferry system, public transit, and highway construction.

Initiative 776 (Chapter 1, Laws 2003), which passed in November 2002 further reduced state and local transportation revenues by eliminating several local option motor vehicle taxes and eliminating a portion of the state truck weight fee. I-776 was pending appeal during the 2003 session.

During the same November 2002 election, the voters rejected Referendum 51, which was placed on the ballot by the 2002 Legislature. Referendum 51 proposed to raise transportation taxes and fees and was accompanied by a specific expenditure plan for the new funds and reform measures linked to the passage of the new revenues.

Session Outcomes

Within the 105 day regular session, the Legislature passed a package of transportation bills that raised transportation fees and taxes, created a performance audit board, instituted changes in contracting and permitting to increase efficiencies, addressed ferry system financing and services, provided local transportation agencies additional resources and flexibility, and established a 10-year investment plan with a clearly defined project list and timelines.

The bills passed that address accountability, efficiencies, and local government financing include:

Accountability

- ✓ Performance audits and citizen involvement in oversight of the transportation system Chapter 362, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5748)
- ✓ Legislators' membership in project planning organizations Chapter 351, Laws of 2003 (ESB 5245)

Efficiency

- ✓ Contracting out, prevailing wage process reforms, and transportation efficiencies Chapter 363, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5248)
- ✓ Transportation permit streamlining Chapter 8, Laws of 2003 (ESB 5279)
- ✓ Ferry terminal alternative contracting Chapter 352, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5520)
- ✓ Authorizing public transportation benefit areas and ferry districts to operate passenger-only ferry service Chapter 83, Laws of 2003 (ESHB 1853)
- ✓ Exercising sound business practices to enhance revenues for Washington State Ferries Chapter 374, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5974)
- ✓ Incentives for private passenger-only operations Chapter 373, Laws of 2003 (EHB 1388)

Regional Options

- ✓ Regional Transportation Investment District Area (RTID) Equity Chapter 194, Laws of 2003 (SHB 2033)
- ✓ Regional Transportation Investment District Bonding Chapter 372, Laws of 2003 (SB 5769)
- ✓ Local gas tax Chapter 350, Laws of 2003 (ESSB 5247)

New Transportation Revenues

Chapter 361, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 2231)

The Legislature passed a transportation revenue package to support a list of projects and programs identified in the transportation budget. The funds from the five-cent fuel tax and weight fee increases are deposited into a separate account within the Motor Vehicle Fund. The new account, the Transportation 2003 Account, is also referred to as the Nickel Account.

Expenditures from the account must be used only for projects or improvements identified as transportation 2003 projects or improvements in the omnibus transportation budget and to pay for the principle and interest on the bonds authorized for transportation 2003 projects. Upon completion of the projects, any money remaining in the account must be used for principle and interest on the bonds authorized for transportation 2003 projects. Any funds in excess of the bond payments may be used for maintenance on those projects. The five-cent fuel tax expires when the bond payments for the identified projects are completely paid for.

10-Year Revenue Plan

(Dollars in Thousands)

Revenues R	astricted	to Hi	hway	Heal	(1 Qth	Amandmant	١.
nevenues n	estrictea i	ioin	znway	Use (10	Amenameni	٦.

■ Five Cent Fuel Tax Increase	1,747,250
 15 Percent Increase to Weight Fees 	118,224
 Title Fee Transfer to Nickel Account 	58,500
Total Cash Revenue	1,923,974
Bond Proceeds	2,600,000
Debt Service on New Bonds	-950,471
Total 18 th Amendment Funds	3,573,503
Mobility Revenues (Available for any Transportation Investment):	
 Sales Tax on Motor Vehicles (three tenths of 1 percent) 	347,797
 Plate Retention Fee 	40,000
Total Cash Revenue	387,797
	240.500
Bond Proceeds	349,500
Bond Proceeds Less Debt Service	-132,100

Transportation Investments

Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163)

The transportation budget includes expenditure authorization for both the new revenue authorized in ESHB 2231 and revenues that are realized from the pre-existing user fees and taxes.

The new revenue supports a transportation package that includes both highway construction and non-highway transportation alternatives. The size of the highway portion of the package (18th amendment revenues) was established to fix safety and congestion problems in the 39 counties and to be the foundation for the three county RTID in the Puget Sound region. The package makes specific project appropriations to hold the Department of Transportation to cost estimates and timelines. Of the new funding, 93.2 percent is provided for specific projects whose name and description may be found in lists incorporated into the budget.

The new funding is tied to a 2003 highway project list outlining where the funds will be spent. The projects will accomplish the following objectives in the next 10 years:

Lane miles added	269
Completes usable segments*	99
New interchanges	11
Significant interchange improvements	25
Projects that include High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) lanes	16

^{*} state highway mobility and safety improvement segments

10-Year Planned Expenditure Highlights (New and Existing Resources)

Highway Investments

Safety is a priority for funding. The package makes investments in safety projects throughout the state. One such project invests \$177 million to begin to repair the Alaskan Way Viaduct. Others fix unsafe highways, for example, State Route (SR) 270 in Pullman, replace dangerous intersections, widen two-lane roadways, straighten dangerous curves, build left turn lanes, improve dangerous bridges, install traffic signals, and install median barriers to prevent vehicles from crossing the center line.

- Preservation is also a priority for funding. The package includes funding to replace crumbling concrete road surfaces, repair bridges in danger of collapse during earthquakes, replace the east half of the Hood Canal Bridge, repair the Yakima Bridge in Richland on SR 240, and makes other major investments to make sure that existing facilities are maintained.
- Congestion relief is significantly addressed. The amount of \$2.2 billion will be invested in the Central Puget Sound road system to improve Interstate (I)-405; add HOV lanes on I-5, SR 167, SR 16, and other roadways; and make other investments that will allow traffic to move more freely. The North-South freeway in Spokane is funded at \$190 million, to address an identified bottleneck. Other investments are made in congested areas throughout the state.

Non-highway Mobility Investments:

- Passenger-only ferry service. The transportation budget maintains a state role in the passenger-only ferry business, funding service between Vashon Island and Seattle, as well as 13 weeks of service between Bremerton and Seattle. Newly passed legislation (Chapter 83, Laws of 2003 ESHB 1853) gives Kitsap Transit the opportunity to reinstitute passenger-only service between Bremerton and Seattle.
- Rural and urban transit. The package makes an investment in transit, with nearly \$100 million for local transit service for the elderly and disabled who depend on transit. There is also new investment in rural transit service. Funding for the Seattle street car to serve South Lake Union is provided.

- Passenger rail. Investments of \$183 million are made in the passenger rail system, with critical track improvements from Vancouver, Washington to Bellingham. The package provides funding to purchase another trainset to operate an additional run between Seattle and Portland.
- **Freight rail**. To improve the movements of goods throughout the state and to the ports, \$45 million is provided, which will reduce truck traffic on the state's highways.
- **Commute trip reduction.** Provides \$30 million for tax incentives and grants to businesses that provide financial incentives to employees to reduce the number of single occupant vehicle trips.
- **Vanpools.** Funding in the amount of \$30 million is provided for vanpools to provide commuting options.
- Off-road recreation. Funding for off-road recreation is increased each biennium for a total increase of \$20 million over 10 years by increasing the base calculation method by one cent per biennium over the next five biennia.
- Rail Barge Facility. Funding of \$15.5 million is provided for the facility to accommodate oversized cargo to complement the Port of Everett's existing deep-water terminals. (Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 509 SSB 5401)

Ferry System

- **Four new auto ferries**. The sum of \$67 million is provided for a new auto ferry (in addition to three new auto ferries provided for in current law).
- **Terminal improvements.** The amount of \$231 million is provided for the Mukilteo multimodal terminal, the Anacortes multimodal terminal, the Edmonds multimodal terminal, and preservation of terminals at Lopez, Friday Harbor, Bremerton, Seattle, Vashon, Tahlequah, Southworth, and Point Defiance.

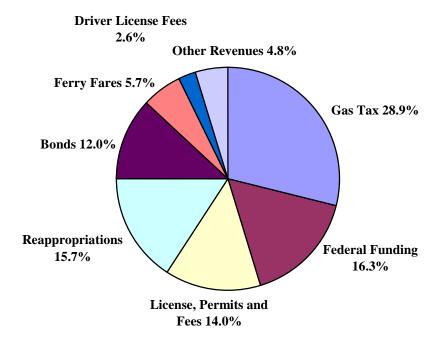
Clean Air and Water Protection.

- **Neah Bay rescue tug.** The tug is fully funded at \$2.7 million a biennium through fiscal year 2008. (Chapter 264, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto ESSB 6072)
- Clean air funding. The amount of \$10 million is provided per biennium through fiscal year 2008. The funds will be used to retrofit school buses and reduce air pollution. (Chapter 264, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto ESSB 6072)

Other 2003 Transportation Related Legislation

Chapter 147, Laws of 2003 (ESB 6062) – Transportation Bonds

- Authorizes \$2.6 billion in general obligation bonds backed by the motor fuel tax.
- Authorizes \$350 million non-debt limit general obligation bonds backed by revenues from the Multimodal Transportation Account (sales tax on vehicles).
- The following Monorail bonding provisions are established:
 - O The monorail may covenant with the holders of its bonds that it may not be dissolved and shall continue to exist solely for the purpose of continuing to levy and collect any taxes or assessments levied by it and pledged to the repayment of debt;
 - o No debt backed by the covenant shall be incurred by the authority on a project until 30 days after a final environmental impact statement on that project has been issued;
 - The amount of the authority's initial bond issue is limited to the amount of the project costs in the subsequent two years as documented by a certified engineer or by submitted bids, plus any reimbursable capital expenses already incurred;
 - The first bond issue may be sized consistent with the Internal Revenue Service five-year spend down schedule if an independent financial advisor recommends such an approach is financially advisable.



2003-05 Revenue Sources

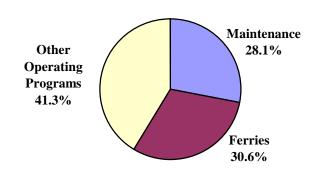
(Dollars in Millions)

	Existing	New	Total
	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue
Gas Tax	1,066	301	1,367
Federal Funding	771		771
License, Permits, and Fees	659		659
Reappropriations	742		742
Bonds	242	327	569
Ferry Fares	270		270
Driver License Fees	122		122
Vehicle Sales Tax		58	58
Miscellaneous	56		56
Rental Car Tax	45		45
Local Funds	37		37
15 Percent Gross Weight Fee		21	21
License Plate Retention		8	8
Total	4,010	715	4,725

The 2003-05 budget (includes the transportation budget Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto – ESHB 1163 and transportation related appropriations from the omnibus capital budget Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto – SSB 5401) funds operating and capital investments from existing revenue sources and new tax revenues.

WSDOT Operating Budget – \$1.031 Billion

The largest component of the Department of Transportation's operating budget is the ferry system, which is appropriated \$315 million in 2003-05. The budget maintains passenger-only service to Vashon and temporary service to Bremerton. It maintains existing auto-ferry routes. The budget endorses the bulk of the "5+5+5" plan (5 percent revenue increase, 5 percent ridership increase, and 5 percent expenditure decrease).

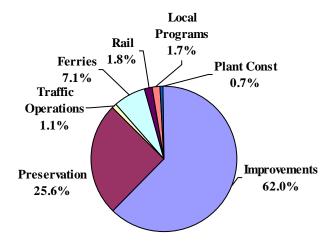


Highway maintenance is the second largest component, budgeted at \$289 million. Other operating costs of \$427 million include traffic operations; information technology; transportation planning, data, and research; management; and other charges necessary to run a large state agency.

Of the new transportation revenue, \$38 million will be spent on mobility improvements in the 2003-05 biennium. This includes funds to transit agencies and non-profit organizations for paratransit service, rural mobility, and sales tax equalization (\$28 million); vanpools (\$4 million); and commute trip reduction investments (\$6 million).

WSDOT Capital Budget - \$2.587 Billion

The Department of Transportation's capital budget for the 2003-05 biennium includes revenues from current sources and the new tax increases. Current revenue sources are invested in preservation of the existing highway



system (\$657 million); the ferry system (\$183 million); improvements to the highway system (\$1.597 billion of which \$613 million is for the Tacoma Narrows Bridge); traffic operations (\$29 million); rail capital (\$45 million); Plant Construction (\$17 million); and for local capital needs of (\$59 million).

New tax increases are invested in preservation, safety, and improvements to the highway system (\$572 million); the ferry system (\$18 million); rail projects (\$30 million); and local capital needs (\$6 million).

Other Agencies Operating Budgets – \$474 Million

Other agencies funded in the 2003-05 biennium transportation budget include the Washington State Patrol, funded at \$251 million; the Department of Licensing, funded at \$182 million; and other state transportation-related agencies that are funded at \$41 million.

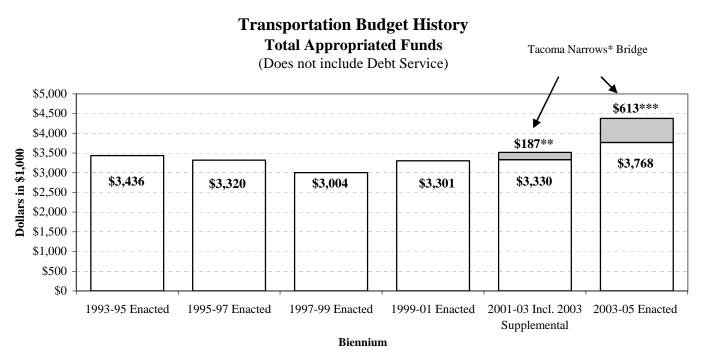
Other initiatives include continued ferry security enhancements and improvements to agency computer infrastructures to improve service to the public.

The County Road Administration Board, the Transportation Improvement Board, and the Freight Mobility Strategic Investment Board remain as separate agencies in this budget.

Other Agencies Capital Budgets - \$289 Million

The capital budget for the Transportation Improvement Board totals \$198 million, for road-related grants, primarily to urban areas. The County Road Administration Board, which makes road-related grants to rural areas, is appropriated \$91 million in capital funds.

Funding History



^{*} Tacoma Narrows Bridge funded primarily through the issuance of bonds to be paid by user fees

^{** \$187}M was actually spent on Tacoma Narrows Bridge. \$846M was originally appropriated in the budget.

^{*** \$613}M was reappropriated from the original \$846M appropriated in the 2001-03 budget.

2003-05 Washington State Transportation Current Law Budget Fund Balances for Selected Funds

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance (1)	Revenue (2)	Expenditures (3)	Balance
Pilotage Account	544	352	272	624
Essential Rail Assistance Account	421	356	770	7
Aeronautics Account	209	5,824	5,766	267
Air Search & Rescue Safety & Ed. Account	58	145	282	-79
Grade Crossing Protective Account	205	172	293	84
State Patrol Highway Account	4,739	255,926	252,433	8,232
Motorcycle Safety Education Account	1,177	2,314	2,796	695
Highway Infrastructure Account (SIB)	1,602	1,809	1,809	1,602
Recreational Vehicle Account	1,936	-529	0	1,407
Puget Sound Capital Construction Account	2,633	164,987	163,466	4,154
Rural Arterial Trust Account	23,739	38,696	62,431	4
Highway Safety Fund	2,913	123,594	122,296	4,211
Motor Vehicle Fund	84,691	1,705,672	1,787,765	2,598
Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account	5,435	319,983	318,985	6,433
Urban Arterial Trust Account	6,165	94,694	100,814	45
Transportation Improvement Account	5,844	94,243	100,082	5
County Arterial Preservation Program	-12	29,484	29,470	2
Licensing Services Account	1,702	5,262	3,990	2,974
Passenger Ferry Account	1,500	0	0	1,500
Special Category C Account	1,539	49,354	50,721	172
Multimodal Transportation Account	12,376	175,766	186,900	1,242
Impaired Driving Safety Account	1,225	770	0	1,995
Bicycle & Pedestrian Safety Account	0	100	100	0
Washington Fruit Express	0	500	500	0
Tacoma Narrows Toll Bridge Account	40,338	572,752	613,300	-210
Puyallup Tribal Settlement Account	10,406	777	0	11,183
School Zone Safety Account	1,729	1,890	3,059	560
License Plate Technology Account	0	2,156	0	2,156
Transportation 2003 Account (Nickel Account)	0	588,461	580,233	8,228

⁽¹⁾ The beginning fund balance on June 30, 2003, reflects the fund balance after taking into account revisions for project reappropriations and unspent agency operating appropriations from the 2001-03 biennium.

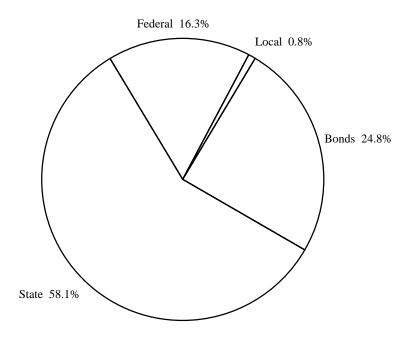
⁽²⁾ Revenues reflect the March 2003 forecast.

⁽³⁾ Expenditure numbers reflect the 2003-05 transportation budget.

2003-05 Washington State Transportation Budget Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163) Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

COMPONENTS BY FUND TYPE Total Operating and Capital Budget



Fund Type	
State	2,734,278
Federal	768,652
Local	36,722
Bonds	1,166,277
Total	4,705,929

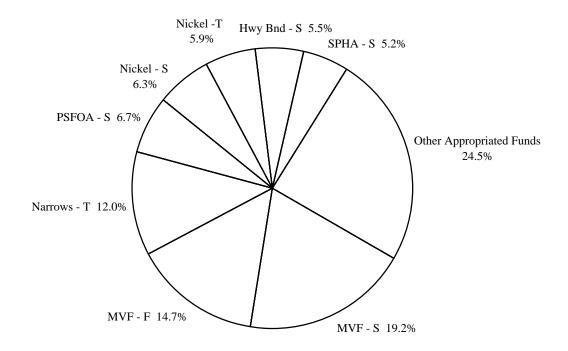
Includes bonds of: \$567 million Tacoma Narrows Bridge Toll Account; \$280 million Transportation 2003 (Nickel) Account; \$158.6 million Motor Vehicle Account; \$47.8 million Multimodal Transportation Account; \$45 million Puget Sound Capital Construction Account; \$44 million Special Category C Account; and \$24 million Transportation Improvement Account. Bonds are financed with state transportation revenues but are shown above as a percentage of all transportation fund types.

Note: Total includes \$352.3 million for Bond Retirement and Interest.

2003-05 Washington State Transportation Budget Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163) Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

MAJOR COMPONENTS BY FUND SOURCE AND TYPE Total Operating and Capital Budget



Motor Vehicle Account - State (MVF - S)	902,083
Motor Vehicle Account - Federal (MVF - F)	690,525
Tacoma Narrows Toll Bridge Account - Bonds (Narrows - T)	567,000
Puget Sound Ferry Operations Acct - State (PSFOA - S)	316,194
Transportation 2003 (Nickel) Acct - State (Nickel - S)	295,849
Transportation 2003 (Nickel) Acct - Bond (Nickel - T)	280,000
Highway Bond Retirement Account - State (Hwy Bnd - S)	258,971
State Patrol Highway Account - State (SPHA - S)	243,024
Other Appropriated Funds	1,152,283
Total	4,705,929

Note: Total includes \$352.3 million for Bond Retirement and Interest.

2003-05 Washington State Transportation Budget Fund Summary

TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL BUDGET

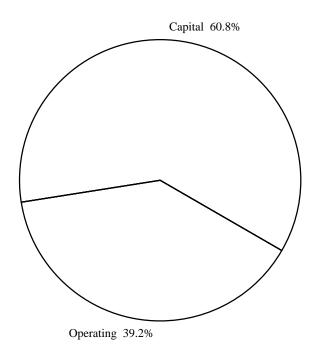
	MVF State *	P.S. Ferry Op Acct State	WSP Hwy Acct State	Multimodal Acct State	Nickel Account State *	Other Approp	Total Approp
Department of Transportation	981,696	317,256	0	152,336	573,049	3,603,586	3,603,586
Pgm C - Information Technology	58,661	6,583	0	363	0	70,770	70,770
Pgm D - Hwy Mgmt & Facilities	48,344	0	0	0	0	48,344	48,344
Pgm F - Aviation	0	0	0	0	0	6,039	6,039
Pgm H - Pgm Delivery Mgmt & Suppt	49,010	0	0	0	0	49,410	49,410
Pgm I1 - Improvements - Mobility	94,671	0	0	0	484,842	717,257	717,257
Pgm I2 - Improvements - Safety	43,557	0	0	0	45,811	140,280	140,280
Pgm I3 - Improvements - Econ Init	9,663	0	0	0	27,817	103,827	103,827
Pgm I4 - Improvements - Env Retro	9,483	0	0	0	6,830	22,171	22,171
Pgm I7 - Tacoma Narrows Br	0	0	0	0	0	613,300	613,300
Pgm K - Transpo Economic Part	1,011	0	0	0	0	1,011	1,011
Pgm M - Highway Maintenance	283,350	0	0	0	0	289,029	289,029
Pgm P1 - Preservation - Roadway	39,149	0	0	1,690	2,000	255,060	255,060
Pgm P2 - Preservation - Structures	106,662	0	0	0	0	325,460	325,460
Pgm P3 - Preservation - Other Facil	33,098	0	0	0	0	76,459	76,459
Pgm Q - Traffic Operations	53,557	0	0	0	0	68,192	68,192
Pgm S - Transportation Management	24,852	1,093	0	973	0	27,554	27,554
Pgm T - Transpo Plan, Data & Resch	30,064	0	0	1,021	0	47,899	47,899
Pgm U - Charges from Other Agys	61,082	0	0	0	0	61,082	61,082
Pgm V - Public Transportation	0	0	0	46,457	0	49,186	49,186
Pgm W - WA State Ferries-Cap	0	0	0	13,381	5,749	182,596	182,596
Pgm X - WA State Ferries-Op	0	309,580	0	5,120	0	314,700	314,700
Pgm Y - Rail	0	0	0	69,605	0	80,374	80,374
Pgm Z - Local Programs	35,482	0	0	13,726	0	53,586	53,586
Washington State Patrol							251,099
Field Operations Bureau	0 0	0 0	243,467 171,269	0 0	0 0	7,632 6,342	177,611
Support Services Bureau	0	0	69,993	0	0	1,290	71,283
	0	0	2,205	0	0	1,290	
Capital	_						2,205
Department of Licensing	68,700	0	0	0	0	182,151	182,151
Management & Support Services	4,623	0	0	0	0	13,185	13,185
Information Systems	6,569	0	0	0	0	17,927	17,927
Vehicle Services	57,508	0	0	0	0	63,336	63,336
Driver Services	0	0	0	0	0	87,703	87,703
Legislative Transportation Comm	2,374	0	0	0	0	2,374	2,374
Board of Pilotage Commissioners	0	0	0	0	0	272	272
Utilities and Transportation Comm	0	0	0	0	0	293	293
WA Traffic Safety Commission	0	0	0	0	0	20,820	20,820
County Road Administration Board	2,289	0	0	0	0	94,184	94,184
Transportation Improvement Board	0	0	0	0	0	200,647	200,647
Marine Employees' Commission	0	352	0	0	0	352	352
Transportation Commission	807	0	0	0	0	807	807
Freight Mobility Strategic Invest	616	0	0	0	0	616	616
State Parks and Recreation Comm	972	0	0	0	0	972	972
Department of Agriculture	315	0	0	0	0	315	315
State Employee Compensation Adjust	-2,305	-1,414	-443	-154	0	-4,412	-4,855
Total Appropriation	1,055,464	316,194	243,024	152,182	573,049	4,110,609	4,353,633
Bond Retirement and Interest	5,169	0	0	477	2,800	352,296	352,296
Total	1,060,633	316,194	243,024	152,659	575,849	4,462,905	4,705,929

^{*} Includes Bond amounts.

2003-05 Washington State Transportation Budget Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163) Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

OPERATING AND CAPITAL COMPONENTS



2003-05 Transportation Budget	
Operating	1,843,226
Capital	2,862,703

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Imp	rovement Projects:						_
002	Pickle Farm Road/Gunn Road (100236E)	28	254	-	-	-	282
	SR 2/Old SR 2 Vic to SR 9 Vic - Safety (100210T)	437	-	-	-	-	437
	US 2/Winton Rd. Intersection Relocation (200200N)	638	-	-	-	-	638
002	US 2/179th Ave to Woods Creek Bridge (100224F)	139	553	-	-	-	692
002	US 2/5th Street - Signalization (100232U)	538	-	-	-	-	538
	US 2/Dryden - Signal (200221H)	46	-	-	-	-	46
	US 2/Mill Creek Fish Passage (200202D)	115	950	-	-	-	1,065
	US 2/Reiter Road Vicinity - Rechannelize (100231A)	588	-	-	-	-	588
	US 2/Snohomish River to Junction SR 204 (100200C)	-	30	-	-	-	30
	US 2/SR 522 to Woods Creek Bridge (100224E)	438	910	-	-	-	1,348
	US 2/SR 9 Interchange Vicinity (100211E)	12	8	_	-	_	20
	SR 3/Imperial Way to Sunnyslope - Safety (300355A)	659	1,270	_	-	_	1,929
	SR 3/NB Off Ramp at Loxie Eagans Blvd (300336A)	319	-	_	_	_	319
	SR 3/Allyn to SR 106 Vicinity - Safety (300333A)	43	1,237	4,660	_	_	5,940
005	Chehalis Western Trail Overcrossing (300591B)	465	1,264	-	_	_	1,729
	Clark County Interstate Park & Ride Lots (495952A)	17	-,	_	_	_	17
	I-5/128th St SW (SR96) I/C Improvements (100541M)	140	_	_	_	_	140
	I-5/164th St SW to SR 526 - HOV (100540F)	460	1,542	_	_	_	2,002
	I-5/172nd St NE (SR 531) Interchange (100553N)	4,505	-	_	_	_	4,505
	I-5/196th St SW / SR 524 I/C - Westside (100536N)	2,394	_	_	_	_	2,394
	I-5/196th St SW(SR 524) I/C - Phase C (100536P)	730	_	_	_	_	730
	I-5/2nd Street Bridge - Replace Bridge (100566B)	210	_	_	_	_	210
	I-5/36th St Vic. to SR 542 Vic. (100585Q)	6,409	7,010	_	_	_	13,419
	I-5/52nd Ave W. to SR 526 - SB Safety (100535H)	247	228	_	_	_	475
	I-5/Airdustrial NB On Ramp - Safety (300585A)	13	419	518			950
	I-5/Bakerview Rd to Nooksack R Br 5/828W (100591Y)	46	30	-			76
	I-5/Bridgeport Way On-Ramps - Safety (300519B)	740	-	-	_	_	740
	I-5/Burnt Bridge Creek Thru NE 78th St (400589A)	56	12	3	_	_	71
	I-5/County Line to Prairie Creek Bridge (300510D)	342	-	-	_	_	342
	I-5/Grand Mound to Maytown, Widening (300581A)	1,410	978	-	-	-	2,388
	I-5/I-205 to N. Fork Lewis River Bridge (400502S)	125	710	-	_	_	835
	I-5/Intelligent Transportation System (300517C)	500	-	-	-	-	500
	I-5/Martin Way Overcrossing - Bike Lanes (300539A)	89	1	620	-	-	710
	I-5/Mcallister Creek - Stormwater (300507B)	0,9	33	-	-	-	33
	I-5/Murray Creek - Stormwater Retrofit (300505B)	251	33	-	-	-	251
		4	-	-	-	-	4
	I-5/NB Pace Lane Extension - Blaine Vic (100599M)			-	-	-	
	I-5/North of Lakeway Interchange (100586B)	1,200	300	-	-	-	1,500
005	I-5/Northgate Way to NE 175th Street (100527M)	816	-	-	-	-	816
	I-5/Pacific Ave I/C SB Off Ramp - Signal (300585B)	358	2 451	-	-	-	358
	I-5/Pierce Co. Line to Tukwila I/C - HOV (100505A)	9,087	3,451	-	-	-	12,538
005	I-5/Pierce Co. Line to Tukwila I/C (100505C)	230	-	-	-	-	230
	I-5/Port of Tacoma I/C, Core HOV (300563A)	596	146	-	-	-	742
	I-5/Port of Tacoma Rd to King Co Line (300504A)	909	-	-	-	-	909
005	I-5/Ramps at Michigan-Corson/Albro/Swift (100516B)	765	265	-	-	-	1,030
	I-5/S 48th to S M Street - Core HOV (300568A)	231	-	-	-	-	231
	I-5/Salmon Creek to I-205 - Widening (400595A)	12	-	-	-	-	12
	I-5/SB Off Ramp to SR 526 - Safety (100535G)	82	209	-	-	-	291
	I-5/SR 16 I/C / 38th St I/C, Core HOV (300567A)	6,546	423	-	-	-	6,969
	I-5/SR 526 to Marine View Drive (100543M)	1,725	-	-	-	-	1,725
	I-5/Tacoma Vic HOV - Project Definition (300574A)	280	-	-	-	-	280
005	I-5/Trosper Road Interchange - Signals (300530B)	45	-	-	-	-	45
005	SB On Ramp From Broadway to CD (100544E)	200	297	-	-	-	497
005	SB Ramps at SR 11/Old Fairhaven Parkway (100584A)	217	362	-	-	-	579

	(Dollars in Thousands)							
Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total	
	rovement Projects (continued):						,	
_	SR 5, 9, 539, & 543 - Border Crossing Info (100599A)	95	_	_	_	-	95	
	SR 6/ Bridge 6/8 Rail Retrofit (400605R)	56	66	_	_	_	122	
007	SR 7/SR 507 to SR 512 - Safety (300706B)	1	-	-	-	-	1	
008	SR 8/McCleary - New Interchange (300807B)	350	4	-	-	-	354	
009	SR 9/108th Street NE (Lauck Road) (100924A)	70	168	-	-	-	238	
009	SR 9/212th St SE Vic to SR 96 - Safety (100900V)	271	523	111	-	-	905	
009	SR 9/228th St SE to 212th St SE(SR 524) (100901B)	290	-	-	-	-	290	
009	SR 9/252nd St NE Vicinity - Rechannelize (100930I)	35	162	-	-	-	197	
009	SR 9/268th Street Intersection (100931C)	272	1,150	-	-	-	1,422	
009	SR 9/56th St SE & 42nd St NE (100915D)	1,032	1,510	-	-	-	2,542	
009	SR 9/Gribble Creek Vicinity (100937G)	91	-	-	-	-	91	
009	SR 9/Nooksack Rd Vic to Cherry St (100955A)	440	-	-	-	-	440	
009	SR 9/Prairie Rd. to Thunder Creek (100942A)	758	2,950	970	-	-	4,678	
009	SR 9/Schloman Road to 256th Street E. (100930H)	617	2,290	-	-	-	2,907	
009	SR 9/SR 522 to 228th St. SE - Widening (100900E)	161	-	-	-	-	161	
009	SR 9/SR 528 Intersection - Signal (100920I)	9	-	-	-	-	9	
009	SR 9/US 2 Interchange - I/C Modification (100913D)	4,909	101	-	-	-	5,010	
012	US 12/Keys Road I/S - Safety (301285A)	500	-	-	-	-	500	
012	US 12/Old Naches Highway Interchange (501208J)	-	450	-	-	-	450	
012	US 12/Silver Creek-Fish Barrier Removal (401202F)	416	-	-	-	-	416	
012	US 12/SR 124 to Walla Walla - Add Lanes (501208N)	7,181	-	-	-	-	7,181	
014	SR 14/192nd Ave. Interchange (Brady Rd) (401499A)	38	-	-	-	-	38	
014	SR 14/Hood River Bridge to Willow St (401401F)	302	-	-	-	-	302	
014	SR 14/Willow St to Vine St - Widening (401401M)	118	-	-	-	-	118	
014	SR 14/32nd St Intersection Improvement (401404A)	265	300	-	-	-	565	
014	SR 14/Cape Horn Br. Vic to Cape Horn Rd. (401404E)	188	12	1,390	-	-	1,590	
014	SR 14/Hood River Bridge Signalization (401404C)	350	-	-	-	-	350	
014	SR 14/Marble Rd Vic to Belle Center Rd (401404D)	226	12	4,160	-	-	4,398	
016	SR 16/36th St to Olympic Dr NW, Core HOV (301638B)	1,380	140	-	-	-	1,520	
016	SR 16/Burley-Olalla Intersection -Safety (301632C)	689	-	-	-	-	689	
016	SR 16/I-5 to Tacoma Narrows Bridge - HOV (301636A)	4,380	-	-	-	-	4,380	
017	SR 17/Pioneer Way to Stratford Road (201729A)	1,030	-	-	-	-	1,030	
		211	-	-	-	-	211	
018	SR 18/EB Off Ramp to West Valley Highway (101802B)	768	292	-	-	-	1,060	
018	SR 18/Issaquah/Hobart Road Vicinity (101821A)	110	-	-	-	-	110	
018	SR 18/Maple Valley to Issaquah/Hobart Rd (101820C)	50,100	16,400	1,300	-	-	67,800	
018	SR 18/SE 304th St. to Covington Way (101813I)	130	-	-	-	-	130	
018	SR 18/SE 312th Way to SE 304th Street (101811F)	110	-	2	-	-	112	
018	SR 18/Westbound to I-5 - Signing (101805A)	57	98	-	-	-	155	
018	SR 18/Weyerhaeuser Way to SR 167 (101802C)	12,644	1,732	-	-	-	14,376	
018	SR 18/Weyerhauser Way Ramps (101801H)	462	64	-	-	-	526	
020	SR 20/Deception & Canoe Pass Bridges (102026D)	54	-	-	-	-	54	
020	SR 20/Ducken Road to Rosario Road (102023I)	65	1,370	-	-	-	1,435	
020	SR 20/Fredonia to I-5 - Widening (102039A)	1,273	-	-	-	-	1,273	
020	SR 20/Frostad Road Vicinity - Guardrail (102021T)	82	34	-	-	-	116	
020	SR 20/Fruitdale Road Intersection (102049S)	550	-	-	-	-	550	
020	SR 20/Libby Rd Vic to Sidney Street Vic (102017H)	859	4,359	1,060	-	-	6,278	
020	SR 20/Lunz Road to Cornet Bay Road (102027D)	1	560	590	-	-	1,151	
020	SR 20/Monkey Hill Rd. to Troxell Rd. (102022G)	955	2,540	-	-	-	3,495	
020	SR 20/Northgate Drive to Banta Road (102022H)	781	619	-	-	-	1,400	
020	SR 20/Oak Harbor NCL to Frostad Road (102021H)	2,031	867	-	-	-	2,898	
020	SR 20/Quiet Cove Rd. Vic. to SR 20 Spur (102027C)	506	2,460	1,380	-	-	4,346	
020	SR 20/Sapp Rd. to Reed St Rechannelize (102049E)	506	-	-	-	-	506	
020	SR 20/Sidney St. Vic to Scenic Heights (102017I)	1,253	2,914	2,287	-	-	6,454	

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Imp	rovement Projects (continued):						
020	SR 20/Troxell Rd. to Deception Pass Vic. (102023B)	1,295	2,310	-	-	-	3,605
020	SR 20/Troxell Road to Cornet Bay Rd (102023D)	78	151	-	-	-	229
020	SR 20/Vicinity Campbell Lake Road (102028A)	44	-	-	-	-	44
020	SR 20/Winthrop Area - Bike Path (202005A)	-	513	-	-	-	513
024	SR 24/I-82 to Keys Road (502402E)	2,330	-	-	-	-	2,330
024	SR 24/Keys Road Intersection (502403A)	-	410	-	_	-	410
024	SR 24/Riverside Dr I/S Improvements (502403H)	42	595	-	_	-	637
024	SR 24/South Wahluke Slope - Guardrail (202405B)	291	-	-	_	-	291
026	SR 26/Adams Road - Left Turn Lanes (202606A)	218	-	-	-	_	218
028	SR 28/East Wenatchee 31st to Hadley (202801G)	704	338	1,960	-	_	3,002
028	SR 28/Junction US 2/97 to 9th Street (202801B)	1,720	20	-	_	_	1,740
028	SR 28/Quincy East - Left Turn Lanes (202826A)	564	_	_	_	_	564
028	SR 28/Wenatchee to I-90-Additional Lanes (202802J)	_	96	_	_	_	96
	I-90 Interstate Ramp Safety (509010G)	27	165	_	_	_	192
	I-90/Division Street EB On-Ramp Revision (609002A)	3,983	-	_	_	_	3,983
	I-90/Eastbound Ramps to SR 18 - Signal (109070C)	31	_	_	_	_	31
	I-90/EB Ramps to SR 202 - Roundabout (109079A)	25	111	_	_	_	136
090	I-90/Geiger to US 195 - ITS (609099Q)	198	55	_	_	_	253
090	I-90/George Vicinity East - Safety (209001N)	180	590	_	_	_	770
090	I-90/High Point Rd. & 436th Ave I/C (109052C)	1,374	469	_	_	_	1,843
090	I-90/Hyak to Easton (509007W)	2,130	-	_	_	_	2,130
	I-90/Moses Lake West-Safety Improvements (209001D)	932	_	_	_	_	932
	I-90/Salnave Rd to Vic Geiger Rd Safety (609026H)	397	_	_	_	_	397
	I-90/SR 26 Interchange-Ramp Improvements (2090011)	1,481	3,710	_	_	_	5,191
	I-90/Sunset I/C Modifications (109061D)	7,421	920	200	_	_	8,541
		4,239	-	-	_	_	4,239
	I-90/US 195 to Pines ITS (609099F)	2,714	_	_	_	_	2,714
090	SCR Region Wide Bridge Rail Retrofit (509001J)	203	_	_	_	_	203
	SR 92/SR 9 to 84th St NE Vic. (109200H)	2,192	1,678	-	_	_	3,870
	SR 92/Stevens Creek Culvert Replacement (109200F)	122	280	-	-	-	402
099	Hylebos Creek - Fish Barrier Removal (099918G)	11	-	-	_	_	11
099	SR 99/Duwamish River/First Ave S. Bridge (109926D)	99	100	12	-	-	211
099	SR 99/Galer Street Vicinity (109943A)	1,395	-	12	-	-	1,395
099	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,050	-	-	-	-	1,050
099	SR 99/King/Sno Co. Line to 148th St SW (109960C)	28	421	-	-	-	449
099	SR 99/S 138th St Vic to N of S 130th St (109913T)	290		-	-	-	290
	SR 99/SR 525 Vicinity to Gibson Road (109970G) SR 99/SR 99 & SR 518 Interchange Vic. (109912R)		-		-	-	
099		271	-	-	-	-	271
101	US 101/Blyn Vic - Passing Lanes (310166B)	46	- 01	-	-	-	46 691
101	US 101/Crosby Blvd/Cooper Point Rd I/C (310125B)	-	81	600	-	-	681
101	US 101/Dawley Road Vicinity to Blyn Hwy (310101F)	60	-	-	-	-	60
101	US 101/Fort Columbia Vic Realignment (410100A)	837	-	-	-	-	837
101	US 101/Gardiner Vic - Truck Lane (310102F)	116	-	-	-	-	116
101	US 101/Sandridge RdSafety Improvements (410102S)	81	680	-	-	-	761
101	US 101/Sequim - Build A Bypass (310154A)	128	98	49	1 600	-	275
101	US 101/Shore Rd to Kitchen Rd - Widening (310107B)	307	-	240	1,600	650	2,797
101	US 101/SR 103-Intersection Improvements (410103A)	66	545	-	-	-	611
101	6 ,	590	-	-	-	-	590
101	1 2	551	-	-	-	-	551
104	SR 104/1.2 Mile West of Hood Canal Br (310433A)	51	91	-	-	-	142
104	SR 104/Hood Canal Bridge East Half (310407C)	-	680	120	-	-	800
104	SR 104/Jct SR 19 Intersection Safety (310429A)	170	460	-	-	-	630
104	SR 104/Miller Bay Road - Safety (310432A)	224	76	-	-	-	300
104	SR 104/SR 19 Westbound - Passing Lane (310421A)	53	-	-	-	-	53

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Imp	rovement Projects (continued):						
-	SR 112/1.76 Mile E of SR 113 Junction (311228A)	124	-	_	_	_	124
112		497	-	_	_	-	497
142	Snyder Canyon Creek - Fish Barrier (099918H)	15	-	_	_	-	15
142	•	80	563	-	-	-	643
160	SR 160/SR 16 to Longlake Road Vic (316006B)	667	-	-	-	-	667
161	SR 161/128th to 176th - Safety (316112A)	1,948	2,300	3,700	-	-	7,948
161	SR 161/204th Street to 176th Street (316114A)	2,976	-	-	-	-	2,976
161	SR 161/234th Street to 204th Street E (316119A)	300	-	-	-	-	300
161	SR 161/35th Ave SE Vic to SR 512 EB Ramp (316131A)	116	-	-	-	-	116
161	SR 161/Jovita Blvd to S 360th St (116100C)	89	-	-	-	-	89
161	SR 161/Ohop Valley Rd/Ski Park Rd (316106A)	244	-	-	-	-	244
161	SR 161/SR 167 Eastbound Ramp - Safety (316109A)	-	131	-	-	-	131
162	SR 162/SR 165 Intersection Improvement (316209A)	33	99	-	-	-	132
162	SR 162/Voights Creek Vicinity - Safety (316215A)	1,421	-	-	-	-	1,421
164	SR 164/196th Ave SE Vic. to 244th Ave SE (116407H)	529	2,538	-	-	-	3,067
164	SR 164/SE 368th Place & 158th Avenue SE (116404B)	744	490	-	-	-	1,234
164	SR 164/388th & SR 164/392nd Intersections (1164MUK)	120	-	-	-	-	120
165	SR 165/ SR 162 to 128th St (316510A)	285	800	-	-	-	1,085
167	NB Ramps to Ellingson Road (116700C)	180	137	-	-	-	317
167	SR 167/15th St SW to 84th Ave. S - Sc&Di (116703D)	68	-	-	-	-	68
167	SR 167/15th St.NW to 84th Ave S - HOV (116703C)	150	19	420	380	-	969
167	SR 167/84th Ave S. to S. Grady Way - HOV (116712A)	-	170	-	-	-	170
167	SR 167/Corridor Study (116700S)	115	-	-	-	-	115
167	SR 167/North Sumner New Interchange (316711A)	16,750	2,520	82	15	-	19,367
167	SR 167/SR 509 to I-5, New Freeway (316718A)	400	-	-	-	-	400
167	SR 167/SR 509 to SR 161, EIS (316712A)	1,761	-	-	-	-	1,761
169	SR 169/196th SE/Jones Rd to 140th Pl SE (116923A)	150	-	-	-	-	150
169	SR 169/Fifth Ave. SE - Noise Walls (116928F)	24	-	-	-	-	24
169	SR 169/Junction SE 400th Street - Signal (116903D)	151	17	17	-	-	185
169	SR 169/SE 288th St. Vic Safety (116911T)	847	1,105	-	-	-	1,952
195	US 195/Hatch Road to I-90 (619509A)	267	-	-	-	-	267
202	SR 202/244th Avenue NE Intersection (120214T)	209	220	-	-	-	429
	SR 202/Fall City, Riverside Park Vic. (120219K)	82	-	-	-	-	82
	SR 202/Jct 292nd Ave SE (120216S)	204	114	-	-	-	318
	SR 202/SR 520 to Sahalee Way - Widening (120211M)	25,214	24,800	3,530	-	-	53,544
	SR 202/NE Stillwater Hill to Kennedy Dr (120304A)	39	-	1	-	-	40
203	SR 203/Junction NE 77th Street (120310B)	130	-	-	-	-	130
203	SR 203/Morrison St. to NE 55th St. (120306A)	280	-	-	-	-	280
203	SR 203/NE 124Th/Novelty Rd Vic. (120311C)	104	-	-	-	-	104
205	I-205/Mill Plain SB Off Ramp Improvement (420504A)	75	431	-	-	-	506
205	I-205/Padden North Bound Off Ramp-Signal (420504S)	300	240	-	-	-	300
205	I-205/SR 500 to I-5 -Safety Improvements (420501S)	300	340	-	-	-	640
206	SR 206/SR 206 & Bruce Rd I/S Roundabout (620600F)	124	375	-	-	-	499
240	SR 240/I-182 to Richland Y - Add Lanes (524002F)	6,100	-	-	-	-	6,100
240	SR 240/Stevens Drive to I-182 (524002B)	52	-	-	-	-	52 255
243	SR 243/Wanapum Area - Left Turn Lanes (224301F)	255	-	-	-	-	255
243	SR 243/Wanapum North - Rebuild Roadway (224301E)	216	-	-	-	-	216
290	SR 290/Fancher Rd to Sullivan Rd-Widen (629000Q)	881	-	-	-	-	881
290	SR 290/Helena Street-Add Turn Lane (629000L)	696	2.470	-	-	-	696
291	SR 291/Nine Mile Rd Safety Improvements (629199B)	301	3,470	-	-	-	3,771
302	SR 302/Elgin-Clifton Road Intersection (330205A) SR 302/Dawn Road Via to SR 3. Sefaty (230204A)	224	477	-	-	-	701
303	SR 303/Dawn Road Vic to SR 3 - Safety (330304A) SR 305/Medican Ava Interaction Signal (330518A)	16	30	-	-	-	46 621
305	SR 305/Madison Ave Intersection-Signal (330518A) SR 305/Poulsbo City Limits to Bond Road (330509A)	344	277	-	-	-	621
305	SK 505/1 0uis00 City Lillius to Dolla Road (550509A)	2,260	-	-	-	-	2,260

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Imp	rovement Projects (continued):						
395	North Spokane Corridor (600000A)	260	-	-	-	-	260
395	NSC-Hawthorne Road to US 2 (600002A)	324	-	-	-	-	324
395	NSC-US 2 to Wandermere & US 2 Lowering (600003A)	210	-	-	-	-	210
395	US 395/Columbia R Br 395/545 Thrie Beam (639524C)	146	82	-	-	-	228
395	US 395/Deadman Crk Fish Barrier Retrofit (639514E)	1,032	-	-	-	-	1,032
395	US 395/Hillsboro Street Interchange (539503A)	2,637	928	-	-	-	3,565
395	US 395/N Spokane to Canada Corridor (639517J)	210	340	-	-	-	550
397	I-82 to SR 397 Intertie (539701M)	4,970	-	-	-	-	4,970
401	Cement Creek - Fish Barrier Removal (099918F)	1	-	-	-	-	1
405	I-405/Bellevue Direct Access (140541E)	8,630	1,590	-	-	-	10,220
405	I-405/Bothell to SWamp Creek I/C - HOV (140562B)	268	71	7	-	-	346
405	I-405/Coal Creek- Fish Passage (140539C)	9	-	-	-	-	9
405	I-405/Junction SR 167 - I/C Modification (140501G)	640	60	-	-	-	700
405	I-405/Tukwila to Lynnwood - T.A.A. (140501C)	3,900	54	-	-	-	3,954
410	SR 410/214th Ave E to 234th - Widening (341015A)	2,460	-	140	-	-	2,600
410	SR 410/Jefferson Ave - Safety (341019A)	249	-	-	-	-	249
500	SR 500/ Ward Rd to 162nd Ave - Stage 2 (450005A)	990	-	-	-	-	990
500	SR 500/124th Ave Safety Improvements (450000S)	566	860	-	-	-	1,426
500	SR 500/Thurston Way - Interchange (450000G)	573	-	-	-	-	573
500	SR 500/Ward Road to 162nd Ave-Widening (450093A)	891	-	-	-	-	891
500	SR 500/East Bound Off Ramp to Andresen Rd (450004B)	98	-	-	-	-	98
501	SR 501 Ramp Signals (450100A)	282	880	-	-	-	1,162
502	SR 502/10th Ave. to 72nd Ave Safety (450201A)	390	2,237	1,270	-	-	3,897
503	SR 503/ Gabriel Rd. Intersection (450306A)	278	296	-	_	_	574
503	SR 503/4th Plain/SR 500 Intersection (450305B)	154	23	740	_	_	917
507	SR 507/Old Military Rd - Safety (350726A)	105	465	_	_	_	570
507	SR 507/Roy Wye Rechannelization (350727A)	165	_	_	_	_	165
507	SR 507/Vic East Gate Rd to 208th St E (350728A)	669	9	1,319	_	_	1,997
509	SR 509/Corridor Design Analysis (150900A)	2,400	_	-	_	_	2,400
509	SR 509/Milwaukee Ave to Taylor Way (350906A)	13	1	_	_	_	14
509	SR 509/Port of Tacoma Road (350909B)	51	_	_	_	_	51
510	SR 510/I-5 to Martin Way - Widening (351011A)	450	_	_	_	_	450
510	SR 510/Martin Way to Pacific Avenue (351012A)	1,700	_	_	_	_	1,700
512		1,273	366	_	_	_	1,639
512	SR 512/Vic SR 7 to Vic SR 167 - Safety (351210A)	1,268	4,780	_	_	_	6,048
	SR 515/SE 182nd St to SE 176th St Vic (151505B)	173	929	_	_	_	1,102
515	SR 515/SE 222nd Place to SE 217th Street (151502A)	721	-	_	_	_	721
516	SR 516/208th & 209th Ave. SE (151632D)	284	336	_	_	_	620
519	SR 519 Intermodal Access Project (151902A)	10,030	290	_	_	_	10,320
520	SR 520/104th Ave NE to 124th Ave NE I/C (152020B)	79	_	_	_	_	79
520	SR 520/124th Ave NE I/C to W Lk Samm.Pkw (152031A)	420	_	_	_	_	420
520	SR 520/SR 202 Interchange (152039D)	86	_	_	_	_	86
520	SR 520/Trans Lake Washington Study (152002A)	1,131	_	_	_	_	1,131
522	SR 522/83rd Place NE - Signal (152214A)	78	359	_	_	_	437
522	SR 522/I-5 to SR 405 Multi-Modal Project (152201C)	3,180	-	_	_	_	3,180
522	SR 522/NE 195th Street - Signal (152223A)	651	1,500	_	_	_	2,151
522	SR 522/Paradise Lake Rd to Snohomish R. (152234B)	21,730	6,330	_	_	_	28,060
522	SR 522/SR 9 to Paradise Lake Road (152232C)	220	-	_	_	_	220
524	SR 524/24th Ave SW to SR 527 - Widening (152410A)	75	_	_	_	-	75
525	SR 525/164th St. SW to SR 99 - Widening (152500C)	22	6	_	_	-	28
525	SR 525/Cameron Road to SR 20 - Safety (152530M)	587	15	_	_	-	602
525	SR 525/Junction SR 99 - New Interchange (152508A)	91	32	_	_	_	123
525	SR 525/SR 99 to SR 526 - Widening (152510C)	8,488	<i>J</i> 2	_	_	_	8,488
543	51. 525.51. // to 51. 525 (Hideling (152510C)	0,700	_	_	_	_	0,400

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Imp	rovement Projects (continued):						
527	SR 527/164th St. SE to 132nd St. SE (152715A)	11,573	830	_	_	_	12,403
527	SR 527/186th Place SE - Signal (152712R)	116	774	_	_	-	890
530	SR 530/Arlington Heights Rd/Jordan Rd (153023H)	800	463	_	_	-	1,263
530	SR 530/Boulder Creek to Fortson Mill Rd (153036D)	44	_	_	_	_	44
530	SR 530/Jordan Road to 139th Ave NE (153024R)	508	335	_	_	_	843
530	SR 530/Lake Cavanaugh Rd. to Montague Cr (153032D)	170	-	_	_	_	170
530	SR 530/Montague Creek Br to Hazel Vic. (153033A)	65	_	_	_	_	65
531	SR 531/11th Ave. NE to 16th Dr. NE Vic. (153145A)	260	_	_	_	_	260
531	SR 531/33rd Ave Vic. to 43rd Ave NE (153151A)	361	174	_	_	_	535
531	SR 531/43rd Ave NE to 67th Ave NE (153160A)	92	-	_	_	_	92
	SR 532/Junction 102nd Avenue NW (153203H)	737	6	_	_	_	743
532	SR 532/Terry's Corner Park & Ride Lot (153200D)	877	-	_	_	_	877
539	SR 539/Horton Road to Tenmile Road (153902B)	9,747	185	26,500	_	_	36,432
539	SR 539/Junction Kelly Road-Rechannelize (153902H)	54	33	20,300	_	_	87
539	SR 539/King Tut Rd & Bartlett Rd (153903R)	1,086	220	_	_	_	1,306
542	SR 542/Baptist Camp Creek (154229E)	30	-	_	_	_	30
542	SR 542/Hedrick Creek (154231H)	35	_	_			35
542		30	_	_	_	_	30
542	-	806	311	_	_	_	1,117
542	SR 542/Toad Creek - Fish Barrier Removal (154202T)	18	311	_	_	_	1,117
543	SR 543/I-5 to International Bndy. (154302E)	2,444	_	- -	_	_	2,444
702	SR 702/40th Ave S./Allen Road - Safety (370202A)	2,444	440	142	-	-	637
	• •	755	1	-	1	-	757
	I-705/21St St I/C to Portland Ave I/C (370505A)		1	-	1	-	
900	SR 900/57th Ave S to S 129th St Vic (190010C)	260 5.500	-	-	-	-	260 5.500
900	SR 900/SE 78th St Vic. to I-90 Vic. (190098U)	5,500	-	-	-	-	5,500
904	SR 904/HES Safety Improvements (690401E)	228	-	-	-	-	228
998	Advance Prelim. Engineering Subprgm I2 (599905M)	30	-	-	-	-	30
998	Advance Prelim. Engineering -Subprog. I2 (199905M)	100	-	-	-	-	100
998	Advance Preliminary Engineering - Safety (399905M)	100	- 050	-	- 050	-	100
998	Developer Review (399964B)	850	850	850	850	850	4,250
998	Development Review (299964B)	230	233	233	233	233	1,162
998	Direct Project Support - I2 (295904J)	170	(2.450)	- (2.450)	(2.450)	- (2.450)	170
998	Direct Project Support Subprogram I-1 (095904T)	5,450	(3,450)	(3,450)	(3,450)	(3,450)	(8,350)
998	Direct Project Support Subprogram I-2 (095904J)	2,190	(1,410)	(1,410)	(1,410)	(1,410)	(3,450)
	Direct Project Support Subprogram I-3 (095904K)	1,570	(1,030)	(1,030)	(1,030)	(1,030)	(2,550)
	Direct Project Support Subprogram I-4 (095904L)	210	(140)	(140)	(140)	(140)	(350)
998	Direct Project Support-Subprogram I1 (595904I)	400	-	-	-	-	400
998	Eastern Region Developer Reviews (699964B)	540	540	540	540	540	2,700
998	Eastside Freeways Safety Improvements (100009Q)	1,460	42	-	-	-	1,502
998	Environmental Retrofit Project Reserve (099903I)	1,100	8,800	17,000	19,000	20,000	65,900
998	HOV Design & Construction Proj. Support (100005A)	180	-	-	-	-	180
998	Local Programs Scenic Byways Projects (099912D)	333	-	-	-	-	333
998	Major Impr Project Definition & Summary (399901J)	300	197	404	498	498	1,897
998	Northwest Region DPS - Subprogram I1 (195904T)	2,600	-	-	-	-	2,600
998	Northwest Region DPS - Subprogram I2 (195904J)	850	-	-	-	-	850
998	Northwest Region DPS - Subprogram I3 (195904K)	700	-	-	-	-	700
998	Northwest Region DPS - Subprogram I4 (195904L)	34	-	-	-	-	34
998	Olympic Region Accident Reduction (300095C)	274	-	-	-	-	274
998	Olympic Region Direct Project Support I1 (395904I)	640	-	-	-	-	640
998	Olympic Region Direct Project Support I2 (395904J)	200	-	-	-	-	200
998	Olympic Region Direct Project Support I4 (395904L)	18	-	-	-	-	18
998	Olympic Region Park & Ride Lots (395952A)	37	-	-	-	-	37
998	Park & Ride/Pool Lots - Oil Rebate Funds (099952A)	670	-	-	-	-	670
998	Private Development Review (199964B)	1,100	-	-	-	-	1,100

_	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Imp	rovement Projects (continued):						
998	Project Definition & Summary - I2 (299901I)	650	650	650	650	650	3,250
998	Project Definition & Summary (499901I)	550	548	548	548	548	2,742
998	Project Definition & Summary (599901I)	850	350	350	350	350	2,250
998	Project Definition & Summary (699901I)	360	365	365	365	365	1,820
998	Project Definition Summary (199901I)	2,000	200	2,000	2,000	2,000	8,200
998	Project Definition Summary (199901J)	210	410	410	410	-	1,440
998	Project Definition Summary (199901L)	65	370	370	370	-	1,175
998	Regionwide Environmental Maintenance (200004P)	75	-	-	-	-	75
998	Rest Area Improvement Program (099915C)	160	160	160	160	160	800
998	Safety Project Definition & Summary (3999011)	840	840	840	840	840	4,200
998	Safety Rest Areas With Sanitary Disposal (099915D)	50	50	50	50	50	250
998	Scenic Byway Administration (099912F)	500	500	500	500	500	2,500
998	Scenic Byways Program (099912C)	188	-	-	-	-	188
998	Subprogram I1 Reserve (099943G)	1,200	5,200	83,000	155,000	156,000	400,400
998	WDFW Survey of DOT Fish Passage Barriers (099914E)	1,410	-	-	-	-	1,410
999	Direct Project Support Subprogram I2 (595904J)	160	-	-	-	-	160
999	Direct Project Support Subprogram I1 (495904T)	38	-	-	-	-	38
999	Direct Project Support SubProgram I2 (495904J)	170	-	-	-	-	170
999	Eastern Region Direct Project Support (695904J)	150	-	-	-	-	150
999	Eastern Region Direct Project Support (695904L)	120	-	-	-	-	120
999	Eastern Region Direct Project Support (695904T)	74	-	-	-	-	74
999	Safety-New Starts (099943H)	19	4,000	69,593	97,222	101,222	272,056
999	South Central Region Developer Reviews (599964B)	500	580	580	580	580	2,820
999	Subprogram I3 Reserve (099943I)	1	701	2,100	5,900	8,000	16,702
999	SW Region Developer Review (499964B)	420	420	420	420	420	2,100
	Improvement Projects Total	413,351	170,692	235,033	282,452	288,426	1,389,954
Тос	oma Narrows Project:						
	SR 16/New Tacoma Narrows Bridge (301699A)	330,000	140,000	64,000			534,000
010		330,000	140,000		-		
		330 000	140 000	64 000	_	-	534 000
	Tacoma Narrows Project Total	330,000	140,000	64,000	-	-	534,000
Pres		330,000	140,000	64,000	-	-	534,000
	servation Projects: Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S)	330,000	140,000 144	64,000 613	-	-	534,000 757
002	servation Projects:	330,000	ŕ	ŕ	- -	- -	ŕ
002 002	servation Projects: Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S)	-	144	613	- - -	- - -	757
002 002 002	servation Projects: Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K)	-	144 71	613	- - - -	- - - -	757 137
002 002 002	servation Projects: Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S)	-	144 71 108	613 - 427	- - - - -	- - - -	757 137 535
002 002 002 002	Servation Projects: Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S) SR 2/RR Undercrossing 2/45 Vicinity (100257S)	- 66 -	144 71 108 145	613 - 427 740	- - - - -	-	757 137 535 885
002 002 002 002 002	Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S) SR 2/RR Undercrossing 2/45 Vicinity (100257S) SR 2/Skykomish Vicinity (100263B)	- 66 -	144 71 108 145 107	613 - 427 740 289	- - - - - -	-	757 137 535 885 396
002 002 002 002 002 002 002	Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S) SR 2/RR Undercrossing 2/45 Vicinity (100257S) SR 2/Skykomish Vicinity (100263B) Sunset Fall Slide (100254C)	- 66 - - -	144 71 108 145 107 212	613 - 427 740 289	- - - - - -	-	757 137 535 885 396 2,402
002 002 002 002 002 002 002	Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S) SR 2/RR Undercrossing 2/45 Vicinity (100257S) SR 2/Skykomish Vicinity (100263B) Sunset Fall Slide (100254C) US 2/1/4 Mile East of Anderson Creek Br. (100252F)	- 66 - - - - - -	144 71 108 145 107 212	613 - 427 740 289	- - - - - - -	-	757 137 535 885 396 2,402 68
002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002	Servation Projects: Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S) SR 2/RR Undercrossing 2/45 Vicinity (100257S) SR 2/Skykomish Vicinity (100263B) Sunset Fall Slide (100254C) US 2/1/4 Mile East of Anderson Creek Br. (100252F) US 2/2.2 Miles West of Tye River (100274D)	- 66 - - - - - -	144 71 108 145 107 212	613 - 427 740 289	- - - - - - - -	-	757 137 535 885 396 2,402 68 406
002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002	Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S) SR 2/RR Undercrossing 2/45 Vicinity (100257S) SR 2/Skykomish Vicinity (100263B) Sunset Fall Slide (100254C) US 2/1/4 Mile East of Anderson Creek Br. (100252F) US 2/2.2 Miles West of Tye River (100274D) US 2/97 Easy St. to Jct. SR 28 - Paving (200231B)	- 66 - - - - - -	144 71 108 145 107 212 - 31 1,020	613 - 427 740 289	-	-	757 137 535 885 396 2,402 68 406 1,020
002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002	Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S) SR 2/RR Undercrossing 2/45 Vicinity (100257S) SR 2/Skykomish Vicinity (100263B) Sunset Fall Slide (100254C) US 2/1/4 Mile East of Anderson Creek Br. (100252F) US 2/2.2 Miles West of Tye River (100274D) US 2/97 Easy St. to Jct. SR 28 - Paving (200231B) US 2/97 Jct SR 28 to Rocky Reach - Pave (200231C)	- 66 - - - - 68 375 -	144 71 108 145 107 212 - 31 1,020 1,386	613 - 427 740 289	-	-	757 137 535 885 396 2,402 68 406 1,020 1,386
002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002	Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S) SR 2/RR Undercrossing 2/45 Vicinity (100257S) SR 2/Skykomish Vicinity (100263B) Sunset Fall Slide (100254C) US 2/1/4 Mile East of Anderson Creek Br. (100252F) US 2/2.2 Miles West of Tye River (100274D) US 2/97 Easy St. to Jct. SR 28 - Paving (200231B) US 2/97 Jct SR 28 to Rocky Reach - Pave (200231C) US 2/Anthracite Creek Br Scour Repair (100264A)	- 66 - - - - 68 375 - - - 54	144 71 108 145 107 212 - 31 1,020 1,386	613 - 427 740 289		-	757 137 535 885 396 2,402 68 406 1,020 1,386 54
002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002	Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S) SR 2/RR Undercrossing 2/45 Vicinity (100257S) SR 2/Skykomish Vicinity (100263B) Sunset Fall Slide (100254C) US 2/1/4 Mile East of Anderson Creek Br. (100252F) US 2/2.2 Miles West of Tye River (100274D) US 2/97 Easy St. to Jct. SR 28 - Paving (200231B) US 2/97 Jct SR 28 to Rocky Reach - Pave (200231C) US 2/Anthracite Creek Br Scour Repair (100264A) US 2/Barclay Creek Br Replace Bridge (100259D)	66 - - - 68 375 - - 54 95	144 71 108 145 107 212 - 31 1,020 1,386	613 - 427 740 289		- - - - - - - -	757 137 535 885 396 2,402 68 406 1,020 1,386 54 95
002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002	Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S) SR 2/RR Undercrossing 2/45 Vicinity (100257S) SR 2/Skykomish Vicinity (100263B) Sunset Fall Slide (100254C) US 2/1/4 Mile East of Anderson Creek Br. (100252F) US 2/2.2 Miles West of Tye River (100274D) US 2/97 Easy St. to Jct. SR 28 - Paving (200231B) US 2/97 Jct SR 28 to Rocky Reach - Pave (200231C) US 2/Anthracite Creek Br Scour Repair (100264A) US 2/Barclay Creek Br Replace Bridge (100259D) US 2/BNRR Bridge 2/516 Overcrossing Deck Rehab (600225D)	- 66 68 375 - 54 95 46	144 71 108 145 107 212 - 31 1,020 1,386	613 - 427 740 289		- - - - - - - -	757 137 535 885 396 2,402 68 406 1,020 1,386 54 95 46
002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002	Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S) SR 2/RR Undercrossing 2/45 Vicinity (100257S) SR 2/Skykomish Vicinity (100263B) Sunset Fall Slide (100254C) US 2/1/4 Mile East of Anderson Creek Br. (100252F) US 2/2.2 Miles West of Tye River (100274D) US 2/97 Easy St. to Jct. SR 28 - Paving (200231B) US 2/97 Jct SR 28 to Rocky Reach - Pave (200231C) US 2/Anthracite Creek Br Scour Repair (100264A) US 2/Barclay Creek Br Replace Bridge (100259D) US 2/BNRR Bridge 2/516 Overcrossing Deck Rehab (600225D) US 2/Br 522/150 Vic to Woods Crk Br 2/22 (100216A)	66 - - - 68 375 - - 54 95 46 287	144 71 108 145 107 212 - 31 1,020 1,386 - - 578	613 - 427 740 289		- - - - - - - -	757 137 535 885 396 2,402 68 406 1,020 1,386 54 95 46 865
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002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002	Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S) SR 2/RR Undercrossing 2/45 Vicinity (100257S) SR 2/Skykomish Vicinity (100263B) Sunset Fall Slide (100254C) US 2/1/4 Mile East of Anderson Creek Br. (100252F) US 2/2.2 Miles West of Tye River (100274D) US 2/97 Easy St. to Jct. SR 28 - Paving (200231B) US 2/97 Jct SR 28 to Rocky Reach - Pave (200231C) US 2/Anthracite Creek Br Scour Repair (100264A) US 2/Barclay Creek Br Replace Bridge (100259D) US 2/BNRR Bridge 2/516 Overcrossing Deck Rehab (600225D) US 2/Bridges East of Dryden-Seismic Imp (200224B) US 2/Cashmere-Aplets Way Br-Seismic Imp (200224D) US 2/Coles Corner Vicinity - Paving (200207A)	- 66 68 375 54 95 46 287 1,697	144 71 108 145 107 212 - 31 1,020 1,386 578 1,060 354	613 - 427 740 289 2,190 - - - - - - - - - 5		-	757 137 535 885 396 2,402 68 406 1,020 1,386 54 95 46 865 1,060 359 1,697
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002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002	Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S) SR 2/RR Undercrossing 2/45 Vicinity (100257S) SR 2/Skykomish Vicinity (100263B) Sunset Fall Slide (100254C) US 2/1/4 Mile East of Anderson Creek Br. (100252F) US 2/2.2 Miles West of Tye River (100274D) US 2/97 Easy St. to Jct. SR 28 - Paving (200231B) US 2/97 Jct SR 28 to Rocky Reach - Pave (200231C) US 2/Anthracite Creek Br Scour Repair (100264A) US 2/Barclay Creek Br Replace Bridge (100259D) US 2/BNRR Bridge 2/516 Overcrossing Deck Rehab (600225D) US 2/Bridges East of Dryden-Seismic Imp (200224B) US 2/Cashmere-Aplets Way Br-Seismic Imp (200224D) US 2/Coolee City Area East - 2006 Seal (200255C) US 2/EB Bridge W of Dryden-Seismic Imp (200224A) US 2/Ebey Is. Viaduct & Ebey Sl. Br (100205C) US 2/Fern Bluff Road Vicinity (100231S)	- 66 68 375 - 54 95 46 287 1,697 12 - 5	144 71 108 145 107 212 - 31 1,020 1,386 - 578 1,060 354 - 528 196 1,160 3,000	613 - 427 740 289 2,190 - - - - - - - 5		-	757 137 535 885 396 2,402 68 406 1,020 1,386 54 95 46 865 1,060 359 1,697 540 214 28,496 3,715
002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002 002	Bridge 2/107 Vicinity (100261S) Index-Galena Rd Vicinity (100253K) Mt Baker National Forest Vicinity (100256S) SR 2/RR Undercrossing 2/45 Vicinity (100257S) SR 2/Skykomish Vicinity (100263B) Sunset Fall Slide (100254C) US 2/1/4 Mile East of Anderson Creek Br. (100252F) US 2/2.2 Miles West of Tye River (100274D) US 2/97 Easy St. to Jct. SR 28 - Paving (200231B) US 2/97 Jct SR 28 to Rocky Reach - Pave (200231C) US 2/Anthracite Creek Br Scour Repair (100264A) US 2/Barclay Creek Br Replace Bridge (100259D) US 2/BNRR Bridge 2/516 Overcrossing Deck Rehab (600225D) US 2/Bridges East of Dryden-Seismic Imp (200224B) US 2/Cashmere-Aplets Way Br-Seismic Imp (200224D) US 2/Cooles Corner Vicinity - Paving (200207A) US 2/Coulee City Area East - 2006 Seal (200255C) US 2/EB Bridge W of Dryden-Seismic Imp (200224A) US 2/Ebey Is. Viaduct & Ebey Sl. Br (100205C)	- 66 68 375 - 54 95 46 287 1,697 12	144 71 108 145 107 212 - 31 1,020 1,386 - 578 1,060 354 - 528 196 1,160	613 - 427 740 289 2,190 - - - - - - - 5 - - 18 2,151		-	757 137 535 885 396 2,402 68 406 1,020 1,386 54 95 46 865 1,060 359 1,697 540 214 28,496

	(Dollars in Thousands)									
Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total			
	ervation Projects (continued):									
	US 2/I-5 to SR 204 - Paving (100210D)	1	_	_	_	-	1			
	US 2/Junction 179th Street SE (100223E)	16	9	-	-	-	25			
	US 2/Leavenworth Vicinity - Paving (200220N)	151	-	-	-	-	151			
	US 2/Money Creek Tunnel Vicinity (100260S)	1,233	105	-	_	-	1,338			
	US 2/Monitor - Ped Bridge - Seismic Imp (200224E)	-	190	2	_	-	192			
	US 2/Orondo to Moses Coulee - 2005 Seal (200261E)	357	555	-	-	-	912			
002	US 2/Reardan Weigh Station Rehab (600226B)	11	-	-	-	-	11			
002	US 2/Rocklyn Road to Davenport-Paving (600299B)	45	-	-	-	-	45			
002	US 2/S. Fk Skykomish Rv. Br. to BNRR Br. (100253A)	675	-	-	-	-	675			
002	US 2/S. Fork Skykomish River Bridge (100253B)	2	360	-	-	-	362			
002	US 2/Snoh. R. & Ebey Sl. Br. WB -Seismic (100206A)	35	3,273	-	-	-	3,308			
002	US 2/Snohomish River to SR 204 (100200B)	170	1	-	-	-	171			
002	US 2/South of Orondo - Unstable Slopes (200240B)	96	-	-	-	-	96			
002	US 2/Spokane River to Euclid Ave-Paving (600228E)	119	1,390	-	-	-	1,509			
002	US 2/Stevens Pass East - Paving (200202C)	2,456	-	-	-	-	2,456			
002	US 2/Stream Bridge Vicinity (100262A)	675	58	-	-	-	733			
002	US 2/Vicinity Tye River Bridge (100280D)	679	-	-	-	-	679			
002	US 2/West Stevens Pass - Unstable Slopes (200203W)	-	-	3,323	2,890	-	6,213			
002	US 2/Woods Creek Bridge Vicinity (100228A)	658	2,770	-	-	-	3,428			
003	SR 3/Bridges 3/116, 120, 126 - Seismic (300356A)	560	-	-	-	-	560			
003	SR 3/Imperial Way to Sunnyslope - Paving (300352A)	62	682	-	-	-	744			
003	SR 3/Thompson Rd to SR 104 - Paving (300353A)	2,247	-	-	-	-	2,247			
004	SR 4 Slide Repair Km Mountain MP 23.8 (400401R)	800	-	-	-	-	800			
004	SR 4/Skamokawa to I-5 Paving (400406A)	174	5,926	8,159	-	-	14,259			
005	I 5/179th St to 319th St - Paving (400503P)	64	-	-	-	-	64			
005	I-5 Sign Support Structure, NB MP 13.94 (400504S)	20	-	-	-	-	20			
005	I-5/36th Street Vic. to SR 542 Vic. (100585P)	3,151	673	-	-	-	3,824			
005	I-5/52nd Ave W to SR 526 -SB Paving (100535E)	188	3,711	13	-	-	3,912			
005	I-5/52nd Ave W to SR 526-NB Paving (100535N)	50	596	3,310	-	-	3,956			
005	I-5/7th & Cherry & 5th & Cherry (100521N)	138	839	-	-	-	977			
005	I-5/Albro,Swift & Corgiat Intersections (100513R)	512	177	-	-	-	689			
005	I-5/Bakerview Rd to Nooksack R Br 5/828W (100591Z)	155	1,751	740	-	-	2,646			
005	I-5/Bellingham Bridges - Seismic (100585S)	144	4	-	-	-	148			
005	I-5/Burlington Vicinty Bridges - Seismic (100574D)	-	520	560	-	-	1,080			
005	I-5/Capital Blvd Bridge - Painter (300580B)	44	359	-	-	-	403			
005	I-5/Convention Center Tunnel (100523Z)	96	54	27	1	-	178			
005	I-5/County Line to Prairie Creek Bridge (300510C)	1,003	-	-	-	-	1,003			
005	I-5/Custer Rest Area - Sewer Rehab. (100596I)	984	-	-	-	-	984			
005	I-5/Dakota Creek Br. Vic. to SR 543 (100598B)	75	-	-	-	-	75			
005	I-5/Dakota Creek Bridges - Bridge Repair (100597L)	860	-	-	-	-	860			
005	I-5/East Fork Lewis River Bridge Repair (400506R)	-	259	-	-	-	259			
005	I-5/Everett Vicinity Bridges - Seismic (100545S)	3	163	-	-	-	166			
005	I-5/Ferndale to Blaine - Replace Fence (100597X)	165	-	-	-	-	165			
005	I-5/I-205 to N. Fork Lewis River Bridge (400502P)	113	1,880	-	-	-	1,993			
005	I-5/Interstate Bridge-Electrical Rehab. (400502Y)	3,530	-	-	-	-	3,530			
005	I-5/James St. Vic. to Union St. Vic. (100521R)	2,558	-	-	-	-	2,558			
005	I-5/James Street Ramp Terminals (100521G)	46	359	210	-	-	615			
005	I-5/Klickitat Dr Deck Resurfacing (100505D)	10	-	-	-	-	10			
005	I-5/Lakeview Viaduct Bridge 5/566 (100525I)	860	-	-	-	-	860			
005	I-5/Maytown/Scatter Creek - Sewer Hookup (300582C)	92	2,648	-	-	-	2,740			
005	I-5/Mcallister Cr. Culvert & Tide Gates (300507C)	199	-	-	-	-	199			
005	I-5/NE 50th Street (100525S)	82	449	243	-	-	774			
005	I-5/NE Northgate Way to NE 175th Street (100527J)	873	-	-	-	-	873			
005	I-5/Nisqually River Br to Fort Lewis Rd (300508C)	2,672	-	-	-	-	2,672			

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Pres	servation Projects (continued):						
005	I-5/Nooksack River Bridge - Painting (100595E)	21	644	-	-	-	665
005	I-5/North Seattle Bridges - Seismic (100525N)	2,042	4	-	-	-	2,046
	I-5/Northgate Way to NE 175th Street (100527L)	596	-	-	-	-	596
005	I5/Puyallup R Rr OC-5/456W (300590B)	3,000	_	_	_	_	3,000
	I-5/Ramps At Michigan/Corson/Albro/Swift (100516A)	998	353	-	-	-	1,351
	I-5/S 188th St Interchange (100506B)	120	331	_	-	_	451
	I-5/Skagit River Bridge - Painting (100568B)	594	_	_	-	-	594
	I-5/Snohomish River Br Bridge Repair (100549A)	24	276	4	-	-	304
	I-5/South Seattle Northbound Viaduct (100511J)	287	463	9,820	_	_	10,570
	I-5/Spokane St Interchange (100518S)	79	1,060	2,640	_	_	3,779
	I-5/Spokane Street I/C Bridges - Seismic (100518K)	4,620	´-	_	_	_	4,620
	I-5/Spring St/SB Onramp (100521I)	23	185	103	_	_	311
	I-5/SR 526 to Lowell Road - NB&SB Paving (100544F)	243	3,560	_	_	_	3,803
	I-5/SR 528 Interchange - Electrical (100551L)	33	-	_	_	_	33
	I-5/SR 532 to Hill Ditch Bridge - PCCP (100558A)	199	5,740	187	_	_	6,126
	I-5/SR 526 Interchange (100544S)	63	166	-	_	_	229
	I-5/Stanwood-Bryant Vic Weigh Station (100552J)	47	-	_	_	_	47
	I-5/Steamboat Slough Bridges 5/648E&W (100550V)	73	187	_	_	_	260
	I-5/Stewart St/Eastlake Ave SB Off Ramp (100524N)	508	-	_	_	_	508
	I-5/Toutle River Bridge-Structural Rehab (400599L)	2,694	_	_	_	_	2,694
	I-5/Union St. to NE 103rd Vic. (100521S)	1,769	_	_	_	_	1,769
	I-5/Vic 300th St NW & Starbird Rd (100555E)	2,321	_	_	_	_	2,321
	I-5/Vic. Lakeway Drive - Replace Sign Br (100586S)	4	220	_	_	_	224
006	SR 6/S Fk Chehalis R Br to Chehalis R Br (400603P)	132	-	_	_	_	132
006	SR 6/So. Fork Chehalis River Bridge (400694B)	-	50	5,028	_	_	5,078
006	SR 6/Willapa River Bridge-Replacement (400694A)	- -	54	2,900	_	-	2,954
006		2,431	4,160	2,700	_	_	6,591
007	SR 7/Elbe R/R Crossing to Alder (300726A)	174	3,356	-	-	-	3,530
007	SR 7/SR 512 to I-5 - Paving (300727A)	231	2,550	_	-	-	2,781
007	SR 8/Elma Rest Area (300801D)	277	2,330	-	-	-	2,781
008	SR 8/Mud Bay Bridges 8/104 N&S - Seismic (300813A)	211	353	89	-	-	442
009	SR 9/269th Pl NE to McMurray Shores Dr (100932D)	5	2	2	-	-	9
009	SR 9/Cherry St to Int'l Boundary-Paving (100959B)	106	139	_	-	-	245
009	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100	116		-		
009	SR 9/Getchell Road Bridge - Seismic (100923C) SR 9/Lake Creek Bridge - Scour Repair (100933F)	2		39 2	-	-	155 6
009	SR 9/Lake Stevens Weigh Station (100935F)	1,265	2 940	2	-	-	2,205
	5	944	940	-	-	-	2,203 944
009	SR 9/New Bunk Foss Rd Vic to SR 204 (100913E)	299	-	-	-	-	299
009 009	SR 9/North Fork Nooksack River Br. (100949C)	13	-	-	-	-	
009	SR 9/Samish River Bridge 9/223 (100936C) SR 9/Skagit Pivor Bridge Painting (100938S)	381	-	-	-	-	13
	SR 9/Skagit River Bridge - Painting (100938S)		1 200	-	-	-	381
009	SR 9/SR 204 Vic to 60th St NE - Paving (100916B)	463	1,390	-	-	-	1,853
009	SR 9/SR 96 Vic. to SR 2 Vic Paving (100910D) SR 9/Stille guarrick B. Parto Loke Creek Pr (100920E)	1,422	-	- 2	-	-	1,422
009	SR 9/Stillaguamish R Br to Lake Creek Br (100930E)	14	5 9	2	-	-	21
009	SR 9/Stillaguamish River (Haller Bridge) (100930D)	1,010		-	-	-	1,019
011	SR 11/Cook Rd to Colony Rd Vic - Paving (101100C) SR 11/Cook Road to Colony Road Vic. (101100D)	444	1,100	-	-	-	1,544
011	•	228	-	-	-	-	228
011	SR 11/Highline Rd to Bellingham C.L. Vic (101113A)	244	- 500	-	-	-	244
011	SR 11/Iris Lane Vicinity to I-5 - Paving (101120A)	158	590	-	-	-	748
011	SR 11/Whatcom C.L. to Bellingham C.L. (101110B)	1,024	- 01	-	-	-	1,024
012	SR 12/Touchet River Bridge at Waitsburg (501212F)	13	91	-	-	-	104
012	US 12/2 Miles West of Yakima County Line (401203B)	84	-	-	-	-	84
012	US 12/3rd St Overcrossing - Seismic (301255A)	-	-	255	-	-	255

Rte Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Preservation Projects (continued):						
012 US 12/5 Miles West of Yakima County Line (401203A)	210	-	-	-	-	210
012 US 12/6 Miles West of Yakima County Line (401200F)	360	-	-	-	-	360
012 US 12/7 Miles West of Yakima County Line (401203C)	120	-	-	-	-	120
012 US 12/8 Miles West of Yakima County Line (401298D)	243	-	-	-	-	243
012 US 12/Aberdeen - Signal Upgrade (301284D)	138	-	-	-	-	138
012 US 12/Alpowa Summit East - Paving (501211U)	13	-	-	-	-	13
012 US 12/Alpowa Summit West - Paving (501211G)	9	-	-	-	-	9
012 US 12/Attalia Vic. to Up/NPRR-Paving (501212Y)	265	-	-	-	-	265
012 US 12/Bear Canyon VicUnstable Slope (501212W)	32	812	-	-	-	844
012 US 12/Brady to Malone - Paving (301216A)	3,930	-	-	-	-	3,930
012 US 12/Bridge 12/114 - Seismic (301254A)	-	74	140	-	-	214
012 US 12/Columbia C/L to Pomeroy - Paving (501211F)	9	-	-	-	-	9
012 US 12/Dixie Vic Br. Replacement (501211K)	760	-	-	-	-	760
012 US 12/Dixie Vicinity-Paving (501212U)	915	-	-	-	-	915
012 US 12/Heron Street Bridge - Repair (301227F)	170	94	-	-	-	264
012 US 12/Lake Creek to Wildcat Creek-Paving (401204A)	6,450	101	-	-	-	6,551
012 US 12/Naches Vicinity-Paving (501212M)	43	1,427	-	-	-	1,470
012 US 12/Pomeroy Vicinity-Paving (501212K)	52	1,769	-	-	-	1,821
012 US 12/Snake Riv. Br. At Clarkston - Deck (501209K)	22	1,674	-	-	-	1,696
012 US 12/Snake River Bridge At Burbank W/B (501211J)	841	-	-	-	-	841
012 US 12/SR 261 to Garfield C/L - Paving (501211T)	7	-	-	-	-	7
012 US 12/SR 261 Vicinity-Unstable Slope (501212X)	36	562	_	-	_	598
012 US 12/Stember Creek Vicinity-Paving (501212N)	31	486	_	-	_	517
012 US 12/Tieton River East Crossing (501211P)	117	74	1,750	_	_	1,941
012 US 12/Tieton River Vic Unstable Slope (501209N)	6	424	-	_	_	430
012 US 12/Tieton River West Crossing (501211N)	100	43	2,250	_	_	2,393
012 US 12/Tucannon River to SR 261 - Paving (501211S)	4	_	-	_	_	4
012 US 12/Waitsburg Vic Paving (501212B)	982	_	_	_	_	982
012 US 12/Wallula Junction Vic Paving (501211E)	821	_	_	_	_	821
012 US 12/Wildcat Cr. to Windy Point-Paving (501212L)	481	_	_	_	_	481
012 US 12/Wishkah & Heron St Brs - Seismic (301227C)	863	425	_	_	_	1,288
014 SR 14 Sign Support Structure, MP 5.14 EB (401404S)	22	-	_	_	_	22
014 SR 14/0.6 Mi West of Franz Rd-Rockfall (401400I)	-	115	1,016	_	_	1,131
014 SR 14/1 Mile East of Cape Horn-Rockfall (401499E)	_	158	1,400	_	_	1,558
014 SR 14/1.4 Mi West of Franz Rd-Rockfall (401400H)	_	80	552	_	_	632
014 SR 14/2.2 Mi East of Bergen Rd-Rockfall (401402D)	27	211	-	_	_	238
014 SR 14/2.3 Mi East of Bergen Rd-Rockfall (401402E)	31	388	_	_	_	419
014 SR 14/2.8 Mi E of L White Salmon Riv Br (401401J)	59	226	_	_	_	285
014 SR 14/Blandford Drive to West Camas (401497B)	8	-	_	_	_	8
014 SR 14/Cape Horn Br Vic MP 25.4-Rockfall (401403A)	138	_	_	_	_	138
014 SR 14/Cape Horn Br Vic MP 25.5-Rockfall (401499K)	155	_	_	_	_	155
014 SR 14/Cape Horn Br Vic MP 25.6-Rockfall (401403B)	139	_	_	_	_	139
014 SR 14/US 97 to Benton County Line (401405A)	1,927	1,620	_	_	_	3,547
016 SR 16/Center St Off Ramp to Jackson Ave (301646B)	1,577	1,020	_	_	_	1,577
016 SR 16/Tacoma Narrows Bridge - Electrical (301622E)	79	386	1,620	_	<u>-</u>	2,085
017 SR 17/Jct. SR 174 to 8 Mi NW - 2006 Seal (201754E)	5	235	1,020	_	_	240
017 SR 17/Moses Lake North - 2004 Chip Seal (2017/34E)	1,113	-	_	_	_	1,113
017 SR 17/Moses Lake North - 2004 Clip Seal (201733B) 017 SR 17/Soap Lake N-Drainage Improvements (201706A)	60	-	-	-	-	60
017 SR 17/Soap Lake N-Dramage improvements (2017/00A) 018 SR 18, Green River Bridge - Deck Rehab. (101811C)	106	-	-	-		
	392	-	-	-	-	106 392
018 SR 18/C' St SW I/C to SE 304th St Br (101809B)			-	-	-	
018 SR 18/C' St. SW I/C to SE 304th St. Br. (101809A)	4,040	138	-	-	-	4,178
018 SR 18/Peasley Canyon Br. Vic. to SR 167 (101802D)	888	126 452	- 2.070	-	-	1,014
018 SR 18/Greenriver Vicinity (101810S)	-	452	2,970	-	-	3,422

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Pres	servation Projects (continued):						
020	SR 20/Concrete Vic Emergency Slide (102057S)	19	-	-	-	-	19
020		12	13	-	-	-	25
020	SR 20/Deception & Canoe Pass Bridges (102026I)	600	-	-	-	-	600
020	SR 20/Early Winters Cr Br - Seismic Imp (202007A)	-	167	2	-	-	169
020	SR 20/Gorge Creek Bridge - Painting (102082C)	314	-	-	-	_	314
020		-	238	1,750	560	_	2,548
020	SR 20/Hoffman Rd to Frostad Rd - Paving (102021P)	301	128	-	-	_	429
020		650	_	_	-	_	650
020		416	-	-	-	_	416
020		13	3,528	-	-	_	3,541
020		112	-	-	-	_	112
020		41	-	-	-	_	41
020	•	77	-	-	-	_	77
020	•	1,218	-	-	-	_	1,218
020		23	_	_	_	_	23
020	•	314	1,730	_	-	_	2,044
020		392	2,080	_	_	_	2,472
020	SR 20/Tiger to Ruby Mountain - Paving (602039D)	274	3,718	_	_	_	3,992
020	SR 20/Tonasket to 4.5 Miles E-2006 Seal (202041E)	4	119	_	_	_	123
020	SR 20/Wauconda Summit East - 2006 Seal (202053B)	5	236	_	_	_	241
020	SR 20/Deception Pass State Park Vic (102026S)	116	547	5	_	_	668
020		50	139	_	_	_	189
021		152	-	_	_	_	152
021		244	_	_	_	_	244
021		843	_	_	_	_	843
021	SR 21/Keller Ferry to Jct SR 20 - BST (602110G)	1,106	_	_	_	_	1,106
021	SR 21/Lind to I-90 - BST (602102F)	335	_	_	_	_	335
021		83	_	_	_	_	83
021		83	_	_	_	_	83
021	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	83	_	_	_	_	83
021		83	_	_	_	_	83
	SR 22/I-82 to Toppenish - Paving (502202A)	605	_	_	_	_	605
022	SR 22/Prosser Vicinity-Paving (502203D)	145	_	_	_	_	145
022		130	_	_	_	_	130
023	SR 23/Lords Creek Rd to Jct SR 28 - BST (602305G)	271	_	_	_	_	271
	SR 24/Columbia Riv to 19 Mi. E-2004 Seal (202401C)	480	_	_	_	_	480
024		1,696	-	_	_	<u>-</u>	1,696
024		328	_	_	_	_	328
025	SR 25/B Reinbold Rd to Spokane River-BST (602501I)	112	_	_	_	_	112
025	SR 25/Bossburg Road to Canada - Paving (602509G)	20	5,156	_	_	<u>-</u>	5,176
025	SR 25/Bossburg Road Vicinity - Safety (602509F)	29	3,130	_	_	_	29
025	SR 25/Gold Hill to Bossburg-Paving (602508D)	162	_	_	_	_	162
025	SR 25/US 395 to Gold Hill-Paving (602508L)	80		_		_	80
025	SR 26/Othello West - 2004 Chip Seal (202607A)	625	_	_	_	_	625
026	SR 26/Palouse River Br 26/285-Rail Retro (602613E)	15	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	15
026	SR 26/Union Flat Creek-Improve Drainage (602612D)	152	_	_	_	_	152
026	SR 26/Vantage Area to Royal City-Paving (202601D)	3,580	_	_	_	_	3,580
020	SR 27/Jct US 195 to Palouse-Albion Road (602700E)	3,380 249	3,115	-	-	-	3,364
027	SR 27/Palouse to Garfield - BST (602701G)	152	5,115	-	-		3,304 152
		134	240	-	-	-	
028	SR 28/Douglas Creek Bridge - Seismic Imp (202857B)	-		-	-	-	240 2,000
028	SR 28/E. Wenatchee to Rock Island - Pave (202801H)	- 3 310	2,000	-	-	-	*
028	SR 28/Harrington to Davenport - Paving (602811G)	3,310	-	-	-	-	3,310

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Pres	servation Projects (continued):						
028	SR 28/Rock Island - Weigh Station (202802F)	199	-	-	-	-	199
028	SR 28/Rock Island Dam - Unstable Slopes (202819A)	3,460	-	-	-	-	3,460
028	SR 28/Rock Island to Crescent Bar - Pave (202801I)	97	1,522	-	-	-	1,619
028	SR 28/Soap Lake East - 2004 Chip Seal (202841B)	683	-	-	-	-	683
031	SR 31/Pend Oreille River Br 31/36 Repair (603101E)	6	732	-	-	-	738
031	SR 31/Slate Creek Br 31/042 Deck Rehab (603102A)	9	267	-	-	-	276
031	SR 31/Tiger to Pend Oreille River Br-BST (603100B)	281	-	-	-	-	281
082	I-82/Coffin Road Vicinity-Paving (508206K)	511	-	-	-	-	511
	I-82/Military Road OC 82/20N-Deck (508206M)	51	360	-	-	-	411
082	I-82/Prosser Vic Weigh Station (508206G)	2,650	-	-	-	-	2,650
	I-82/Prosser Vicinity-Paving (508206L)	827	-	-	-	-	827
090	1-90/Oaks Avenue Interchange-Paving (509009T)	36	266	-	-	-	302
090	I-90/Adams County Line to Spokane County (609023H)	6,330	-	-	-	-	6,330
	I-90/Argonne Rd I/C Electrical Systems (609048H)	245	287	-	-	-	532
090	I-90/Bellevue City Limits Vicinity (109054U)	58	63	-	-	-	121
090	I-90/Bullfrog Interchange-Paving (509009U)	43	322	-	-	-	365
090	I-90/Denny Creek I/C-Paving (509009P)	53	378	-	-	-	431
090	I-90/East Channel Bridge 90/40N (109046H)	35	189	-	-	-	224
	I-90/East Channel Bridges (109046G)	22	927	-	-	-	949
090	I-90/East Cle Elum Ramp-Paving (509009L)	290	-	-	-	-	290
090	I-90/East Easton Interchange-Paving (509009Q)	48	311	-	-	-	359
090	I-90/Eastbound I-90 Bridge at I-5 (109001M)	100	-	-	-	-	100
090	I-90/Eastgate I/C to 436th Ave SE I/C (109052B)	4,939	1,880	-	-	-	6,819
090	I-90/Eastgate Vicinity Bridges - Seismic (109051P)	-	237	199	-	-	436
	I-90/Edgewick Road I/C-Paving (509009M)	56	367	-	-	-	423
	I-90/George Vicinity East - Paving (209001M)	1,181	4,410	-	-	-	5,591
090	I-90/Gold Creek to Easton Hill-Paving (509009R)	1,938	-	-	-	-	1,938
	I-90/Homestead Valley Road I/C-Paving (509009N)	57	222	-	-	-	279
090	I-90/I-405 Vicinity Bridges - Seismic (109051N)	3,573	-	-	-	-	3,573
	I-90/Indian John Hill - PCCP Replacement (509008E)	15	-	-	-	-	15
090	I-90/Indian John Hill Rest Area (509005E)	2,040	-	-	-	-	2,040
090	I-90/Lincoln County Line to Salnave Road (609025E)	3,007	1,110	-	-	-	4,117
090	I-90/Moses Lake East - 2004 Chip Seal (209023C)	88	-	-	-	-	88
090	I-90/Moses Lake West - Paving (209002D)	4,003	-	-	-	-	4,003
090	I-90/Northbend Vicinity (109078S)	143	740	-	-	-	883
090	I-90/Northbend Vicinity (109078T)	121	755	-	-	-	876
090	I-90/Olallie Creek VicUnstable Slope (509009W)	154	710	-	-	-	864
090	I-90/Ryegrass Summit to Vantage-Paving (509009V)	530	-	-	-	-	530
090	I-90/Salnave Road to Geiger Road-Paving (609026E)	3,530	-	-	-	-	3,530
090	I-90/Seattle to Mercer Island - Vax Repl (109010W)	2,127	795	-	-	-	2,922
090	I-90/Seattle to Mercer Island (109010V)	112	-	-	-	-	112
090	I-90/Sprague Lake Rest Area Sewer Rehab (609042C)	285	176	-	-	-	461
090	I-90/Sullivan Road to Idaho- Paving (609049C)	3,464	-	-	-	-	3,464
090	I-90/Tinkham Rd. to Ellensburg-Sign Str. (509009G)	39	395	-	-	-	434
090	I-90/Tinkham Road I/C-Paving (509009O)	65	423	-	-	-	488
090	I-90/Tokio to Lincoln County Line-Paving (609099C)	2,234	-	-	-	-	2,234
	I-90/Vicinity Lake Sammamish Parkway (109055S)	1,540	154	-	-	-	1,694
090	I-90/West Cle Elum Interchange-Paving (509009S)	32	234	-	-	-	266
090	I-90/Yakima River Br. 90/132S-Deck (509009E)	63	330	-	-	-	393
090	Snoqualmie Pass Pavement Design Project (509007X)	1,540	-	-	-	-	1,540
096	SR 96/132nd St SE to 125th St SE -Paving (109601A)	261	-	-	-	-	261
097	US 97/Blewett Pass South - Paving (209701P)	2,656	-	-	-	-	2,656
097	US 97/Brewster North - Paving (209701V)	820	126	-	-	-	946

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Pres	servation Projects (continued):						
097	US 97/Canal Bridge to SR 22 - Paving (509704C)	463	-	-	-	-	463
097	US 97/Chelan Falls S Unstable Slope (209701K)	105	-	-	-	-	105
097	US 97/Chelan Falls South - Paving (209742D)	1,160	-	-	-	-	1,160
097	US 97/Dry Creek Bridge Vic Paving (509704B)	290	-	-	-	-	290
097	US 97/Ellensburg to Virden-Paving (509704E)	2,120	-	-	-	-	2,120
097	US 97/Klickitat C/L to Satus Creek (509704D)	730	-	-	-	-	730
097	US 97/Orondo North - Unstable Slope (209701J)	-	414	404	-	-	818
097	US 97/Pateros - Seismic Retrofit (209751E)	6	67	-	-	-	73
097	US 97/Pateros-Storm Drainage Improvement (209701R)	83	-	-	-	-	83
097	US 97/Satus Creek Br. 97/106 VicPaving (509704K)	75	-	-	-	-	75
097	US 97/Satus Creek Bridge 97/106 - Paving (509702N)	90	50	1,585	-	-	1,725
	US 97/Satus Creek Bridge at MP 46 (509703L)	43	77	1,463	-	_	1,583
097	US 97/Tonasket South - Paving (209701U)	197	4,885	-	-	-	5,082
097	US 97/Tonasket to 11.75 Mi. N-2006 Seal (209774B)	7	329	-	-	-	336
	US 97/Toppenish Creek Bridge at MP 57 (509703A)	106	-	-	_	-	106
097	US 97/Toppenish to Wapato - Drainage (509704I)	421	-	-	_	-	421
	US 97/Toppenish to Wapato - Drainage (509704J)	105	-	-	-	_	105
097	US 97A/Entiat to North Chelan - Paving (209709C)	1,025	1,726	-	-	_	2,751
097	US 97A/Jct US 2/97 North - Paving (209709A)	_	830	_	_	_	830
	US 97A/S of Chelan-Tunnel Lining Stage 2 (209709J)	100	_	_	_	_	100
	US 97A/Wenatchee North - Paving (209709B)	2,684	_	_	48	_	2,732
097	US 97A/Wenatchee North - Unstable Slopes (209720C)	414	_	_	_	_	414
099	First Avenue South Bridge - 99/530W (109926U)	1,447	_	_	_	_	1,447
099	SR 99/1St Ave S Bridge - Painting (109928F)	1,500	_	_	_	_	1,500
099	SR 99/Alaskan Way Viaduct 99/540 (109936J)	700	_	_	_	_	700
099	SR 99/George Washington Bridge - Seismic (109946A)	6,100	188	_	_	_	6,288
099	SR 99/George Washington Bridge -Painting (109947B)	90	2,037	400	_	_	2,527
099	SR 99/Pierce Co. Line to S. 325th Street (109907A)	1,160	-,557	-	_	_	1,160
099	SR 99/S 170th St. to W Marginal Way SW (109913C)	280	_	_	_	_	280
099	SR 99/S 216th St. to S 208th St Paving (109910P)	342	_	_	_	_	342
099	SR 99/S. 252nd Street to SR 516 - Paving (109908P)	939	_	_	_	_	939
099	SR 99/S. 310th St. to S. 252nd St. (109907P)	770	_	_	_	_	770
099	SR 99/S. 325th St. to S. 310th St. (109907H)	1,000	_	_	_	_	1,000
099	SR 99/Spokane St Br to Alaskan Way Viad. (109936G)	38	1,379	_	_	_	1,417
099	SR 99/Spokane Street Overcross - Seismic (109924C)	1,693	94	_	_	_	1,787
099	SR 99/SR 516 to S. 216th Street - Paving (109909P)	764	-	_	_	_	764
099	SR 99/14th St Interchange (109923A)	161	1,132	800	_	_	2,093
101	SR 101/Kitchen-Dick Rd to Dungeness Riv (310157A)	1,693	-	-	_	_	1,693
101	SR 101/Mt Walker to Brinnon Lane -Pave (310148C)	1,582	_	_	_	_	1,582
101	SR 101/Sitkum-Sol Duc Rd to Bear Creek Rd (310196B)	3,477	_	_	_	_	3,477
	US 101/Aberdeen - Signal Upgrade (310184D)	682	_	_	_	_	682
	US 101/Bone River Bridge-Replacement (410194A)	-	56	5,008	_	_	5,064
	US 101/Chehalis River Bridge - Seismic (310180F)	1,250	-	-	_	_	1,250
	US 101/Delphi Rd Undercrossing - Seismic (310120C)	286	_	_	_	_	286
	US 101/Doyle St to Front St - Paving (310137B)	231	_	_	_	_	231
	US 101/Golf Course Rd to Lincoln St (310199B)	16	680	_	_	_	696
	US 101/Hoh River Erosion (310141C)	485	-	_	_	_	485
	US 101/Hoquiam Riv Brs- Mechanical (310117D)	369	5,736	1,620	_	<u>-</u>	7,725
	US 101/Hoquiam River Bridges - Seismic (310117C)	890	<i>5,730</i> -	1,020	_	-	890
101	US 101/Humptulips River Bridge 101/150 (310129C)	30	121	-	_	-	151
101	US 101/Flumptumps River Bridge 101/130 (310129C) US 101/Leland Creek Flooding Stage Three (310113G)	53	121	-	-	-	53
101	US 101/Middle Nemah River Bridge (410104A)	33	237	- 879	-	-	33 1,116
101	US 101/Morse Creek to Watkins Rd -Paving (310102C)	- 647	-	-	-	-	647
101	OB 101/1910186 CICER IO WAIRINS RU -FAVING (310102C)	047	-	-	-	-	047

	(Dollars in Thousands)									
Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total			
Pres	servation Projects (continued):									
	US 101/Nolan Creek Bridge 101/214 (310182C)	4,400	-	-	-	-	4,400			
	US 101/Olympic National Park to Indian Cr (310154B)	1,067	-	-	-	_	1,067			
101	US 101/Pacific Co Line to Vic Lund Road (310194B)	157	2,190	-	-	-	2,347			
101	US 101/S Fork Boulder Creek Br 101/157 (310163B)	1,630	-	-	-	-	1,630			
101	US 101/SR 104 to Quilcene River - Pave (310184B)	2,537	-	-	-	-	2,537			
101	US 101/SR 106 to SR 108 - Paving (310105C)	139	2,907	-	-	-	3,046			
101	US 101/W Fork Hoquiam Riv Bridge 101/142 (310134A)	1	1,060	-	-	-	1,061			
101	US 101/W Fork Hoquiam Riv Bridge 101/145 (310134B)	27	960	-	-	-	987			
101	US 101/ Astoria Bridge to SR 4- Paving (410106A)	47	4,577	-	-	-	4,624			
101	US 101/SR 6 to Grays Harbor County Line (410105A)	-	177	2,070	-	-	2,247			
103	SR 103/Jct US 101 to Stackpole Rd-Paving (410303A)	964	156	2,335	-	-	3,455			
104	SR 104/244th St SW to 22nd Ave - Paving (110407F)	196	1,620	-	-	-	1,816			
104	SR 104/Hood Canal 104/5.1 Cables (310431B)	162	-	-	-	-	162			
104	SR 104/Hood Canal Bridge East Half (310407B)	201,360	50,010	3,040	-	-	254,410			
105	SR 105/North Cove Vicinity (410595A)	3,257	-	-	-	-	3,257			
105	SR 105/Pacific Co Line to Bonge Avenue (310511A)	1,409	-	-	-	-	1,409			
105	SR 105/US 101 to County Line Rd Paving (410505A)	613	1,850	-	-	-	2,463			
107	SR 107/Chehalis River Bridge 107/4 (310710A)	64	527	-	-	-	591			
107	SR 107/Chehalis River to SR 12 - Paving (310702A)	-	772	-	-	-	772			
107	SR 107/Slough Bridges 107/5 & 107/6 (310708A)	5,100	2,170	36	-	-	7,306			
107	SR 107/SR 101 to Chehalis River - Paving (310706A)	913	1,218	-	-	-	2,131			
109	SR 109/Copalis Beach to Roosevelt Beach (310918A)	8	3,646	-	-	-	3,654			
112	SR 112/Jim Creek - Culvert Repair (311220E)	497	-	-	-	-	497			
112	SR 112/Makah Reservation to Hoko River (311218A)	1,850	-	-	-	-	1,850			
121	SR 121/Maytown I/C to 93rd Ave. I/C (312102A)	2,109	-	-	-	-	2,109			
123	SR 123/Jct US 12 to Pierce County Line (412304A)	413	23	-	-	-	436			
124	SR 124/Coppei Creek to SR 12 - Paving (512403B)	254	-	-	-	-	254			
124	SR 124/Mcfeely Rd. to Coppei CrPaving (512403F)	3,137	-	-	-	-	3,137			
125	SR 125/Military Road to SR 12 - Paving (512502A)	1,620	-	-	-	-	1,620			
127	SR 127/Central Ferry to Church Hill Road (612701K)	1,634	-	-	-	-	1,634			
129	SR 129/Clarkston Vicinity - Paving (512902D)	511	-	-	-	-	511			
131	SR 131/Woods Creek Road to US 12 (413104A)	557	26	-	-	-	583			
141	SR 141/Loop Rd to Carr Rd Including Spur (414100A)	980	-	-	-	-	980			
142	SR 142/Lyle to Goldendale-Paving (414200B)	487	-	-	-	-	487			
153	SR 153/Methow Riv Bridges Repair-Stage 2 (215301C)	-	197	2,090	88	-	2,375			
153	SR 153/Methow Rv Br Decks Repair-Stage 1 (215301B)	41	648	-	-	-	689			
153	SR 153/Methow Rv Br Rail Repairs-Stage 1 (215301D)	41	624	-	-	-	665			
155	SR 155/25 Mi S to Grand Coulee-2006 Seal (215503A)	15	715	-	-	-	730			
155	SR 155/Omak East - 2005 Seal (215544A)	143	231	-	-	-	374			
161	SR 161/176th St to SR 512 - Paving (316123A)	3,504	-	-	-	-	3,504			
161	SR 161/255th St East to 176th St East (316128A)	3,099	-	-	-	-	3,099			
161	SR 161/Vic Clear Lake So to 255th St E (316121A)	2,842	-	-	-	-	2,842			
162	SR 162/Voights Creek Bridge 162/11 (316207A)	880	-	-	-	-	880			
164	SR 164/SE 436th St to High Point St (116407B)	217	760	-	-	-	977			
165	SR 165/Carbon Rv Br Vic Crib Wall Repair (316509A)	162	-	-	-	-	162			
166	SR 166/Port Orchard Vicinity Slide (316601A)	9	-	-	-	-	9			
166	SR 166/Ross Point Slide (316605A)	3,990	73	-	-	-	4,063			
167	SR 167/Garrison & Springbrook Creeks (116714D)	990	-	-	-	-	990			
167	SR 167/N Meridian to King County Line (316722A)	3,240	-	-	-	-	3,240			
167	SR 167/Sumner Vic Portable Weigh Station (316706B)	19	-	-	-	-	19			
167	SR 167/Vicinity Br 167/125E (116709D)	311	-	-	-	-	311			
169	SR 169/264th Ave SE to Green River Br. (116904F)	741	-	-	-	-	741			
169	SR 169/Green River Br. Vic. to SR 516 (116906C)	338	2,430	-	-	-	2,768			
169	SR 169/Newaukum Creek Br to 264th Ave SE (116902B)	528	-	-	-	-	528			

(Dollars in Thousands)							
Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Pres	servation Projects (continued):						
169	SR 169/196th Ave SE Vicinity (116923U)	78	208	-	-	-	286
169	SR 169/SE Bain Rd Vicinity (116918D)	47	51	-	-	-	98
169	SR 169/SE Jones Rd Vicinity (116923S)	79	174	-	-	-	253
169	SR 169/Witte Rd SE Vicinity (116918C)	95	510	-	-	-	605
170	SR 170/Warden West - 2004 Chip Seal (217005A)	114	-	-	-	-	114
172	SR 172/Withrow Vic 2005 Seal (217202B)	167	266	-	-	-	433
173	SR 173/Brewster - Columbia River Br Deck (217304C)	325	-	-	-	-	325
174	SR 174/Grant Co Line to Jct SR 21 - BST(617402E)	345	-	-	-	-	345
174	SR 174/SR 17 to Grand Coulee - 2006 Seal (217400A)	13	611	-	-	-	624
181	SR 181/SR 516 to I-405 - Paving (118106P)	112	-	-	-	-	112
	` '	1,851	-	-	-	-	1,851
195	US 195/Jct SR 271 to Vic Plaza Rd-Paving (619506E)	44	2,221	-	-	-	2,265
197	SR 197/Columbia River to SR 14-Paving (419701A)	152	-	-	-	-	152
202	SR 202/154th Pl NE Vic to Gilman Street (120204A)	921	-	-	-	-	921
202	SR 202/224th Ave NR Vic. to 308th Ave SE (120213C)	49	23	72	-	32	176
202	SR 202/Patterson Creek (120214C)	93	312	-	-	-	405
202	SR 202/Sammamish River Bridges - Scour (120200S)	151	-	-	-	-	151
202	SR 202/SR 522 to Sammamish River Bridge (120201F)	231	703	-	-	-	934
202	SR 202/Tokul Cr Vic to Snoqualmie R Br (120225A)	181	289	-	-	-	470
202	SR 202/Tokul Creek Vicinity (120222S)	524	17	-	-	-	541
202	SR 202/Vic. SE 8th St. to 300th Ave. (120215S)	110	-	-	-	- 2	110
202	SR 203/Evans Creek Slough to SR 203 (120213B)	307	2	4	-	2	315
202	SR 202/335th Pl SE to Preston-Fall City R (120219M)	102	-	-	-	-	102
203	SR 203/NE Big Rock Road to Slough Br Vic (120312A)	193	497	-	-	-	690
203	SR 203/Skykomish River Bridge - Scour (120317C)	106	- 122	- 020	-	-	106
203	SR 203/NE Cherry Valley Road Vic (120315D)	23	122	930	-	-	1,075
203 203	SR 203/Vicinity 268th Ave NE (120311S) SR 203/Woodinyilla Daysell Road (120306W)	985 105	1,610 359	-	-	-	2,595 464
203	SR 203/Woodinville-Duvall Road (120306W) SR 204/US 2 to SR 9 - Paving (120400C)	306	804	-	-	-	1,110
204	I-205/SR 500 to I-5-Dowel Bar Retrofit (420501P)	2,219	3,800	-	-	-	6,019
205	I-205/Vancouver Sign Support Structures (420502A)	133	-	_	-	-	133
206	SR 206/Bruce Rd to Mt Spokane Park - BST (620600E)	764	_	_	-	-	764
223	SR 223/Granger Vicinity-Paving (522302A)	110	_	_	_	_	110
225	SR 225/Benton City Vicinity-Paving (522502B)	558	_	_	_	_	558
231	2003-05 Region BST Safety Restoration (623104C)	996	_	_	_	_	996
240	SR 240/Yakima River Bridge at Richland (524003A)	14,961	_	_	_	_	14,961
241	SR 241/Sunnyside to SR 24-Paving (524102C)	581	_	_	_	_	581
243	SR 243/Mattawa Vic - 2004 Chip Seal (224301G)	721	_	_	_	_	721
261	SR 261/Lyon's Ferry Vicinity-Paving (526102A)	204	_	_	_	_	204
261	SR 261/Sutton Rd to I-90 - BST (626104E)	402	_	_	_	_	402
262	SR 262/Potholes Reservoir Area-2005 Seal (226201C)	256	404	_	_	-	660
283	SR 283/George Vic. North - 2005 Seal (228305A)	180	289	-	_	-	469
285	SR 285 Co/City of Wenatchee - Paving (228501I)	9	847	_	_	-	856
285	SR 285/City of Wenatchee - Paving (228501D)	108	2,276	-	-	-	2,384
290	SR 290/Division St to Riverpoint Blvd (629000I)	26	251	-	-	-	277
290	SR 290/Spokane River Bridge 290/5 Repair (629000T)	212	-	-	-	-	212
290	SR 290/Trent Avenue Br 290/4 Replacement (629000E)	2,538	-	-	-	-	2,538
291	SR 291/Spokane Co Line to Wylie Dr (629101F)	563	-	-	-	-	563
291	SR 291/Wylie Drive to Jct SR 231 - BST (629101D)	402	-	-	-	-	402
302	SR 302/SR 3 to Elgin-Clifton Rd - Paving (330201A)	112	3,167	-	-	-	3,279
302	SR 302/Victor Slide (330206A)	1,226	-	-	-	-	1,226
303	SR 303/Manette Bridge 303/4 (330311A)	238	488	22,411	2,130	-	25,267
303	SR 303/Port Washington Bridge 303/012 (330315A)	960	-	-	-	-	960
305	SR 305/Seabold Rd to Noll Road - Paving (330516A)	20	1,136	-	-	-	1,156

(Dollars in Thousands)							
Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
	servation Projects (continued):						
	SR 308/SR 3 to Naval Reservation Boundary (330801A)	1,469	_	_	_	-	1,469
	US 395/Boyds to Canada - Bst (639524J)	416	-	-	-	-	416
	US 395/Colville to Columbia River-Paving (639599C)	1,511	1,030	-	-	-	2,541
	US 395/Crest Loch Rd. to East Elm Rd. (539503D)	580	-	-	-	-	580
	US 395/Foster Wells Rd. to Crest Loch Rd (539504C)	556	-	-	-	-	556
395	US 395/Immel Road to Arden-Paving (639521A)	2,200	-	-	-	-	2,200
395	US 395/Pasco Vicinity-Paving (539504G)	31	556	-	-	-	587
395	US 395/Unstable Slope At Eltopia MP 39.5 (539502O)	232	-	-	-	-	232
397	SR 397/Columbia River to Oregon Street (539702A)	47	-	-	-	-	47
405	I-405/NE 160th St Vicinity (140559S)	166	1,072	-	-	-	1,238
405	I-405/NE 44th St Vicinity (140517S)	38	57	-	-	-	95
405	I-405/Renton to Kirkland Brgs Seismic (140550A)	-	148	160	-	-	308
405	I-405/SR 520 I/C Vicinity (140550D)	46	232	-	-	-	278
409	SR 409/Ferry Dock to SR 4 -Paving (440906A)	761	-	-	-	-	761
409	SR 409 Julia Butler Hansen Br. Deck Rehab (440902A)	-	420	-	-	-	420
410	SR 410/2.8 Miles West of Twin Creek (141024A)	189	590	-	-	-	779
410	SR 410/214th to Mundy Loss Rd - Paving (341009A)	532	1,117	-	-	-	1,649
410	SR 410/Cliffdale Vicinity-Paving (541003F)	202	-	-	-	-	202
410	SR 410/Crystal Mnt. Blvd to Chinook Pass (141040F)	785	1,510	-	-	-	2,295
410	SR 410/NWR Line to Bumping RivPaving (541003D)	759	-	-	-	-	759
410	SR 410/Rock Creek Rd. to Nile RdPaving (541003G)	201	-	-	-	-	201
410	SR 410/Sawmill Flat Vicinity-Paving (541003E)	90	-	-	-	-	90
410	SR 410/Slippery Creek Br to Greenwater (141021D)	340	-	-	-	-	340
410	SR 410/SR 164 to 288th Ave SE - Paving (141010C)	380	-	-	-	-	380
410	SR 410/Weyerhauser Rd to Scatter Crk Br (141012B)	487	-	-	-	-	487
433	SR 433/Lewis & Clark Br-Deck Replacement (443387A)	17,200	-	-	-	-	17,200
433	SR 433/Lewis & Clark Br-Seismic Retrofit (443302B)	52	-	-	-	-	52
433	SR 433/Lewis & Clark Bridge-Nav Lights (443302C)	378	-	-	-	-	378
433	SR 433/Lewis & Clark Bridge-Painter (443399A)	2,060	9,630	4,340	-	-	16,030
502	SR 502/I-5 to Battle Ground - Paving (450204A)	1,354	-	-	-	-	1,354
503	SR 503 Spur/Power Canal Washout Repair (450302R)	560	-	-	-	-	560
503	SR 503/Rock Creek Rd to Ham Rd-Paving (450301B)	2,393	-	-	-	-	2,393
503	SR 503 Spur/Dry Creek Bridge Replacement (450304B)	140	1,010	-	-	-	1,150
503	SR 503/Ham Road to I-5-Paving (450305A)	452	4,620	-	-	-	5,072
504	SR 504/Castle Rock to Toutle River Br (450403A)	3,147	-	-	-	-	3,147
505	SR 505/Winlock to SR 504-Paving (450503A)	2,639	-	-	-	-	2,639
506	SR 506/Lacamas Creek Bridge-Replacement (450607A)	-	540	3,504	-	-	4,044
507	SR 507/I-5 to Lewis County Line-Paving (450701A)	660	-	-	-	-	660
507	SR 507/Nisqually River Bridge - Scour (350703A)	386	-	-	-	-	386
507	SR 507/Roy to SR 7 - Paving (350724A)	163	1,970	-	-	-	2,133
508	SR 508/Alder Creek Bridge-Replacement (450804A)	-	53	1,269	-	-	1,322
508	SR 508/Creek Bridge 508/25-Replacement (450807A)	-	119	361	-	-	480
508	SR 508/Creek Bridge 508/26-Replacement (450807B)	-	119	361	-	-	480
508	SR 508/I-5 to SR 7-Paving (450801A)	396	-	-	-	-	396
509	SR 509/11th Street to Brown's Point (350910A)	30	670	-	-	-	700
509	SR 509/28th St to 11th St - Paving (350907A)	500	-	-	-	-	500
509	SR 509/City Waterway Bridge 509/5 (350904A)	-	5,900	79	-	-	5,979
509	SR 509/S. Normandy Rd. to S. 160th St. (150918C)	1,280	-	-	-	-	1,280
509	SR 509/Slayden Road to King Co Line (150905B)	226	659	-	-	-	885
509	SR 509/SW Normandy Rd to S Normandy Wye (150916A)	43	684	-	-	-	727
512	SR 512/I-5 to SR 7 - Paving (351210B)	312	128	-	-	-	440
515	SR 515/S. 15th Street to SR 900 - Paving (151509B)	406	-	-	-	-	406
515	SR 515/SE 192nd St to Benson Rd - Paving (151505A)	40	872	-	-	-	912
516	SR 516/I-5 to N. Central Ave Paving (151609A)	294	2,445	-	-	-	2,739

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Pres	servation Projects (continued):						
518	SR 518/42nd Ave S to 51St Ave S (151806D)	71	197	-	-	-	268
520	SR 520/10th Ave. to Montlake I/C (152001E)	2	-	-	_	-	2
520		267	-	-	-	-	267
520		648	-	-	_	-	648
520		90	955	728	-	-	1,773
520		4	-	-	-	-	4
522	SR 522/City Street to Hall Road - Paving (152217B)	53	382	-	-	-	435
522	SR 522/I-405 I/C East to North Ramp (152221B)	365	-	-	-	-	365
522	SR 522/I-5 to NE 147th Street - Paving (152201D)	260	_	_	_	_	260
522	5 .	238	2,200	-	-	-	2,438
522		424	-	-	-	-	424
522	SR 522/Swamp Creek Bridge - Scour Repair (152212K)	38	-	-	-	-	38
	SR 522/Snohomish River Bridge 522/138 (152236B)	_	350	_	_	_	350
	SR 524 Spur (44th W)/196th SW to I-5 Uxg (152408A)	402	-	-	-	-	402
524	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	249	532	-	-	-	781
524		59	754	_	_	_	813
525	SR 525/Cameron Road to SR 20 - Paving (152530A)	200	_	_	_	_	200
526		231	_	_	_	_	231
526		382	_	_	_	_	382
526	SR 526/Vic. Evergreen Way Pedestrian Br. (152606A)	2	149	_	_	_	151
526		59	186	1,500	_	_	1,745
	SR 526/Paine Field Blvd (152602A)	62	589	382	_	_	1,033
527	SR 527/SR 522 to I-405 Vic Paving (152700D)	946	-	-	_	_	946
528	SR 528/Columbia Ave to 55th Drive NE (152804E)	569	_	_	_	_	569
529	SR 529/Ebey Slough Br Replace Bridge (152908E)	13	2,651	12,000	_	_	14,664
529	SR 529/Ebey Slough Bridge - Bridge Rehab (152908C)	4	-	,	_	_	4
529	SR 529/I-5 to Railroad Bridge - Paving (152900B)	491	_	_	_	_	491
529	SR 529/Snohomish River Bridge to SR 528 (152905S)	1,038	_	_	_	_	1,038
529	SR 529/Snohomish River Bridges 529/10E&W (152905H)	125	1,224	_	_	_	1,349
529	SR 529/Snohomish River to Ebey Slough (152904W)	4	-,	_	_	_	4
529	SR 529/Steamboat & Ebey Slough Bridges (152907C)	7	_	_	_	_	7
529	SR 529/Steamboat Slough Bridges (152907E)	102	15	_	_	_	117
529	SR 529/Union Slough Bridge 529/15 E&W (152906D)	24	285	_	_	_	309
530		212	729	_	_	_	941
539	SR 539/Bay-Lyn Dr Vic to Badger Road (153906A)	79	-	_	_	_	79
539		196	451	_	_	_	647
539	SR 539/Nooksack River Bridge - Painting (153905P)	375	-	_	_	_	375
539	SR 539/SR 546/Badger Rd to Int'l Bndry (153912A)	204	404	_	_	_	608
542	SR 542/Boulder Cr. Br Replace Bridge (154229A)	13	2,152	690	_	_	2,855
542	SR 542/Boulder Creek Vicinity - Culvert (154230C)	50	196	-	_	_	246
542	SR 542/Britton Rd to Cedarville Rd (154204A)	151	1,767	_	_	_	1,918
542	SR 542/Marshall Hill Rd to Coal Creek Br (154213B)	252	1,106	_	_	_	1,358
542	SR 542/Nooksack R Br to Coal Creek Br (154231A)	183	1,060	_	_	_	1,243
542	SR 542/Nugents Vicinity - Replace Bridge (154209A)	660	-	_	_	_	660
542	SR 542/Truck Rd Vicinity - Culvert Repl. (154215D)	152	_	_	_	_	152
542	SR 542/Wells Creek Rd to Mt Baker Vic. (154246D)	965	_	_	_	_	965
542	SR 542/Wells Creek Rd. to Mt. Baker Vic. (154246B)	3,726	_	_	_	_	3,726
544	SR 544/E Fork Johnson Creek Bridge (154410A)	101	_	_	_	_	101
544	SR 544/SR 539 to SR 9 - Improve Drainage (154400D)	34	220	_	_	_	254
544	SR 544/SR 539 to SR 9 - Paving (154400C)	218	2,313	_	_	_	2,531
546	SR 546/SR 539 to SR 9 (154600C)	613	1,510	_	_	_	2,123
547	SR 547/Frost Rd to Saar Crk Br - Paving (154706A)	30	521	_	_	_	551
,							

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Pres	servation Projects (continued):						
548	SR 548/Blaine Rd to Fleet Rd - Paving (154806A)	111	926	-	-	-	1,037
548	SR 548/Dakota Creek Br Replace Bridge (154816A)	175	-	2,300	325	-	2,800
548	SR 548/Kickerville Railroad Crossing (154814A)	212	-	-	-	-	212
548	SR 548/Northstar Road Vicinity (154812A)	199	-	-	-	-	199
821	SR 821/Thrall Road Vicinity-Paving (582102A)	141	-	-	-	-	141
823	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18	416	-	-	-	434
900	SR 900/1-5 Overcrossings - Seismic (190008C)	7	-	-	-	-	7
900	SR 900/I-405 Vic. to Harrington Ave. NE (190020C)	94	601	-	-	-	695
900	SR 900/64th Ave S Vic (190012S)	45	127	-	-	-	172
900	SR 900/Boeing Access Rd Vic (190001S)	75	288	-	-	-	363
902	SR 902/Jct I-90 to Lakeland Village-BST (690200C)	79	-	-	-	-	79
903	SR 903/Cle Elum Vicinity-Paving (590302B)	711	-	-	-	-	711
970		1,200	-	-	-	-	1,200
970	SR 970/Teanaway River-Revegatate Channel (597001N)	7	-	-	-	-	7
998	2004 Eastern Region Chip Seal - PE (600023B)	72	-	-	-	-	72
998	2005 Eastern Region Chip Seal - PE (600023C)	99	2	-	-	-	101
998	Advance Preliminary Engineering (599905I)	162	-	-	-	-	162
998	Advance Preliminary Engineering (699905I)	184	180	180	180	180	904
998	Advance Preliminary Engineering P1 (399905I)	101	-	-	-	-	101
998	Advance Preliminary Funding (499905I)	101	100	100	-	-	301
998	Attorney General Charges (099977K)	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	18,500
998	Bridge & Structures Minor Cap 2003-05 (099961F)	100	-	-	-	-	100
998	Bridge Condition Survey (099961D)	11,400	11,400	11,400	11,400	11,400	57,000
998	Bridge Planning (099962B)	820	820	820	820	820	4,100
998	Commute Trip Reduction Program (099960T)	200	200	200	200	200	1,000
998	Design Visualization Support (099931H)	200	200	200	200	200	1,000
998	Direct Project Support - P1 (295904R)	1,000	-	-	-	_	1,000
998	Direct Project Support Subprogram P1 (095904R)	6,075	(3,925)	(3,925)	(3,925)	(3,925)	(9,625)
998	Direct Project Support Subprogram P2 (095904Q)	5,135	(3,265)	(3,265)	(3,265)	(3,265)	(7,925)
998	Direct Project Support Subprogram P3 (095904S)	1,710	(1,090)	(1,090)	(1,090)	(1,090)	(2,650)
998	Eastern Region Direct Project Support (695904R)	1,700	-	-	-	-	1,700
998	Eastern Region Emergent Needs (699960E)	400	400	400	401	400	2,001
998	Eastern Region Pit & Quarry Mgmt Plan (699931E)	576	576	576	576	576	2,880
998	Eastern Region Property Management (699971C)	340	340	340	340	340	1,700
998	Eastern Region Pvt & Soils Investigation (699930C)	162	160	160	160	160	802
	Eastern Region Rest Area Emergent Needs (699960P)	80	80	80	80	80	400
	Eastern Region Right of Way Plan Update (699960X)	250	250	250	250	250	1,250
998	Eastern Region Unstable Slope Needs (699960S)	140	140	140	140	140	700
998	Emergent Bond Fund Reserve (099943L)	2,850	-	-	-	-	2,850
998	Federal Program Funding/Management (099902A)	600	600	600	600	600	3,000
998	Geotechnical Support (099931F)	660	660	660	660	660	3,300
998	Highway Construction Audit Charges (099976K)	600	600	600	600	600	3,000
998	NC Region Electrical Update 2001-03 (200002Q)	200	-	-	-	-	200
998	NC Region Guardrail Update - Year 2004 (200002T)	571	_	_	_	_	571
998	NC Region Guardrail Update - Year 2005 (200002U)	350	232	_	_	_	582
998	NC Region Guardrail Update - Year 2006 (200002W)	40	584	_	_	_	624
998	NC Region Sign Update (200002R)	100	-	_	_	_	100
998	NC Region Sign Update 2003-05 (200002S)	168	138	_	_	-	306
998	NC Regionwide Bridge Scour (200061E)	52	130	-	-	-	52
998	New Product Evaluation (099929B)	65	65	65	65	65	325
998	North Central Pavement Investigation (299930C)	305	305	305	305	305	1,525
998	North Central Region Emergent Needs (299960C)	405	303 396	303 396	303 396	303 396	1,323
998	North Central Region Project Support-P3 (295904S)	130		- -	390	390	1,989
フブロ	Norm Contai Region i roject support-r3 (2939043)	130	-	-	-	-	130

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Pres	servation Projects (continued):						
998	North Central Region Property Management (299971C)	310	305	305	305	305	1,530
998	North Central Region Rest Areas (299960P)	41	41	41	41	41	205
998	North Central Region Right of Way Plans (299960X)	162	170	170	170	170	842
998	North Central Region Unstable Slopes (299960S)	200	140	140	140	140	760
998	Northwest Region DPS - Subprogram P1 (195904R)	1,100	-	-	-	-	1,100
998	Northwest Region DPS - Subprogram P2 (195904Q)	530	-	-	-	-	530
998	Northwest Region Emergent Need Projects (199960C)	800	800	800	800	800	4,000
998	Northwest Region Project Support P3 (195904S)	610	-	-	-	-	610
998	Northwest Region Property Management (199971A)	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,500	5,900
998	Northwest Region Right of Way Plans (199972A)	640	640	640	640	640	3,200
998	Olympic Region BST (300029A)	799	-	-	-	-	799
998	Olympic Region Direct Project Support P1 (395904R)	740	-	-	-	-	740
998	Olympic Region Direct Project Support P2 (395904Q)	1,700	-	-	-	-	1,700
998	Olympic Region Direct Project Support P3 (395904S)	180	-	-	-	-	180
998	Olympic Region Emergent Needs (399960G)	600	600	600	600	600	3,000
998	Olympic Region Pavment Project Scoping (399901P)	1,219	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	6,019
998	Olympic Region Property Management (399971C)	450	450	450	450	450	2,250
998	Olympic Region Rest Area Minor Capitol (399960P)	51	51	51	51	51	255
998	Olympic Region Right of Way Plan Update (399960X)	350	350	350	350	350	1,750
998	Olympic Region Unstable Minor Capitol (399960S)	140	140	140	140	140	700
998	Pavement Investigation (399930C)	127	-	-	-	-	127
998	Pavement Performance Evaluation (099941I)	630	630	630	630	630	3,150
998	Pavement Project Scoping (199901P)	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	-	6,000
998	Pavement Project Scoping (299901P)	741	1,005	1,005	1,005	1,005	4,761
998	Pavement Project Scoping (599901P)	3,120	-	-	-	-	3,120
998	Pavement Project Scoping (699901P)	873	880	880	880	880	4,393
998	Pits & Quarries (299931E)	396	396	396	396	396	1,980
998	Pits & Quarries (099931E)	150	-	-	-	-	150
998	Primary Control Monument - Bridge (099931V)	71	71	71	71	71	355
998	Region Pit & Quarry Sites (199931E)	101	-	-	-	-	101
998	Regionwide Guardrail Update Year 2003 (200001H)	150	-	-	-	-	150
998	Regionwide Major Electrical Update 2003-05 (200002Z)	152	_	-	-	-	152
998	Regionwide Sign Structures (200002J)	152	-	-	-	-	152
998	Rest Area Preservation Program (099915B)	160	160	160	160	160	800
998	Roadway Preservation Project Reserve (099903J)	1,350	69,500	253,100	294,000	304,000	921,950
998	Scour Evaluation & Repair (099961E)	500	650	680	690	720	3,240
998	South Central Region DPS - Subprogram P2 (595904Q)	690	-	-	-	-	690
998	South Central Region Emergent Needs (599960C)	13	-	-	-	-	13
998	South Central Region Emergent Needs (599960D)	370	400	400	400	400	1,970
998	South Central Region Property Management (599971A)	340	340	340	340	340	1,700
998	South Central Region Rest Areas (599960P)	97	97	97	97	97	485
998	South Central Region Right of Way Plans (599972A)	110	100	100	100	100	510
998	South Central Region Unstable Slopes (599960S)	140	140	140	140	140	700
998	Southwest Region Emergent Needs (499960H)	410	400	400	400	400	2,010
998	Southwest Region Property Management (499971C)	170	170	170	170	170	850
998	Southwest Region Right of Way Plan (499960X)	150	150	150	150	150	750
998	SR 2,I-5,I-405,SR 522 & SR 526 Sign Bridges (100005W)	11	-	-	-	-	11
998	Statewide Pavement Management (099930D)	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	7,500
998	Statewide Property Mangement (099971C)	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	6,500
998	Statewide Rest Area Minor Capitol (099960P)	100	100	100	100	100	500
998	Statewide Training (099934X)	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	12,000
998	Statewide Unstable Slope Minor Capitol (099960S)	200	200	200	200	200	1,000

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Pres	servation Projects (continued):						
998	Subprogram P2 Reserve (099943E)	3,530	11,660	12,069	78,100	106,000	211,359
998	Subprogram P3 Reserve (099943F)	3,130	15,850	34,100	59,100	65,100	177,280
998	SW Region Pavement Management (499930D)	139	140	140	-	-	419
998	SW Region Permanent Signing- 2003-05 (400005S)	238	-	-	-	-	238
998	SW Region Pits & Quarries (499931E)	180	180	180	-	-	540
998	Training (099934Y)	150	150	150	150	150	750
998	Unsafe Work Zone Traffic Counts (099931N)	200	200	200	200	200	1,000
998	Weigh Station Minor Capital (099960Z)	400	600	800	800	800	3,400
999	Direct Project Support Subprogram P1 (595904R)	1,100	-	-	-	-	1,100
999	Direct Project Support Subprogram P1 (495904R)	650	-	-	-	-	650
999	Direct Project Support Subprogram P2 (495904Q)	560	-	-	-	-	560
999	Eastern Region Direct Project Support (695904S)	70	_	_	_	_	70
999	Headquarters Review of Project Summaries (099901K)	30	30	30	30	30	150
999	Mobility Prioritization (099941K)	100	100	100	100	100	500
999	Northwest Region Rest Areas (199960P)	120	120	120	120	120	600
999	Northwest Region Unstable Slope Needs (199960S)	140	140	140	140	140	700
999	Pits & Quarries (399931E)	60	60	60	60	60	300
999	Pits & Quarries (599931E)	240	_	-	-	_	240
999	Preservation Project Scoping (499901P)	1,421	1,421	1,421	1,421	1,421	7,105
999	Primary Control Monuments - Paving (099931P)	540	540	540	540	540	2,700
999	Qualified Products List (099929C)	45	45	45	45	45	225
999	South Central Region Project Support P3 (595904S)	170	-	-	-	_	170
999	Southwest Region Bridge Seismic Retrofit (400004S)	-	277	1,700	_	_	1,977
999	Southwest Region Project Support P3 (495904S)	150	-	-	_	_	150
999	Southwest Region Rest Areas (499960P)	110	110	110	110	110	550
999	Southwest Region Unstable Slope Needs (499960S)	140	140	140	140	140	700
999	Statewide Emergent Needs (099960G)	820	820	820	820	820	4,100
999	SW Regionwide BST (400005D)	335	-	-	-	-	335
,,,,	Preservation Projects Total	659,289	440,135	468,029	496,427	512,228	2,576,108
Spe	cial Advanced Technology Projects:						
	CVISN and Weigh In Motion Projects (CVSNWIM)	4,933	-	-	-	-	4,933
	Intelligent Vehicle Highway Systems Projects (ITS)	23,581	-	-	-	-	23,581
	State Only Funded ITS Projects (State)	684	-	-	-	-	684
	Special Advanced Technology Projects Total	29,198	-	-	-	-	29,198
Feri	ry Projects:						
	2 Replacement Auto-Passenger Ferries (944460L)	4,965	68,134	78,632	_	_	151,731
	Anacortes Terminal Preservation (902019V)	2	343		5,322	13,161	18,828
	Anacortes Upland Parking Improvement (902019X)	-	-	_	3,169	-	3,169
	Bainbridge Island Terminal Preservation (930513B)	1,920	5,738	2,617	21,772	17,799	49,846
	Bainbridge Island Trestle Improvement (930513A)	1,842	5,276	2,017	21,772	-	7,118
	Bremerton Multimodal Terminal (930410Q)	500	3,270	_	_	_	500
	Bremerton Terminal Preservation (930410R)	477		_	7,175		7,652
	Cap Prog Develop WSF Business Initiatives (977740A)	250	-	-	7,173	-	250
	Chinook Class Preservation (CHINPSV)	500	-	-	_	-	500
	Clinton Terminal Preservation (952516H)	1,625	223	239	257	278	2,622
	Colman Dock Interim Retail Development (900010H)	1,023	-	-	-	210	1,921
	Eagle Harbor Terminal Preservation (900040N)	6,148	- 8,859	5,000	5,001	5,000	
	Edmonds Multimodal Terminal (910413M)	2,200	0,037	3,000			30,008
			220		- 1 606	-	2,200
	Edmonds Terminal Preservation (910413N)	21 143	228	-	1,696	-	1,945
	Elwha & Kaleetan Engine Lease-Purchase (944430B)	143	- 457	-	-	- 1 700	143
	Fauntleroy Terminal Preservation (900005L)	53	457	-	-	1,709	2,219

Rte Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Ferry Projects (continued):						
Fourth Replacement Auto Passenger Ferry (944460V)	-	-	-	-	66,399	66,399
Friday Harbor Park & Ride Lot Improve. (900028P)	-	-	392	-	-	392
Friday Harbor Terminal Preservation (900028Q)	15,562	-	245	-	-	15,807
Kaleetan Elevator Installation (944433E)	2	2,707	-	-	-	2,709
Keystone Terminal Preservation (902017F)	2,982	14,277	36,434	-	-	53,693
Kingston Sewer Outfall (910414M)	814	-	-	-	-	814
Kingston Terminal Preservation (910414N)	2	-	-	112	1,709	1,823
Lopez Additional Parking Improvement (900022H)	-	-	-	1,056	-	1,056
Lopez Terminal Preservation (900022G)	256	3,685	1,472	-	-	5,413
Mukilteo Multimodal Terminal (952515J)	1,956	-	-	-	-	1,956
Mukilteo Terminal Preservation (952515L)	2	228	-	-	-	230
MV Cathlamet Preservation (944404D)	2	1,352	41	6,049	1,771	9,215
MV Chelan Preservation (944405D)	5,779	1,440	-	530	2,094	9,843
MV Chinook Preservation (944460H)	50	-	-	-	-	50
MV Elwha Preservation (944432G)	402	3,917	1,700	3,669	1,080	10,768
MV Elwha Propulsion Control Replace AC/AC (944432H)	10,016	-	-	-	-	10,016
MV Evergreen State Preservation (944410F)	280	50	-	-	-	330
MV Hiyu Preservation (944451C)	50	-	-	-	-	50
MV Hyak Preservation (944431D)	3,479	-	-	-	-	3,479
MV Illahee Preservation (944421B)	2	1,068	-	50	-	1,120
MV Issaquah Preservation (944401D)	136	4,369	142	4,673	64	9,384
MV Kalama Preservation (944460E)	50	-	-	-	-	50
MV Kalama-Skagit Preservation (94446OH)	700	-	-	-	-	700
MV Kaleetan Preservation (944433D)	2,183	3,231	5,020	3,519	950	14,903
MV Kitsap Preservation (944403D)	200	3,613	-	3,582	3,546	10,941
MV Kittitas Preservation (944402D)	893	5,527	3,876	-	1,990	12,286
MV Klahowya Preservation (944412C)	2,272	709	4,209	2,000	557	9,747
MV Klickitat Preservation (944424B)	2	191	-	50	-	243
MV Nisqually Preservation (944422B)	2	50	-	-	-	52
MV Puyallup Preservation (944499C)	426	50	6,467	5,890	2	12,835
MV Quinault Preservation (944423B)	2	-	-	50	-	52
MV Rhododendron Preservation (944452B)	876	1,406	-	-	-	2,282
MV Sealth Preservation (944406D)	3,078	4,913	1,117	-	6,327	15,435
MV Skagit Preservation (944460F)	50	-	-	-	-	50
MV Snohomish Preservation (944460I)	50	-	-	-	-	50
MV Spokane Preservation (944442B)	17,742	-	305	3,846	-	21,893
MV Tacoma Preservation (944499D)	2	424	7,296	5,036	6,130	18,888
MV Tillikum Preservation (944413B)	2,272	1,238	2,324	2,000	424	8,258
MV Tyee Preservation (944460G)	50	-	-	-	-	50
MV Walla Walla Preservation (944441B)	16,520	-	2,646	2,682	869	22,717
MV Wenatchee Preservation (944499E)	2	424	4,903	2,579	14,444	22,352
MV Yakima Elevator Installation (944434E)	2	2,707	-	-	-	2,709
MV Yakima Preservation (944434D)	1,933	-	2,500	4,080	12,430	20,943
Operations Construction Support (966620E)	1,705	2,006	723	1,255	1,775	7,464
Orcas Terminal Preservation (900026L)	2	228	-	3,349	9,986	13,565
Planning and Special Studies (977730A)	1,281	1,367	1,459	1,582	1,709	7,398
Point Defiance Terminal Preservation (900001F)	449	2,501	-	3,516	-	6,466
Port Townsend Terminal Preservation (900012D)	7,224	6,815	123	132	142	14,436
Port Townsend Terminal Upland Improvements (900012E)	533	571	613	-	-	1,717
Sealth Second Deck Installation (944406E)	-	-	6,100	-	-	6,100
Seattle Improvements Planning (NWR) (109936F)	267	-	-	-	-	267
Seattle Improvements Planning (WSF) (900009Y)	534	-	-	-	-	534

Rte Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Ferry Projects (continued):						
Seattle SR 519 P52 Access Improvement (151902F)	53	-	-	-	-	53
Seattle Terminal Bldg Replace/New Retail Develop (900010G)	49	49	330	1,422	1,150	3,000
Seattle Terminal Preservation (900010A)	3,117	6,713	44,805	55,674	44,277	154,586
Shaw Terminal Preservation (900024E)	8,172	-	-	1,885	-	10,057
Southworth Terminal Preservation (916008N)	2	1,142	-	1,807	10,215	13,166
Southworth Trestle Improvements (916008P)	-	-	-	364	3,484	3,848
Subchapter W Planning & Implementation (955550F)	1,839	-	-	-	_	1,839
Systemwide Vessel Safety Mgmt Enhancements (955570C)	488	362	-	-	-	850
Systemwide Dolphin Replacement (999920A)	53	57	61	66	71	308
Systemwide Movable Bridge Modification (989920K)	149	-	-	-	-	149
Systemwide Accessibility Modifications (955570A)	1,653	920	-	-	-	2,573
Systemwide Ada Support (966620D)	30	50	50	50	50	230
Systemwide Aerial Photos (966640D)	78	83	89	96	107	453
Systemwide Commo/Navigation/Life Saving (955560K)	4,047	2,711	785	354	734	8,631
Systemwide Customer Travel Inquiry (989930F)	511	-	-	-	-	511
Systemwide Emergency Management Communic (989930E)	450	-	-	-	_	450
Systemwide Emergency Repair 2007-09 (999910L)	-	-	6,011	-	_	6,011
Systemwide Emergency Repair 2009-11 (999910M)	-	-	-	6,475	_	6,475
Systemwide Emergency Repair 2011-13 (999910N)	-	-	-	-	6,974	6,974
Systemwide Emergency Repairs 2003-05 (999910J)	5,337	-	-	-	_	5,337
Systemwide Emergency Repairs 2005-07 (999910K)	-	5,597	-	-	_	5,597
Systemwide Pt of Sale Repl/Regional Fare (966640Q)	1,530	3,000	-	_	_	4,530
Systemwide Revenue Control System (966640I)	107	114	123	132	142	618
Systemwide Server Infrastructure (989930A)	267	57	61	66	71	522
Systemwide SMS Enhancements (989930D)	487	363	-	_	_	850
Systemwide Terminal Design Standards (966640F)	213	228	245	264	285	1,235
Systemwide Terminal Physical Security (989930B)	250	250	250	_	_	750
Systemwide Terminal Planning/Design (999940C)	327	350	376	405	442	1,900
Systemwide Tml Work Orders by Auditors (999976T)	93	102	107	112	114	528
Systemwide Toxic Waste Disposal (966620C)	30	50	50	50	50	230
Systemwide Vessel Noise Control (Abatement) (999976W)	446	-	-	-	_	446
Systemwide Vessel Physical Security (955570B)	250	250	250	-	-	750
Systemwide Vessel Planning/Design (955540H)	836	619	647	679	728	3,509
Systemwide Vessel Projects (985550B)	442	498	515	540	579	2,574
Systemwide Vessel Work Orders By Auditor (999976V)	77	80	83	87	93	420
Systemwide Vessels Regulatory Compliance (985550D)	200	200	200	200	214	1,014
Systemwide Miscellaneous Terminal Projects (989920X)	5,753	4,059	4,361	4,691	5,064	23,928
Tahlequah Terminal Preservation (900002E)	1,049	2,884	-	-	-	3,933
Terminal Preservation - POF(POFTERM)	409	-	-	-	-	409
Vashon Terminal Preservation (900006N)	640	1,142	-	4,902	15,210	21,894
Ferry Projects Total	165,075	192,252	235,994	186,000	262,399	1,041,720
Rail Projects:						
Emergent Freight Rail Assistance Projects (F01001A)	1,000	2,850	2,850	2,850	2,850	12,400
High Speed Crossovers-Ruston Way (P01004C)	3,100	0	0	0	0	3,100
Kelso-Martin Bluff 3rd Mainline (P01006A)	200	0	0	0	0	200
King Street Station Interim Improvements (P01200A)	5,572	0	0	0	0	5,572
King Street Transportation Center (P01202A)	3,265	0	0	0	0	3,265
P.N.W.R.C. Safety Improvements (P01000B)	662	695	695	695	695	3,442
Quincy or Wenatchee Transload Facility (STCQUIN)	2,000	0	0	0	0	2,000
Washington Ag Express Car Lease Authority (F02000B)	500	500	500	500	500	2,500
Rail Projects Total	16,299	4,045	4,045	4,045	4,045	32,479

Rte Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Facilities Projects:						
Ephrata Area Maintenance Facility (D304201)	100	426	404	404	404	1,738
Euclid Avenue Light Industrial (D399201)	5,150	1,525	0	0	0	6,675
Pomeroy Section Maintenance Facility (D300501)	1,330	0	0	0	0	1,330
Radio System Projects (D399702)	400	0	0	0	0	400
Region Minor Projects (D399703)	615	750	750	750	750	3,615
Southwest Region Certificate of Participation (D399402)	5,730	0	0	0	0	5,730
Spokane St Section Maintenance Facility (D300101)	3,035	2,357	0	0	0	5,392
Statewide Administration and Support (D300701)	602	602	602	602	602	3,010
Statewide Sand Sheds (D399701)	0	316	223	212	211	962
Thurston County Light Industrial (D399301)	334	1,197	2,501	3,793	3,793	11,618
Tri-Cities Area Maintenance Facility (D304501)	0	0	1,342	426	376	2,144
Vancouver Light Industrial (D305401)	0	1,049	1,138	2,114	2,114	6,415
Facilities Projects Total	17,296	8,222	6,960	8,301	8,250	49,029

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Imp	rovement Projects:						
_	Pickle Farm Road/Gunn Road (100236E)	0	90	601	0	0	691
002	US 2/Dryden - Signal (200221H)	0	0	260	0	0	260
002	US 2/97 Peshastin East - Interchange (200201E)	2,100	1,870	7,600	13,780	0	25,350
003	SR 3/SR 303 I/C (Waaga Way) - New Ramp (300341B)	3,179	12,000	0	0	0	15,179
004	SR 4/Svensen's Curve - Realignment (400495B)	622	3,358	990	0	0	4,970
005	I-5 Core HOV - S 48th to Pacific Ave (3005Nv1)	0	47,690	45,297	0	0	92,987
005	I-5/ Rush Road to 13th Street (400507R)	3,500	7,400	26,000	4,500	0	41,400
005	I-5/2nd Street Bridge - Replace Bridge (100566B)	6,700	5,300	0	0	0	12,000
005	I-5/52nd Ave W. to SR 526 - SB Safety (100535H)	0	2,430	9	0	0	2,439
005	I-5/Bakerview Rd to Nooksack R Br 5/828W (100591Y)	0	486	220	0	0	706
005	I-5/Chehalis River Flood Control (400506M)	3,000	8,000	16,000	3,000	0	30,000
005	I-5/Grand Mound to Maytown, Widening (300581A)	1,300	2,193	28,000	41,724	0	73,217
005	I-5/Lexington Access (400507L)	0	0	5,000	0	0	5,000
005	I-5/NE 134th St Interchange (I-5/I205) (400506H)	800	500	1,200	6,000	31,500	40,000
005	I-5/NE 175th St to NE 205th St - NB Lane (100529C)	1,510	5,900	0	0	0	7,410
005	I-5/Pierce Co. Line to Tukwila I/C - HOV (1005STG4)	3,900	42,400	8,800	0	0	55,100
005	I-5/Port of Tacoma Rd to King Co Line (300504B)	3,800	2,800	13,178	13,845	0	33,623
005	I-5/Salmon Creek to I-205 - General Purposes Lanes Only (400595A)	17,000	17,000	0	0	0	34,000
005	I-5/SR 161 I/C & SR 18 I/C (100502K)	2,600	360	0	0	0	2,960
005	I-5/SR 502 Interchange (400599R)	1,321	8,679	24,730	0	0	34,730
005	I-5/SR 526 to Marine View Drive (100543M)	11,000	6,300	54,780	121,900	44,680	238,660
005	I-5/SR 532 Northbound Interchange Ramps (100552S)	2,026	4,434	1,243	0	0	7,703
005	SB Ramps at SR 11/Old Fairhaven Parkway (100584A)	0	996	0	0	0	996
005	SR 16 Nalley Valley Viaduct (3005NV2)	0	0	40,600	62,820	52,148	155,568
007	SR 7/SR 507 to SR 512 - Safety (300706B)	9,300	0	0	0	0	9,300
009	SR 9/108th Street NE (Lauck Road) (100924A)	0	274	538	0	0	812
009	SR 9/212th St SE to 176th St SE (100900F)	1,500	1,000	2,290	20,400	37,100	62,290
009	SR 9/212th St SE Vic to SR 96 - Safety (100900V)	0	995	3,930	0	0	4,925
009	SR 9/228th St SE to 212th St SE(SR 524) (100901B)	9,670	7,700	2,300	0	0	19,670
009	SR 9/252nd St NE Vicinity - Rechannelize (100930I)	0	82	532	0	0	614
009	SR 9/268th Street Intersection (100931C)	0	171	1,105	0	0	1,276
009	SR 9/Nooksack Rd Vic to Cherry St (100955A)	6,320	8,800	0	0	0	15,120
009	SR 9/Schloman Road to 256th Street E. (100930H)	0	1,620	10,600	0	0	12,220
009	SR 9/SR 522 to 228th St. SE - Widening (100900E)	530	7,100	2,200	0	0	9,830
009	SR 9/SR 528 Intersection - Signal (100920I)	710	0	0	0	0	710
012	US 12/Attalia Vic Add Lanes (501211W)	1,550	6,283	2,500	0	0	10,333
	US 12/Attalia Vic. to US 730 - Add Lanes (501205D)	0	1,530	8,897	0	0	10,427
	US 12/Old Naches Highway Interchange (501208J)	0	43	2,293	788	34,170	37,294
	US 12/SR 124 to McNary Pool - Add Lanes (501204C)	6,400	5,400	0	0	0	11,800
	Walla Walla to Wallula Planning Study (501202Z)	2,600	360	0	0	0	2,960
016	Burley Olalla Interchange (301632A)	0	0	980	10,130	4,100	15,210
016	SR 16 HOV Improve Between Olympic Dr & Union Ave (3016TN1)	49,623	40,902	0	0	0	90,525
018	SR 18/Issaquah/Hobart Road to Tigergate (1018MVB)	1,500	1,500	0	0	0	3,000
018	SR 18/Maple Valley to Issaquah/Hobart Rd (1018MVA)	5,100	5,320	0	0	0	10,420
018	SR 18/Tigergate to I-90 - Widening (1018MVC)	1,500	1,500	0	0	0	3,000
020	SR 20/Ducken Road to Rosario Road (102023I)	0	648	1,510	0	0	2,158
020	SR 20/Fredonia to I-5 - Widening (102039A)	14,000	5,500	57,000	0	0	76,500
020	SR 20/Quiet Cove Rd. Vic. to SR 20 Spur (102027C) SR 22/L 82 to McDoneld Bond (5022011)	0	3,790	3,270	6 830	0	7,060
022	SR 22/I-82 to McDonald Road (502201U) SP 24/I-82 to Koya Bood (502402E)	0 840	22,000	264	6,830	0	7,094
024	SR 24/I-82 to Keys Road (502402E) SR 31/Metaline Falls to Int'l Border (603199A)	840 4,900	22,000	9,000	0	0	31,840
031	SR 31/Metaline Falls to Int'l Border (603199A)		11,000	0	0	0	15,900 17,000
	I-90/Argonne Road to Pines Road-Widen (609029V)	12,000 712	5,000 0	0	0	0	17,000
090	I-90/Cle Elum River Br. 90/134N-S (509002D)	/12	U	U	U	U	712

Rte	Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Imp	rovement Projects (continued):						
_	I-90/Eastbound Ramps to SR 18 - Signal (109070C)	552	2,700	0	0	0	3,252
	I-90/EB Ramps to SR 202 - Roundabout (109079A)	0	79	717	0	0	796
090	I-90/Geiger Road to US 2 Median Barrier (609047F)	640	140	0	0	0	780
090	I-90/Highline Canal to Elk Heights (509004R)	4,200	0	0	0	0	4,200
090	I-90/Moses Lake Area - Bridge Clearance (209014A)	393	3,200	0	0	0	3,593
090	I-90/Pines Road to Sullivan Road-Widen (609029I)	0	17,150	0	0	0	17,150
090	I-90/Ryegrass Summit to Vantage (509005R)	9,200	0	0	0	0	9,200
090	I-90/Seattle to Mercer Island (109040T)	4,000	11,000	0	0	0	15,000
090	I-90/Sullivan-State Line Median Barrier (609049D)	960	82	0	0	0	1,042
097	US 97A/Entiat Park Entrance - Turn Lanes (209709E)	220	20	0	0	0	240
099	Alaskan Way Viaduct - Design & Early Row (109936ZC)	5,000	7,000	40,000	40,000	40,000	132,000
099	Alaskan Way Viaduct - EIS (109936ZA)	15,000	0	0	0	0	15,000
099	Alaskan Way Viaduct - Row (109936ZB)	25,000	5,000	0	0	0	30,000
099	SR 99/Aurora Ave. N. Corridor Project (109956C)	26	7,900	2,100	0	0	10,026
099	SR 99/S 138th St Vic to N of S 130th St (109913T)	0	553	2,311	0	0	2,864
099	SR 99/S. 284th to S. 272nd St - HOV (109908R)	3,780	6,323	2,600	0	0	12,703
101	US 101/Blyn Vic - Passing Lanes (310166B)	0	0	1,576	0	0	1,576
101	US 101/Corriea Rd Vic to Zaccardo Rd (310155B)	0	0	101	326	0	427
101	US 101/Dawley Road Vicinity to Blyn Hwy (310101F)	0	0	600	1,273	0	1,873
101	US 101/Gardiner Vic - Truck Lane (310102F)	0	0	300	1,576	0	1,876
106	SR 106/Skobob Creek - Fish Passage (310603A)	330	950	0	0	0	1,280
112	SR 112/Hoko-Ozette Road - Safety (311218B)	0	0	844	214	0	1,058
124	SR 124/East Jct. SR 12 - Reconstruction (5124010)	320	0	0	0	0	320
160	SR 160/SR 16 to Longlake Road Vic (316006B)	0	0	1,970	1,913	0	3,883
161	SR 161/204th Street to 176th Street (316114A)	5,500	4,300	0	0	0	9,800
161	SR 161/234th Street to 204th Street E (316119A)	6,600	3,000	15	0	0	9,615
161	SR 161/36th to Jovita - Widening (316118A)	4,700	3,880	1,680	9,200	0	19,460
161	SR 161/Jovita Blvd to S 360th St (116100C)	4,500	21,000	0	0	0	25,500
161	SR 161/SR 167 Eastbound Ramp - Safety (316109A)	0	0	1,906	0	0	1,906
167	NB Ramps to Ellingson Road (116700C)	0	601	0	0	0	601
167	SR 167/15th St. SW to 15th St. NW - HOV (1167HOV)	12,000	26,000	1,600	0	0	39,600
167	SR 167/Corridor Study (116700S)	0	9,602	0	0	0	9,602
167	SR 167/I-5 to SR 161, New Freeway (316718CPE)	2,263	0	0	0	0	2,263
167	SR 167/I-5 to SR 161, New Freeway (316718CRW)	16,201	21,599	0	0	0	37,800
167	SR 167/SR 509 to I-5, New Freeway (316718APE)	6,628	9,819	6,791	0	0	23,238
182	I-182/US 395 I/C - Roadside Safety (518201I)	108	0	0	0	0	108
202	SR 202/244th Avenue NE Intersection (120214T)	0	404	0	0	0	404
202	SR 202/Jct 292nd Ave SE (120216S)	0	632	0	0	0	632
202	SR 202/Preston-Fall City Road & SR 203 (120219L)	0	1,539	870	0	0	2,409
203	SR 203/NE 124th/Novelty Rd Vic. (120311C)	1,200	0	0	0	0	1,200
205	I-205/Mill Plain Exit(112th Connector) (420505A)	0	8,200	3,800	0	0	12,000
240	SR 240/I-182 to Richland Y - Add Lanes (524002F)	6,300	13,500	1,800	0	0	21,600
240	SR 240/Richland Y to Columbia Center I/C (524002G)	13,490	19,500	2,600	0	0	35,590
270	SR 270/Pullman to Idaho State Line (627000E)	11,500	17,000	0	0	0	28,500
304	SR 304/SR 3 to Bremerton Ferry Terminal (330403B)	11,000	0	0	0	0	11,000
395	NSC-Francis Avenue to Farwell Road (600001A)	41,900	47,910	18,470	0	0	108,280
395	NSC-US 2 to Wandermere & US 2 Lowering (600003A)	1,210	8,300	35,640	35,500	0	80,650
395	US 395/Kennewick Variable Message Sign (539502D)	375	0	0	0	0	375
405	I-405/SE 8th to I-90 (South Bellevue) (140500SB)	15,000	35,000	55,480	80,000	0	185,480
405	I-405/SR 520 to SR 522 (140500SC)	15,000	25,000	38,540	45,195	40,000	163,735
405	I-405/West Valley Highway to Maple Valley Highway (140500SA)	16,000	39,840	45,000	35,000	0	135,840
410	SR 410/214th Ave E to 234th - Widening (341015A)	0	1,700	4,300	0	0	6,000
500	SR 500/NE 112th Ave Interchange (450099A)	21,300	0	0	0	0	21,300

Rte Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Improvement Projects (continued):						
502 SR 502/Widening From I-5 to Battle Ground (450208W)	400	900	6,100	7,600	0	15,000
509 SR 509 Design & Critical R/W (150900AA)	29,200	5,800	0	0	0	35,000
516 SR 516/208th & 209th Ave. SE (151632D)	0	803	0	0	0	803
519 SR 519 Intermodal Access Project (151902A)	0	0	0	6,000	32,000	38,000
520 Noise Wall In Seattle (Noisew)	3,500	0	0	0	0	3,500
520 SR 520 Early Row (152000TB)	6,000	0	0	0	0	6,000
520 SR 520 Environmental Impact Statement (152000TA)	11,250	0	0	0	0	11,250
520 SR 520 Project Design (152000TC)	0	8,000	14,000	13,000	0	35,000
520 SR 520/W Lake Sammamish Pkwy to SR 202 (152040A)	3,400	4,900	24,500	38,720	30,800	102,320
522 Bothell - Uw CampUS Access (1522UWB)	8,000	0	0	0	0	8,000
522 SR 522/I-5 to SR 405 Multimodal Project (152201C)	3,600	1,500	0	0	0	5,100
522 SR 522/Snohomish River Bridge to US 2 (152234E)	3,200	6,400	2,160	32,000	64,925	108,685
527 SR 527/132nd St. SE to 112th St. SE (152720A)	2,130	19,000	3,400	0	0	24,530
539 SR 539/Tenmile Road to International Boundary (153910A)	4,850	5,500	5,200	31,500	42,000	89,050
543 SR 543/I-5 to International Boundary (154302E)	692	13,000	5,200	0	0	18,892
704 Crossbase Highway Place Holder (3704CBHPE)	6,200	8,800	0	0	0	15,000
900 SR 900/SE 78th St Vic. to I-90 Vic. (190098U)	1,370	2,469	11,000	0	0	14,839
999 Statewide Bridge Rail Retrofit (099903N)	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	10,000
999 Statewide Guard Rail Retrofit (099903M)	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	20,000
Improvement Projects Total	565,301	782,199	732,888	690,734	459,423	3,230,545
Preservation Projects:						
005 Concrete Rehab on I-5 In Pierce, King, & Snohomish Co. (Concrete)	0	2,000	5,000	20,300	107,000	134,300
005 I-5 Boeing Access Road to Northgate Corridor EIS (100521PA)	2,000	8,300	0	0	0	10,300
Preservation Projects Total	2,000	10,300	5,000	20,300	107,000	144,600
Ferry Projects:	5.740	20.260	15 (22	1 6 000	470	67,000
Anacortes Multimodal Terminal (902019U)	5,749	28,269	15,622	16,888	472	67,000
Catch-Up Preservation (999940D)	7 200	6,221	16,156	10,495	3,460	36,332
Edmonds Multimodal Terminal (910413M)	7,800	0	0	0	0	7,800
Mukilteo Multimodal Terminal (952515K)	3,972	8,248	60,723	47,251	0	120,194
Third Replacement Auto Passenger Ferry (944460U)	17.521	42.729	66,525	74,634	2 022	66,525
Ferry Projects Total	17,521	42,738	159,026	74,034	3,932	297,851
Local Roads Projects:						
Columbia Center Blvd. Railroad Crossing (01P021A)	6,000	0	0	0	0	6,000
D St. Grade Separation (01F018A)	0,000	6,000	0	0	0	6,000
Local Roads Projects Total	6,000	6,000	0	0	0	12,000
	-,	-,	•	-	•	,
Rail Projects:						
Ballard Double Track & Crossover (P01103A)	5,000	0	0	0	0	5,000
Bellingham-GP Area Upgrades (P01100A)	200	0	0	0	0	200
Blue Mtn. RR Wallula-Walla Walla Upgrade (F01020A)	0	1,260	0	0	0	1,260
Cascade & Columbia River-286K Upgrade (F01050B)	0	890	0	0	0	890
Connell Feed Lot Loop Track (F01071A)	0	0	0	0	2,750	2,750
Geiger Spur Connection (F01112A)	0	3,500	0	0	0	3,500
High Speed Crossovers-Centennial (P01007A)	0	2,075	0	0	0	2,075
High Speed Crossovers-Ketron (P01007B)	0	2,900	0	0	0	2,900
High Speed Crossovers-Tenino (P01007C)	0	2,900	0	0	0	2,900
High Speed Crossovers-Titlow (P01004D)	0	3,970	0	0	0	3,970
Kelso-Martin Bluff 3rd Mainline (P01006A)	0	0	0	25,000	25,000	50,000
				•	•	•

Rte Project Description	2003-05	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11	2011-13	Total
Rail Projects (continued):						
Mt. Vernon Siding Upgrade (P01101A)	3,800	0	0	0	0	3,800
PA Jct. to Delta Jct. Speed Increase (P01102A)	9,000	0	0	0	0	9,000
Palouse Riv. & Coulee City RR Acquisition (F01110A)	5,820	1,530	0	0	0	7,350
Port of Columbia Co. Dayton Upgrades (F01021B)	0	0	320	0	0	320
Port of Columbia Railroad Improvements (F01021A)	0	0	11,500	0	0	11,500
PR&CC Cheney-Coulee 286K Upgrade (F01111A)	0	0	0	8,000	0	8,000
Pt Defiance (Lakeview) Bypass (PO1008A)	0	3,000	3,040	7,480	7,480	21,000
Purchase Oregon Trainset (Train)	0	7,500	0	0	0	7,500
Rural Elevator Track Expansion (F01002A)	0	0	0	1,140	3,860	5,000
Stanwood Siding Upgrades (P01104A)	3,000	0	0	0	0	3,000
Tacoma RMDRR Morton Line Repairs-Phase 2 (F01160B)	3,180	0	0	0	0	3,180
TS&W Yakama Sawmill Traffic Upgrades (F01171A)	0	640	0	0	0	640
Vancouver Rail Project Incl. 39th Bridge (P01005A)	0	0	53,773	0	0	53,773
Rail Projects Total	30,000	30,165	68,633	41,620	39,090	209,508

Transportation Budget - Agency Detail

DIRECTORY

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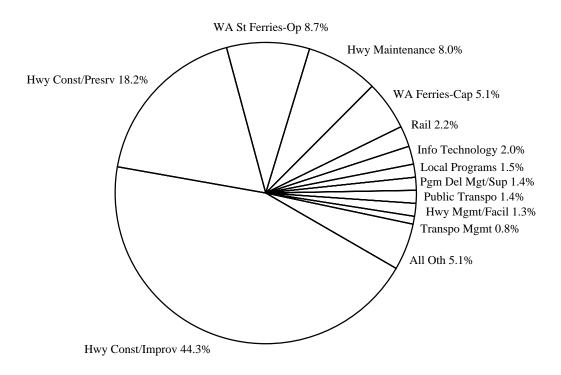
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2003-05 Washington State Transportation Budget Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163) Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Total Operating and Capital



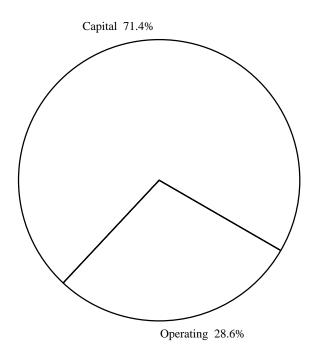
Program	
Pgm I - Hwy Const/Improvements	1,596,835
Pgm P - Hwy Const/Preservation	656,979
Pgm X - WA State Ferries-Op	314,700
Pgm M - Highway Maintenance	289,029
Pgm W - WA State Ferries-Cap	182,596
Pgm Y - Rail	80,374
Pgm C - Information Technology	70,770
Pgm Z - Local Programs	53,586
Pgm H - Pgm Delivery Mgmt & Suppt	49,410
Pgm V - Public Transportation	49,186
Pgm D - Hwy Mgmt & Facilities	48,344
Pgm S - Transportation Management	27,554
All Other Programs	184,223
Total	3,603,586

All Other Programs includes: Pgm F (\$6.0 M), Pgm K (\$1.0 M), Pgm Q (\$68.2 M), Pgm T (\$47.9 M), and Pgm U (\$61.1 M).

2003-05 Washington State Transportation Budget Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163) Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Operating and Capital Comparison



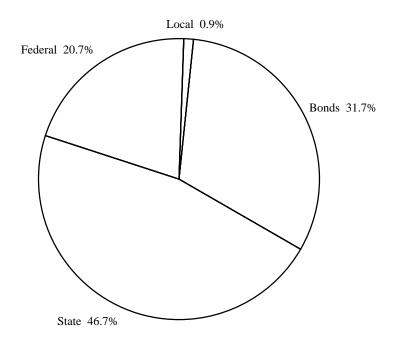
Department of Transportation	
Operating	1,031,423
Capital	2,572,163

2003-05 Washington State Transportation Budget Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163) Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Components by Fund Type Total Operating and Capital



Fund Type	
State	1,681,526
Federal	745,847
Local	33,891
Bonds	1,142,322
Total	3,603,586

Includes bonds of: \$567 million Tacoma Narrows Bridge Toll Account; \$280 million Transportation 2003 (Nickel) Account; \$158.6 million Motor Vehicle Account; \$47.8 million Multimodal Transportation Account; \$45 million Puget Sound Capital Construction Account; and \$44 million Special Category C Account. Bonds are financed with state transportation revenues but are shown above as a percentage of all transportation fund types.

Department of Transportation Program C - Information Technology

Total Appropriated Funds
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0
2003-05 Maintenance Level	59,865
Policy Changes	
1. 2001-03 Reappropriations	1,325
2. 2001-03 Reapprop: Environmental	558
3. 2001-03 Reapprop: WSF	4,355
4. Critical Application Assessment	715
5. Infrastructure Investment	500
6. Ferries Labor Collect Workstations	75
7. Ferries Ongoing Smart Card Costs	400
8. Ferries Technology System Updates	559
9. Tools to Manage Project Delivery	2,540
10. Revolving Funds	52
11. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	174
Total 2003-05 Biennium	70,770

Comments:

The Information Technology Program funds the core agency-wide information technology services within the Department. Included are the acquisition and operation of central data processing equipment, acquisition of microcomputer hardware, software, and related support equipment used by Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT) personnel, and technical support for users. This program is also responsible for the development and maintenance of information systems supporting WSDOT operations and program delivery.

 2001-03 Reappropriations - Reappropriations are made for system development that began in the 2001-03 biennium; including \$850,000 for the Collision Location and Analysis System (CLAS) and \$475,000 for the Time Collection Automation System. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

CLAS: In the 2001-03 biennium, the Legislature provided funding to fully implement CLAS for the analysis of all collision reports. To fully implement CLAS, WSDOT expanded CLAS so it could process city and county collision data and constructed electronic data feeds to cities, counties, and the Traffic Safety Commission. WSDOT also created a set of reports that could be run to show city, county, and state route collision data as required by RCW 46.52.060. Finally, the Department determined imaging requirements, installed, and tested equipment to begin imaging in July 2003.

The Time Collection Automation System is an effort to automate the time collection process by having employees directly enter time sheet information directly into the Labor Collection system through use of the Internet, personal computer, and other time collection devices. System development is funded within existing agency resources by having each affected program reduce ongoing base operating

costs relative to anticipated system benefits. The expected benefit of the automated process is for more accurate and timely reports, with biennial savings of \$820,000 resulting from efficiencies related to decreased administration efforts. The project delay is the result of moving to the second vendor identified through the Request For Proposal process after experiencing problems with the first vendor selected. By December 1, 2004, the Department will report to the House Transportation Committee and the Senate Highways and Transportation Committee on the final implementation of the system. The report should include a summary of the work completed, a description of the final system, a comparison of original and actual timelines and expected benefits, and an updated analysis of projected savings expected from implementation of the system.

 2001-03 Reapprop: Environmental - Reappropriations are made for system development that began in the 2001-03 biennium; including \$258,000 for the Environmental Benefit Cost Assessment System and \$300,000 for the Environmental Permit and Compliance System. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

The Environmental Benefit Cost Assessment is planned to consist of data system tools that are developed to collect and manage environmental cost accounting data. These tools are intended to improve the Department's ability to record, track, and report environmental costs and incorporate them into environmental project benefit/cost analyses. This effort is in response to a 1998 Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee audit and the associated audit recommendations. Preliminary work was initiated in the 1999-01 biennium and \$298,000 was provided in the 2001-03 biennium for system development. However, delays in policy decisions, multiple

Department of Transportation Program C - Information Technology

agency involvement, lack of national models/prototypes, and delays in hiring staff during the 2001-03 biennium have pushed completion of the project into the 2003-05 biennium. Each December, annual updates are to be provided to the House Transportation Committee and the Senate Highways and Transportation Committee concerning the status of implementing and completing this project, with updates concluding the first December after full project implementation.

The Environmental Permit and Compliance System is planned to consist of data system tools that are built to collect and manage environmental permit data. These tools are intended to improve the Department's compliance with environmental agreements and requirements and to help track the status and requirements of the Department's environmental commitments. Originally begun in the 1999-01 biennium with a \$100,000 investment for analysis and initial design work, WSDOT received \$400,000 in the 2001-03 biennium to construct and implement the system. Delays in policy decisions and additional planning time needed to ensure efficient systems interface have pushed the completion and application of the data system tools into the 2003-05 biennium. Each December, annual updates are to be provided to the House Transportation Committee and the Senate Highways and Transportation Committee concerning the status of implementing and completing this project, with updates concluding the first December after full project implementation.

3. **2001-03 Reapprop:** WSF - Reappropriations are made for system development that began in the 2001-03 biennium; including \$55,000 for the Washington State Ferry (WSF) Terminal Engineering Project and \$4,300,000 for the WSF Revenue Collection System. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)

The WSF Terminal Engineering Project is an effort to purchase and implement an electronic system to securely archive current and past contract documentation used by WSF for future project design. In the 2001-03 biennium, \$350,000 was provided for the project. Due to minor technical delays, project completion has been moved to early in the 2003-05 biennium.

The WSF Revenue Collection System refers to the purchase, installation, and implementation of a new revenue collection system to replace the current point-of-sale (POS) system at WSF. The existing, custom-built POS system supports current ferry operations and helps meet critical revenue collection needs. The POS system is used by WSF ticket sellers, attendants, and terminal agents to meet day-to-day needs associated with the accurate and timely collection of passenger fares, revenue reporting, and ticket issuance. Due to aging technology of the existing system and business needs for increased functionality, including the participation and integration of the regional Smart Card project, a new system is required. The project has been divided into two phases: 1)

- analysis and business/technology requirement assessment and 2) system acquisition and implementation. Additional planning efforts resulting from new dynamics experience in project development have delayed the first phase of the project. Anticipated completion date for phase one is April 2003 and Winter 2005 for full implementation and operation. Full operation of the Smart Card project is estimated to be Summer 2006. Each December, annual updates are to be provided to the House Transportation Committee and Senate Highways and Transportation Committee concerning the status of implementing and completing this project, with updates concluding the first December after full project implementation.
- 4. Critical Application Assessment Funding is provided for a feasibility study and an external, third-party assessment of critical business systems as a component of Department efforts to develop a long-term modernization and integration strategy for existing information systems. In working toward improving business application systems that support project management, program management, accounting, and budget functions, the Department should work with the Office of Financial Management and the Department of Information Services to ensure 1) that current and future system development is consistent with the overall direction of other key state systems and 2) when possible, utilize and/or develop common statewide systems to encourage coordination and integration of information shared between the Department and other state and governmental entities in order to avoid duplication and generate efficiencies on a large scale. The Legislative Transportation Committee (LTC) must approve the statement of work before the consultant contract is let. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 5. Infrastructure Investment Funding is provided for network infrastructure replacement and upgrades to ensure reliable and uninterrupted systems support. This addition increases funding for network infrastructure from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. These funds will enable the Department to upgrade its infrastructure to accommodate increased use of electronic technologies and replace obsolete and aging equipment. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 6. Ferries Labor Collect Workstations Funding is provided for the acquisition and installation of computers to be installed onboard each ferry to enable remote entry to the Department's new Labor Collection system. (Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account-State)
- 7. Ferries Ongoing Smart Card Costs Funding is provided solely for the Department's share of ongoing operating costs associated with the regional effort to implement one common fare collection system through the use of Smart Card technology. The Office of Financial Management is to hold \$200,000 in reserve until a report is provided to the LTC indicating that an agreement on the technology to be used throughout the state of Washington for the Smart Card application has been reached among all organizations participating in the effort. (Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program C - Information Technology

- 8. **Ferries Technology System Updates** Funding is provided for staff to support existing applications, meet emerging needs, and satisfy the need for ongoing support of WSF systems and infrastructure. (Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account-State)
- 9. **Tools to Manage Project Delivery** Funding for implementation of the project delivery management system is consolidated and transferred from the Preservation -- Other Facilities program (P3). (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)
- 10. **Revolving Funds** Funding is provided for labor and industries rate increases. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 11. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** Funding and staffing levels are reduced for efficiencies that are expected in program administration, management, and operation. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program D - Highway Management & Facilities - Operating

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	51,044
2003-05 Maintenance Level	30,478
Policy Changes	
1. Fixed Costs & Renovation Projects	600
2. Revolving Funds	20
3. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	31,048

Comments:

The Highway Management and Facilities Program funds the support for the operation and maintenance of the Department' 650 buildings and facilities statewide. Included are the operation and maintenance expenditures for utilities, custodial services, and other required services. Maintenance covers both corrective and preventive efforts, as well as renovation projects required to maintain facilities in good working condition and compliant with environmental, Americans with Disabilities Act, and other code requirements.

- Fixed Costs & Renovation Projects Additional funding is provided to cover fixed cost increases. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 2. **Revolving Funds** Funding is provided for labor and industries rate increases. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 3. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** Funding and staffing levels are reduced for efficiencies that are expected in program administration, management, and operation. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program D - Plant Construction & Supervision

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	13,046
2003 Supplemental *	-675
Total 2001-03 Biennium	12,371
2003-05 Maintenance Level	8,695
Policy Changes	
1. Plant Construction - New Starts	8,601
Total 2003-05 Biennium	17,296

Comments:

The Plant Construction and Supervision Program funds the management and capital improvements to the Department's buildings and other facilities, including construction of new facilities and major capital improvements to existing facilities. Department staff are responsible for administering all aspects of facility capital projects, including site acquisition and development, facility design, and construction.

 Plant Construction - New Starts - Funding is provided to implement the activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Facilities Project List -Current Law.

Prior to spending funds for construction on the light industrial and/or maintenance facility projects, the Department is to develop a standard design for all maintenance facilities. Prior to developing design standards, the Department should solicit input from all personnel classifications typically employed at maintenance facilities. A report describing the stakeholder involvement process undertaken and the adopted design standards is to be submitted to the House Transportation Committee and Senate Highways and Transportation Committee by September 1, 2003. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Transportation Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Transportation Program F - Aviation

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	5,509
2003 Supplemental *	-382
Total 2001-03 Biennium	5,127
2003-05 Maintenance Level	3,504
Policy Changes	
1. Aviation Program Funding	382
2. Aviation Planning Funding	650
3. SB 6056	1,503
Total 2003-05 Biennium	6,039

Comments:

The Aviation Program supports a number of aviation services, including conducting search and rescue education and operations, providing technical and financial aid to local, public use airports, registering pilots and aircraft, managing the 16 state-owned or operated airports, and assisting local governments, the aviation community, and the general public to comply with federal and state aviation regulations.

- 1. Aviation Program Funding Funding is provided for additional grants to preserve the existing infrastructure of airports. These grant funds are paid from dedicated aviation-related revenue sources. In order to increase the amount of funding available for grants under the existing revenue structure, the Department is encouraged to increase the percentage of state registered aircraft where those aircraft are Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) registered and operating within Washington. (Aeronautics Account-State)
- 2. **Aviation Planning Funding** Funding is provided for FAA grants for aviation planning purposes. (Aeronautics Account-Federal)
- 3. **SB 6056** Funding is provided for additional preservation grants to airports and additional search and rescue and safety and education activities, due to revenue generated as a result of Chapter 375, Laws of 2003 (SB 6056). Funding is constrained by additional revenue generated. (Aeronautics Account-State, Aircraft Search and Rescue Account-State)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Transportation Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Transportation Program H - Program Delivery Management & Support

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0
2003-05 Maintenance Level	33,510
Policy Changes	
1. Local Representation at TPEAC	300
2. Enviro. Office-Program Realignment	17,410
3. Program Delivery Reduction	-1,700
4. Revolving Funds	46
5. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-156
Total 2003-05 Biennium	49,410

Comments:

The Program Delivery Management & Support Program funds the statewide administration, management, and support functions of the highway maintenance and construction programs. These functions include Regional Management and Support, as well as the statewide Safety Office activities.

- 1. Local Representation at TPEAC Funding is provided for local representation on the Transportation Permit Efficiency and Accountability Committee (TPEAC) as coordinated through the Association of Washington Cities and Washington State Association of Counties. Funding is provided from local gas tax withholdings. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 2. Enviro. Office-Program Realignment Funding is provided for the staffing, activities, and overhead of the Department's environmental-related functions. Included are \$14,310,000 for the environmental affairs office and \$3,100,000 for staffing and activities of TPEAC. The entire funding is provided in lieu of these activities being included in the direct project support costs previously included in the Improvement and Preservation Programs. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 3. **Program Delivery Reduction** Funding is reduced for travel, equipment purchases, and contracted services. Due to an overall reduction in the number and size of highway construction projects being designed and constructed and rights-of-way being purchased, the same level of support is not needed for the headquarters office and six regional offices. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding is provided for labor and industries rate increases. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 5. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** Funding and staffing levels are reduced for efficiencies that are expected in program administration, management, and operation. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program I1 - Improvements - Mobility

Total Appropriated Funds
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	444,862
2003 Supplemental *	-551
Total 2001-03 Biennium	444,311
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
Washington Commerce Corridor Study	500
2. 2001-03 Reappropriations	17,706
3. Enviro. Office-Program Realignment	-3,450
4. ITS Projects Realignment	-26,198
5. Highway Construction Improvements	242,933
6. New Law Improvement Projects	485,766
Total 2003-05 Biennium	717,257

Comments:

The Improvements - Mobility Program provides funding for the design, right-of-way, and construction of projects that improve mobility on the state highway system. Mobility improvements increase a highway's ability to carry more motor vehicles, with the long-term goal of reducing congestion. Examples include constructing carpool lanes and mitigating congestion on urban highways in cooperation with local and regional jurisdictions.

- 1. **Washington Commerce Corridor Study** Funding is provided for a feasibility study of a Washington commerce corridor. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 2001-03 Reappropriations Reappropriations are made for expenditures moved from the 2001-03 biennium to the 2003-05 biennium. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)
- Enviro. Office-Program Realignment Funding is reduced for direct project support costs associated with the environmental affairs office. Funding is transferred to Program Management and Support (Program H). (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 4. ITS Projects Realignment Funding for Intelligent
 Transportatioan System (ITS) projects on the state highway
 system are transferred to and consolidated within the Traffic
 Operations Capital program (Program Q Capital). (Motor
 Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)
- Highway Construction Improvements Funding is provided to implement the activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List - Current Law. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal, Motor Vehicle Account-Local, Motor Vehicle Account-Bonds)

 New Law Improvement Projects - Funding is provided to implement the activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List - New Law. (Transportation 2003 Account-State, Transportation 2003 Account-Federal, Transportation 2003 Account-Local, Transportation 2003 Account-Bonds)

Governor's Vetoes:

The Governor vetoed Section 305 (13) and (15) of Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163), which prohibited new federal funding earmarks from expanding a project's scope and prevented the operation of certain high occupancy vehicle lanes unless certain conditions are met.

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Transportation Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Transportation Program I2 - Improvements - Safety

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted	
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	146,326	
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0	
Policy Changes		
1. 2001-03 Reappropriations	1,000	
2. Enviro. Office-Program Realignment	-1,410	
3. Collision Reporting - Prog. Realign	-2,400	
4. Highway Construction Improvements	94,539	
5. New Law Improvement Projects	48,551	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	140,280	

Comments:

The Improvements - Safety Program provides funding for the design, right-of-way, and construction of safety projects that improve the state highway system by correcting deficiencies where accidents have occurred and making improvements at potentially hazardous locations. Examples include realigning curves, constructing traffic signals, and installing guardrails.

- 1. **2001-03 Reappropriations** Reappropriations are made for expenditures moved from the 2001-03 biennium to the 2003-05 biennium. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- Enviro. Office-Program Realignment Funding is reduced for direct project support costs associated with the environmental affairs office. Funding is transferred to Program Management and Support (Program H). (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 3. **Collision Reporting Prog. Realign** Funding is transferred to the Transportation Planning, Data, & Research Program (T) to consolidate all program costs associated with the Collision Reporting System. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 4. Highway Construction Improvements Funding is provided to implement the activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List - Current Law. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal, Motor Vehicle Account-Local)
- New Law Improvement Projects Funding is provided to implement the activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List - New Law. (Transportation 2003 Account-State, Transportation 2003 Account-Local)

Department of Transportation Program I3 - Improvements - Economic Initiatives

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	125,367
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
1. 2001-03 Reappropriations	4,938
2. Enviro. Office-Program Realignment	-1,030
3. Highway Construction Improvements	71,382
4. New Law Improvement Projects	28,537
Total 2003-05 Biennium	103,827

Comments:

The Improvements - Economic Initiatives Program provides funding for design, right-of-way, and construction of economic initiative projects that improve the state highway system by focusing on the efficiency of moving freight and goods. Examples of projects include fixing highways where travel is restricted because of freeze-thaw closures, upgrading pavements to all-weather road status, constructing new rest areas, correcting bridges and overpasses that have height or weight restrictions, and widening of highway shoulders.

- 1. **2001-03 Reappropriations** Reappropriations are made for expenditures moved from the 2001-03 biennium to the 2003-05 biennium. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- Enviro. Office-Program Realignment Funding is reduced for direct project support costs associated with the environmental affairs office. Funding is transferred to Program Management and Support (Program H). (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 3. **Highway Construction Improvements** Funding is provided to implement the activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List Current Law. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal, Motor Vehicle Account-Local, Special Category C Account-State, Special Category C Account-Bonds)
- New Law Improvement Projects Funding is provided to implement the activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List - New Law. (Transportation 2003 Account-State, Transportation 2003 Account-Federal)

Department of Transportation Program I4 - Improvements - Environmental Retrofit

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	23,071
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
1. 2001-03 Reappropriations	68
2. Enviro. Office-Program Realignment	-3,240
3. Highway Construction Improvements	18,513
4. New Law Improvement Projects	6,830
Total 2003-05 Biennium	22,171

Comments:

The Improvements - Environmental Retrofit Program provides funding for the design, right-of-way, and construction of retrofit projects that improve the state highway system by correcting or reducing the impact of transportation facilities on the environment. Examples include fixing culverts under highways to enable fish to pass through them, rebuilding structures that discharge storm water, and reducing the public's exposure to noise by constructing noise walls along highways.

- 1. **2001-03 Reappropriations** Reappropriations are made for expenditures moved from the 2001-03 biennium to the 2003-05 biennium. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- Enviro. Office-Program Realignment Funding is reduced for direct project support costs associated with the environmental affairs office. Funding is transferred to Program Management and Support (Program H). (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- Highway Construction Improvements Funding is provided to implement the activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List - Current Law. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal, Motor Vehicle Account-Local)
- 4. **New Law Improvement Projects** Funding is provided to implement the activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List New Law. (Transportation 2003 Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program I7 - SR 16 Tacoma Narrows Bridge Project

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	846,255
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
1. 2001-03 Reappropriations	613,300
Total 2003-05 Biennium	613,300

Comments:

The Tacoma Narrows Bridge Program provides funding for the design, right-of-way, and construction of the Tacoma Narrows Bridge project.

1. **2001-03 Reappropriations** - Reappropriations are made for expenditures moved from the 2001-03 biennium to the 2003-05 biennium. (Tacoma Narrows Bridge Toll Account-State, Tacoma Narrows Bridge Toll Account-Bonds)

Department of Transportation Program K - Transportation Economic Partnership - Operating

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	1,448
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
1. Restore Economic Partnership Prog	1,011
Total 2003-05 Biennium	1,011

Comments:

The Transportation Economic Partnership Program provides funding to foster partnerships with private firms to develop and operate needed transportation facilities throughout the state. The program funds administration and program support for economic partnership activities in the Department, and provides a point of contact for businesses and private individuals to gain information about Departmental programs.

1. **Restore Economic Partnership Prog** - Funding and staff for the program is transferred back from the Transportation Planning, Data, & Research Program. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program M - Highway Maintenance and Operations

Total Appropriated Funds
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	279,959
2003-05 Maintenance Level	286,256
Policy Changes	
1. General Inflation	-4,559
2. System Additions - Maintenance	7,010
3. Revolving Funds	322
Total 2003-05 Biennium	289,029

Comments:

The Maintenance Program provides funding for a variety of maintenance functions related to the state highway system. These functions include maintenance on roadways, drainage systems, slopes, roadsides, landscapes, bridges, tunnels, and rest areas. Additional functions include snow and ice control, traffic services, third party damage repair, and disaster maintenance activities.

- General Inflation Funding is reduced for general inflation included in the maintenance level calculations. The agency is expected to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 2. System Additions Maintenance Funding is provided to maintain new structures (lanes, bridges, slopes, guardrails, landscaping, etc.) that have been added to the state highway system during the 2001-03 biennium. This level of funding allows for a continuation of the level of service targets included in the 2001-03 biennium. In delivering the program, the Department should concentrate on the following areas: 1) meeting or exceeding the target for structural bridge repair on a statewide basis; 2) eliminating the number of activities delivered in the "f" level of service at the region level; 3) reducing the number of activities delivered in the "d" level of service by increasing the resources directed to those activities on a statewide and region basis; and 4) evaluating, analyzing, and potentially redistributing resources within and among regions to provide greater consistency in delivering the program statewide and in achieving overall level of service targets. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding is provided for labor and industries rate increases. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program P1 - Preservation - Roadway

Total Appropriated Funds
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	276,165
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
1. 2001-03 Reappropriations	5,937
2. Enviro. Office-Program Realignment	-3,925
3. New Law Preservation Projects	2,000
4. Highway Construction Preservation	251,048
Total 2003-05 Biennium	255,060

Comments:

The Preservation Program is responsible for preserving the structural integrity of the state highway system. The Roadway Preservation subprogram provides funds to repair, repave, and restripe state-owned highways, as well as restoring existing safety features.

- 2001-03 Reappropriations Reappropriations are made for expenditures moved from the 2001-03 biennium to the 2003-05 biennium. (Multimodal Transportation Account-State, Multimodal Transportation Account-Federal)
- 2. **Enviro. Office-Program Realignment** Funding is reduced for direct project support costs associated with the environmental affairs office. Funding is transferred to Program Management and Support (Program H). (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 3. **New Law Preservation Projects** Funding is provided to implement the activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List New Law. (Transportation 2003 Account-State)
- 4. Highway Construction Preservation Funding is provided to implement the activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List - Current Law. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal, Motor Vehicle Account-Local, Multimodal Transportation Account-State)

Governor's Vetoes:

The Governor vetoed Section 306 (7) of Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163), which prohibited new federal funding earmarks from expanding a project's scope. Note: The Capital Budget removed the veto from this project.

Department of Transportation Program P2 - Preservation - Structures

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	162,393
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
1. 2001-03 Reappropriations	10,479
2. Enviro. Office-Program Realignment	-3,265
3. Highway Construction Preservation	318,246
Total 2003-05 Biennium	325,460

Comments:

The Preservation Program is responsible for preserving the structural integrity of the state highway system. The Structures Preservation subprogram provides funds to repair or replace bridges, tunnels, and overpasses on state-owned highways. Work includes painting bridges, repairing bridge decks, and protecting structures against earthquake damage.

- 1. **2001-03 Reappropriations** Reappropriations are made for expenditures moved from the 2001-03 biennium to the 2003-05 biennium. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)
- Enviro. Office-Program Realignment Funding is reduced for direct project support costs associated with the environmental affairs office. Funding is transferred to Program Management and Support (Program H). (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 3. **Highway Construction Preservation** Funding is provided to implement the activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List Current Law. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal, Motor Vehicle Account-Local, Motor Vehicle Account-Bonds)

Department of Transportation Program P3 - Preservation - Other Facilities

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	119,102
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
1. 2001-03 Reappropriations	9,371
2. Enviro. Office-Program Realignment	-1,090
3. Highway Construction Preservation	70,718
4. Tools to Manage Project Delivery	-2,540
Total 2003-05 Biennium	76,459

Comments:

The Preservation Program is responsible for preserving the structural integrity of the state highway system. The Other Facilities Preservation subprogram provides funds to rebuild and remodel rest areas, construct truck weigh stations, and stabilize slopes near highways to prevent erosion and mudslides.

- 2001-03 Reappropriations Reappropriations are made for expenditures moved from the 2001-03 biennium to the 2003-05 biennium. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal, Motor Vehicle Account-Bonds)
- Enviro. Office-Program Realignment Funding is reduced for direct project support costs associated with the environmental affairs office. Funding is transferred to Program Management and Support (Program H). (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 3. **Highway Construction Preservation** Funding is provided to implement the activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List Current Law. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal, Motor Vehicle Account-Local)
- 4. **Tools to Manage Project Delivery** Funding for implementation of the project delivery management system is transferred to and consolidated in the Information Technology Program (Program C). (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)

Department of Transportation Program Q - Traffic Operations - Operating

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	32,009
2003-05 Maintenance Level	32,012
Policy Changes	
1. Incident Response Program	4,960
2. Impacts of Highway System Additions	2,100
3. Revolving Funds	56
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	38,994

Comments:

The Traffic Operations Program is responsible for maximizing existing capacity and improving safety of the highway transportation system. The Traffic Operations program provides funding for traffic flow control and low cost enhancements such as express lane and tunnel operations, ramp meters, and traveler information.

- 1. Incident Response Program Funding is provided to continue the expanded incident response program implemented in FY 2003 to reduce congestion and improve safety. The incident response personnel were changed from a response mode to a roving mode to more quickly respond to incidents. The primary duty remains responding to the Washington State Patrol for safety purposes; with the secondary role to assist motorists and clear lane blockages during peak traffic periods. The Department will also continue the public-private partnership for privately sponsored motorist assistance vans. This addition increases funding for incident response to \$8,800,000. No more than \$8,800,000 is to be used for the incident response program, including service patrols. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 2. Impacts of Highway System Additions Funding is provided for system additions such as new traffic signals, ramp meters, electronic message signs, communications stations, roadway/traffic websites, and roadway weather information stations. Funding is also provided to remove illegal billboards, respond to constituents, collect performance measure data, etc. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding is provided for labor and industries rate increases. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** Funding and staffing levels are reduced for efficiencies that are expected in program administration, management, and operation. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program Q - Traffic Operations - Capital

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	24,220
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
1. CVISN and Weigh-in-Motion Projects	4,933
2. State only ITS Projects	684
3. Federal Matched ITS Projects	23,581
Total 2003-05 Biennium	29,198

Comments:

The Traffic Operations Capital Program is responsible for working towards the highest usage of the existing highway transportation system, utilizing regulatory measures and traffic control devices as primary tools for maximizing existing capacity and improving safety. The capital subprogram provides funding for construction of Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) projects to improve commercial vehicle operations, traveler information, and improved safety and congestion relief by applying advanced technology to transportation.

- 1. **CVISN and Weigh-in-Motion Projects** Funding is provided to complete the Commercial Vehicle Information Systems and Network (CVISN) and weigh-in-motion projects at the following sites: SeaTac I-5 northbound, SeaTac I-5 southbound, Everett I-5 southbound, Kelso I-5 southbound, and Plymouth Port of Entry. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)
- 2. **State only ITS Projects** Funding is provided to complete the following state-only funded projects: road and weather information system, SR 522 Traffic and Criminal Software (TRACS) field research test, and SR 99 truck freight corridor improvement. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 3. **Federal Matched ITS Projects** Funding is provided as state match for federal Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) grants. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)

Department of Transportation Program S - Transportation Management and Support

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	107,374
2003-05 Maintenance Level	27,362
Policy Changes	
1. SSB 5248	627
2. Economics Branch Staff Reduction	-303
3. Revolving Funds	36
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	27,554

Comments:

The Transportation Management Program funds the administrative and core business support functions of the Department. These functions include the Secretary's Office, Accounting, Budget, Human Resources, and Purchasing.

- 1. **SSB 5248** Funding is provided for implementing Chapter 363, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5248 Transportation Workforce Efficiencies). (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 2. **Economics Branch Staff Reduction** Funding is reduced for two transportation planning specialist positions within the Economics Branch section of the program. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding is provided for labor and industries rate increases. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** Funding and staffing levels are reduced for efficiencies that are expected in program administration, management, and operation. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program T - Transportation Planning, Data, & Research

Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	33,283
2003-05 Maintenance Level	32,026
Policy Changes	
1. Collision Reporting - Prog. Realign	2,400
2. Congestion Relief Modeling	3,800
3. RTPO planning	2,000
4. RTID Support	3,000
5. RTID Project Estimate Reviews	5,000
6. Local Collision Records Backlog	650
7. Reappropriation for SAFTA	60
8. Reverse Collision Records Transfer	-1,440
9. Functional Class Database	-140
10. GPS Training	-225
11. Region & System Planning Reductions	-753
12. Program Admin & Support Reduction	-166
13. Statewide Collision Records System	2,740
14. Funding Realignment	0
15. Transfer TEP Staff	-983
16. Revolving Funds	40
17. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	47,899

Comments:

The Transportation Planning, Data, & Research Program manages, coordinates, and supports the multimodal transportation planning, data, and research needs of the Department. Planning activities include coordinating longrange plan development, working with local jurisdictions, and administering pass-through funds. Data and research activities support the construction program.

- 1. **Collision Reporting Prog. Realign** Funding is transferred from the Safety Improvement program (I2) to consolidate all program costs associated with the Collision Reporting System. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- Congestion Relief Modeling Funding is provided for a study of regional congestion relief solutions for Puget Sound, Spokane, and Vancouver. The study will provide proposals to alleviate congestion consistent with population and land use expectations under the Growth Management Act. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 3. **RTPO planning** Funding is provided for additional assistance to the Regional Transportation Planning Organizations (RTPO) and long-range planning efforts. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- RTID Support Funding is provided to assist with the costs of the election and WSDOT project oversight. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

- 5. **RTID Project Estimate Reviews** Funding is provided for an external review of Regional Transportation Investment District (RTID) project costs estimates in order to provide the best available estimate of cost maximizing the use of RTID funds while ensuring that projects will not overrun estimates. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 6. **Local Collision Records Backlog** Funding is provided to complete the processing and analysis of the local collision record backlog. A portion of the state supervision funds identified in RCW 46.68.110(1) and 46.68.120 (3) are eligible for use in providing collision reporting processing and analysis for cities and counties. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- Reappropriation for SAFTA Reappropriations are made for expenditures moved from the 2001-03 biennium to the 2003-05 biennium for Strategic Freight Transportation Analysis. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 8. Reverse Collision Records Transfer In anticipation of collision records reform legislation (SSB 5499), the agency included funding in its base budget that was previously appropriated to the Washington State Patrol. With the failure of SSB 5499, the funding is eliminated from the WSDOT's base budget. The agency is encouraged to enter into an inter-agency agreement for reimbursement for the activities assumed from the Washington State Patrol. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program T - Transportation Planning, Data, & Research

- 9. Functional Class Database Funding is reduced through efficiency savings in functional class database maintenance. Additional work was completed in the 2001-03 biennium to update the Functional Class database. These upgrades allow for the reduction of work effort needed to maintain the database in the 2003-05 biennium. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)
- 10. **GPS Training** Funding is eliminated for global positioning system (GPS) training for mapping-grade data collection. The Transportation Data Office (TDO) is responsible for providing training of regional staff in the use of GPS. Elimination of these funds from the TDO does not preclude continuation of the training if performed on a completely charge-back basis as long as the regions could cover the costs within their existing base budgets. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)
- 11. **Region & System Planning Reductions** Funding is reduced for transportation planning and the strategic assessment effort. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)
- 12. **Program Admin & Support Reduction** Funding is reduced for two positions eliminated as a result of consolidation and cross training. (Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)
- 13. **Statewide Collision Records System** Funding is provided to manage and maintain a statewide collision records system. The Department has the responsibility of processing and analyzing all accidents reports occurring on all roads and highways in the state. Analysis of this information assists cities, counties, and the Department in prioritizing their road projects. Due to problems in implementing the Collision Reporting and Statistical History (CRASH) program at WSP, collision reports were not analyzed for at least three years, from 1997 to 2000. In the 2001-03 biennium, the Legislature directed the Department to design a system and process that could analyze all reports. In addition, funds were appropriated to eliminate the backlog that accumulated between 1997 and 2000. The Department's appropriation in the 2003-05 biennium is to process and analyze all citizen, city, county, and state highway collision reports. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

It is the intent of the Legislature that funding the costs associated with the collection, compilation, tabulation, analysis, and publication of accidents reports, police officer and investigator reports, and other reports required by Chapter 46.52 RCW shall not impair or impinge on any party's rights under the state public disclosure laws as provided in Chapter 42.17 RCW.

15. **Transfer TEP Staff** - Funding for Transportation and Economic Partnership (TEP) staff and funding is moved back to the TEP program (Program K). (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

- 16. **Revolving Funds** Funding is provided for labor and industries rate increases. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 17. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** Funding and staffing levels are reduced for efficiencies that are expected in program administration, management, and operation. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program U - Charges from Other Agencies

Total Appropriated Funds
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	42,829
2003 Supplemental *	5,626
Total 2001-03 Biennium	48,455
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
1. OFM Office of Risk Mgmt Fees	989
2. Auditing Services	823
3. Facilities & Svcs/Consolidated Mail	3,850
4. Personnel Services	2,252
5. Self-Insurance Liability Prem/Admin	50,799
6. GA - Capital Projects Šurcharge	1,846
7. Archives & Records Management	523
Total 2003-05 Biennium	61,082

Comments:

The Charges from Other Agencies Program funds payments to other state agencies for services provided to the Department. These services include, but are not limited to archives, legal services and self-insurance premiums, facilities, and personnel services.

- 1. **OFM Office of Risk Mgmt Fees** Funding is provided for services performed by the Office of Financial Management's Office of Risk Management which provides claim, commercial insurance, and loss prevention services. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 2. **Auditing Services** Funding is provided for services performed by the Office of the State Auditor, in accordance with statutory requirements. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 3. Facilities & Svcs/Consolidated Mail Funding is provided for services performed by the Department of General Administration (GA), which services include transportation building maintenance, utilities, custodial services, consolidated mail services, and includes the Department's share of costs to maintain general capitol campus facilities. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- Personnel Services Funding is provided for services performed by the Department of Personnel. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 5. Self-Insurance Liability Prem/Admin Funding is provided for the Department's share of premiums paid to the Self-Insurance Liability Fund, including tort defense costs. The Department should work with the Office of Financial Management to ensure an accurate accounting of the sources and uses of the self-insurance fund is maintained and reported on a regular basis. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

- 6. **GA Capital Projects Surcharge** Funding is provided for charges from GA associated with capital rehabilitation projects on the capital campus. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 7. **Archives & Records Management** Funding is provided for charges from the Office of the Secretary of State for archive and records storage services. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

^{*} Please see the 2003 Supplemental Transportation Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Transportation Program V - Public Transportation

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	14,239
2003-05 Maintenance Level	13,806
Policy Changes	
1. ParaTransit/Special Needs Grants	4,000
2. Transit Agency ParaTransit	14,000
3. Rural Mobility Grants	10,000
4. Vanpools	4,000
5. CTR Grants	1,500
6. Seattle Street Car	3,000
7. Rural Mobility Grant Pgm Reduction	-600
8. ACCT Program Reduction	-500
9. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	49,186

Comments:

The Public Transportation Program provides support for public transportation and commute trip reduction (CTR) efforts throughout the state. Included in these efforts are the Rural Mobility Grant Program, Agency Council on Coordinated Transportation Program, High Capacity Transportation, Transportation Demand Management, and Modal Coordination.

- ParaTransit/Special Needs Grants Funding is provided for a grant program for non-profit providers of transportation for persons with special transportation needs. Moneys are to provide additional service only. Grants are only to be used for capital purposes and the operating costs directly associated with those capital purposes. Grants are to be based on need, including the availability of other providers of service in the area, efforts to coordinate trips among providers and riders, and the cost effectiveness of trips provided. (Multimodal Transportation Account-State)
- 2. Transit Agency ParaTransit Funding is provided for distributions to transit agencies for assistance in providing special needs transportation. Moneys shall be to provide additional service only and may not be used to supplant current funding. Grants are only to be used for capital purposes and the operating costs directly associated with those capital purposes. Grants for transit agencies shall be prorated based on the amount expended for demand response service and route deviated service in calendar year 2001 as reported in the "Summary of Public Transportation 2001" published by the Department of Transportation. No transit agency may receive more than 30 percent of these distributions. (Multimodal Transportation Account-State)
- 3. **Rural Mobility Grants** Additional funding from new revenue sources is provided for the rural mobility grant program. The amount of \$6 million is provided for grants for

transit systems serving small cities and rural areas as identified in the "Summary of Public Transportation - 2001" published by the Department. Non-competitive grants are to be distributed to the transit systems serving small cities and rural areas in a manner similar to past disparity equalization programs. The amount of \$4 million is provided for providers of rural mobility service in areas that are not served or are underserved by transit agencies through a competitive grant process. (Multimodal Transportation Account-State)

- 4. Vanpools Funding is provided for a vanpool grant program for public transit agencies. The grant program will cover capital costs only; no operating costs are eligible for funding under this grant program. Only grants that add vanpools are eligible, no supplanting of transit funds currently funding vanpools is allowed. Additional criteria for selecting grants will include leveraging funds other than state funds. (Multimodal Transportation Account-State)
- CTR Grants Funding is provided for grants to implement Commute Trip Reduction (CTR) as contained in Chapter 364, Laws of 2003 (ESHB 2228). (Multimodal Transportation Account-State)
- 6. **Seattle Street Car** Funding is provided to the city of Seattle for the Seattle Streetcar project in the vicinity of South Lake Union. (Multimodal Transportation Account-State)
- 7. **Rural Mobility Grant Pgm Reduction** Funding for the Rural Mobility Grant Program is reduced to accommodate revenue shortfalls in Multimodal sources prior to the enactment of Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163). (Multimodal Transportation Account-State)
- 8. **ACCT Program Reduction** Funding is reduced for the Program on Agency Coordinated Transportation as

Department of Transportation Program V - Public Transportation

administered by the Agency Council on Coordinated Transportation (ACCT). ACCT is a council of state agencies, transportation providers, consumer advocates, and legislators with the mission to promote the coordination of transportation for people with special transportation needs. ACCT was established as an institutional framework for discussing issues and initiating change, reporting to the Legislature and recommending legislative remedies. The council is encouraged to follow the workplan it developed in early 2003. (Multimodal Transportation Account-State)

9. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** - Funding and staffing levels are reduced for efficiencies that are expected in program administration, management, and operation. (Multimodal Transportation Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program W - Washington State Ferries - Capital

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	177,362
2003 Supplemental *	0
Total 2001-03 Biennium	177,362
2003-05 Maintenance Level	56,177
Policy Changes	
1. Terminal Improvements	17,521
2. Other Fund Adjustments	0
3. 2001-03 Reappropriations	266
4. Ferries Capital	107,023
5. Passenger Only Ferries	1,609
Total 2003-05 Biennium	182,596

Comments:

The Washington State Ferry (WSF) Capital Program provides funding for the investment in or preservation of boats and terminals. Three major activity categories within this program are terminals, vessels, and emergency repairs.

- 1. **Terminal Improvements** Funding is provided for additional terminal projects as included in the Legislative 2003

 Transportation Project List New Law. (Transportation 2003

 Account-State, Multimodal Transportation Account-Bonds)
- 2. Other Fund Adjustments Fund shifts are made to fully account for current and future Washington State Ferry (WSF) capital costs entirely in the Puget Sound Capital Construction Account. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal, Motor Vehicle Account-Bonds, Puget Sound Capital Construction Account-State, Puget Sound Capital Construction Account-Federal, Puget Sound Capital Construction Account-Bonds)
- 3. **2001-03 Reappropriations** Reappropriations are made for expenditures moved from the 2001-03 biennium to the 2003-05 biennium. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)
- 4. Ferries Capital Funding is provided solely to implement the WSF activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List - Current Law. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal, Motor Vehicle Account-Bonds)
- 5. **Passenger Only Ferries** Funding is provided for terminal and vessel projects necessary to continue passenger-only service as included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List Current Law. (Multimodal Transportation Account-State)

* Please see the 2003 Supplemental Transportation Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Transportation Program X - Washington State Ferries - Operating

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	311,312
2003 Supplemental *	1,938
Total 2001-03 Biennium	313,250
2003-05 Maintenance Level	325,559
Policy Changes	
1. Vashon-Seattle Passenger Ferry	5,034
2. Bremerton-Seattle Passenger Ferry	1,086
3. WA Ferries Maintenance & Ops	-19,900
4. Ferries Technology System Updates	-190
5. Ferries Labor Relations Support	292
6. Ferries Safety Management System	264
7. Ferries Risk Management	2,183
8. Revolving Funds	372
Total 2003-05 Biennium	314,700

Comments:

The Washington State Ferry (WSF) Operating Program provides for the maintenance and operations of the WSF boats and terminals. It contains three major activity categories: daily operations of the boats and terminals, maintenance of both, and administrative support.

- Vashon-Seattle Passenger Ferry Funding is provided to operate the Vashon-Seattle passenger-only ferry. Cost estimates were based on the current operating costs of the Kalama and Skagit, assuming the existing route schedule. (Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account-State, Multimodal Transportation Account-State)
- 2. Bremerton-Seattle Passenger Ferry Funding is provided to operate the Bremerton-Seattle passenger-only ferry for the first 13 weeks of the biennium. Cost estimates were based on the current operating costs of the Chinook and Snohomish, assuming the existing route schedule. (Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account-State, Multimodal Transportation Account-State)
- 3. WA Ferries Maintenance & Ops Funding is reduced to reflect the reductions in WSF's latest strategic plan (5+5+5). The WSF plan generates savings from eliminating passenger only service, schedule adjustments, moving the Hyak and Evergreen State to half-time status, and proposed efficiencies. Funds are provided for continuation of the Sidney service within available resources. Departmental long-term strategic planning for San Juan Island ferry service is to include continuation of Sidney service. (Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account-State)
- 4. **Ferries Technology System Updates** Funding is transferred to the Information Technology program for services provided to the WSF system, including support of existing applications,

- meeting emerging information technology needs, and satisfying the need for ongoing support of WSF systems and infrastructure. (Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account-State)
- 5. **Ferries Labor Relations Support** Funding is provided to enhance the labor relations activities within the WSF system. The sum of \$12,000 of the appropriation is a one-time cost. (Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account-State)
- 6. **Ferries Safety Management System** Funding is provided to consolidate safety, regulatory, and environmental elements of the Safety Management System into one cohesive organization within the WSF system. The sum of \$18,000 of the appropriation is a one-time cost. (Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account-State)
- 7. **Ferries Risk Management** Funding is provided to establish a risk management organization within the WSF system. External experts will be used to perform medical reviews, worker surveillance, and fraud investigation. Staff will provide program support, including technical safety investigation services, following on-the-job accidents and incidents, and professional program review and coordination. The sum of \$12,000 of the appropriation is a one-time cost. (Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account-State)
- 8. **Revolving Funds** Funding is provided for labor and industries rate increases. (Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account-State)
 - * Please see the 2003 Supplemental Transportation Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Transportation Program Y - Rail - Operating

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	33,001
2003-05 Maintenance Level	33,052
Policy Changes	
 Rail Passenger Operating Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies 	2,031 8
Total 2003-05 Biennium	35,075

Comments:

The Rail Operating Program manages, coordinates, and supports passenger and freight rail in cooperation with AMTRAK and other rail lines.

- 1. Rail Passenger Operating Funding is provided to pay for increased service contracts with AMTRAK and Talgo. This funding will maintain the current AMTRAK Cascades service frequencies, including four state-sponsored passenger rail service runs and will maintain train sets used for state-sponsored intercity rail operations. Total program funding for the AMTRAK service and Talgo maintenance contracts are \$30,831,000. (Multimodal Transportation Account-State)
- 2. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** Funding and staffing levels are reduced for efficiencies that are expected in program administration, management, and operation. (Multimodal Transportation Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program Y - Rail - Capital

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	21,440
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
1. Freight Rail	9,000
2. Passenger Rail	21,000
3. 2001-03 Reappropriations	11,937
4. Rail Capital	3,362
Total 2003-05 Biennium	45,299

Comments:

The Rail Capital Program provides funding of the state's investment in passenger and freight rail systems.

- Freight Rail Funding is provided to implement the freight rail activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List - New Law. (Multimodal Transportation Account-Bonds)
- Passenger Rail Funding is provided to implement the passenger rail activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List - New Law. (Multimodal Transportation Account-Bonds)
- 3. 2001-03 Reappropriations Reappropriations are made for expenditures moved from the 2001-03 biennium to the 2003-05 biennium. Included are \$3,100,000 solely for the completion of the cross-over at Ruston Way and \$8,837,000 for interim improvements and redevelopment work at King Street Station. (Multimodal Transportation Account-State, Multimodal Transportation Account-Federal)
- 4. Rail Capital Funding is provided for the following, as outlined in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List Current Law: \$500,000 to lease Washington Fruit Express train cars; \$200,000 for the completion of the environmental impact statement related to the Kelso-Martin Bluff third mainline; \$2,000,000 for a new transload facility at either Wenatchee or Quincy; and \$662,000 for small scale improvements on the Pacific Northwest Corridor. No funding is appropriated for emergent freight rail assistance projects. (Essential Rail Assistance Account-State, Multimodal Transportation Account-State, Multimodal Transportation Account-Federal, Washington Fruit Express Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program Z - Local Programs - Operating

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	9,102
2003-05 Maintenance Level	8,773
Policy Changes	
1. Skagit Flooding Study	300
2. Marine Cargo Forecast	75
3. Revolving Funds	10
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-34
5. Maintenance Administrative Review	160
6. Endangered Species Act Training	342
Total 2003-05 Biennium	9,626

Comments:

Through the Highways and Local Programs Operating Program, the Department provides assistance to local agencies, including cities, counties, transit agencies, Indian tribes, and other state and federal agencies. Services include providing help in obtaining federal funds to plan and improve transportation facilities and equipment, engineering training and advice, technical training opportunities, and information on new technology applications in traffic engineering and safety analyses.

- 1. **Skagit Flooding Study** Funding is provided for a study of flood threats to the state and other infrastructure near the Interstate 5 crossing of the Skagit River. Funding is in accordance with local gas tax withholding statutes 46.68.110 (2) and 46.68.120 (3). (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 2. **Marine Cargo Forecast** Funding is provided for the state share of completing the marine cargo forecast. Funding is in accordance with local gas tax withholding statutes 46.68.110 (2) and 46.68.120 (3). (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding is provided for labor and industries rate increases. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** Funding and staffing levels are reduced for efficiencies that are expected in program administration, management, and operation. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 5. **Maintenance Administrative Review** Funding is provided to implement a Maintenance Administrative Review Program in the central Puget Sound region and expand it to all areas of the state. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- Endangered Species Act Training Funding is provided for training to local agencies on how to conduct roadway maintenance activities in compliance with regulations contained in the Endangered Species Act. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Department of Transportation Program Z - Local Programs - Capital

Total Appropriated Funds
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	93,587
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
1. Local Freight Projects	6,000
2. 2001-03 Reappropriations	36,151
3. State Infrastructure Bank	1,809
Total 2003-05 Biennium	43,960

Comments:

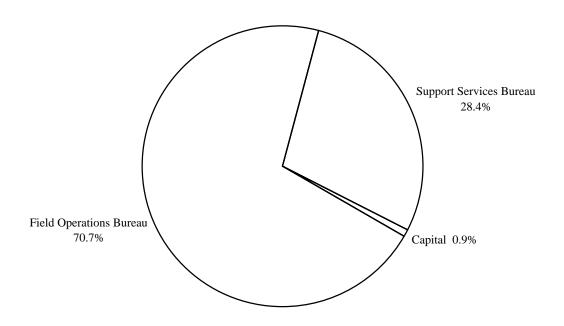
The Department manages federal aid to counties and cities for design, right-of-way, and construction work off the state highway system. The Highways and Local Programs Capital Program provides funding for assistance to local agencies by distributing federal funds to those local jurisdictions for enhancement projects and road and street construction projects.

- 1. **Local Freight Projects** Funding is provided to implement the freight mobility activities and projects included in the Legislative 2003 Transportation Project List New Law. (Multimodal Transportation Account-Bonds)
- 2. **2001-03 Reappropriations** Reappropriations are made for expenditures moved from the 2001-03 biennium to the 2003-05 biennium. Specific reappropriations include: \$7,576,000 for the Columbia River dredging; \$8,527,000 for county corridor congestion relief projects; \$4,927,000 for city corridor congestion relief projects; \$8,486,000 for local freight mobility projects; \$1,156,000 for small city pavement preservation grants; \$4,010,000 for traffic safety near schools grants; \$1,318,000 for fish passage barrier removal; and \$150,000 for the Red Wolf bridge project. For grant and other award programs, the Department will review projects quarterly to determine if the project is making satisfactory progress. Where projects have remained inactive for one-year, the Department will perform a review to determine if the contract or award should be terminated. The Department will actively manage projects and close out contracts promptly in order to combine unused funds with funds from any terminated contracts to extend new grant awards to qualified projects. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Multimodal Transportation Account-State)
- 3. **State Infrastructure Bank** Funding is provided for low-cost financing for transportation infrastructure projects sponsored by local agencies utilizing state funds. (Highway Infrastructure Account-State, Highway Infrastructure Account-Federal)

2003-05 Washington State Transportation Budget Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163) Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

WASHINGTON STATE PATROL Total Operating and Capital



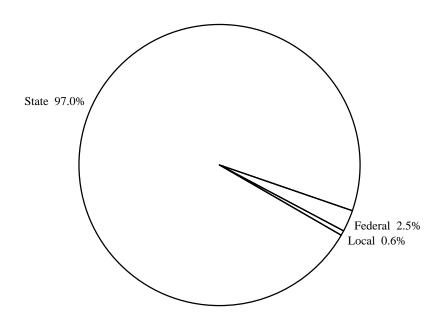
Program	
Field Operations Bureau	177,611
Support Services Bureau	71,283
Capital	2,205
Total	251,099

2003-05 Washington State Transportation Budget Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163) Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

WASHINGTON STATE PATROL

Components by Fund Type Total Operating and Capital



Fund Type	
State	243,467
Federal	6,167
Local	1,465
Total	251,099

Washington State Patrol Field Operations Bureau

Total Appropriated Funds
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	171,594
2003 Supplemental *	-41
Total 2001-03 Biennium	171,553
2003-05 Maintenance Level	178,016
Policy Changes	
1. General Inflation	-371
2. Aerial Highway Traffic Enforcement	-385
3. Ferry Security	2,075
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	177,611

Comments:

Field Operations Bureau includes highway traffic enforcement, commercial vehicle enforcement, traffic investigations, fuel tax evasion, auto theft, aerial traffic enforcement, disability benefits, implied consent, and vehicle identification number inspections (VIN) for rebuilt vehicles.

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)
- 2. Aerial Highway Traffic Enforcement A reduction of \$385,000 implements the proviso in the Field Operations section of the budget bill. The reduction is attributable to the amount of State Patrol Highway Account funding that supports the non-transportation related Washington State Patrol (WSP) activities of the BeechJet and King Air aircraft. On December 1, 2003, the WSP will report to the House Transportation Committee and the Senate Highways and Transportation Committee on the entities, including the WSP, using the King Air and BeechJet aircraft along with the trip logs and reason for the trips. The budget will be adjusted for actual transportation use in the 2004 supplemental budget process based on a cost allocation study. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)
- 3. **Ferry Security** Funding is provided for 13 troopers assigned to vessel and terminal security. The level of security, not including personal searches, that was implemented in FY 2003 will be continued into the 2003-05 biennium. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** The agency will find sufficient efficiencies to reduce operating costs without affecting trooper staffing levels. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the transportation budget. The remainder of the Washington State Patrol's budget is shown in the Omnibus Appropriations Act Section of this document.

* Please see the 2003 Supplemental Transportation Budget Section for additional information.

Washington State Patrol Support Services Bureau

Total Appropriated Funds
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	77,718
2003 Supplemental *	-318
Total 2001-03 Biennium	77,400
2003-05 Maintenance Level	72,526
Policy Changes	
1. General Inflation	-553
2. Replacement of Servers	1,038
3. Reduction in Vehicles	-2,318
4. Revolving Funds	468
5. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-386
6. Self-Insurance Premiums	508
Total 2003-05 Biennium	71,283

Comments:

Support Services Bureau includes the Office of the Chief, government and media relations, audit, property management, vehicles along with the related fuel and maintenance, supply, communications, fiscal management, electronic services, computer support, law enforcement training, and human resources.

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)
- 2. Replacement of Servers Funding is provided for the replacement of WSP servers but does not include those servicing only activities of the omnibus operating budget. This item includes funding for one FTE to install servers, develop an application test environment, and enhance the Agency's current disaster recovery environment. Servers that support both highway activities and general state policing activities must be partially funded with the Agency's omnibus operating budget appropriation. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)
- 3. **Reduction in Vehicles** The Agency will realize \$2,318,000 in expenditure savings by delaying purchase of pursuit vehicles. Average pursuit vehicle mileage will accrue to between 116,000 and 124,000 in the 2003-05 biennium. Maintenance costs resulting from the increased mileage will be between \$25,000 and \$106,000 in the 2003-05 biennium. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)
- 4. **Revolving Funds** Funding provided for services performed by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)

- 5. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** The agency will find sufficient efficiencies to reduce operating costs without affecting trooper staffing levels. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)
- 6. Self-Insurance Premiums Funding is provided for the increase in the annual self-insurance premium to fund the state's Self-Insurance Liability Program. This program is responsible for paying costs related to tort lawsuits associated with state agency programs. An agency's self-insurance premium is based on factors such as past and current claims experience, the agency staffing levels, and estimated obligations. This item reflects the increased amount for the WSP's self-insurance premium in the 2003-05 biennium. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the transportation budget. The remainder of the Washington State Patrol's budget is shown in the Omnibus Appropriations Act Section of this document.

* Please see the 2003 Supplemental Transportation Budget Section for additional information.

Washington State Patrol Capital

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	2,610
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
Emergency Generator Replacement	515
2. Shelton Academy	625
3. Statewide Minor Works	1,065
Total 2003-05 Biennium	2,205

Comments:

Capital project funding is one-time funding for project phases that will be completed during the 2003-05 biennium. Funding is provided as one appropriation for all of the projects listed for each funding source.

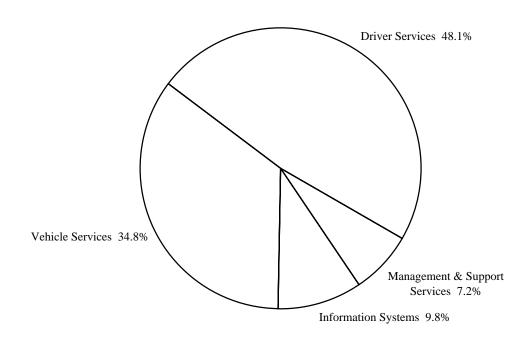
- Emergency Generator Replacement Funding is provided to replace 1960's and 1970's emergency communication generators located at the statewide communication towers. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)
- Shelton Academy Funding is provided for the WSP proportional share of the Shelton area water and sewer regional plan. Funding is contingent on General Fund-State funding of the Washington Corrections Center's portion of the regional plan. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)
- 3. **Statewide Minor Works** Funding is provided for the following statewide minor works: Emergency repairs \$100,000; statewide office security \$50,000 for 10 offices; communication tower repairs \$150,000; Bellevue and Vancouver district headquarters roof replacement \$165,000; Rock Island scale relocation \$500,000; Wenatchee district headquarters siding replacement and repairs \$50,000; and Marysville district headquarters bomb truck cover \$50,000. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the transportation budget. The remainder of the Washington State Patrol's budget is shown in the Omnibus Appropriations Act Section of this document.

2003-05 Washington State Transportation Budget Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163) Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING



Program	
Management & Support Services	13,185
Information Systems	17,927
Vehicle Services	63,336
Driver Services	87,703
Total	182,151

Department of Licensing Management and Support Services

Total Appropriated Funds
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	12,524
2003 Supplemental *	54
Total 2001-03 Biennium	12,578
2003-05 Maintenance Level	13,286
Policy Changes	
1. General Inflation	-40
2. Equipment Replacement Costs	88
3. Revolving Funds	19
4. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-168
Total 2003-05 Biennium	13,185

Comments:

Management and Support Services includes the Director's Office and Administrative Services. This program offers centralized personnel support, keeps the public informed about agency activities, and coordinates the agency's quality improvement efforts. The Director's Office includes the Director, Public Affairs, Legislative Liaison, Employees' Services, and Office of Budget and Program Support. Administrative Services provides centralized staff services to other divisions, such as facilities management, mail service, revenue and expenditure accounts, and contract services.

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Highway Safety Account-State)
- 2. Equipment Replacement Costs Funding is provided to replace the National Cash Register (NCR) Remittance Mail Processing machine. It is assumed that the funding necessary to purchase the equipment will be provided equally between the omnibus operating and transportation budgets. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Highway Safety Account-State, Motorcycle Safety Education Account-State, State Wildlife Account-State, Department of Licensing (DOL) Services Account-State)
- 3. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Highway Safety Account-State, Motorcycle Safety Education Account-State, State Wildlife Account-State)
- 4. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Highway Safety Account-State, DOL Services Account-State)

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the transportation budget. The remainder of the Department of Licensing's budget is shown in the Omnibus Appropriations Act Section of this document.

* Please see the 2003 Supplemental Transportation Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Licensing Information Systems

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	9,723
2003 Supplemental *	41
Total 2001-03 Biennium	9,764
2003-05 Maintenance Level	10,468
Policy Changes	
 General Inflation Equipment Replacement Costs Unisys Re-Platforming Server Replacement Security Improvements Revolving Funds 	-54 20 6,358 810 543 -94
7. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-124
Total 2003-05 Biennium	17,927

Comments:

Information Services is divided into two units. Customer Support Services (CSS) provides direction to IT staff working in direct program delivery areas. CSS acts as a liaison between business division management and decentralized IS staff to assure that planning, resources, and work scheduling are coordinated. Information Technology Services acquires, installs, and manages the Agency technology infrastructure. This includes desktop computers and associated software, application, and data server platform, wide-area networks, local area networks, e-mail and staff scheduling software, Internet/intranet services, Microsoft Premier Support and consulting services, and the central agency imaging platform.

- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Highway Safety Account-State)
- 2. Equipment Replacement Costs Funding is provided to replace the National Cash Register (NCR) Remittance Mail Processing machine. It is assumed that the funding necessary to purchase the equipment will be provided equally by the omnibus operating and transportation budgets. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Highway Safety Account-State, Motorcycle Safety Education Account-State, State Wildlife Account-State, DOL Services Account-State)
- 3. Unisys Re-Platforming Funding is provided to move the DOL data and computer applications that currently reside on the Unisys mainframe to a server-computing environment that will reduce costs and improve productivity. Costs include contract services, hardware, software, contingency, and FTEs to carry out the replatforming within 24 months. The Department shall provide a progress report to the House Transportation Committee and Senate Highways and

Transportation Committee in December 2003 and each December thereafter. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Highway Safety Account-State, Motorcycle Safety Education Account-State, State Wildlife Account-State, DOL Services Account-State)

- 4. **Server Replacement** Funding is provided for server hardware replacement, server maintenance, software maintenance, software support, and related infrastructure components. It is based on a four-year server replacement schedule for all DOL production servers and provides funding in the Agency's base budget to incrementally replace server hardware, software, and related maintenance agreements over the next six years. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Highway Safety Account-State, Motorcycle Safety Education Account-State, State Wildlife Account-State, DOL Services Account-State)
- Security Improvements Funding is provided to improve computer and network security. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Highway Safety Account-State, Motorcycle Safety Education Account-State, State Wildlife Account-State, DOL Services Account-State)
- 6. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Highway Safety Account-State)
- 7. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Highway Safety Account-State, State Wildlife Account-State, DOL Services Account-State)

Agency 240 Program 200 C 360, L 03, PV, Sec 211

Department of Licensing Information Systems

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the transportation budget. The remainder of the Department of Licensing's budget is shown in the Omnibus Appropriations Act Section of this document.

* Please see the 2003 Supplemental Transportation Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Licensing Vehicle Services

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	63,035
2003 Supplemental *	288
Total 2001-03 Biennium	63,323
2003-05 Maintenance Level	63,074
Policy Changes	
1. PRISM Grant	300
2. Local Collection Contracts	1,372
3. SHB 1036 Subagent Internet Renewals	81
4. HB 2065 Digital License Plates	2,901
5. Programming Efficiencies	-40
6. General Inflation	-635
7. ESHB 1592	144
8. National Title Information System	609
9. Lapse	-1,100
10. Revolving Funds	31
11. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	-500
12. Governor Veto	-2,901
Total 2003-05 Biennium	63,336

Comments:

Vehicle Services is comprised of three units. The Title and Registration unit is responsible for over 5,000,000 vehicle licenses and titles issued through county auditors and subagents. The Prorate and Fuel Tax unit administers tax laws related to fuels and works with the transportation industry to license large trucks for which fees are prorated among several states. The Dealer Services unit licenses Washington's vehicle manufacturers, salvage and towing operations, and vehicle, vessel, and manufactured home dealers.

- 1. **PRISM Grant** Funding is provided by the federal government to enable the Department to participate in Performance and Registration Information Systems Management (PRISM). PRISM allows the Department access to a national database of commercial vehicle registration and safety information. (Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)
- 2. Local Collection Contracts Funding is provided by the Seattle Popular Monorail Authority (SPMA) and Sound Transit (ST) pursuant to contractual agreement, for the Department to administer and perform the collection of locally approved motor vehicle excise taxes. SPMA is providing \$761,000 and ST is providing \$611,000. (Motor Vehicle Account-Local)
- 3. **SHB 1036 Subagent Internet Renewals** Funding is provided to implement Chapter 369, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1036), allowing subagents to mail on-line vehicle registration renewals. (DOL Services Account-State)
- 4. **HB 2065 Digital License Plates** Funding is provided to implement Chapter 370, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (HB

- 2065), as specified in Section 212(4) of Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163). HB 2065 requires the state to produce digital license plates. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 5. **Programming Efficiencies** Due to the adoption of multiple bills during the session, the Department is able to achieve computer programming savings.
- 6. General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, DOL Services Account-State)
- 7. **ESHB 1592** Funding is provided to implement Chapter 196, Laws of 2003 (ESHB 1592), Special License Plate Approval Bill. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 8. National Title Information System Funding is provided to allow the Department to participate in the National Motor Vehicle Title Information System (NMVTIS). NMVTIS will allow the Department to verify the validity of vehicle information during the title application process. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)
- 9. **Lapse** Because ESB 6063 failed to pass, \$1,100,000 of the Motor Vehicle Account-State lapses.
- 10. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General,

Department of Licensing Vehicle Services

are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

- 11. **Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies** In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, State Wildlife Account-State)
- 12. **Governor Veto** The Governor vetoed Section 212(4) of Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163), which required the Department of Licensing (DOL) to fund the implementation of a digital license plate printing system, including the purchase of digital printing equipment for Correctional Industries. The Governor also vetoed Section 1 of Chapter 370, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 2065), which required DOL to issue digitally printed license plates that were produced at a state correctional facility.

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the transportation budget. The remainder of DOL's budget is shown in the Omnibus Appropriations Act Section of this document.

* Please see the 2003 Supplemental Transportation Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Licensing Driver Services

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	85,536
2003 Supplemental *	528
Total 2001-03 Biennium	86,064
2003-05 Maintenance Level	87,972
Policy Changes	
1. CDLIS	64
2. General Inflation	-579
3. Collision Processing FTEs	178
4. Driver License Integrity	769
5. Revolving Funds	143
6. Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies	844
Total 2003-05 Biennium	87,703

Comments:

Within Driver Services, there are three units. The Driver Examining unit issues driver's licenses and renewals, motorcycle endorsements, commercial driver's licenses and endorsements, and identification cards at 63 license services offices (LSOs) and four travel units. The Driver Responsibility unit administers state law relating to driving under the influence (DUI), mandatory convictions, implied consent, habitual traffic offenders, financial responsibility, and minors in possession. The Hearings/Interviews unit conducts hearings and interviews for drivers facing suspension or revocation of driving privileges.

- CDLIS Funding is provided by the federal government to support a Department employee to work in Washington DC on the Commercial Driver's License Information System (CDLIS). CDLIS enables the Department to exchange information with other states about the driving records of commercial motor vehicle drivers. (Highway Safety Account-Federal)
- General Inflation Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Highway Safety Account-State, Motorcycle Safety Education Account-State)
- 3. **Collision Processing FTEs** Funding is provided for two temporary FTEs to assist in the elimination of the backlog of collision reports. (Highway Safety Account-State)
- 4. **Driver License Integrity** Funding is provided to perform batch and on-line verification of social security numbers and addresses in an effort to increase the integrity of the Washington State Driver License and Identification Card. (Highway Safety Account-State, Highway Safety Account-Federal)

- 5. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Highway Safety Account-State)
- Staff Reduc. & Oper. Efficiencies In order to attain administrative efficiencies, agency budgets are reduced for FTE staff years, salaries, benefits, and other operating costs. (Highway Safety Account-State, Motorcycle Safety Education Account-State)

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the transportation budget. The remainder of the Department of Licensing's budget is shown in the Omnibus Appropriations Act Section of this document.

* Please see the 2003 Supplemental Transportation Budget Section for additional information.

Board of Pilotage Commissioners

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	305
2003-05 Maintenance Level	270
Policy Changes 1. Revolving Funds	2
Total 2003-05 Biennium	272

Comments:

The Board of Pilotage Commissioners (BPC) is a nine-member board that regulates state-licensed marine pilots and sets tariffs. The Board includes representatives of the shipping industry, pilot groups, public members, an environmental member, the spills program manager from the Department of Ecology, and the director of Washington State Ferries. BPC is funded from annual license fees paid by the pilots.

1. **Revolving Funds** - Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Pilotage Account-State)

County Road Administration Board Operating

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	3,327
2003-05 Maintenance Level	3,427
Policy Changes	
1. General Inflation	
Total 2003-05 Biennium	3,415

Comments:

The County Road Administration Board (CRAB) was created by the Legislature in 1965 to provide statutory oversight of the state's 39 county road departments. The agency is funded from a portion of the counties' fuel tax that is withheld for state supervision and from a portion of the two grant programs it administers. CRAB maintains the county road log, distributes the counties' portion of the motor vehicle fuel tax, and provides technical and engineering support.

1. **General Inflation** - Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

County Road Administration Board Capital

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	86,014
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
1. 2003-05 Capital Program	90,769
Total 2003-05 Biennium	90,769

Comments:

This agency administers two grant programs: the Rural Arterial and the County Arterial Preservation Programs.

1. 2003-05 Capital Program - Rural Arterial Trust Account funds are distributed to the counties in the form of project grants to improve rural collector roads and provide transportation engineering assistance. County Arterial Preservation Account funds are distributed to counties in the form of project grants to maintain urban and rural arterial roads. Motor Vehicle Account funds are for county ferries. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Rural Arterial Trust Account-State, County Arterial Preservation Account-State)

Freight Mobility Strategic Investment Board

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	717
2003-05 Maintenance Level	620
Policy Changes 1. General Inflation	-4
Total 2003-05 Biennium	616

Comments:

The Freight Mobility Strategic Investment Board (FMSIB) was created in order to develop a comprehensive and coordinated state program that facilitates freight movement within the state to enhance the local, national, and international markets. FMSIB is responsible for reviewing, evaluating, and recommending projects that will enhance freight mobility within Washington State.

1. **General Inflation** - Funding for inflation is eliminated. Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Legislative Transportation Committee

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	3,596
2003-05 Maintenance Level	3,642
Policy Changes	
1. Performance Audits	1,600
2. Transfer House Transpo Staff	-2,868
Total 2003-05 Biennium	2,374

Comments:

The Legislative Transportation Committee (LTC) operates as a bipartisan, bicameral legislative agency. Through oversight and research, the LTC develops and recommends options concerning comprehensive and strategic transportation programs and policies.

- 1. **Performance Audits** Chapter 362, Laws of 2003 (SSB 5748), establishes the Performance Audit Board to conduct performance audits. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- Transfer House Transpo Staff The House Transportation Committee and its costs are transferred to the House of Representatives, which is funded in Chapter 25, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto (ESSB 5404 - Omnibus Operating Budget). (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Marine Employees' Commission

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

_	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	332
2003-05 Maintenance Level	354
Policy Changes 1. General Inflation	-2
Total 2003-05 Biennium	352

Comments:

In 1983, the Legislature established the Marine Employees' Commission to ensure that the operation of the Washington State Ferry system is not disrupted by labor disputes.

1. **General Inflation** - Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account-State)

Transportation Improvement Board Operating

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	3,103
2003-05 Maintenance Level	3,239
Policy Changes	
1. General Inflation	8
Total 2003-05 Biennium	3,231

Comments:

The Board is comprised of 21 members. The primary purpose of the Board is to administer grants for transportation projects that best address criteria established by the Board.

1. **General Inflation** - Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Transportation Improvement Account-State, Urban Arterial Trust Account-State)

Transportation Improvement Board Capital

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	236,078
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
1. 2003-05 Capital Program	197,416
Total 2003-05 Biennium	197,416

Comments:

The Transportation Improvement Board administers grant programs which includes the Transportation Partnership Program, Arterial Improvement Program, Small City Program, Urban Pedestrian Safety Mobility Program, and the City Hardship Assistance Program.

1. 2003-05 Capital Program -

Transportation Partnership Program - Provides transportation grant funding for cities with a population greater than 5,000, urban counties, and transportation benefit districts. Funds are distributed regionally with 40 percent going to the most significant projects in the state. Of the remaining funds, a minimum of 15 percent goes to each of the east and west regions and 30 percent to the Puget Sound region. Projects must be attributable to congestion caused by economic growth; consistent with state, regional, and local transportation plans; and partially funded by local government or private contributions. (Transportation Improvement Account-State)

Arterial Improvement Program - Provides grant funding, and the eligible agencies are counties with urban areas, cities, and towns within an urban area, and cities with a population of 5,000 or greater. Projects are distributed regionally based on roadway miles, population, and needs. The selected projects improve safety, geometrics of the roadway, traffic volume, and capacity, and potential accident reduction. Projects are eligible for reimbursement up to 80 percent. (Urban Arterial Trust Account-State)

Small City Program - Provides grants to small cities and towns with a population of less than 5,000. Grants awarded must preserve and improve the roadway system that is consistent with local needs. The main criteria for project selection are pavement condition, accident experience, and relationship to other local agency projects. The amount of funds distributed to a region is based on the population of cities under 5,000 within a region, when compared to the statewide population for cities with a population of 5,000 or less. Reimbursement varies with population. Cities with a population between 500 and 5,000 receive reimbursement for 90 percent of their costs. Cities with less than 500 can be reimbursed for the total cost of the project. (Urban Arterial Trust Account-State)

Pedestrian Safety Mobility Program - Provides grants to enhance and promote pedestrian mobility and safety. Projects must improve safety, provide pedestrian access, and address pedestrian access for both continuity and connectivity. Selection criteria include safety, pedestrian generators, convenience, public acceptance, and project cost. Urban pedestrian projects are reimbursed up to 80 percent and the maximum amount is \$150,000. (Urban Arterial Trust Account-State)

City Hardship Assistance Program - Provides funding to cities that receive highways when the highway is relocated or deleted from the state system. Eligible projects include any transferred state highway in a city with a population less than 20,000 that has extraordinary needs. Projects are selected based structural condition, accident experience, and relationship to other local agency projects. Cities are reimbursed for the total project cost. (Urban Arterial Trust Account-State)

Agency 228 C 360, L 03, PV, Sec 201

Washington Traffic Safety Commission

Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	8,813
2003-05 Maintenance Level	18,953
Policy Changes	
1. General Inflation	-56
2. School Zone Safety	1,555
3. DUI/Traffic Safety Task Forces	368
Total 2003-05 Biennium	20,820

Comments:

The Washington Traffic Safety Commission was established in response to the Highway Safety Act of 1966 in order to distribute federal funding. The Commission's primary goal is to reduce the number of deaths and serious injuries that result from traffic crashes.

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Highway Safety Account-State, Highway Safety Account-Federal, School Zone Safety Account-State)
- 2. School Zone Safety Established in 1996, the School Zone Safety Account provides for enforcement activities, community and school district projects, and educational programs to improve traffic safety in school zones throughout the state. Increased spending authority of \$1,555,000 is provided commensurate with projected revenues to the account and must be spent on specific School Safety Enhancement Projects. (School Zone Safety Account-State)
- 3. **DUI/Traffic Safety Task Forces** Additional funding is provided for driving under the influence (DUI)/Traffic Safety Task Forces. Increased funding of \$210,000 will allow the Commission to transfer five task forces, whose federal funding will cease, to being state funded. Funds may be expended only when federal funds expire for individual task forces. In addition, increased funding of \$158,000 will augment existing task force efforts, including increasing the hours for coordinators in areas that have demonstrated the need for more work. (Highway Safety Account-State)

Transportation Commission

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	773
2003-05 Maintenance Level	808
Policy Changes	
1. General Inflation	-3
2. Revolving Funds	2
Total 2003-05 Biennium	807

Comments:

The Transportation Commission serves as the board of directors of the Department of Transportation and, in coordination with public and private transportation agencies and organizations, proposes policies and funding mechanisms to promote an inter-modal and inter-connected transportation system throughout the State.

- General Inflation Funding for inflation is eliminated.
 Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their
 operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services,
 and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Motor
 Vehicle Account-State)
- 2. **Revolving Funds** Funding is provided for labor and industries rate increases. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Bond Retirement and Interest

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	307,628
2003 Supplemental *	-16,830
Total 2001-03 Biennium	290,798
2003-05 Maintenance Level	322,761
Policy Changes	
1. Debt Service for New Bond Sales	29,535
Total 2003-05 Biennium	352,296

Comments:

1. **Debt Service for New Bond Sales** - Amounts represent the principle and interest payments on existing and planned 2003-05 biennium bond sales along with the underwriter discounts and bond sale costs for the 2003-05 biennium.

<u>Planned 2003-05 Biennium Bond Sales, Sale Costs, and New Authorizations:</u>

- ~ \$45,000,000 in R49 bonds for Ferry Capital (Puget Capital Construction Account)
- ~ \$158,550,000 in R49 bonds for Highway Improvement and Preservation (Motor Vehicle Account)
- ~ \$23,955,000 in bonds for Transportation Improvement Projects (Transportation Improvement Account)
- ~ \$44,000,000 in bonds for Category C Projects (Special Cat C Account)
- ~ \$47,772,000 in bonds for capital funding for Public Transporation, Rail, Local Programs, and Ferries (Multimodal Transportation Account)
- $\sim \$567,\!000,\!000$ in R49 bonds for the Tacoma Narrows Bridge Reappropriation (Tacoma Narrows Bridge Account)
- ~ \$280,000,000 in bonds for Highway Improvements (Transportation 2003 Account Nickel Account)

Total New Bond Sales \$1,166,277,000 (includes future sales of \$567,000,000 in Tacoma Narrows Bridge Bonds)

Bond Issuance Costs:

- ~ Underwriters discounts are estimated at 0.75 percent of 1 percent
- ~ Bond sales costs are estimated at 0.25 percent of 1 percent

<u>Chapter 147, Laws of 2003 (ESB 6062) New Bond</u> Authorizations:

- ~ 18th Amendment Bonds \$2.6 Billion
- ~ Multimodal Bonds \$349 Million

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the transportation budget. The remainder of the Bond Retirement & Interest's budget is shown in the Omnibus Appropriations Act Section of this document.

* Please see the 2003 Supplemental Transportation Budget Section for additional information.

Department of Agriculture

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	305
2003-05 Maintenance Level	316
Policy Changes 1. General Inflation 2. Revolving Funds	-3 2
Total 2003-05 Biennium	315

Comments:

The Department of Agriculture administers the Motor Fuel Quality Program. This program, initiated in 1990 as a consumer protection effort, ensures fuel quality by verifying it meets posted octane ratings and accuracy of commercial measuring devices, such as gas pumps.

- 1. **General Inflation** Agencies are required to find sufficient efficiencies in their operations to cover the cost of inflation in the goods, services, and supplies needed for performance of their mission. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 2. **Revolving Funds** Funding levels for services provided by other state agencies, such as the Office of the Attorney General, are adjusted to reflect what those agencies are expected to bill for their services. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the transportation budget. The remainder of the Department of Agriculture's budget is shown in the Omnibus Appropriations Act Section of this document.

Agency 465 C 360, L 03, PV, Sec 105

State Parks and Recreation Commission - Capital

Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	763
2003-05 Maintenance Level	150
Total 2003-05 Biennium	150

Comments:

Funding is a reappropriation for the Beacon Rock State Park Entrance and access road from State Highway 14.

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the transportation budget. The remainder of the State Parks & Recreation Commission's budget is shown in the Omnibus Appropriations Act Section of this document.

State Employee Compensation Adjustments

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	0
2003-05 Maintenance Level	0
Policy Changes	
1. Pension Rate Change (PUC)	4,855
Total 2003-05 Biennium	-4,855

Comments:

1. **Pension Rate Change (PUC)** - A new actuarial method for smoothing returns on assets is adopted for public employees' retirement systems. The method varies the length of smoothing of a particular year's gain or loss depending on the difference from the actuarially assumed rate of investment return.

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the transportation budget. The remainder of the State Employee Compensation Adjustments's budget is shown in the Omnibus Appropriations Act Section of this document.

Agency 465 C 360, L 03, PV, Sec 103

State Parks and Recreation Commission - Operating

Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	819
2003-05 Maintenance Level	822
Total 2003-05 Biennium	822

Comments:

The transportation budget provides funding for snow plowing on Mt. Spokane, sand clearing from ocean beach approach roads, and ditch clearing and pothole filling around the park system. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the transportation budget. The remainder of the State Parks & Recreation Commission's budget is shown in the Omnibus Appropriations Act Section of this document.

Utilities and Transportation Commission

Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	Enacted
2001-03 Expenditure Authority	126
2003-05 Maintenance Level	126
Policy Changes 1. HB 1352	167
Total 2003-05 Biennium	293

Comments:

The Utilities and Transportation Commission (UTC) administers the Grade Crossing Protective Account. UTC works with local governments and railroads to install and upgrade signals and warning devices at railroad crossings.

1. **HB 1352** - Chapter 190, Laws of 2003 (HB 1352), will broaden the purpose of the Grade Crossing Protective Account to be used for any rail safety project. The bill also eliminates the matching requirement for local governments on projects less than \$20,000. These rail safety projects will be designed to reduce deaths and injuries from the interaction of the public with rail traffic. (Grade Crossing Protective Account-State)

NOTE: Amounts shown here reflect only the transportation budget. The remainder of the Utilities and Transportation Commission's budget is shown in the Omnibus Appropriations Act Section of this document.

2003 Supplemental Transportation Budget Operating and Capital

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2001-03 Washington State Transportation Budget TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL BUDGET Total Appropriated Funds (Dollars in Thousands)

	2001-03 Approp Auth	2003 Supplemental	Revised 2001-03
Department of Transportation	3,395,705	5,956	3,401,661
Pgm D - Hwy Mgmt & Facilities	64,090	-675	63,415
Pgm F - Aviation	5,509	-382	5,127
Pgm I1 - Improvements - Mobility	444,862	-551	444,311
Pgm I2 - Improvements - Safety	146,326	0	146,326
Pgm I3 - Improvements - Econ Init	125,367	0	125,367
Pgm I4 - Improvements - Env Retro	23,071	0	23,071
Pgm I7 - Tacoma Narrows Br	846,255	0	846,255
Pgm K - Transpo Economic Part	2,848	0	2,848
Pgm M - Highway Maintenance	279,959	0	279,959
Pgm P1 - Preservation - Roadway	276,165	0	276,165
Pgm P2 - Preservation - Structures	162,393	0	162,393
Pgm P3 - Preservation - Other Facil	119,102	0	119,102
Pgm Q - Traffic Operations	56,229	0	56,229
Pgm S - Transportation Management	107,374	0	107,374
Pgm T - Transpo Plan, Data & Resch	33,283	0	33,283
Pgm U - Charges from Other Agys	42,829	5,626	48,455
Pgm V - Public Transportation	14,239	0	14,239
Pgm W - WA State Ferries-Cap	177,362	0	177,362
Pgm X - WA State Ferries-Op	311,312	1,938	313,250
Pgm Y - Rail	54,441	0	54,441
Pgm Z - Local Programs	102,689	0	102,689
Washington State Patrol	257,010	-359	256,651
Field Operations Bureau	171,594	-41	171,553
Investigative Services Bureau	5,088	0	5,088
Support Services Bureau	77,718	-318	77,400
Capital	2,610	0	2,610
Department of Licensing	170,818	911	171,729
Management & Support Services	12,524	54	12,578
Information Systems	9,723	41	9,764
Vehicle Services	63,035	288	63,323
Driver Services	85,536	528	86,064
Legislative Transportation Comm	3,596	0	3,596
LEAP Committee	488	0	488
Office of the State Auditor	126	0	126
Board of Pilotage Commissioners	305	0	305
Utilities and Transportation Comm	126	0	126
WA Traffic Safety Commission	8,813	0	8,813
County Road Administration Board	89,341	0	89,341
Transportation Improvement Board	239,181	0	239,181
Marine Employees' Commission	332	0	332
Transportation Commission	773	0	773
Freight Mobility Strategic Invest	717	0	717
State Parks and Recreation Comm Department of Agriculture	1,582 305	$0 \\ 0$	1,582 305
Total Appropriation	4,169,218	6,508	4,175,726
Bond Retirement and Interest	307,628	-16,830	290,798
Total	4,476,846	-10,322	4,466,524

2003 Washington State Supplemental Transportation Budget Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163) Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

MAJOR COMPONENTS BY AGENCY Operating and Capital

Total	-10,322
Other Transportation	-16,830
Department of Licensing	911
Washington State Patrol	-359
Department of Transportation	5,956

2001-03 Washington State Transportation Budget 2003 Supplemental Budget Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163)

Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

D 4 4 4	Operating	Capital	Total
Department of Transportation			
Program D - Plant Construction & Supervision	0	226	226
 Sand Shed Funding Spokane Street Maintenance Facility 	$0 \\ 0$	-236 -439	-236 -439
Total		-675	-675
Program F - Aviation	•		
3. Fund Balance Adjustment	-382	0	-382
Program I1 - Improvements - Mobility	302	v	302
4. Program Support Savings	0	-551	-551
	O	-331	-331
Program U - Charges from Other Agencies	5.606	0	5.606
5. WSF Tort Liability and Settlement	5,626	0	5,626
Program W - Washington State Ferries - Capital			
6. Fed-State Appropriation Switch	0	0	0
Program X - Washington State Ferries - Operating			
7. WSF Fuel Adjustment	638	0	638
8. Insurance Premium Increase	1,300		1,300
Total	1,938	0	1,938
Washington State Patrol			
Field Operations Bureau			
9. Federal Spending Authority	379	0	379
10. Aviation Insurance	18	0	18
11. Budget Reduction			-438
Total	-41	0	-41
Support Services Bureau			
12. Recover Revolving Fund Reduction	56	0	56
13. Emergency Dispatching	63	0	63
14. Budget Reduction Total	-437 -318	0 -	-437 -318
	-310	U	-316
Department of Licensing			
Management and Support Services			
15. Lease Rate Adjustments	35	0	35
16. Other Maintenance Adjustments		0 -	19
Total	54	0	54
Information Systems			
17. Lease Rate Adjustments	34	0	34
18. Other Maintenance Adjustments			7
Total	41	0	41

2001-03 Washington State Transportation Budget

2003 Supplemental Budget

Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163)

Total Appropriated Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)

		Operating	Capital	Total
Vehicle	Services			
19.	Postage Rate Adjustments	182	0	182
20.	Other Maintenance Adjustments	106	0	106
	Total	288	0	288
Driver S	Services			
21.	CDLIS	36	0	36
22.	Lease Rate Adjustments	5	0	5
23.	Other Maintenance Adjustments	487	0	487
	Total	528	0	528
Bond Ret	irement and Interest			
24.	Supplemental 2003	-16,830	0	-16,830
	Total 2003 Supplemental	-9,096	-1,226	-10,322

Comments:

Department of Transportation

Program D - Plant Construction & Supervision

- 1. SAND SHED FUNDING Installing sand sheds statewide is deferred to future biennia when funding is available. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)
- 2. SPOKANE STREET MAINTENANCE FACILITY The design and construction phases of the Spokane Street Maintenance Facility are deferred until future biennia when funding is available. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Program F - Aviation

3. FUND BALANCE ADJUSTMENT - The appropriation for the Aviation Division is reduced by \$382,000 for anticipated appropriation under-runs. (Aeronautics Account-State)

Program I1 - Improvements - Mobility

4. PROGRAM SUPPORT SAVINGS - Funding is reduced for direct project support. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Program U - Charges from Other Agencies

5. WSF TORT LIABILITY AND SETTLEMENT - Funding is provided to align the Washington State Ferries (WSF) tort liability funding for indemnity and tort defense with biennium-to-date spending and actuarial supported projections. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Program W - Washington State Ferries - Capital

6. FED-STATE APPROPRIATION SWITCH - Funding is realigned to reflect anticipated level of federal funds. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Motor Vehicle Account-Federal)

Program X - Washington State Ferries - Operating

- 7. WSF FUEL ADJUSTMENT Funding is provided for additional fuel costs due to higher rates than initially budgeted. (Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account-State)
- 8. INSURANCE PREMIUM INCREASE Funding is provided for an insurance premium increase of \$1.3 million as negotiated with the Willis Corporation for FY 2003. Premiums are based on recent claims and existing insurance market conditions. (Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account-State)

2001-03 Washington State Transportation Budget 2003 Supplemental Budget

Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163)

Washington State Patrol

Field Operations Bureau

- 9. FEDERAL SPENDING AUTHORITY The Washington State Patrol (WSP) is provided additional federal and private/local appropriation authority in order to fully expend grant funds awarded to the Agency. (General Fund-Federal and various other funds)
- 10. AVIATION INSURANCE WSP's Aviation Section currently operates a fleet of six traffic control aircraft valued at one million dollars. During FY 2002, the cost of insurance premiums for these aircraft increased 45 percent over previous estimates. Funds are provided for the ongoing aviation insurance premium increase for the six traffic control aircraft. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)
- 11. BUDGET REDUCTION The agency will find sufficient efficiencies to reduce operating costs without affecting trooper staffing levels. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)

Support Services Bureau

- 12. RECOVER REVOLVING FUND REDUCTION The enacted 2002 Supplemental Budget contained a \$135,000 reduction to the State Patrol's revolving account allocation based on expected decreases in the cost of some services provided by other state agencies. The actual cost reduction, however, was only \$79,400. The additional \$55,600 in funding is restored to the Agency's revolving fund allocation to match the actual reduction. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)
- 13. EMERGENCY DISPATCHING WSP Communications Division operates a 24-hour-a-day, 365-day-a-year statewide emergency communications system, which includes eight centers. The Division provides emergency dispatch services for mobile units of the WSP, along with the Department of Fish and Wildlife, Liquor Control Board, Department of Transportation, State Parks and Recreation Commission, and other state and federal agencies on a reimbursement basis. Funding is provided for increased communications costs associated with 911 telephone services and computer-aided dispatch mapping. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)
- 14. BUDGET REDUCTION The agency will find sufficient efficiencies to reduce operating costs without affecting trooper staffing levels. (State Patrol Highway Account-State)

Department of Licensing

Management and Support Services

- 15. LEASE RATE ADJUSTMENTS Additional appropriation authority is provided to cover the increased lease costs at the Olympia Black Lake offices. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Highway Safety Account-State)
- 16. OTHER MAINTENANCE ADJUSTMENTS Additional spending authority is provided to cover the Agency's unanticipated over-expenditure of Attorney General legal services. In addition, the Driver Services Division requires increased expenditure authority to implement legislation which gave the Department of Licensing (DOL) full responsibility to regulate commercial driving schools. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Highway Safety Account-State)

Information Systems

- LEASE RATE ADJUSTMENTS Additional appropriation authority is provided to cover the increased lease costs at the Olympia Black Lake offices. (Motor Vehicle Account-State, Highway Safety Account-State, DOL Services Account-State)
- 18. OTHER MAINTENANCE ADJUSTMENTS The Driver Services Division requires increased expenditure authority to implement legislation which gave DOL full responsibility to regulate commercial driving schools. (Highway Safety Account-State)

Vehicle Services

19. POSTAGE RATE ADJUSTMENTS - Funding is needed to cover the cost of the United States postal rate increase that was implemented in July 2002. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

2001-03 Washington State Transportation Budget 2003 Supplemental Budget

Chapter 360, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (ESHB 1163)

Vehicle Services (continued)

20. OTHER MAINTENANCE ADJUSTMENTS - Additional spending authority is provided to cover the Agency's unanticipated over-expenditure of Attorney General legal services. In addition, the Driver Services Division requires increased expenditure authority to implement legislation which gave DOL full responsibility to regulate commercial driving schools. (Motor Vehicle Account-State)

Driver Services

- 21. CDLIS Funding is provided by the federal government to support a DOL employee to work in Washington DC on the Commercial Driver's License Information System (CDLIS). CDLIS enables DOL to exchange information with other states about the driving records of commercial motor vehicle operators. (Highway Safety Account-Federal)
- 22. LEASE RATE ADJUSTMENTS Additional appropriation authority is provided to cover the increased lease costs at the Olympia Black Lake offices. (Highway Safety Account-State)
- 23. OTHER MAINTENANCE ADJUSTMENTS Additional spending authority is provided to cover the Agency's unanticipated over-expenditure of Attorney General legal services. In addition, the Driver Services Division requires increased expenditure authority to implement legislation which gave DOL full responsibility to regulate commercial driving schools. (Highway Safety Account-State)

2003-05 Capital Budget Omnibus Capital Only

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2003-05 Capital Budget Highlights

In developing the 2003-05 capital budget, the 2003 Legislature was faced with a choice to either build a budget within the current statutory debt limit or to expand that limit to meet additional capital needs of the state. Because of weak revenue growth, the statutory debt limit would have allowed for a relatively small capital budget (compared to prior biennia). In addition, former Governors Booth Gardner and Dan Evans proposed a large increase in borrowing for higher education capital spending along with a proposal to increase the debt limit.

The Legislature responded to this situation by passing four major capital budget-related bills: the capital budget itself, Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., (SSB 5401); a typical "bond bill", Chapter 3, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., (ESHB 1288); a special higher education bond bill, Chapter 18, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., (ESSB 5908); and finally, a bill to amend the statutory debt limit, Chapter 9, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., (HB 2242).

Appropriations in the capital budget totaled \$2.6 billion, \$1.3 billion from a variety of revenue sources and \$1.3 billion from the issuance of state bonds. Additionally, \$1.8 billion was reappropriated for projects from prior biennia. The \$1.3 billion of spending from non-bond sources includes \$284 million for K-12 construction and \$261 million for public works assistance.

Bond Bills

The regular bond bill (ESHB 1288) authorized issuance of \$1.2 billion in general obligation bonds to be repaid over 25 years by the state general fund. The "Gardner/Evans" bond bill (ESSB 5908) authorized an additional \$750 million of general obligation bonds over a period of about six years. Only \$170 million of this amount was appropriated in this budget, leaving \$580 million to be appropriated for higher education projects in future capital budgets.

Debt Limit Issues

The state has both a 7 percent statutory and a 9 percent constitutional debt limit. The size of any capital budget is generally restricted by the statutory 7 percent debt limit. However, because of numerous amendments and exceptions to the statutory limit in recent years, there is now a smaller difference than might first appear. During the 2003 session, the Legislature passed a new amendment to the statutory debt limit that adds the state property tax into the definition of general state revenues. This effectively now makes the 7 percent and 9 percent limits equivalent. By increasing the statutory debt limit, the Legislature was able to appropriate an additional \$350 million in the 2003-05 capital budget. An unofficial "working limit" of 8.5 percent was established to avoid the possibility of exceeding the constitutional limit should interest rate or revenue projections turn out to be incorrect and to leave room to address emergencies or unforeseen circumstances.

Higher Education

Higher Education was provided a total of \$759 million, of which \$581 million was state bonds. As mentioned above, \$170 million in Gardner-Evans bonds are appropriated for a variety of new facilities and preservation/renovation of existing facilities. The Legislature chose to place a special emphasis on preserving existing buildings on the various college campuses. For this reason, two new categories of spending were created: *Preventive Maintenance* (Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs) and *Backlog Reduction* (Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction).

The \$52 million for *Preventive Maintenance* is intended to maintain state-owned university facilities housing educational and general programs of the institution for current occupants and extend the useful life of the buildings. Institutions are to proactively address day-to-day needs of campus facilities, giving attention to those buildings in better relative condition or used intensely so as to mitigate future years' demand on the state for significant capital investments. *Preventive Maintenance* funds are not intended to fund utilities, security, janitorial services, or grounds keeping. This item replaces a general fund reduction in the 2003-05 Operating Budget base that historically has been used for these purposes.

Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction funding is provided to undertake a locally-prioritized list of deferred facility preservation projects that principally focuses on building systems and structural and code-related deficiencies, to improve the condition of state-owned university facilities functioning poorly for housing current programs and occupants.

Public School Construction

The sum of \$397.8 million was appropriated as matching funds to construct and renovate buildings for the state public school system. This amount includes \$32.8 million to increase the per square foot area cost allowance to \$125.32 in FY 2004 and \$129.80 in FY 2005, compared to \$110.32 currently.

The Common School Construction Fund receives revenue from a variety of sources. The following revenue streams are expected to be deposited into the fund to support the 2003-05 appropriation: \$96.4 million from timber trust revenues; \$44 million of state bonds is provided through the Trust Land Transfer Program; \$27 million from Education Savings Account transfers that are derived from state agency under-expenditures; \$21.2 million from interest earnings, federal funds and other transfers; and \$67.4 million from the Education Construction Account.

In addition, a total of \$2 million in state bonds was appropriated to complete the construction of the Port Angeles North Olympic Skills Center. A total of \$4.8 million is provided from state bonds for grants to school districts for security upgrades and the implementation of school mapping technologies in the Criminal Justice Training Commissions' budget. Also, \$1.5 million is provided for a sustainable building practices pilot project.

Human Services

A total of \$252 million was appropriated to the various Human Services agencies. Funding is provided for expansions and remodels of institutions at the Department of Corrections in response to an increased inmate population and the need for additional maximum-security beds. The sum of \$133.9 million is provided for a new North Security Complex at the Washington State Penitentiary (WSP) in Walla Walla that will provide 768 close custody beds and 100 intensive management unit beds. In addition, \$17.8 million is provided to remodel 324 medium custody beds at the WSP to close custody, and \$18.7 million is provided for a new 100-bed intensive management unit at the Monroe Correctional Complex. Also, \$500,000 is provided for a comprehensive master plan of the entire correctional system. The Department of Social and Health Services is provided \$44 million to improve facilities for juvenile rehabilitation, mental health facilities, the Special Commitment Center, and other facilities. The sum of \$6.2 million is provided for the consolidation of Residential Habilitation Centers and the downsizing of Fircrest School. To improve security and address suicide risks, \$5.5 million is provided for the first phase of renovation of cottages at Echo Glen Children's Center.

Salmon Recovery and Water

The Legislature continued efforts to restore salmon populations to healthy, harvestable levels by investing in salmon recovery programs, water quality, and water quantity programs and projects. The capital budget provides \$255 million for salmon and water programs.

Funding for salmon recovery includes: \$46 million for grants for salmon restoration projects and activities; \$23.9 million for hatchery management and reform; \$1 million for fish screens; and \$5 million to purchase riparian easements from timber land owners to mitigate the economic impact of forest practices rules and to remove fish blockages on family-owned forests.

Capital funding for water resources and water quality includes: \$14.6 million for water supply facilities and grants for irrigation efficiencies; \$3 million to purchase and lease water rights; \$49.5 million for water quality grants through the State Conservation Commission and the Centennial Clean Water Fund; and \$111 million for low-interest loans to local governments for water pollution control facilities.

Habitat and Recreation

Over \$144 million is provided to improve public access to recreation and preserve open space and habitat. Through the Washington Wildlife and Recreation Program, \$45 million is provided for habitat and recreation projects. With the Trust Land Transfer Program, \$55 million is provided to purchase unharvestable timber lands from the school trust and transfer those lands to recreation and habitat status. Through the Aquatic Lands Enhancement Grant Program, \$5.4 million of revenues from state tidelands and bedlands is provided for water access and habitat protection projects. Through the Forest Legacy Program and the Land and Water Conservation Fund, \$11.7 million in federal funds is provided to acquire and protect high quality habitat. Recreation on non-highway roads and trails is supported by \$6.2 million in Non-Highway and Off-Road Vehicle Program Account funding. The State Parks and Recreation Commission is provided \$21 million in state, federal, and local authority to preserve and improve the state park system.

Projects Funded By Alternative Financing Contracts

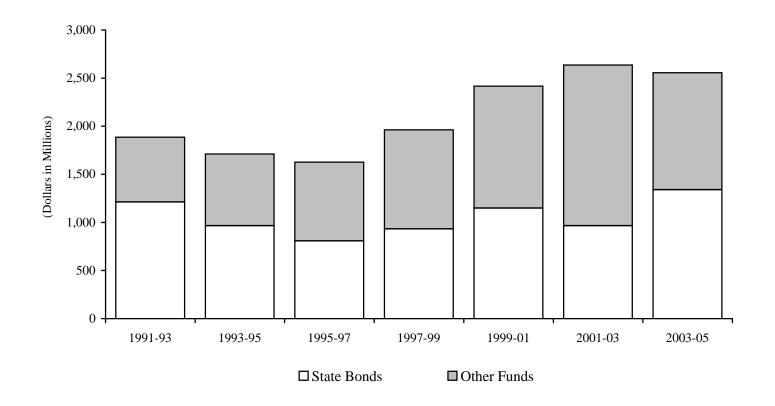
In addition to regular appropriations for capital projects, the budget authorizes state agencies to enter into financing contracts for the acquisition of land and facilities. There are 13 such projects.

Relationship Between the Capital and Operating Budgets

Given the current economic climate, the Legislature heightened its review of potential future operating budget impacts of capital projects and the impacts that policy and operating budget decisions have on future capital spending requests. State agencies are required to identify likely future operating budget impacts of capital projects. These operating costs include staffing, equipment, and maintenance. The estimates of these impacts provide the basis for predicting what future operating budget requests will be and whether the operating budget can support the capital project in the future. However, there is a significant variance in the quality of these estimates. Some agencies, particularly some natural resource agencies, have improved the forecasting of these operating impacts, and efforts are underway to better coordinate operating and capital costs in higher education and for other agencies. While not necessarily agreeing on the agencies' estimates of future operating impacts, the Legislature acknowledges the agencies' identification of potential costs to operate the facility or project and will continue its efforts to better coordinate these budget impacts in project and budget decisions.

Total Appropriations in the Capital Budget 14-Year History

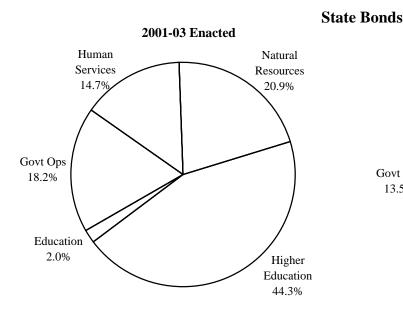
(Dollars in Millions)

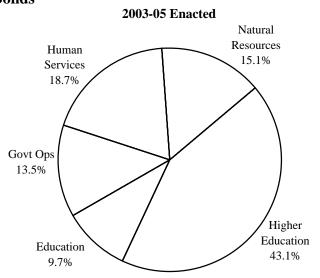


	State Bonds	Other Funds	Total
991-93	1,213	672	1,885
993-95	967	745	1,712
1995-97	809	818	1,627
997-99	933	1,030	1,963
999-01	1,149	1,267	2,416
2001-03	965	1,671	2,636
2003-05	1,349	1,215	2,564

Capital Budget Comparision

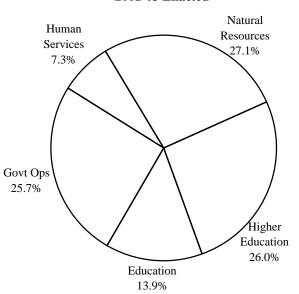
2001-03 Enacted vs. 2003-05 Enacted





Total New Appropriations

2001-03 Enacted



Human Natural Resources 12.5% 21.0% Govt Ops 20.8% Higher Education 29.6%

2003-05 Enacted

2001-03 Enacted		2003-05 Enacted	
C4a4a Danda	No A	Ctata Dan Ja	NI.

_	State Bonds	New Approps	State Bonds	New Approps
Governmental Operations	175,302,802	676,827,730	181,521,953	532,689,953
Human Services	141,548,866	193,211,041	251,828,330	320,146,030
Natural Resources	201,365,044	713,509,354	204,083,604	537,617,983
Higher Education	427,729,091	686,373,752	580,933,171	759,436,197
Education	19,423,182	366,276,250	130,788,200	414,545,103
Total	965,368,985	2,636,198,127	1,349,155,258	2,564,435,266

New Appropriations Project List

	State Bonds	Total	
NEW PROJECTS			
NEW PROJECTS			
Governmental Operations			
Jt Leg Audit & Review Committee			
Capital Budget Studies	500,000	500,000	
Public Disclosure Commission			
Infrastructure Security/Disaster Recovery Systems	270,172	270,172	
	270,172	270,172	
Office of the Secretary of State			
Deferred Maintenance Reduction Backlog Projects: Regional Archive	100,000	100,000	
Office of the State Auditor			
Moving and Equipment Costs	0	100,000	v
Dept Community, Trade, Econ Dev			
Bellevue Open Space Enhancement	750,000	750,000	
Bremerton Waterfront Project	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Building for the Arts	4,500,000	4,500,000	
Cancer Research Facility Grant	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Chewelah Peak Environmental Learning Center	1,500,000	1,500,000	
City of Woodland Infrastructure Development	300,000	300,000	
Coastal Erosion Grants	750,000	750,000	
Community Economic Revitalization Board (CERB)	0	11,491,000	
Community Services Facilities Program	5,931,280	5,931,280	
Drinking Water Assistance Account	4,000,000	12,500,000	
Drinking Water-State Revolving Fund-Auth to Use Loan Repayments	0	11,200,000	
Fox Theater Project	1,500,000	1,500,000	
Greenbank Farm	1,500,000	1,500,000	
Highline School District Aircraft Noise Mitigation	10,000,000	10,000,000	
Housing Assistance, Weatherization, and Affordable Housing	80,000,000	80,000,000	
Japanese American Memorial Lewis and Clark Confluence Project	1,500,000 3,000,000	1,500,000 3,000,000	
Local/Community Projects	12,197,500	12,197,500	
McCaw Opera House	1,500,000	1,500,000	
PBS Digital Upgrade	700,000	700,000	
Pine Lake Park Phase II	600,000	600,000	
Public Works Trust Fund	0	261,200,000	
Rural Washington Loan Fund (RWLF)	0	3,481,000	
Seattle Heart Alliance (at Swedish Hospital)	4,000,000	4,000,000	
Seventh Street Theatre	100,000	100,000	
State Games	200,000	200,000	
West Central Community Center	500,000	500,000	
William Factory Business Incubator	560,000	560,000	
Wing Luke Asian Art Museum	1,500,000	1,500,000	
Yakima Ballfields	350,000	350,000	
Total	139,438,780	435,310,780	

New Appropriations Project List

	State Bonds	Total
Office of Financial Management		
Office of Financial Management Capital Monitoring	150,000	150,000
	150,000	130,000
Dept of General Administration		
Cherberg Building Predesign	0	600,000
Emergency Repairs	300,000	1,600,000
Engineering & Architectural Services	6,009,000	9,586,000
Heritage Park	0	500,000 v
Historic Buildings - Exteriors Preservation	1,475,000	1,475,000
Legislative Building Security	0	1,179,000
Legislative Building Space Use Change	1,570,000	1,570,000
Legislative Building: Rehabilitation and Capital Addition	0	2,300,000
Minor Works - Facility Preservation: Statewide	0	5,545,000
Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation: Capitol Campus	0	2,100,000
State Capitol Master Plan Update		200,000
Total	9,354,000	26,655,000
Military Department		
Communication Security-Emergency Management Division-Bldg No. 20	0	1,000,000
Energy Management Control Systems	365,000	365,000
Infrastructure Savings	1	1
Minor Works - Preservation	1,113,000	1,113,000
Minor Works to Support Federal Construction Projects	2,798,000	13,948,000
Orting School District Safety Bridge Study	250,000	250,000
Spokane Readiness Center	4,768,000	13,568,000
Total	9,294,001	30,244,001
State Convention and Trade Center	>, <u>=</u> > .,oo1	20,211,001
	0	2.045.000
WSCTC Omnibus Minor Works	0	2,045,000
Total Governmental Operations	159,106,953	495,374,953
Human Services		
Criminal Justice Training Comm		
School Mapping & Security	4,800,000	4,800,000
	.,000,000	.,000,000
Dept of Social and Health Services	1 000 000	1 000 000
Child Study & Treatment Center-Cottages: Modifications, Phase 3	1,800,000	1,800,000
DSHS: Capital Project Management	0	2,000,000
Echo Glen Children's Center-Eleven Cottages: Renovation	5,490,000	5,490,000
Echo Glen Children's Center-Site: Infrastructure Improvements	0	925,000
Infrastructure Savings	200,000	200.000
JRA Master Planning Updates	200,000	200,000
Juvenile Rehabilitation-Acute Mental Health Unit: New Facility	200,000	200,000
Maple Lane School-Steam Plant and Tunnels: Upgrade	2,650,000	2,650,000
Minor Works - Facility Preservation Minor Works - Health Sofety and Code Requirements	4,000,000	4,000,000
Minor Works - Health, Safety and Code Requirements Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation	1,500,000	1,500,000
Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation	1,500,000	1,500,000
Minor Works - Program: Mental Health	750,000	750,000
Rainier School: Wastewater Treatment (Buckley) Residential Habilitation Centers Consolidation	2,000,000	250,000
Residential Habilitation Centers Consolidation	۷,000,000	6,000,000

New Appropriations Project List

	State Bonds	Total
Dept of Social and Health Services (continued)		
Special Commitment Center-Regional SCTF: New 12-Bed Facility	3,000,000	3,000,000
Special Commitment Center-Secure Facility: Construction, Phase 3	11,158,212	11,158,212
Statewide - Emergency Repairs	750,000	750,000
Statewide - Hazards Abatement and Demolition	250,000	250,000
Statewide: Facilities Condition Assessment & Preservation Plan	0	100,000
Western State Hospital: Legal Offender Unit	1,000,000	1,000,000
Total	36,248,213	43,523,213
Department of Health		
Drinking Water Assistance Program	0	28,122,000
Department of Veterans' Affairs		
Emergency Repairs	0	300,000
Historic District Management Plan	0	40,000
Infrastructure Savings	1	1
Minor Works - Facility Preservation: Orting	750,000	750,000
Retsil: 240 Bed Nursing Facility	12,000,000	42,980,700
Total	12,750,001	44,070,701
Department of Corrections		
Emergency Repairs	0	1,600,000
Infrastructure Savings	1	1
Master Planning	500,000	500,000
MCC: 100-Bed Management & Segregation Unit	18,674,031	18,674,031
MICC: Replace Submarine Electric Power Cable	4,902,000	4,902,000
Minor Works - Facility Preservation	4,000,000	4,000,000
Minor Works - Health, Safety and Code	4,000,000	4,000,000
Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation	4,000,000	4,000,000
WCC: Regional Infrastructure	4,650,000	4,650,000
WSP: Convert BAR Units from Medium to Close Custody	17,809,202	17,809,202
WSP: North Close Security Compound	133,940,000	133,940,000
WSP: Replace Electrical Supply System	4,242,715	4,242,715
WSP: Replace Sanitary/Domestic Water Lines	1,312,167	1,312,167
Total	198,030,116	199,630,116
Total Human Services	<u>251,828,330</u>	320,146,030
Natural Resources		
Department of Ecology		
Centennial Clean Water Program	30,452,000	46,400,000
Columbia Basin Ground Water Management	0	500,000
Local Toxics Grants to Locals for Cleanup and Prevention	0	45,000,000 pv
Low-Level Nuclear Waste Disposal Trench Site Investigation	0	1,141,415
Padilla Bay Expansion	568,804	2,986,000
Twin Lake Aquifer Recharge Project	750,000	750,000
Water Irrigation Efficiencies	1,000,000	1,000,000
Water Pollution Control Program	0	111,129,999
Water Rights Purchase/Lease	0	3,000,000
Water Supply Facilities Program	13,650,000	13,650,000
Total	46,420,804	225,557,414

New Appropriations Project List

	State Bonds	Total
State Parks and Recreation Comm		
Beacon Rock Pierce Trust	0	50,000
Deception Pass State Park Renovation	250,000	250,000
Emergency Repairs	500,000	500,000
Facility Assessment	0	150,000
Fort Canby Improvements	750,000	750,000
Fort Worden	1,000,000	1,000,000
Historic Stewardship	1,000,000	1,000,000
Iron Horse Trail	262,500	262,50
Lewis & Clark Trail Bicentennial	3,337,000	3,337,00
Major Park Renovation-Cama Beach	0	200,00
Minor Works - Facility Preservation	1,837,500	7,737,50
Park Housing	1,000,000	1,000,00
Parkland Acquisition	0	1,000,00
Recreation Development	2,900,000	2,900,00
Statewide Boat Pumpout - Federal Clean Vessel Act	0	1,000,00
Total	12,837,000	21,137,000
Interagency Comm for Outdoor Rec		
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Grants	0	5,356,40
Boating Facilities Program (BFP)	0	7,506,95
Boating Infrastructure Grant Program (BIG)	0	2,000,00
Family Forest Fish Blockages Program	2,000,000	2,000,00
Firearms and Archery Range Recreation Program (FARR)	0	150,00
Hatchery Management Program	0	10,000,00
Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF)	0	5,735,00
National Recreation Trails Program (NRTP)	0	2,260,00
Nonhighway and Off-Road Vehicle Activities Program (NOVA)	0	6,226,31
Salmon Recovery Fund Board Programs (SRFB)	12,000,000	46,375,00
Washington Wildlife and Recreation Program (WWRP)	45,000,000	45,000,00
Total	59,000,000	132,609,66
State Conservation Commission		
Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program	2,000,000	2,000,00
Dairy Nutrient Management Grants Program	0	1,600,00
Puget Sound District Grants	0	840,00
Skykomish Flood Mitigation Project	181,000	181,00
Water Quality Grants Program	3,500,000	3,500,00
Total	5,681,000	8,121,000
Dept of Fish and Wildlife		
Deschutes Hatchery	350,000	350,00
Facility, Infrastructure, Lands, and Access Condition Improvement	3,875,000	4,475,00
Fish & Wildlife Opportunity Improvements	0	2,050,00
Fish and Wildlife Population and Habitat Protection	2,400,000	10,430,00
Fish Screens	1,000,000	1,000,00
Hatchery Reform, Retrofits, and Condition Improvement	7,700,000	13,900,00
Internal and External Partnership Improvements	0	6,500,00
Region 1 Office - Spokane	3,900,000	3,900,00
WDFW Energy Savings	500,000	500,00
Wind Power Mitigation	500,000	500,00

New Appropriations Project List

	State Bonds	Total
Dept of Fish and Wildlife (continued)		
Youth Sportfishing Program	0	250,000
Total	20,225,000	43,855,000
Department of Natural Resources		
Agricultural Asset Preservation	0	100,000
Commercial Development/Local Improvement Districts	0	100,000
Communication Site Repairs	0	200,000
Community and Technical College Trust Land Acquisition	0	96,000
Digitize Geology Library Collections	900,000	900,000
Forest Legacy	0	6,000,000
Hazardous Waste Removal	0	50,000
Land Bank	0	5,000,000
Marine Station Public Access	0	100,000
Minor Works - Facility Preservation	150,000	813,800
Minor Works - Health, Safety, & Code	0	394,400
Mobile Radio System Upgrade	1,659,800	2,273,700
Natural Area Facilities Preservation	185,000	185,000
Natural Resource Real Property Replacement	0	20,000,000
Real Estate Repair, Maintenance, and Tenant Improvements	0	1,200,000
Recreation Facilities Preservation	225,000	225,000
Right-of-Way Acquisition	0	500,000
Riparian Open Space Program	1,000,000	2,500,000
Small Timber Landowner Program	2,000,000	2,000,000
Statewide Estuarine Restoration Projects	2,000,000	200,000
Trust Land Transfer Program	55,000,000	66,000,000
Wetland Grants	0	500,000
Total	61,119,800	109,337,900
Department of Agriculture		
Fair Improvements	200,000	200,000
Total Natural Resources	205,483,604	540,817,983
Transportation		
Vashington State Patrol		
Minor Works - Facility Preservation: Fire Training Academy	250,000	250,000
Seattle Toxicology Lab	800,000	800,000
Spokane Crime Laboratory Construction	11,365,000	11,365,000
Vancouver Crime Lab - Design / Construction	10,000,000	10,000,000
Total	22,415,000	22,415,000
Department of Transportation		
Port of Everett Satellite Barge Facility	0	15,500,000
Total Transportation	22,415,000	37,915,000
A OWN A A MINDPOL MINDE		37,512,000

New Appropriations Project List

	State Bonds	Total	
Higher Education			
University of Washington			
Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction	28,600,000	28,600,000	
Infrastructure Savings	1	1	
Minor Works - Program	6,500,000	10,500,000	
Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs	0	20,108,000	
UW Campus Communications Infrastructure	5,000,000	5,000,000	
UW Emergency Power Expansion - Phase II	3,500,000	5,948,000	
UW Johnson Hall Renovation	37,503,000	53,055,000	
Total	81,103,001	123,211,001	
Washington State University			
Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction	37,235,000	42,000,000	
Infrastructure Savings	1	1	
Omnibus Equipment and Program Improvements	0	4,380,000	
Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs	0	7,876,000	
WSU ICN Spokane - Nursing Building at Riverpoint: New Facility	3,000,000	3,000,000	
WSU Prosser - Multipurpose Building: New Facility	1,500,000	1,500,000	
WSU Pullman - Biotechnology/Life Sciences 1	2 202 202	4,500,000	
WSU Pullman - Campus Infrastructure	3,000,000	3,000,000	
WSU Pullman - Education Addition Cleveland Hall WSU Pullman - Johnson Hall Addition - Plant Bioscience Bldg	11,160,000 19,542,000	11,160,000 35,200,000	
WSU TriCities - Bioproducts & Sciences Building	900,000	900,000	
WSU Vancouver - Campus Utilities/Infrastructure: Infrastructure	4,300,000	4,300,000	
Total	80,637,001	117,816,001	
	00,037,001	117,010,001	
Eastern Washington University	0	2 975 000	
EWU Campus Network Upgrade EWU Classroom Renewal	$0 \\ 0$	3,875,000 691,325	
EWU Computing and Engineering Sciences Building (Cheney Hall)	19,000,482	19,000,482	
EWU Infrastructure Preservation	1,550,000	1,550,000	
EWU Minor Works - Program	0	650,000	
EWU Senior Hall Renovation	6,000,000	6,000,000	
EWU University Visitor Center and Formal Entry	0	975,000	
Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction	4,250,000	4,250,000	
Infrastructure Savings	1	1	
Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code	391,325	500,000	
Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs	0	1,726,000	
Total	31,191,808	39,217,808	
Central Washington University			
Combined Utility Upgrade	5,000,000	5,400,000	
CWU/Des Moines Higher Education Center	1,438,000	8,000,000	
CWU/Moses Lake Higher Education Center	0	600,000	
Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction	4,250,000	4,250,000	
Infrastructure Savings	1	1	
Minor Works: Program	12 600 000	2,000,000	
Music Education Facility Proventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Beneirs	12,600,000	12,600,000	
Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs	0 -	1,886,000	
Total	23,288,001	34,736,001	

New Appropriations Project List

	State Bonds	Total
The Evergreen State College		
Daniel J Evans Building - Modernization	21,500,000	21,500,000
Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction	4,250,000	4,250,000
Infrastructure Preservation	1,550,000	1,550,000
Infrastructure Savings	1,550,000	1,550,000
Lab II 3rd Floor - Chemistry Labs Remodel	0	3,000,000
Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code	500,000	2,500,000
Minor Works Program	0	850,000
Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs	0	734,000
Seminar Building Phase II - Construction	0	2,500,000
Total	27,800,001	36,884,001
Western Washington University		
Academic Instructional Center	5,618,000	5,618,000
Campus Infrastructure Development	2,160,000	2,160,000
Campus Roadway Development	249,000	329,000
Communications Facility	0	3,920,000
Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction	4,250,000	4,250,000
Infrastructure Savings	1	1
Miller Hall Renovation	250,000	250,000
Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code	1,000,000	1,000,000
Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation	1,550,000	1,550,000
Minor Works - Program	500,000	550,000
Planetarium Improvement	125,000	125,000
Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs	0	2,814,000
Shannon Point Marine - Undergraduate Center	998,329	4,998,329
Total	16,700,330	27,564,330
Community/Technical College System		
Bates Technical College: LRC/Vocational	1,796,206	1,796,206
Bates-Clover Park Equipment Improvements	0	3,000,000
Bellevue Community College: "D" Building Renovation	11,418,700	13,418,700
Bellevue Community College: NWCET Expansion	0	500,000
Bellevue Community College: Science and Technology	0	90,000
Bellingham Technical College: Welding/Auto Collision Replacement	2,481,000	2,481,000
Cascadia Community College: Center for Arts, Tech, Comm	0	159,900
Centralia Community College Science Building	150,000	150,000
Clark College: Clark Center at WSU Vancouver	18,009,800	18,009,800
Clark College: East County Satellite	300,000	300,000
Clark College: Renovation - Applied Arts 5	3,872,413	3,872,413
Clark College: Stout Hall Clover Park Technical College: Building 25 Machine Trades	4,049,889	4,049,889 4,583,308
Columbia Basin College: Renovation - "T" Building	4,583,308 6,058,500	6,058,500
Edmonds Community College: Instructional Lab Building	2,939,060	2,939,060
Edmonds Community College: Renovation - Mountlake Terrace Hall	8,827,030	8,827,030
Everett Community College: Pilchuck/Glacier	1,311,700	1,311,700
Everett Community College: Renovation - Monte Cristo Hall	7,352,000	7,352,000
Everett Community College: Undergraduate Education Center	7,332,000	126,000
Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction	64,300,000	64,300,000
Grays Harbor College: Replacement-Instructional Building	1,263,300	1,263,300
Green River Community College: Computer Technology Center	10,984,800	10,984,800
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New Appropriations Project List

	State Bonds	Total
Community/Technical College System (continued)		
Green River Community College: Science Building	0	2,396,409
Highline Community College: Higher Ed Center/Childcare	14,654,000	18,552,000
Infrastructure Savings	1	1
Lake Washington Technical College - Redmond Land Acquisition	0	500,000
Lake Washington Technical College: Renovation - East/West Bldgs	4,420,800	4,420,800
Lower Columbia College: Instructional/Fine Arts Bldg Replacement	1,827,799	1,827,799
Minor Works - Program (Minor Improvements)	0	14,979,217
North Seattle Community College: Arts and Science Renovation	6,785,700	6,785,700
Olympic College: Science and Technology Building Replacement	10,998,000	13,998,000
Peninsula College: Community Resource Center	0	500,000
Peninsula College: Replacement Science and Technology Building	0	82,800
Pierce College Fort Steilacoom - Childcare Center	0	500,000
Pierce College Ft Steilacoom: Science and Technology	0	190,000
Pierce College Puyallup: Community Arts/Allied Health	0	150,000
Pierce College Puyallup: Phase III Expansion	23,374,774	23,374,774
Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs	0	17,754,000
Renton Technical College: Portable Replacement	419,300	419,300
Roof Repairs "A"	7,265,677	7,265,677
Seattle Central: Replacement North Plaza Building	4,976,200	4,976,200
Site Repairs "A"	5,305,624	5,305,624
Skagit Valley College: Science Building Replacement	300,000	300,000
South Puget Sound Community College: Humanities/Gen Ed Complex	17,350,248	17,350,248
South Puget Sound Community College: Science Complex	0	93,200
South Seattle Community College: Instructional Technology Center	17,236,600	17,236,600
South Seattle Community College: Renovation-Pastry Vocational Pgm	0	2,613,100
Spokane Community College: Science Building Replacement	15,721,600	15,721,600
Tacoma Community College: Information Technology Voc Center	14,531,900	14,531,900
Tacoma Community College: Renovation - Building 7	4,988,000	4,988,000
Tacoma Community College: Replacement - Portable Buildings	2,622,000	2,622,000
Tacoma Community College: Science Building	2,379,000	2,379,000
Walla Walla Community College: Basic Skills/Computer Lab	573,000	573,000
Walla Walla Community College: Health Science Facility	0	7,261,400
Whatcom Community College: Classroom/Lab Building	10,932,400	10,932,400
Yakima Valley Community College: Renovation - Sundquist Annex	3,852,700	3,852,700
Total	320,213,029	380,007,055
Total Higher Education	580,933,171	759,436,197
Public Schools		
State Board of Education		
Port Angeles School District North Olympic Skill Center	2,000,000	2,000,000
Resource Efficiency Pilot Project	1,500,000	1,500,000
School Construction Assistance Grants	118,050,000	399,768,513
Total	121,550,000	403,268,513

New Appropriations Project List

	State Bonds	Total
Public Schools		
State School Construction Assistance Program Staff	0	2,038,390
Total Public Schools	121,550,000	405,306,903
Other Education		
State School for the Blind		
Boiler House Renovation/Electrical Vault Replacement	668,000	668,000
Campus Preservation	770,000	770,000
Kennedy, Dry and Irwin Buildings Preservation	2,279,000	2,279,000
Total	3,717,000	3,717,000
Washington State Historical Society		
Lewis & Clark Trail Interpretive Infrastructure Grant Program	1,000,000 461,200	1,000,000
Stadium Way Research Center-Code Violation Correction State History Museum Preservation	461,200 60,000	461,200 60,000
Washington Heritage Project	4,000,000	4,000,000
Total	5,521,200	5,521,200
Total Other Education	9,238,200	9,238,200
Projects Total	1,350,555,258	2,568,235,266
GOVERNOR VETO		
Governmental Operations		
Office of the State Auditor		
Moving and Equipment Costs	0	-100,000
Dept of General Administration		
Heritage Park	0	-500,000
		200,000
Total Governmental Operations		-600,000
Natural Resources		
Department of Ecology	0	1 000 000
Local Toxics Grants to Locals for Cleanup and Prevention	0	-1,800,000
Dept of Fish and Wildlife Wind Power Mitigation	-500,000	-500,000
Department of Natural Resources		
Digitize Geology Library Collections	-900,000	-900,000
Total Natural Resources	-1,400,000	-3,200,000
Governor Veto Total	-1,400,000	-3,800,000

New Appropriations Project List

	State Bonds	Total
TOTALS		
Projects Total	1,350,555,258	2,568,235,266
Governor Veto Total	-1,400,000	-3,800,000
Statewide Total	1,349,155,258	2,564,435,266
BOND CAPACITY ADJUSTMENTS The decisions to not reappropriate the following amounts result in a statewide content of the state of the s	e bond total for debt limit manage.	ment purposes
of \$1,341,144,255.		
Dept of Social and Health Services		
Green Hill School-Intensive Management Unit: Renovation	-3,200,000	
Maple Lane School-Multi-Services Building: Renovation	-227,695	
Community/Technical College System	4.502.200	
Clover Park Technical College: Building 18 Machine Trades	-4,583,308	
Bond Capacity Adjustments Total	-8,011,003	
BOND CAPACITY		
Statewide Bonds Total	1,349,155,258	
Bond Capacity Adjustments	-8,011,003	
Total for Bond Capacity Purposes	1,341,144,255	

2003-05 Washington State Capital Budget

Alternative Financing Projects

New Authorizations

Human Services	
Department of Veterans' Affairs	
Spokane Veterans Home Kitchen	1,441,500
Department of Corrections	
McNeil Island Corrections Center: Transfer Station	400,000
Statewide: CI Transportation Services Warehouse	4,588,000
Total	4,988,000
Total Human Services	6,429,500
Higher Education	
Community/Technical College System	
Bellevue Community College: North Campus	20,000,000
Big Bend Community College: Advance Technology	6,500,000
Clark College: Penguin Student Center	9,839,464
Green River: Kent Campus	7,000,000
Seattle Central: Math and Science Building	3,000,000
South Puget Sound Community College: Parking	660,000
Spokane Community College: Land Acquisition	725,000
Walla Walla Community College: Acquisition	2,175,100
Walla Walla Community College: Clarkston	504,400
Total	50,403,964

56,833,464

Statewide Total

Washington Wildlife and Recreation Program

LEAP Capital Document No. 2003-45 2003-05 Biennium Developed June 4, 2003

IAC#	Project Name	Project Sponsor	Request	Funding Level
	WWRP, Local Parks Ranked List of Projects			
02-1372	Sprinker Skate Park	Pierce County Parks & Rec	275,000	275,000
02-1149	Highlands Grange Park Improvements	Kennewick Parks & Rec Dept	300,000	300,000
02-1367	Springbrook Park Expansion	Lakewood, City of	117,000	117,000
02-1007	Brewster Soccer Fields	Brewster, City of	56,250	56,250
02-1033	Marcus Central Park	Marcus, City of	18,000	18,000
02-1227	Prosser Skate Park - Phase 1	Prosser, City of	60,000	60,000
02-1307	Monroe Street Skate Park	Port Townsend, City of	200,000	200,000
02-1301	Haagen Park	Vancouver Parks & Rec Dept	300,000	300,000
02-1150	Rainier Vista Community Park Development	Lacey, City of	300,000	300,000
02-1208	Tutmark Hill Community Park	Lynnwood Parks, Rec & Clt Arts	295,075	295,075
02-1117	Montesano Community Park Development	Montesano Parks & Rec Dept	300,000	300,000
02-1211	Wonderwood Community Park	Lacey, City of	275,000	275,000
02-1270	Maple Crest Park	Vancouver Parks & Rec Dept	241,141	241,141
02-1103	Buckley/White River Multi-Use Skate Park	Buckley, City of	235,225	235,225
02-1230	Custer Field Renovation	Skagit County Parks & Rec	150,000	150,000
02-1311	Twisp Park Playground & Basketball Court	Twisp, Town of	35,000	35,000
02-1323	Salmon Creek Park Development	Clark County Parks Dept	277,866	277,866
02-1213	Winthrop Community Park and Ice Rink	Winthrop, Town of	375,000	375,000
02-1047	Morrill Meadows/E. Hill Park Connection	Kent Parks Rec & Comm Serv	275,660	275,660
02-1173	Zintel Canyon Greenway (7th - Anderson)	Kennewick Parks & Rec Dept	100,000	100,000
02-1131	Benton City Skate Park	Benton City, City of	97,728	97,728
02-1230	Squalicum Fields Acquisition	Bellingham Parks & Rec Dept	500,000	500,000
02-1339	Cedar Grove Park Development Ph. 1	Bothell Parks & Recreation	300,000	300,000
02-1304	Jenkins Creek Park Acquisition	Covington, City of	500,000	500,000
02-1271	Kent East Hill "X" Park	Kent Parks Rec & Comm Serv	465,000	465,000
02-1230	Wilson Creek Skate Park	Wilson Creek, Town of	35,844	35,844
02-1320	Lynch Park	Vancouver Parks & Rec Dept	419,476	383,961
02-1107	LaConner/Swinomish Skate Park	La Conner, Town of	98,000	Alternate
02-1019	Maritime Park	Bremerton Parks & Rec Dept	300,000	Alternate
02-1002	Showalter Playfield Lights	Tukwila Parks & Rec Dept	100,000	Alternate
02-1171	Olson Farm Development	Auburn Parks & Rec Dept	241,203	Alternate
02-1328	Hockinson Park	Vancouver Parks & Rec Dept	497,094	Alternate
02-1171	Northgate Park Acquisition	Seattle Parks & Rec Dept	500,000	Alternate
02-1048	Saratoga Woods Preserve Development	Island County Parks & Rec	69,160	Alternate
02-1030	Castle Rock Skate/BMX Park	Castle Rock, City of	159,247	Alternate
02-1320	North County Regional Soccer Park	Fife Parks & Recreation	500,000	Alternate
02-1003	Thea Foss Waterway - 21st Street Park	Tacoma Public Works	300,000	Alternate
02-1140	Coulter Creek Heritage Park	Kitsap County Parks and Rec	500,000	Alternate
02-1000	University PG Park Landmark Fencing	Seattle Parks & Rec Dept	150,000	Alternate
02-1052	Illahee Park Acquisition & Development	Kitsap County Parks and Rec	500,000	Alternate
02-1333	Higgins Property Acquisition	Mount Vernon, City of	267,840	Alternate
02-1263	Cowlitz River Park	Longview-Kelso Parks and Rec	92,143	Alternate
02-1133	Little Mountain Park Expansion	Mount Vernon, City of	257,000	Alternate
02-1254	Triangle Park Phase II	Milton, City of	42,995	Alternate
3 2 1 2 00			11,078,947	6,468,750

Washington Wildlife and Recreation Program

LEAP Capital Document No. 2003-45 2003-05 Biennium Developed June 4, 2003

IAC#	Project Name	Project Sponsor	Request	Funding Level
	WWRP. State Pa	rks Ranked List of Projects		
02-1273	Grayland Beach - Campground Development	State Parks	1,406,250	1,406,250
02-1138	Statewide Adjacent & Inholdings	State Parks	500,000	500,000
02-1027	Green River Gorge - 2003-05 Acquisitions	State Parks	1,246,800	1,246,800
02-1121	Deception Pass - Sunrise Resort Property	State Parks	2,225,650	2,225,650
02-1197	Nisqually-Mashel - 2003-05 Acquisition	State Parks	1,000,000	1,000,000
02-1139	Fort Canby - Seaview Dunes	State Parks	1,000,000	652,550
02-1177	Miller Peninsula - Pacific Aerospace	State Parks	1,718,580	Alternate
02-1269	Haley Development Phase 2	State Parks	3,209,600	Alternate
02-1073	Fish Trap Lake Resort	State Parks	1,696,355	Alternate
02-1239	Fort Canby - Realvest Upland	State Parks	750,000	Alternate
02-1122	Deception Pass - Maryott Property	State Parks	1,077,130	Alternate
02-1123	Deception Pass - Stavig Property	State Parks	316,580	Alternate
			16,146,945	7,031,250
	WWRP Trails	s Ranked List of Projects		
02 1076	·	·	1 501 772	1 591 772
02-1076	Shoreline Interurban Trail Crossing	Shoreline Parks & Rec Dept	1,581,773	1,581,773
02-1034	Buckley to South Prairie Foothills Trail	Pierce County Parks & Rec	750,000	750,000
02-1212	Enumclaw Trail Development - Phase 1	Enumclaw Parks & Rec Dept	127,500	127,500
02-1332	South Bay Trail - Missing Link	Bellingham Parks & Rec Dept	800,000	800,000
02-1085	Bear Creek Park Trail Development	Redmond Parks & Rec Dept	180,000	180,000
02-1263	Interurban Trail Trailhead	Milton, City of	31,495	31,495
02-1219	Iron Horse - Cle Elum to Ellensburg	State Parks	697,490	697,490
02-1298	Lacey Burlington Northern Trail Land Acq	Lacey, City of	410,279	410,279
02-1371	Downtown Pullman Riverwalk	Pullman, City of	340,000	202,713
02-1366	ODT Railroad Bridge Trailhead Parking	Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe	98,800	Alternate
02-1292	Larry Scott Trail Dev. Segments 3 & 4	Jefferson Co Public Works	382,424	Alternate
02-1176	Edmonds Interurban Trail	Edmonds Parks & Rec Dept	256,587	Alternate
02-1068	Coulter Creek Heritage Park Trail	Kitsap County Parks and Rec	700,000	Alternate
02-1077	North Richland Trail Connections	Benton Port of	200,000	Alternate
02-1288	Larry Scott Trail Segment 4 Acquisition	Jefferson Co Public Works	81,380	Alternate
02-1137	I-90: High Point to Preston Trail	Transportation, Dept of	1,790,898	Alternate
02-1327	Heritage Trail	Warden, City of	8,576,426	4,781,250
_				, ,
02.1500	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ccess Ranked List of Projects		00.455
02-1208	Palmer Property Acquisition	Puyallup, City of	88,600	88,600
02-1312	NWMC Shoreline Access Improvements	Port Townsend, City of	154,495	154,495
02-1216	Cottonwood Beach	Clark County Parks Dept	854,800	854,800
02-1370	Anderson Point	Kitsap County Parks and Rec	516,023	516,023
02-1049	Sand Point North Shore Development	Seattle Parks & Rec Dept	500,000	115,705
02-1074	Spokane River Land Acquisition	Spokane County Parks & Rec	1,073,188	1,073,188
02-1349	Wicks Lake Expansion	Kitsap County Parks and Rec	441,000	9,689
02-1309	Port Hadlock Waterfront Access & Pier	Jefferson Co Public Works	68,450	Alternate
			3,696,556	2,812,500

Washington Wildlife and Recreation Program

LEAP Capital Document No. 2003-45 2003-05 Biennium Developed June 4, 2003

IAC#	Project Name	Project Sponsor	Request	Funding Level
	WWRP, Critical H	Habitat Ranked List of Projects	 S	1
02-1109	Western Pond Turtle Phase 3	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	258,405	258,405
02-1111	Rattlesnake Mountain	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	3,828,337	3,828,337
02-1101	Dungeness River Match	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	1,227,862	1,227,862
02-1160	Tieton River Canyon	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	2,548,980	2,548,980
02-1199	S. Puget Sound Prairies & Oak Woodland	Fish & Wildlife/Natural Resources	5,676,432	2,711,416
02-1110	Methow Watershed Phase 3	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	2,892,214	Alternate
02-1190	Asotin Creek Watershed	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	3,813,652	Alternate
02-1178	Hood Canal Plateau	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	1,372,900	Alternate
02-1107	Sharp-Tailed Grouse Phase 4	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	3,627,855	Alternate
02-1158	Upper Yakima River Acquisitions	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	2,215,815	Alternate
02-1096	Grays Harbor Estuary	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	2,428,836	Alternate
02-1104	Lower Skagit River Ecosystem	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	3,074,662	Alternate
02-1173	Lyre River Corridor	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	2,896,320	Alternate
02-1108	Tarpiscan Creek	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	429,712	Alternate
02-1143	Cowiche Watershed	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	2,110,710	Alternate
		_	38,402,692	10,575,000
	WWRP - Natural	Areas Ranked List of Projects		
02-1045	Washougal Oaks NAP/NRCA	Natural Resources, Dept of	2,432,193	2,432,193
02-1070	Elk River NRCA	Natural Resources, Dept of	2,616,000	2,616,000
02-1089	Cypress Island Natural Area	Natural Resources, Dept of	1,628,786	1,628,786
02-1115	Ink Blot and Shumocher Creek NAPs	Natural Resources, Dept of	2,717,452	523,021
02-1090	Bone River and Niawiakum River NAPs	Natural Resources, Dept of	1,002,198	Alternate
02-1194	Lummi Island	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	2,331,756	Alternate
02-1184	Stavis NRCA / Kitsap Forest NAP	Natural Resources, Dept of	3,545,986	Alternate
		· -	16,274,371	7,200,000
	WWRP - Urban W	Vildlife Ranked List of Projects	<u> </u>	1
02-1180	Mount Si NRCA	Natural Resources, Dept of	3,195,700	3,195,700
02-1100	Saltese Flats Phase 2	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	2,762,486	1,529,300
02-1133	Tahuya River & Mission Creek	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	1,046,850	Alternate
02-1098	Woodard Bay NRCA	Natural Resources, Dept of	1,202,391	Alternate
02-1187	West Tiger Mountain NRCA	Natural Resources, Dept of	1,144,000	Alternate
02-1102	Lower Nooksack Inholdings	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	622,125	Alternate
02-1313	Issaquah Creek - Log Cabin Reach Acq	King Co Water & Land Res	445,925	Alternate
02-1352	Lost Continent of Illahee Watershed	Kitsap County Parks and Rec	861,050	Alternate
02-1221	Beaver Lake Natural Area Preserve Ph 2	Sammamish, City of	1,513,862	Alternate
02-1026	North Bend Wildlife Corridor	North Bend, City of	1,200,000	Alternate
02-1188	Bear Creek Wetlands	Fish & Wildlife, Dept of	3,292,537	Alternate
02-1284	Juanita Woodlands Acquisition	Kirkland Community Services	995,550	Alternate
02-1168	Woodway Reserve	Woodway, Town of	602,515	Alternate
		_	18,884,991	4,725,000

Trust Land Transfer Program LEAP Capital Document No. 2003-17 2003-05 Biennium Developed June 4, 2003

Parcel Name	Receiving Agency
Skagit Parcels	Department of Fish and Wildlife
Sultan Basin #1	Department of Natural Resources - NRCA
Jackman Creek	Department of Fish and Wildlife
West Tiger (Phase 4)	Department of Natural Resources - NRCA
Lake Cushman	Tacoma Public Utility
Nichols Hill	State Parks
Stavis	Department of Natural Resources - NRCA
Iron Horse-Cedar Butte	State Parks
White Salmon Oak	Department of Natural Resources - NRCA
Shark Reef	San Juan County
Bone River	Department of Natural Resources - NAP
Vashon & Maury Islands	King County
Point Lawrence	State Parks
Obstruction Pass	State Parks
Selah Cliffs	Department of Natural Resources - NAP
Dalles Mountain	State Parks
Dry Coulee	State Parks

Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Grant Program

LEAP Capital Document No. 2003-32 2003-05 Biennium Developed June 4, 2003

Project Title	Project Sponsor	Grant	Cumulative
Gorst Estuary Wildlife Preserve	Kitsap County	671,393	671,393
Jimmycomelately Nearshore Restoration	Jamestown S'Klallam Tribe	790,000	1,461,393
Branson Beach Acquisition	City of Burien Parks & Rec	269,000	1,730,393
Salmon Bay Natural Area	City of Seattle Public Utilities	250,000	1,980,393
Telegraph Slough Complex Property Acq	Skagit Cnty Public Works Dept.	1,000,000	2,980,393
Salmon Creek Acquisition	Colville Tribe/Okanogan	75,000	3,055,393
Shadow Lake Aquatic & Forested Land Acq	King Conservation District	325,000	3,380,393
Jimmycomelately Nearshore Restoration Trail & Acq	Clallam County	276,000	3,656,393
Cottonwood Beach Regional Park	Clark County Parks Dept.	700,000	4,356,393
Whitmarsh/Gages Slough Acq & Restoration	Skagit County Dike District #12	1,000,000	5,356,393
Qwuloolt	The Tulalip Tribes	713,500	Alternate
Kobayashi Preserve Acquisition	City of University Place	187,150	Alternate
Willapa Nat'l Wildlife Refuge - Rest. & Public Access	Pacific County	75,000	Alternate
NW Maritime Center Dock Restoration	City of Port Townsend	500,000	Alternate
Tolt River Focus Area 5 Acquisition	King Co. Water & Land Division	475,000	Alternate
Taylor Creek Restoration	King Co. Water & Land Division	700,000	Alternate
Water, Education, and Transition	Ferry Conservation District	77,435	Alternate

Heritage Capital Projects 2003-05 Biennium

Project Sponsor	Funding
American Museum of Radio	151,799
Bigelow House Preservation Association	33,900
City of Port Angeles	112,200
City of Roslyn	181,816
City of Sprague	98,000
Duwamish Tribal Service, Inc.	350,000
Enumclaw Plateau Historical Society	54,054
Ft. Nisqually Living History Museum	350,000
Gallery One	115,500
Georgetown Community Council	50,000
Gig Harbor-Peninsula Historical Society	140,000
Historic Seattle PDA	350,000
Ilwaco Heritage Foundation	179,400
Jefferson County Public Works	350,000
Lopez Island Historical Society	60,000
Museum of Flight	350,000
Museum of History and Industry	350,000
Northwest Maritime Center	350,000
Olympia Waldorf School	45,000
Spokane Parks and Recreation	136,000
Spokane Symphony	56,925
Suquamish Museum and Tribal Cultural Center	7,000
Vashon Parks	12,906
World Kite Museum and Hall of Fame	115,500
	4,000,000
Alternates	
Vashon Parks	24,818
Clymer Museum	113,598
San Juan Historical Museum	8,800
Jefferson County Historical Society	115,500
City of Lynnwood	37,835
City of Mt. Vernon	66,664
White River Valley Museum	115,500
Town of La Conner	2,376

Community Service Facilities Program 2003-05 Biennium

Project Sponsor	Funding
Assistance League	400,000
Benton Affordable Housing	25,000
Boys & Girls Club of Pierce County	187,500
Boys & Girls Club of Thurston County	102,175
Catholic Community Services	400,000
Children's Therapy Center	250,000
Eritrean Association	346,000
First AME Child/Family Center	194,000
Girl Scouts/Pacific Peaks	400,000
Hopelink	201,521
Horizons	175,000
Kent Youth/Family Services	400,000
Low-Income Housing Institute	131,084
Lopez Children's Center	220,000
Neighborhood House	60,000
Opportunity Council	400,000
S'Klallam Development Fund	69,000
SE WA Center for the Deaf	27,000
Senior Services/Seattle King Cnty	400,000
St. Anne's Childcare Center	400,000
St. James Family Services	18,000
Valley Boys & Girls Club	400,000
Yelm Community Center	400,000
YMCA/Snohomish Cty	275,000
Youthcare Orion Center	50,000
	5,931,280

Building for the Arts 2003-05 Biennium

Project Name	Amount
Artspace (Tashiro Kaplan)	300,000
Broadway Center	400,000
Children's Museum	200,000
Columbia City Gallery	110,000
Cornish College	700,000
Friends of Gladish	37,000
Historic Cooper School	32,000
Lincoln Theatre	110,000
Olympic Theatre Arts	265,000
Orcas Sculpture Park	15,000
Pacific Northwest Ballet	268,000
Pratt Fine Arts Center	700,000
Richland Players Theatre	51,000
Seattle Art Museum	700,000
S'Klallam Longhouse	200,000
Squaxin Island Museum	100,000
Vashon Allied Arts	80,000
Velocity Dance Center	35,000
Western Washington Center for the Arts	165,000
World Kite Museum	32,000
	4,500,000

Local Community Projects 2003-05 Biennium

Project	Amount
Art Crate Field	500,000
Asia Pacific Cultural Center	100,000
Asotin Aquatic Center	500,000
Auburn YMCA	250,000
Burke Museum	500,000
Capital Arts Theater and Sculpture Garden	250,000
Capitol Theater	500,000
Chinese Reconciliation Project	300,000
Clark Lake Park	400,000
Colman School	300,000
Crossroads Community Center	500,000
Eastside Heritage Center	200,000
Eatonville City Projects	150,000
Edgewood Sewer	100,000
Edmonds Center for the Arts	500,000
Farmers Market and Maritime Park	500,000
Firstenburg Technology Center	500,000
Former Capitol Historical Marker	2,000
Friends of the Falls/Great Gorge Park	250,000
Frontier Park	165,000
GAR Cemetery	5,000
Graham Fire Dist Emergency Services Center	150,000
Grandmother's Hill	300,000
Highline Historical Society	300,000
Historical Cabins Project	106,000
HUGS Foundation	21,500
Museum of Flight - WWI and WWII	500,000
Naval Museum	500,000
New Phoebe House	25,000
Northwest Orthopaedic Institute	200,000
Paramount Theater	250,000
Rainier Historical Museum/Community Center	20,000
Ritzville Public Development Authority	50,000
Seahurst Environmental Learning Center	100,000
South Hill Community Park	250,000
South Wenatchee Family Services Center	400,000
Stonerose Interpretive Center	8,000
Sweetwater Creek Restoration	500,000
Tacoma Seawall	250,000
Thyme Patch Park	5,000
ToscoSports Complex	500,000
Utsalady Beach Acquisition	135,000
Veterans Memorial Museum	255,000
West Hylebos State Park	250,000
White Center Apprenticeship	250,000
Woodway Wildlife Reserve	300,000
Youth Development Center	100,000

Project Descriptions

Joint Legislative Audit & Review Committee

Capital Budget Studies (2004-1-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 101

Description: Funds are provided for the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee (JLARC) in collaboration with the

Legislative Evaluation & Accountability Program (LEAP) for capital studies, tasks, and projects.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State164,000500,000

Comments: In executing its higher education comparable framework assignment, JLARC shall seek technical advice and input from

stakeholder groups including, but not limited to, the Office of Financial Management, the Higher Education Coordinating Board, the State Board for Community and Technical Colleges, and the Council of Presidents. State universities and colleges must respond to information requests from JLARC in a timely manner enabling the agency to complete this assignment throughout the course of the 2003-05 biennium. The reappropriation is from project 2001-H-

019 (Section 149 of Chapter 8, Laws of 2001, 2nd sp.s., Partial Veto).

Office of the Secretary of State

Deferred Maintenance Reduction Backlog Projects: Regional Archive (2004-1-002)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 102

Description: Funding is provided to correct problems with the heating, ventilation, and air conditioning system at the Central

Washington University Regional Archive Branch Facilities.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	100,000

Office of the State Auditor

Moving and Equipment Costs (2005-2-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 103

Description: Funding is provided for moving and equipment costs associated with the Office of the State Auditor moving into the

second floor of the Insurance Building.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Thurston County Capital Facilities Account - State	0	100,000
Governor's Veto Thurston County Capital Facilities Account - State	0	-100,000
Total		0

Comments: This item was vetoed by the Governor due to questions concerning the appropriateness of the funding source.

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Rural Washington Loan Fund (RWLF) (2004-4-009)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 105

Description: The RWLF is a statewide revolving loan fund that provides "gap" financing to businesses to create new jobs or retain existing jobs, particularly for low-to-moderate income persons.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
General Fund - Federal	0	1,900,000
Rural Washington Loan Account - Federal	0	1,581,000
Total	0	3,481,000

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Building for the Arts (2004-4-007)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 107

Description: Building for the Arts Program provides state grants to nonprofit performing arts, art museum, and cultural organizations

for capital costs of new facilities or major renovations.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State04,500,000

Comments: The appropriation must comply with RCW 43.63A.750. The eligible projects and the grant amounts are listed in section 107

Project Descriptions

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Community Economic Revitalization Board (CERB) (2004-4-008)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 110

Description: CERB assists communities by financing publicly-owned economic development infrastructure improvements to

encourage new development and expansion in areas where growth is desired.

ReappropriationAppropriationPublic Facility Const Loan Revolv Account - State011,491,000

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Cancer Research Facility Grant (2001-S-005)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 112

Description: Funds are provided for capital equipment and facility improvements for prostate cancer research at the University of

Washington Medical Center.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State2,000,0001,000,000

Comments: The new appropriation for the 2003-05 biennium is in addition to the \$2 million appropriated in the 2001-03 Capital

Budget. The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) when the recipient is not a government agency and subject to the Department's standard requirements for community capital projects. (See comments under section 151.)

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Public Works Trust Fund (2004-4-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 115

Description: The Public Works Trust Fund (PWTF) provides financial assistance in the form of low-interest loans to local

governments to upgrade bridges, roads, sanitary sewer systems, domestic water systems, storm sewer systems, and solid

waste/recycling systems.

ReappropriationAppropriationPublic Works Assistance Account - State0261,200,000

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Chewelah Peak Environmental Learning Center (2001-S-003)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 117

Description: Funds are provided to assist in the construction of a Western Washington environmental learning center.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State22,2211,500,000

Comments: The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) and the Department's standard requirements for community

capital projects. (See comments under section 151.) This new appropriation follows an appropriation of \$2 million for

this project in the 2001-03 Capital Budget.

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Fox Theater Project (2001-S-006)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 118

Description: Funding is provided to assist in the renovation of the Fox Theater in Spokane.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State688,0061,500,000

Comments: The new appropriation for the 2003-05 biennium is in addition to \$2 million appropriated for this project in the 2001-03

biennium. The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) and the Department's standard requirements for

community capital projects. (See comments under section 151.)

Project Descriptions

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

West Central Community Center (2001-S-016)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 121

Description: Funding is provided to assist in facility improvements to a low-income, community child care facility in Spokane.

Reappropriation Appropriation 500.000

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) and the Department's standard requirements for community capital projects. (See comments under section 151.)

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Coastal Erosion Grants (2001-S-019)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 124

Description: Funds are provided for coastal erosion grants for southwest Washington in partnership with other state and federal

funds.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State583,155750,000

Comments: Grays Harbor County is the lead agency in the administration of the grants. The appropriation is subject to RCW

43.63A.125(2)(c) when the grant recipient is not a government agency and is subject to the Department's standard requirements for community capital projects. (See comments under section 151.) This appropriation follows up a

similar appropriation of \$1.25 million in the 2001-03 Capital Budget.

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Community Services Facilities Program (2004-4-006)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 128

Description: The Community Services Facilities Program provides state matching grants to non-residential social service providers

for capital costs of new facilities or major renovations.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State05,931,280

Comments: The appropriation is subject to the provisions of RCW 43.63A.125. Eligible recipients and grant amounts are listed in

section 128.

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Drinking Water Assistance Account (2004-4-002)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 130

Description: The Drinking Water State Revolving Fund provides low-interest loans and technical assistance to public water systems statewide.

	Keappropriation	Appropriation
Drinking Water Assistance Account - State	0	8,500,000
State Building Construction Account - State	0	4,000,000
Total	0	12,500,000

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Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Drinking Water-State Revolving Fund-Auth to Use Loan Repayments (2004-4-010)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 131

Description: Provides matching funds for new federal grants to improve the quality of drinking water in the state in accordance with

the goals of the federal Safe Drinking Water Act.

ReappropriationAppropriationDrinking Water Assistance Account - State011,200,000

Project Descriptions

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Housing Assistance,	Weatherization,	and Affordable	e Housing	(2004-4-003)
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C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 134

Description: Funding is provided for the Housing Trust Fund to help provide housing for the homeless, transitional housing, affordable housing, and help communities meet the housing needs of low-income and special needs populations.

State Taxable Building Construction Acct - StateReappropriationAppropriation080,000,000

Comments: At least \$9 million of the appropriation must be used for weatherization; \$5 million must be used for housing for those with developmental disabilities; \$2 million is for self-help housing programs; \$1 million is for shelters, transitional

housing, and other housing needs of victims of domestic violence; \$8 million is for farmworker housing; and \$5 million is for shelters and transitional housing for homeless families with children.

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Lewis and Clark Confluence Project (2004-2-954)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 135

Description: Funds are provided to help commemorate the Lewis and Clark expedition and its relationship to Native Americans at

three or four sites in Washington State.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State03,000,000

Comments: The project coincides with the expedition's bicentennial and intends to place artistic commemorations at three or four of the following significant sites: confluence of the Clearwater and Snake Rivers; confluence of the Snake and Columbia Rivers; near the Vancouver National Historic Reserve; confluence of the Columbia and Willamette Rivers; and at the

mouth of the Columbia River (Fort Canby State Park).

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Seattle Heart Alliance (at Swedish Hospital) (2004-4-960)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 136

Description: Funding is provided to help construct a heart center located at the Providence Campus of Swedish Hospital.

Reappropriation Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State 0 4,000,000

Comments: The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) and the Department's standard requirements for community

capital projects. (See comments under section 151.)

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

McCaw Opera House (2004-4-954)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 137

Description: Funding is provided to assist with capital improvements at the McCaw Opera House in Seattle.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State01,500,000

Comments: The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) and the Department's standard requirements for community

capital projects. (See comments under section 151.)

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Greenbank Farm (2004-4-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 138

Description: Funds are provided to help renovate two barns on the Greenbank Farm to benefit the community and promote economic

development on Whidbey Island.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State01,500,000

Comments: The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) and the Department's standard requirements for community

capital projects. (See comments under section 151.)

Project Descriptions

Japanese American Memorial (2004-4-951)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 139

Description: Funds are provided to assist in the development of a memorial and park on Bainbridge Island.

Reappropriation Appropriation 1,500,000

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: The location is the historic Eagledale ferry dock. This is associated with the Joel Prichard Park Project. The

appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) and the Department's standard requirements for community capital

projects. (See comments under section 151.)

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Wing Luke Asian Art Museum (2004-4-952)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 140

Description: Funding is provided to help provide a facility that will preserve and restore portions of the Kong Yick Building.

Appropriation Reappropriation

State Building Construction Account - State 1,500,000

Comments: The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) and the Department's standard requirements for community capital projects. (See comments under section 151.)

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Bremerton Waterfront Project (2004-4-953)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 141

Description: Funding is provided to assist in development of the Memorial Plaza and Maritime Park projects in Bremerton.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 1,000,000

Comments: The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) where the recipient is not a government agency and is subject to

the Department's standard requirements for community capital projects. (See comments under section 151.)

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

PBS Digital Upgrade (2004-4-958)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 142

Description: Funds are provided to assist public broadcasting stations in converting to a digital broadcasting system.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: Of the appropriation, \$350,000 is provided for the Public Broadcasting Service (PBS) station KYVE; the remaining

funds are for stations based outside the central Puget Sound metropolitan area. The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) and the Department's standard requirements for community capital projects. (See comments under

section 151.)

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Pine Lake Park Phase II (2004-4-956)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 143

Description: Funding is provided to help make waterfront and dock improvements at the park located in Sammamish.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 600,000 State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) where the recipient is not a government agency and subject to

the Department's standard requirements for community capital projects. (See comments under section 151.)

Project Descriptions

Department of Community	y, Trade,	& Economic	Development
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Bellevue Open Space Enhancement (2004-4-955)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 144

Description: Funding is provided to help acquire 22 acres of forest land.

t fand.

Appropriation

State Building Construction Account - State

0

750,000

Comments: The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) when the recipient is not a government agency and is subject to

the Department's standard requirements for community capital projects. (See comments under section 151.)

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

William Factory Business Incubator (2004-4-957)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 145

Description: Funding is provided for capital improvements to a small business incubator.

Reappropriation

Reappropriation

Appropriation

State Building Construction Account - State

0

560,000

Comments: The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) and the Department's standard requirements for community

capital projects. (See comments under section 151.)

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

City of Woodland Infrastructure Development (2004-4-959)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 146

Description: Funding is provided for infrastructure improvements including drainage improvements and a dike access road in

Woodland.

Reappropriation

Appropriation

State Building Construction Account - State

300,000

Comments: The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) when the recipient is not a government agency and is subject to the Department's standard requirements for community capital projects. (See comments under section 151.)

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Yakima Ballfields (2004-2-952)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 147

Description: Funds are provided to Yakima Valley Community College for the purchase of Noel Field from the city of Yakima, and

funds are provided to the city of Yakima to replace and relocate ballfields.

Reappropriation

Appropriation

State Building Construction Account - State

0

350,000

Comments: Of the appropriation, \$120,000 is provided to Yakima Valley Community College and \$230,000 to the city of Yakima.

No funds are to be distributed to the city of Yakima until the transfer of the Noel Field property is complete.

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Seventh Street Theatre (1990-2-008)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 148

Description: Funds are provided for improvements to this historical theater in Hoquiam.

Reappropriation

Appropriation

State Building Construction Account - State

51,110

100,000

Comments: The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) and the Department's standard requirements for community

capital projects. (See comments under section 151.) The Governor vetoed a proviso related to the reappropriation to

correct an erroneous reference.

Project Descriptions

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Highline School District Aircraft Noise Mitigation (2003-H-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 150

Description: Funds are provided for improvements to Highline School District facilities to mitigate aircraft noise.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	600,000	10,000,000
Education Construction Account - State	4,400,000	0
Total	5,000,000	10,000,000

Comments: The Highline School District, Port of Seattle, and FAA must each match the state contribution (\$5 million per year for the biennium). While the mitigation agreement between Highline School District, the Port of Seattle, and the FAA calls for each to contribute \$5 million per year for ten years, the state is not a party to that agreement, and the state does not commit to make any future appropriations to Highline School District for aircraft noise abatement.

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Local/Community Projects (2004-4-011)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 151

Description: Funds are provided for 47 local/community projects in which the grant amount is \$500,000 or less. Following is a list of the projects, their location, the amount of the grant, and a brief description of the project, facility, or organization:

- * Art Crate Field in Bethel (\$500,000). Provide improvements to playing fields (install an all-weather artificial surface) for Bethel Public Schools.
- * Asia Pacific Cultural Center in Tacoma (\$100,000). Establish a permanent home (purchase the old Tacoma Art Museum).
- * Asotin Aquatic Center in Clarkston (\$500,000). Help complete indoor portion of aquatic center.
- * Auburn YMCA (\$250,000). Help build new facility on donated site.
- * Burke Museum located in Seattle (\$500,000). Help increase public access to observe fossil preparation and geography labs, and help upgrade exhibits.
- * Capital Arts Theater/Sculpture Garden in Olympia (\$250,000). This facility will be a combination arts and conference center with two galleries, an education learning center, and a sculpture garden.
- * Capitol Theater in Yakima (\$500,000). Help provide urgent infrastructure upgrades to heating, ventilation, and air conditioning; plumbing; and carpeting.
- * Chinese Reconciliation Project in Tacoma (\$300,000). With matching funds from the city of Tacoma, help implement the first phase of construction for the \$4.6 million park near the site of the early Chinese Settlement called Little Canton.
- * Clark Lake Park in Kent (\$400,000). Help with the acquisition of property for Clark Lake Park. The city intends to use this as matching funds for an Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation grant.
- * Colman School in Seattle (\$300,000). Help rehabilitate Colman School as an African American Museum, offices, and apartments.
- * Crossroads Community Center in Bellevue (\$500,000). Help construct an addition to the community center for education, cultural, and social activity space.
- * Eastside Heritage Center in Bellevue (\$200,000). Help secure new home.
- * Eatonville City Projects (\$150,000). Help provide new town park.
- * Edgewood Sewer (\$100,000). Help with Edgewood sewer project.
- * Edmonds Center for the Arts (\$500,000). Help on a \$15.6 million acquisition and development of a regional performance center.
- * Farmers Market and Maritime Park in Bremerton (\$500,000). Assist Bremerton's farmers market and Maritime Park projects.
- * Firstenburg Community Center in Vancouver (\$500,000). Help fund a new pool at the new community center.
- * Former Capital Historical Marker in Olympia (\$2,000). Place marker showing the Farquhar Building which represents a former meeting place of the Washington State Legislature.
- * Friends of the Falls/Great Gorge Park in Spokane (\$250,000). Help continue planning and development of the Gorge Park area on the Spokane River.
- * Frontier Park in Pierce County (\$165,000). Assist in construction of a pavilion and remodel of a 4-H building.
- * Grand Army of the Republic (GAR) Cemetery in Seattle (\$5,000). Provide improvements to the GAR Cemetery.
- * Graham Fire District Emergency Services Center (\$150,000). Assist in property acquisition for a new center in Southeast Pierce County.

Project Descriptions

- * Grandmother's Hill in Tukwila (\$300,000). Assist in conservation of a portion of the shoreline along the Duwamish Waterway.
- * Highline Historical Society (\$300,000). Help provide improvements.
- * Historical Cabins Project in Federal Way (\$106,000). Along with city funding, provide parking, interpretive signage, and trails that link to Hylebos State Park.
- * HUGs Foundation in Raymond (\$21,500). Help complete a skateboard project.
- * Museum of Flight in Seattle (\$500,000). Assist in improvements to the Museum.
- * Naval Museum in Bremerton (\$500,000). Assist in moving Historic Building 50 from the shipyard to become the Bremerton Naval Museum.
- * New Phoebe House in Tacoma (\$25,000). Make repairs and improvements to a facility providing housing and services to mothers and their children impacted by substance abuse.
- * Northwest Orthopaedic Institute in Tacoma (\$200,000). Provide improvements related to the Institute.
- * Paramount Theater in Seattle (\$250,000). Help with roof repairs.
- * Rainier Historical Museum/Community Center (\$20,000). Help with renovation of facility, particularly the roof.
- * Ritzville Public Development Authority (\$50,000). Assist with building improvements and Americans with Disabilities Act accessibility to the facility as part of downtown revitalization and economic development efforts.
- * Seahurst Environmental Learning Center in Burien (\$100,000). Construct an environmental learning classroom.
- * South Hill Community Park in Pierce County (\$250,000). Help final phase of construction including erosion control, trail, and bridge.
- * South Wenatchee Family Services Center in Spokane (\$400,000). Help with property acquisition to locate a family services center.
- * Stonerose Interpretive Center in Republic (\$8,000). Complete purchase and grading for property at Stonerose
- * Sweetwater Creek Restoration in Hood Canal (\$500,000). Help with restoration of the creek to improve salmon passage and habitat.
- * Tacoma Seawall (\$250,000). Rebuild/restore seawall to enhance fish migration.
- * Thyme Patch Park in Seattle (\$5,000). Provide improvements to the Park.
- * ToscoSports Complex in Ferndale (\$500,000). Assist in development of a regional sports and recreation
- * Utsalady Beach Acquisition in Island County (\$135,000). Acquire property for parking and recreational space next to the Utsalady Boat Ramp.
- * Veteran's Memorial Museum in Chehalis (\$255,000). Assist in building a facility to house the Museum.
- * West Hybelos State Park in Federal Way (\$250,000). Assist with improvements to the boardwalk through Hybelos State Park. (Related to the Historical Cabins project.)
- * White Center Apprenticeship in White Center (\$250,000). Help with facility to house classrooms and working laboratory space.
- * Woodway Wildlife Reserve in Woodway (\$300,000). Provide improvements to reserve.
- * Youth Development Facility in Federal Way (\$100,000). Help fund center to be developed on the Truman Alternative High School Campus.

-	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	12,197,500

Comments: The appropriation is subject to RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) and other standard requirements for community projects administered by the Department. These standard requirements primarily are to ensure that grants accomplish the intent of the Legislature and that grants to non-governmental recipients do not violate lending of credit provisions in the state constitution. These standards, among other things, are to ensure that there is no gift of funds, that the primary benefit is to the public and not an individual or a small privileged group, and that there are safeguards to ensure the intended public benefit is accomplished. These standards include: (1) only governments or 501(c)(3) nonprofit organizations are eligible; (2) the recipient must have all the funds necessary to complete the project or a phase of the project; and (3) the recipient must enter into a contract with the Department and must agree to repay the grant if the facility is not used for the intended purpose for an appropriate amount of time.

Project Descriptions

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

State Games (2004-4-850)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 152

Description: Funds are provided to help reinstate the State Games in Washington State, a multi-sport Olympic festival for amateur

athletes of all ages and abilities.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 200,000

Comments: The Department may contract with the appropriate national organization.

Public Disclosure Commission

Infrastructure Security/Disaster Recovery Systems (2004-1-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 153

Description: Funding is provided to develop a collocation facility to house infrastructure security/disaster recovery system.

Reappropriation Appropriation 270,172

State Building Construction Account - State

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: The Public Disclosure Commission shall consult with the Department of Information Systems on this project.

Office of Financial Management

Capital Monitoring (2004-2-028)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 156

Description: This project requires the Office of Financial Management (OFM) to engage in specified capital monitoring activities, requires OFM to make recommendations regarding funding equipment in the capital budget, and provides funding for a

study of military readiness centers.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State0150,000

Comments: The Governor vetoed the proviso related to specified capital monitoring activities indicating that these activities are

already required by statute.

Department of General Administration

Heritage Park (2001-H-004)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 161

Description: This project will complete specified areas of Heritage Park.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Capitol Building Construction Account - State	976,000	0
Thurston County Capital Facilities Account - State	0	500,000
Governor's Veto		
Thurston County Capital Facilities Account - State	0	-500,000
Total	976,000	0

Comments: The new appropriation and related provisos were vetoed by the Governor based on concerns on the appropriateness of the funding source. The reappropriation was not vetoed.

Department of General Administration

Legislative Building: Rehabilitation and Capital Addition (2001-1-008)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 162

Description: This funding completes the funding outlined in the 2001-03 Capital Budget for the Legislative Building rehabilitation

and temporary relocation of tenants.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	6,000,000	0
Thurston County Capital Facilities Account - State	0	2,300,000
Capitol Historic District Construction Account - State	68,450,000	0
Total	74,450,000	2,300,000

Project Descriptions

Department of General Administration

Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation: Capitol Campus (2004-1-003)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 167

Description: Funding is provided to repair and replace aged and failing Capitol Campus infrastructure systems and stabilize the hillside between the Capitol Campus and Capitol Lake.

ReappropriationAppropriationThurston County Capital Facilities Account - State02,100,000

Department of General Administration

Emergency Repairs (2004-1-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 168

Description: Funding is provided for unanticipated, essential statewide emergency and small repairs and improvements at

Department-owned facilities in the state.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	300,000
Thurston County Capital Facilities Account - State	0	1,300,000
Total	0	1,600,000

Department of General Administration

Engineering & Architectural Services (2004-2-014)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 169

Description: Funding is provided for project management services by the Engineering and Architectural Services within the Department of General Administration to state agencies for general public works projects. The general public works projects included in this appropriation are those financed by the state capital budget with a project value less than \$20 million. The Department may negotiate agreements with agencies for additional fees to manage projects financed by financial contracts, alternative financing, projects greater than \$20 million, or for the non-state funded portion of projects with mixed funding sources.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Char/Ed/Penal/Reform/Institutions Account - State	0	140,000
State Building Construction Account - State	0	6,009,000
Thurston County Capital Facilities Account - State	0	3,437,000
Total	0	9,586,000

Comments: The Governor directed OFM to put the Thurston County Capital Facilities Account appropriation in allotment reserve

due to concerns that too much of the project management costs (staff) are covered by this account. The Governor

intends to propose an alternative in the next supplemental capital budget.

Department of General Administration

Historic Buildings - Exteriors Preservation (2004-1-012)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 170

Description: This minor works funding is to make exterior repairs to State Capitol historic buildings.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State01,475,000

Comments: Funding is not for survey, planning, or interior work.

Department of General Administration

State Capitol Master Plan Update (2004-2-002)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 171

Description: This funding will update the 1991 Master Plan for the Capitol of Washington State.

ReappropriationAppropriationThurston County Capital Facilities Account - State0200,000

Project Descriptions

Department of General Administration

Minor Works - Facility Preservation: Statewide (2004-1-004)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 172

Description: This omnibus project is to preserve General Administration owned or managed facilities on the Capitol Campus and at other locations throughout the state.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Vehicle Parking Account - State	0	220,000
Thurston County Capital Facilities Account - State	0	2,055,000
General Administration Services Account - State	0	3,270,000
Total	0	5,545,000

Comments: The Governor vetoed provisos precluding the Department from including larger projects as minor works and precluding studies, surveys, and carpets. (See Section 905.)

Department of General Administration

Legislative Building Security (2004-2-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 173

Description: Infrastructure funding is provided for improved perimeter security related to the Legislative Building rehabilitation project.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Thurston County Capital Facilities Account - State	0	1,179,000

Department of General Administration

Legislative Building Space Use Change (2004-1-951)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 174

Description: Funding is provided for design changes to the Legislative Building rehabilitation project.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	1,570,000

Department of General Administration

Cherberg Building Predesign (2004-2-951)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 175

Description: Funding is provided for the predesign of the Cherberg Building rehabilitation.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Thurston County Capital Facilities Account - State	0	600,000

Military Department

Energy Management Control Systems (2004-2-006)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 179

Description: Funding is provided for energy management control systems in six major buildings at Camp Murray and at three readiness centers: Pullman, Ephrata, and Port Orchard.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	365,000

Comments: An energy cost reduction of 15 percent is expected as a result of this project.

Military Department

Minor Works - Preservation (2004-1-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 181

Description: Funding is provided to conduct preservation projects of limited scope that reduce facility deterioration, increase

functionality, and allow the facilities to continue to be used by the National Guard and the public.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	1,113,000

Comments: Prior to allotment, the Department will furnish the Office of Financial Management with a list of projects in the form of a minor works list. This allotment is specific to facilities which are state owned and does not include parking lot repairs or paving which may be funded through reappropriation of job creation and infrastructure projects (2003-1-001).

Project Descriptions

Military Department

Communication Security-Emergency Management Division-Bldg No. 20 (2004-1-002)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 183

Description: Funding is provided to construct a secure communication area within the Emergency Management Building #20, located

at Camp Murray.

General Fund - Federal 0 Appropriation Appropriation 0 1,000,000

Comments: The project is specifically related to the receipt, use, and dissemination of classified information pertaining to Homeland

Security.

Military Department

Minor Works to Support Federal Construction Projects (2004-1-003)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 184

Description: Funding is provided in the form of matching funds to support preservation and limited program projects at various

Departmental facilities statewide.

 Reappropriation
 Appropriation

 General Fund - Federal
 0
 11,150,000

 State Building Construction Account - State
 0
 2,798,000

 Total
 0
 13,948,000

Comments: This category provides state matching funds for miscellaneous projects under \$750,000. A federal/state match of 75/25

is for program projects and 50/50 for preservation projects. There is a limit of \$1.5 million per project.

Military Department

Infrastructure Savings (2004-1-850)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 185

Description: Provides initial funding of \$1 to establish a project for the transfer of savings from completed preservation and program projects to be used for infrastructure deficiencies or conditions having an adverse effect on current program use or those

where modification will increase life expectancy for the infrastructure supporting a facility or can reduce system

operating costs for the agency.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 0 1

Comments: Additional clarifying restrictions on the use of funds transferred to this project account are described in Chapter 26,

Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 915 (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget). The Office of Financial

Management will review and qualify projects savings for this account.

Military Department

Spokane Readiness Center (2004-2-003)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 186

A normaniation

Description: Funds the state portion of a replacement for the Spokane Readiness Center.

	Keappropriation	Appropriation
General Fund - Federal	0	8,800,000
State Building Construction Account - State	0	4,768,000
Total	0	13,568,000

Comments: The construction of this project is contingent upon maintaining federal funding of \$8.8 million to construct a 69,654

square foot readiness center. Additional progress and financial reporting requirements reflect the importance of keeping

the multiple jurisdictional responsibilities consistent and understood by all parties throughout the project.

Project Descriptions

Military Department

Orting School District Safety Bridge Study (2004-4-951)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 187

Description: Funding is provided for a feasibility study concerning bridge construction to allow evacuation of the Orting School

District employees and students in case of a volcanic disturbance of Mt. Rainier.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State0250,000

Comments: A proviso requires that the study and cost estimates are due to the Office of Financial Management (OFM) and the

Legislature by January 1, 2004. Coordination with the Orting School District and review of that report is expected to

occur before the report is delivered to OFM and the Legislature.

State Convention and Trade Center

WSCTC Omnibus Minor Works (2004-1-002)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 188

Description: Funding is provided for a range of minor works projects to maintain the safety of guests and integrity of state assets, in

addition to maintaining a building that is marketable and attractive to guests as an event venue at the state convention

center.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Convention & Trade Center Account - State02,045,000

Comments: Prior to allotment, the Department will furnish the Office of Financial Management with a list of projects in the form of

a minor works list.

Department of Social and Health Services

Echo Glen Children's Center-Site: Infrastructure Improvements (1996-2-229)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 201

Description: Funding is provided to extend a force sewer main between the Echo Glen Children's Center and the city of Snoqualmie

wastewater treatment plant so that the institution may comply with waste disposal requirements.

 Reappropriation
 Appropriation

 Char/Ed/Penal/Reform/Institutions Account - State
 0
 925,000

 State Building Construction Account - State
 1,100,000
 0

 Total
 1,100,000
 925,000

Comments: A proviso indicates that the Legislature does not intend to reappropriate amounts not expended by June 30, 2005.

Department of Social and Health Services

Western State Hospital: Legal Offender Unit (1998-2-052)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 204

Description: Funding is provided to complete construction of the new 240-bed Legal Offender Unit at Western State Hospital and

associated projects.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State2,590,0001,000,000

Comments: North Hall will be demolished as part of this project.

Department of Social and Health Services

Child Study & Treatment Center-Cottages: Modifications, Phase 3 (2000-1-015)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 206

Description: Funding is provided to remodel Ketron Cottage at the Child Study and Treatment Center to provide appropriate housing

for the mentally ill youth in the close attention program.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State100,0001,800,000

Project Descriptions

Department of Social and Health Services

Echo Glen Children's Center-Eleven Cottages: Renovation (2000-1-041)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 208

Description: Funding is provided to renovate or plan for the renovation of 11 residential cottages at the Echo Glen Children's Center

to harden interior finishes, upgrade mechanical and electrical systems, replace roofing, and improve security.

Reappropriation Appropriation 250,000 5,490,000 State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: This appropriation is for changes to residential units to correct safety, security, and code deficiencies; to upgrade worn mechanical and electrical systems; and replace roofing. Four residential cottages will be renovated in the 2003-05

biennium consistent with the Echo Glen Children's Center Master Plan.

Department of Social and Health Services

Special Commitment Center-Secure Facility: Construction, Phase 3 (2000-2-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 209

Description: Funding is provided to remodel King Hall and Riveland Hall at the Special Commitment Center on McNeil Island to

accommodate the program's need for food services, resident services, educational services, administration, and resident housing.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 24,000,000 11,158,212

Comments: A proviso permits transfer of excess funds to the Minor Works-Health, Safety, and Code Requirements project (2004-1-

111) for expenditure for minor works projects.

Department of Social and Health Services

Special Commitment Center-Regional SCTF: New 12-Bed Facility (2004-2-502)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 212

Description: Funding is provided to design and construct the first six beds of a new 12-bed Regional Secure Community Transition

Facility (SCTF) for the DSHS Special Commitment Center.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State U 3,000,000

Comments: At the time of appropriation, a site for the facility had not been identified.

Department of Social and Health Services

DSHS: Capital Project Management (2004-1-110)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 218

Description: Funding is provided to directly support agency capital project management salaries, benefits, travel, and education in the

Building and Lands Division.

Reappropriation Appropriation Char/Ed/Penal/Reform/Institutions Account - State 2,000,000

Comments: There is no change in the number or types of positions that were funded in the 2001-03 biennium.

Department of Social and Health Services

Juvenile Rehabilitation-Acute Mental Health Unit: New Facility (2004-2-203)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 219

Description: Funding is provided for a predesign and siting study for a mental health facility for the care of juvenile offenders with

serious mental illness within the DSHS Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration (JRA).

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 200,000

Comments: A proviso requires integration with the JRA master planning efforts and requires the site to be on existing, state-owned

property. Elements of the predesign are enumerated.

	Project Descript	ions	
Department of So	cial and Health Services		
Rainier School:	Wastewater Treatment (Buckley) (2004-1-950)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 220
Description	: Funding is provided to pay for the state share of design of	a wastewater treatment plant.	
		Reappropriation	Appropriation
	Char/Ed/Penal/Reform/Institutions Account - State	0	250,000
Department of So	cial and Health Services		
Maple Lane Sch	ool-Steam Plant and Tunnels: Upgrade (2004-1-207)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 221
Description	: Funding is provided for the installation of seismic bracing utility tunnels at the Maple Lane campus to mitigate structu	ral failure and disruption of	campus utilities and steam.
		Reappropriation	Appropriation
	State Building Construction Account - State	0	2,650,000
Department of So	cial and Health Services		
Minor Works - I	Program: Mental Health (2004-2-365)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 222
Description	: Funding is provided for facility modifications to adapt exist for training, counseling, and treatment programs in facilities Division.		1 0
		Reappropriation	Appropriation
	State Building Construction Account - State	0	750,000
Department of So	cial and Health Services		
-	Health, Safety and Code Requirements (2004-1-111)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 223
Description	: Funding is provided for preservation priorities to protect li certification and licensing standards, and reduce life-threat		des and regulations, maintain
		Reappropriation	Appropriation
	State Building Construction Account - State	0	1,500,000
Department of So	cial and Health Services		
Minor Works - I	Facility Preservation (2004-1-112)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 224
Description	: Funding is provided for minor work preservation priorities preserve existing structures and facilities.	for critical repair, renewal, a	and replacement projects to
		Reappropriation	Appropriation
	State Building Construction Account - State	0	4,000,000
Department of So	ocial and Health Services		
-	infrastructure Preservation (2004-1-113)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 225
	: Funding is provided for preservation priorities for critical r infrastructure elements and systems.	epair, renewal, and replacem	
		Reappropriation	Appropriation
	State Building Construction Account - State	0	1,500,000
Department of So	cial and Health Services		
-	rgency Repairs (2004-1-116)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 226
	Funding is provided for emergency and unanticipated repa failure of building elements or utility systems; restoration f code and licensing deficiencies.		m natural disasters; unforeseen
	<u>~</u>	Reappropriation	Appropriation

475

Comments: This funding should not be used as a contingency or to fund programmatic or projects which are not in the category of

750,000

State Building Construction Account - State

true emergency.

Project Descriptions

Department of Social and Health Services

Statewide - Hazards Abatement and Demolition (2004-1-119)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 227

Description: Funding is provided to reduce risk and liability through abatement of hazardous materials and demolition of potentially

dangerous structures.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 250,000

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: A portion of the proviso limiting the funding for use at facilities managed by the Division of Developmental Disabilities (DDD) was vetoed as being inefficient and a risk to public safety. Legislative review of the original list submitted by the Department indicated that the structures at Fircrest School and other DDD facilities could be deferred until a later budget or, in light of the proposed consolidation of the residential habilitation facilities, were premature until the study was completed and any facility identified for closure was determined. No demolition at either Fircrest School or Rainier

School was to be permitted.

Department of Social and Health Services

Statewide: Facilities Condition Assessment & Preservation Plan (2004-1-120)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 228

Description: Funding is provided to continue development of a thorough inventory and condition assessment of all DSHS facilities and institutions. The assessment will be used to track progress on the agency's deferred maintenance backlog reduction plan and will prioritize future capital preservation requests.

> Reappropriation Appropriation 100,000 Char/Ed/Penal/Reform/Institutions Account - State

Department of Social and Health Services

Residential Habilitation Centers Consolidation (2004-1-958)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 229

Description: Funding is provided for the agency to conduct a study in the form of a project request report to outline specific residential habilitation projects to be conducted in the 2003-05 biennium with priority given to infrastructure repairs and cottage renovations and no funds to include demolition of structures.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Char/Ed/Penal/Reform/Institutions Account - State	0	4,000,000
State Building Construction Account - State	0	2,000,000
Total	0	6,000,000

Comments: The provisos were vetoed due to an inconsistency in the schedule of the operating budget plan for the residential consolidation of clients from the Fircrest School.

Department of Social and Health Services

Infrastructure Savings (2004-1-850)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 230

Description: Provides initial funding of \$1 to establish a project for the transfer of savings from completed preservation and program projects to be used for infrastructure deficiencies or conditions having an adverse effect on current program use or those where modification will increase life expectancy for the infrastructure supporting a facility or reduce system operating costs for the agency. Projects eligible to transfer savings into this project are limited to those funded from the State Building Construction Account.

> Reappropriation Appropriation

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: Additional clarifying restrictions on the use of funds transferred to this project account are described in Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 915 (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget). The Office of Financial

Management will review and qualify projects savings for transfer into this account.

Project Descriptions

Department of Social and Health Services

JRA Master Planning Updates (2004-1-957)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 232

Description: Funding is provided for a master plan for the Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration (JRA) Program which is due to the Office of Financial Management (OFM) and the fiscal capital and policy committees of the Legislature by September 1,

2004.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State0200,000

Comments: One proviso related to review and approval of scope of work was vetoed; legislative staff will meet with OFM and the agency to review and provide input on the scope. Other provisos specify elements of the master plan that need

particular attention.

Department of Health

Drinking Water Assistance Program (2004-4-003)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 234

Description: This appropriation is provided solely for an interagency agreement with the Department of Community, Trade, and Economic Development to make loans to local governments and public water systems for projects and activities that

protect and improve the state's drinking water facilities and resources.

ReappropriationAppropriationDrinking Water Assistance Account - Federal028,122,000

Department of Veterans' Affairs

Retsil: 240 Bed Nursing Facility (2002-2-008)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 240

Description: Funding is provided for the construction of a new 240-bed skilled care nursing facility at the Retsil Veterans' Home.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
General Fund - Federal	0	30,730,700
Char/Ed/Penal/Reform/Institutions Account - State	500,000	250,000
State Building Construction Account - State	0	12,000,000
Total	500,000	42,980,700

Comments: The change in funding reflects a switch of \$12 million from Certificates of Participation to the State Building Construction Account. The total funding for the project remains the same as approved in the 2001-03 biennium.

Department of Veterans' Affairs

Historic District Management Plan (2004-1-850)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 241

Description: Funding is provided for a federally mandated requirement related to the demolition of historically significant buildings

at the site of the new 240-bed facility at Retsil.

ReappropriationAppropriationChar/Ed/Penal/Reform/Institutions Account - State040,000

Comments: A proviso restricts use to the historic district management plan.

Department of Veterans' Affairs

Emergency Repairs (2004-1-002)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 242

Description: Funding is provided for emergency repairs at the existing facility at Orting.

ReappropriationAppropriationChar/Ed/Penal/Reform/Institutions Account - State0300,000

Comments: The amount of funding is reduced from previous years as a result of the construction of the new facility in Retsil. This

funding should not be used as a contingency or to fund programmatic or projects which are not in the category of true

emergency.

Project Descriptions

Department of Veterans' Affairs

Infrastructure Savings (2004-1-851)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 243

Description: Provides initial funding of \$1 to establish a project for the transfer of savings from completed preservation and program projects to be used for infrastructure deficiencies or conditions having an adverse effect on current program use, or those

where modification will increase life expectancy for the infrastructure supporting a campus or can reduce system

operating costs for the institution.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: Additional clarifying restrictions on the use of funds transferred to this project account are described in Chapter 26,

Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 915 (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget). The Office of Financial Management will review and qualify project savings for transfer into this account.

Department of Veterans' Affairs

Minor Works - Facility Preservation: Orting (2004-1-004)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 244

Description: Funding is provided for preservation projects of limited scope at the Orting Soldiers' Home that reduce facility

deterioration and increase functionality.

Reappropriation 750,000

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: Prior to allotment, the Department will furnish the Office of Financial Management with a list of projects in the form of

a minor works list.

Department of Corrections

MCC: 100-Bed Management & Segregation Unit (2000-2-008)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 250

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 100-bed segregation unit addition to the intensive management unit at the Monroe

Corrections Center (MCC).

	<u>Reappropriation</u>	Appropriation
General Fund - Federal	10,964,679	0
State Building Construction Account - State	8,575,906	18,674,031
Total	19,540,585	18,674,031

Comments: Funding is contingent upon the Department not selling, leasing, or otherwise disposing of the Monroe Honor Farm site prior to December 1, 2004. The Legislature intends that the Monroe Honor Farm site be explored as a possible site for a an anaerobic digester to treat dairy waste in Snohomish County as part of the Snohomish Basin BioGas Initiative. The Department is directed to cooperate with local groups pursuing a feasibility study on the appropriateness of the site for the digester.

Department of Corrections

WSP: Replace Electrical Supply System (2002-1-024)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 261

Description: Funding is provided for the installation of a new 12.5 kilovolt substation to the Washington State Penitentiary (WSP) in

Walla Walla.

Reappropriation Appropriation 3,729,706 4,242,715 State Building Construction Account - State

Department of Corrections

WSP: Replace Sanitary/Domestic Water Lines (2002-1-026)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 262

Description: Funding is provided for phase two of three phases to replace sanitary and domestic water lines at the Washington State

Penitentiary in Walla Walla.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 870,000 1,312,167

Project Descriptions

MICC: Replace Submarine Electric Power Cable (2004-1-006)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 265

Description: Funding is provided to replace McNeil Island Corrections Center's (MICC's) underwater electric supply cable.

Reappropriation Appropriation 4,902,000

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: Replacement of the portion of the electric cable that is on the island is deferred until the 2005-07 biennium.

Department of Corrections

Minor Works - Facility Preservation (2004-1-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 266

Description: Funding is provided for minor works facility preservation projects statewide.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State04,000,000

Department of Corrections

Minor Works - Health, Safety and Code (2004-1-021)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 267

Description: Funding is provided for safety, protection of life and health, protection or preservation of critical utilities, and regulatory or code requirements statewide.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State04,000,000

Department of Corrections

Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (2004-1-003)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 268

Description: Funding is provided for renovation or replacement of critical utility systems including water, sewer, electrical, stormwater, and steam systems statewide.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State04,000,000

Department of Corrections

Emergency Repairs (2004-1-036)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 269

Description: Funding is provided for statewide emergency and unanticipated repair projects due to damage from natural disasters; unforeseen failure of building elements or utility systems; restoration following an emergency event; and immediate response to code and occupancy deficiencies.

ReappropriationAppropriationChar/Ed/Penal/Reform/Institutions Account - State01,600,000

Department of Corrections

WSP: Convert BAR Units from Medium to Close Custody (2004-2-004)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 270

Description: Funding is provided to convert the Baker, Adams, and Rainier (BAR) Housing Units at the Washington State Penitentiary in Walla Walla from medium to close security units.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State017,809,202

Department of Corrections

WSP: North Close Security Compound (2004-2-005)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 271

Description: Funding is provided for a predesign study for 1,444 beds and design and construction of 768 close security beds and 100 intensive management unit beds for the new North Close Security Compound at the Washington State Penitentiary in

Walla Walla.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State0133,940,000

Project Descriptions

Comments: The funding level assumes construction of close custody beds and directly related structures during the 2003-05

biennium. Future projected appropriations in the amount of \$5.8 million are expected to be requested for support structures outside the immediate secure perimeter of the close custody units or for structures that can otherwise be

delayed until the 2005-07 biennium without jeopardizing population capacity needs.

Department of Corrections

Infrastructure Savings (2004-1-850)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 272

Description: Provides initial funding of \$1 to establish a project for the transfer of savings from completed preservation and program

projects to be used for infrastructure deficiencies or conditions having an adverse effect on current program use or those where modification will increase life expectancy for the infrastructure supporting a facility or reduce system operating costs for the agency. Projects eligible to transfer savings into this project are limited to those funded from the State

Building Construction Account.

Reappropriation Appropriation

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: Additional clarifying restrictions on the use of funds transferred to this project account are described in Chapter 26,

Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 915 (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget). The Office of Financial

Management will review and qualify projects savings for transfer into this account.

Department of Corrections

Master Planning (2004-4-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 273

Description: Funding is provided for the Department to contract for master planning services with a minimum six-year planning

horizon.

Reappropriation Appropriation 500,000

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: The scope of planning work shall be shared and coordinated with the Office of Financial Management and the capital

fiscal committees of the Legislature.

Department of Corrections

WCC: Regional Infrastructure (2004-2-008)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 274

Description: Funding is provided for the Department of Corrections' (DOC) share of a regional sewer and water infrastructure plan to

extend water and sewer to the Washington Corrections Center (WCC) in Shelton.

Reappropriation Appropriation 4,650,000

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: DOC has entered into a partnership with the city of Shelton, the Port of Shelton, the Washington State Patrol, and

Mason County for a regional water and sewer system. The project is also receiving federal grants.

Washington State Criminal Justice Training Commission

School Mapping & Security (2004-4-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 275

Description: Funding is provided for mapping of schools throughout the state and to make this information available electronically in

the event of disasters or incidents.

Reappropriation Appropriation 4.800.000

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: Consistent with a pilot project undertaken by the Washington Association of Sheriffs' and Police Chiefs' (WASPC), the Criminal Justice Training Commission shall coordinate this effort with WASPC and the School Safety Committee of the

Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Project Descriptions

Department of Ecology

Local Toxics Grants to Locals for Cleanup and Prevention (2004-4-008)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 304

Description: Grants to local government for site cleanup activities conducted by local governments, local solid waste plan implementation, and public participation efforts.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Local Toxics Control Account - State	0	45,000,000
Governor's Veto		
Local Toxics Control Account - State	0	-1,800,000
Total	0	43,200,000

Department of Ecology

Low-Level Nuclear Waste Disposal Trench Site Investigation (2004-4-010)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 307

Description: Funding is provided for low-level nuclear waste trench site investigation.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation	
Site Closure Account - State	0	1,141,415	

Department of Ecology

Water Rights Purchase/Lease (2004-1-005)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 309

Description: Appropriation for funding of the water rights acquisition and lease program to restore stream flows and for other beneficial uses. Water purchases/leases will help local communities protect and restore threatened and endangered fish stocks, implement local watershed plans, and plan for future water needs.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
General Fund - Federal	0	1,500,000
State Drought Preparedness - State	0	1,500,000
Total	0	3,000,000

Department of Ecology

Water Irrigation Efficiencies (2001-H-010)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 310

Description: Funding is provided for grants to conservation districts to assist the agricultural community in implementing water conservation measures.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	1,000,000
St/Loc Impr Rev Acct Water Supply Facilities - State	2,650,000	0
Water Quality Account - State	3,117,000	0
Total	5,767,000	1,000,000

Department of Ecology

Centennial Clean Water Program (2004-4-007)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 313

Description: The Centennial Clean Water Program provides grants and loans to public bodies for planning, implementation, design, acquisition, and construction of water pollution control facilities and water infrastructure.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	30,452,000
Water Quality Account - State	0	15,948,000
Total	0	46,400,000

Project Descriptions

Comments: In early versions of the capital budget, both House and Senate-passed bills included proviso language directing that \$8 million of this funding be provided for "water conveyance and infrastructure projects." This proviso language was inadvertently not included in the final budget bill. The Department of Ecology has assessed "water conveyance and infrastructure" projects that will be ready to proceed in FY 2004, and the agency is planning to fund those that address "water quality implementation and planning" consistent with Section 313(7). This may include funding for ongoing implementation of comprehensive irrigation district management plans. The Department of Ecology has indicated that for the 2004 supplemental budget, the Department will develop both a preliminary "Centennial Clean Water Program" project funding list and a "water conveyance and infrastructure" project funding list.

Department of Ecology

Water Pollution Control Program (2004-4-002)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 315

Description: The Water Pollution Control Program provides financial assistance in the form of low-interest loans to state and local governments for high priority water quality projects and grants to acquire and rehabilitate public water systems to improve water quality and public health.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Water Pollution Control Revolving Account - State	0	66,663,333
Water Pollution Control Revolving Account - Federal	0	44,466,666
Total	0	111.129.999

Department of Ecology

Water Supply Facilities Program (2004-4-006)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 316

Description: These funds will be used for planning, acquisition, construction, and improvement of water supply and conservation.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	6,650,000
St/Loc Impr Rev Acct Water Supply Facilities - State	0	7,000,000
Total	0	13,650,000

Department of Ecology

Padilla Bay Expansion (2002-2-006)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 317

Description: Provides funding to complete the expansion of the Padilla Bay National Estuarine Reserve.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
General Fund - Federal	1,472,891	2,417,196
State Building Construction Account - State	693,353	568,804
Total	2,166,244	2,986,000

Department of Ecology

Twin Lake Aquifer Recharge Project (2004-2-951)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 318

Description: Funding is provided for the Twin Lakes Aquifer Recharge Project.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	750,000

Department of Ecology

Columbia Basin Ground Water Management (2004-2-952)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 319

Description: Funding is provided for ground water management in the Columbia Basin.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Water Quality Account - State	0	500,000

Project Descriptions

State Parks and Recreation Commission

Lewis & Clark Trail Bicentennial (2000-1-010)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 320

Description: Funding is provided to improve public access and interpretation of key areas along the Lewis & Clark route within state

parks in commemoration of the bicentennial of the Lewis & Clark expedition.

Reappropriation Appropriation 700,000 3,337,000

State Building Construction Account - State 700,000 3,337,000

Comments: A proviso requires that the reappropriation be used to renovate facilities and enhance Lewis & Clark trail interpretive facilities at Sacajawea and Fort Canby state parks.

State Parks and Recreation Commission

Beacon Rock Pierce Trust (2004-2-018)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 323

Description: Funding is provided to make improvements to the group camp at Beacon Rock State Park.

Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account - State

Reappropriation

O

50,000

Comments: A local group contributes annually into a trust to be used for development at Beacon Rock State Park.

State Parks and Recreation Commission

Minor Works - Facility Preservation (2004-1-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 329

Description: Funding is provided for repairs and upgrades to state park facilities and infrastructure.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	1,837,500
Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account - State	0	5,900,000
Total	0	7,737,500

Comments: A proviso requires that the funding be used to continue minor works projects that reduce the estimated \$300 million deferred maintenance backlog.

State Parks and Recreation Commission

Fort Worden (2004-1-004)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 331

Description: Funding is provided to rehabilitate significant historic buildings and structures within the park.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	1,000,000

State Parks and Recreation Commission

Major Park Renovation-Cama Beach (2002-1-022)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 333

Description: Funding is provided for construction of the dining hall.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	2,500,000	0
Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account - State	0	200,000
Total	2,500,000	200,000

Comments: The authority from the Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account is a cash donation to assist in construction of the dining hall.

Project Descriptions

State Parks and Recreation	Commission
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Historic	Stewardshi	ip (2004-1-010)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 336

Description: Funding is provided to protect the historic resources in state parks and make them available for public education and

enjoyment.

Reappropriation Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State 0 1,000,000

State Parks and Recreation Commission

Park Housing (2002-2-008)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 337

Description: Funding is provided to replace existing substandard housing for state park rangers.

Reappropriation Appropriation

State Building Construction Account - State

300,000

1,000,000

State Parks and Recreation Commission

Parkland Acquisition (2004-2-013)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 339

Description: Funding is provided to purchase new state park properties.

Reappropriation

Appropriation

Parkland Acquisition Account - State

0 1,000,000

Comments: Proceeds from the sale of state park lands are deposited into the Park Land Acquisition Account. The State Parks and

Recreation Commission may expect to sell some of its surplus land during the 2003-05 biennium and purchase other

lands more appropriate for state park purposes.

State Parks and Recreation Commission

Iron Horse Trail (2004-2-016)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 340

Description: Funding is provided to construct small projects on the Iron Horse Trail State Park.

Reappropriation

Appropriation

State Building Construction Account - State

262,500

Comments: Provisos direct the Commission to file quarterly reports with the Office of Financial Management and by June 30, 2004,

to submit a study of potential user fees that could support maintenance, operating, and capital renewal costs for the

Commission's three cross-state trails.

State Parks and Recreation Commission

Statewide Boat Pumpout - Federal Clean Vessel Act (2004-4-014)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 343

Description: Funding is provided for grants to public and private marinas to establish or replace boat sewage disposal facilities and to

educate boaters about clean boating activities.

Reappropriation

Appropriation

General Fund - Federal

0 1,000,000

Comments: The project is a pass-through grant program distributing funds from the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service.

State Parks and Recreation Commission

Deception Pass State Park Renovation (2004-1-019)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 345

Description: Funding is provided for the renovation of the Deception Pass State Park as described in the park's master plan.

Reappropriation

Appropriation

State Building Construction Account - State

0

250,000

Comments: A proviso directs that the funding is to be used for design and permits for the park and marine crew relocation.

Project Descriptions

State Parks and Recreation Commission

Emergency Repairs (2004-1-012)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 346

Description: Funding is provided for emergency and unanticipated repair projects due to damage from natural disasters, unforeseen failure of building elements or utility systems, restoration following an emergency event, and immediate response to

code and occupancy deficiencies.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State0500,000

State Parks and Recreation Commission

Facility Assessment (2004-2-011)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 347

Description: Funding is provided to continue implementation of the condition assessment program of state park facilities, which

identifies future capital improvements.

Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account - State

Reappropriation

O 150,000

Comments: A proviso requires the State Parks and Recreation Commission to submit a report to the Legislature by October 15, 2003

regarding the current condition and prospective content of the state park system at its centennial in 2013.

State Parks and Recreation Commission

Recreation Development (2004-2-002)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 348

Description: Funding is provided to expand recreational experiences across the state and to add new revenue generated capacity.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State02,900,000

Comments: A proviso requires that \$100,000 be used to retain a consultant to conduct a predesign study for a headquarters building

in Thurston County. The predesign is to compare a new leased facility against options to build and to evaluate appropriate funding strategies. A proviso requires that \$900,000 be used to install fee collection stations at selected

parks statewide.

State Parks and Recreation Commission

Fort Canby Improvements (2004-2-850)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 349

Description: Funding is provided for improvements at Fort Canby State Park.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State0750,000

Comments: A proviso requires that funding be used to acquire Realvest Upland area property.

Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

Washington Wildlife and Recreation Program (WWRP) (2004-4-002)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 354

Description: This program provides grants to local governments and state agencies to acquire and develop local and state parks, water access sites, trails, critical wildlife habitat, natural areas, and urban wildlife habitat.

Reappropriation

 Reappropriation
 Appropriation

 Outdoor Recreation Account - State
 0
 22,500,000

 Habitat Conservation Account - State
 0
 22,500,000

 Total
 0
 45,000,000

Comments: The specific list of approved projects is on page 452 (LEAP Capital Document No. 2003-45).

Project Descriptions

Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

Firearms and Archery Range Recreation Program (FARR) (2004-4-006)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 356

Description: The Firearms and Archery Range Recreation Program provides grants to local governments, state agencies, and nonprofit organizations to acquire, develop, and renovate public and private nonprofit firearm and archery training, practice, and recreation facilities.

Reappropriation Appropriation
Firearms Range Account - State 0 150,000

Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

Hatchery Management Program (2004-4-010)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 358

Description: The Hatchery Management Program provides federal grants to tribal governments, federal agencies, and state agencies

to develop guidelines and implement projects that improve hatchery management.

ReappropriationAppropriationGeneral Fund - Federal010,000,000

Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF) (2004-4-007)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 360

Description: The Land and Water Conservation Program provides grants to local governments, park districts, port districts, tribal governments, and state agencies to assist in preserving, developing, and assuring recreation facilities.

ReappropriationAppropriationGeneral Fund - Federal05,735,000

Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

National Recreation Trails Program (NRTP) (2004-4-008)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 363

Description: The National Recreation Trails Program provides federal grants to nonprofit organizations, municipal subdivisions (cities, towns, counties, port districts, park and recreation districts, and school districts), tribal governments, state

agencies, and federal agencies (Forest Service, Park Service, etc.) to develop or maintain recreational trails and trailside or trailhead facilities.

Reappropriation Appropriation

General Fund - Federal 0 2,260,000

Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

Nonhighway and Off-Road Vehicle Activities Program (NOVA) (2004-4-004)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 366

Description: The Nonhighway and Off-Road Vehicle Activities Program provides grants to local governments, tribal governments, and state agencies to develop and manage recreation facilities for off-road vehicles, hikers, equestrian, bicyclists, and

other users of nonhighway roads.

NOVA Program Account - State Reappropriation Appropriation 0 6,226,310

Comments: A proviso requires that \$450,000 of the appropriation must be used for off-road vehicle and other recreational activities on Department of Natural Resources lands for FY 2004. The estimated additional revenue from the gas tax increase that is included in the appropriation, \$325,000, is to be used for trails and related facilities for motorized and non-motorized uses in state parks.

Project Descriptions

Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

Salmon Recovery Fund Board Programs (SRFB) (2004-4-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 369

Description: This program provides grants to local government subdivisions (cities, towns, counties, port districts, park and recreation districts, conservation districts, and school districts), tribal governments, private landowners, and state agencies for salmon habitat protection and restoration projects and related programs and activities.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
General Fund - Federal	0	34,375,000
State Building Construction Account - State	0	12,000,000
Total	0	46,375,000

Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

Boating Facilities Program (BFP) (2004-4-003)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 371

Description: The Boating Facilities Program provides grants to local governments, tribal governments, and state agencies to acquire, develop and renovate motorized recreational boating facilities on fresh and saltwater. Both shoreline and boating-related upland projects are eligible for consideration in this program.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Recreation Resources Account - State	0	7,506,959

Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

Boating Infrastructure Grant Program (BIG) (2004-4-009)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 373

Description: The Boating Infrastructure Grant Program provides federal grants to counties, cities, and towns, state agencies, port districts, tribal governments, private marinas with facilities open to the general public, and nonprofit organizations for facilities providing services to recreational motorboats 26 feet and larger.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
General Fund - Federal	0	2,000,000

Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

Family Forest Fish Blockages Program (2004-4-011)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 374

Description: The Family Forest Fish Blockage Program provides grants to family forest owners to pay for the replacement of fish migration blockages on privately-owned family forest land. Replacement of these blockages is required by the Forests and Fish Act.

Reappropriation Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State 0 2,000,000

Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

Aquatic Lands Enhancement Grants (2004-4-018)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 377

Description: Funds are provided for grants to local and tribal governments for public access and habitat improvements to aquatic resources.

Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account - State Reappropriation Appropriation 5,356,400

Comments: The list of approved projects is on page 456 (LEAP Capital Document No. 2003-32).

State Conservation Commission

Skykomish Flood Mitigation Project (2001-H-013)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 378

Description: Funding is provided for a flood mitigation project in the Skykomish River.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State300,000181,000

Project Descriptions

State Conservation Commission

Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (2004-4-004)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 379

Description: Funding is provided for the Conservation Commission to provide grants to conservation districts to give landowners technical assistance in the development of their riparian restoration plans and provides financial assistance to help with

implementation of those plans.

Reappropriation Appropriation 2,000,000

State Building Construction Account - State 0

Comments: The Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program is a partnership with the U.S. Department of Agriculture to offer payment and technical assistance to private landowners for part of the cost of protecting lands adjacent to salmon-critical streams for up to 15 years. The amount of state participation is subject to appropriation.

State Conservation Commission

Dairy Nutrient Management Grants Program (2002-4-002)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 380

Description: Funding is provided for the Conservation Commission to make grants to conservation districts to assist dairy operators in the management of dairy waste. Conservation districts are expected to use grant funds from the new appropriation to

provide engineering technical assistance to landowners.

ReappropriationAppropriationWater Quality Account - State350,0001,600,000

State Conservation Commission

Puget Sound District Grants (2004-4-005)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 381

Description: Funding is provided for the Conservation Commission to make grants to conservation districts to address water quality problems identified in the Puget Sound Water Quality Work Plan.

Reappropriation Appropriation

Water Quality Account - State 0 840,000

State Conservation Commission

Water Quality Grants Program (2004-4-002)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 382

Description: Funding is provided for the Conservation Commission to make grants to conservation districts for the planning, design, and implementation of best management practices to control nonpoint water pollution.

and implementation of best management practices to control nonpoint water ponution.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State03,500,000

Department of Fish and Wildlife

Fish Screens (2001-H-011)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 383

Description: Funding is provided to inventory, design, construct, and install fish screens and byways.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
General Fund - Federal	500,000	0
State Building Construction Account - State	1,000,000	1,000,000
Total	1,500,000	1,000,000

Comments: A proviso requires that the funds be used for the inventory, design, construction, and installation of fish screens and byways and directs the Department of Fish and Wildlife to contract for the design, construction, and installation of fish screens to the extent practicable and cost effective. The funds appropriated are to be used to match federal funds appropriated under HR 1444, the federal Fisheries Restoration and Irrigation Mitigation Act of 2000.

Project Descriptions

Department of Fish and Wildlife

Facility, Infrastructure, Lands, and Access Condition Improvement (2004-1-003)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 389

Description: Funding is provided to develop, design, and construct improvements to Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) facilities statewide.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
General Fund - Federal	0	600,000
State Building Construction Account - State	0	3,875,000
Total	0	4,475,000

Comments: A proviso requires that \$301,000 of the State Building Construction Account appropriation be used for improvements at the Centralia game farm.

Department of Fish and Wildlife

Fish & Wildlife Opportunity Improvements (2004-2-006)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 390

Description: Funding is provided to develop, design, and construct improvements to WDFW recreational sites.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Warm Water Game Fish Account - State	0	550,000
Wildlife Account - State	0	1,500,000
Total	0	2,050,000

Department of Fish and Wildlife

Fish and Wildlife Population and Habitat Protection (2004-1-002)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 397

Description: Funding is provided to design and construct improvements to WDFW facilities statewide and to acquire and improve critical habitat.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
General Fund - Federal	0	2,830,000
General Fund - Local	0	3,500,000
State Building Construction Account - State	0	2,400,000
Wildlife Account - State	0	1,700,000
Total	0	10,430,000

Comments: Provisos require that \$400,000 of the Wildlife Account appropriation be used for upland wildlife habitat and \$500,000

of the Wildlife Account appropriation be used to maintain existing leases in the Snake River region and to make additional agreements with landowners.

Department of Fish and Wildlife

Hatchery Reform, Retrofits, and Condition Improvement (2004-1-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 398

Description: Funding is provided for the design and construction of projects to bring hatchery facilities into compliance with state and federal water quality and water quantity requirements and the requirements of the federal Endangered Species Act.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
General Fund - Federal	0	4,500,000
General Fund - Local	0	1,500,000
State Building Construction Account - State	0	7,700,000
Wildlife Account - State	0	200,000
Total	0	13.900.000

Comments: Provisos require that \$400,000 of the State Building Construction Account appropriation be used for facility improvements at the Naselle hatchery; \$1.3 million of the State Building Construction Account appropriation be used for facility improvements at the Tokul Creek hatchery; and \$200,000 of the State Wildlife Account appropriation be

used for design of the Grandy Creek capture and acclimation pond.

Project Descriptions

Department of Fish and Wildlife

Internal and External Partnership	<i>Improvements</i>	(2004-1-007))
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C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 399

Description: Funding is provided to develop, design, and construct mitigation work with external and internal partners.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
General Fund - Federal	0	4,000,000
General Fund - Local	0	2,000,000
Special Wildlife Account - State	0	50,000
Special Wildlife Account - Federal	0	400,000
Special Wildlife Account - Local	0	50,000
Total	0	6,500,000

Department of Fish and Wildlife

WDFW Energy Savings (2004-1-016)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 400

Description: Funding is provided for the Department to implement energy conservation measures.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 0 500,000

Comments: In its budget submittal, the Department projected no operating impacts from this project in future biennia.

Department of Fish and Wildlife

Wind Power Mitigation (2004-2-850)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 401

Description: Funding is provided to acquire strategically important critical wildlife habitat as mitigation for the development of wind

power projects.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	500,000
Governor's Veto		
State Building Construction Account - State	0	-500,000
Total	0	0

Comments: A proviso directs the Department to develop and implement a wind power alternative mitigation program to maximize the habitat value of mitigation funds and streamline the mitigation process for wind power projects.

This appropriation was vetoed by the Governor.

Department of Fish and Wildlife

Youth Sportfishing Program (2004-2-017)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 402

Description: Funding is provided for the Youth Sportfishing Program to facilitate an organized approach to optimize youth fishing

opportunities.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 250,000 Wildlife Account - State

Department of Fish and Wildlife

Region 1 Office - Spokane (2004-2-009)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 403

Description: Funding is provided to construct an office complex for the Department's eastern region.

Reappropriation Appropriation 3,900,000 State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: A proviso requires that the \$3.9 million State Building Construction Account appropriation be used to construct the

eastern region office complex at Mirabeau Point.

Project Descriptions

Department of Fish and Wildlife

Deschutes Hatchery (2004-2-011)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 404

Description: Funding is provided for a predesign assessment for a hatchery on the Deschutes River.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 350,000

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: A proviso requires the Department to contract for a predesign assessment of alternatives for the Deschutes hatchery and report the results of the assessment to the Office of Financial Management and the Legislature.

Department of Natural Resources

Minor Works (2002-2-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 406

Description: Funds are reappropriated for minor works projects.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Forest Development Account - State	512,460	0
Resource Management Cost Account - State	964,932	0
State Building Construction Account - State	911,150	0
Agricultural College Trust Management Account - State	137,900	0
Total	2,526,442	0

Comments: The funding is for projects 2002-2-001 and 2000-2-011.

Department of Natural Resources

Minor Works - Facility Preservation (2004-1-002)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 408

Description: Funding is provided for minor works and preservation of existing Department-owned buildings and facilities.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Forest Development Account - State	0	224,900
Resource Management Cost Account - State	0	389,700
State Building Construction Account - State	0	150,000
Agricultural College Trust Management Account - State	0	49,200
Total	0	813,800

Department of Natural Resources

Agricultural Asset Preservation (2004-1-017)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 409

Description: Funding is provided for the scheduled repair and replacement of infrastructure equipment on agricultural trust land.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Resource Management Cost Account - State	0	100,000

Department of Natural Resources

Commercial Development/Local Improvement Districts (2004-2-009)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 410

Description: Funding is provided for the Department to participate in local improvement districts, various developer agreements,

irrigation assessments, and utility extensions to enhance the value of federally-granted trust lands.

		Appropriation	
Resource Management Cost Account - State	0	100,000	

Department of Natural Resources

Communication Site Repairs (2004-1-024)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 411

Description: Funding is provided for repair and maintenance activities on communication sites owned and managed by the Department.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Forest Development Account - State	0	50,000
Resource Management Cost Account - State	0	150,000
Total	0	200,000

Project Descriptions

Department of Natural Resources

Community and Technical College Trust Land Acquisition (2004-2-014)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 412

Description: Funding is provided to acquire income-producing lands to benefit the Community and Technical College Forest Reserve Trust.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Comm/Tech College Forest Reserve Account - State	0	96,000

Department of Natural Resources

Forest Legacy (2004-2-015)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 413

Description: Funding is provided to acquire conservation easements on forest land.

ReappropriationAppropriationGeneral Fund - Federal06,000,000

Comments: The Forest Legacy Program acquires development rights (conservation easements) from forest landowners who could

develop their property for residential or commercial use. The program is funded by grants administered by the U.S.

Forest Service.

Department of Natural Resources

Hazardous Waste Removal (2004-1-006)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 414

Description: Funding is provided to clean up hazardous waste on trust lands managed by the Department of Natural Resources.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Forest Development Account - State	0	25,000
Resource Management Cost Account - State	0	25,000
Total	0	50,000

Department of Natural Resources

Land Bank (2004-2-013)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 415

Description: Funding is provided to the Land Bank, through which the Department will acquire desirable land, dispose of undesirable assets, and maintain or enhance the state trust land base.

Resource Management Cost Account - State Reappropriation Appropriation 5,000,000

Department of Natural Resources

Marine Station Public Access (2004-2-019)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 416

Description: Funding is provided to continue conversion of the Department's marine station at Gull Harbor in Budd Inlet of Puget Sound to an aquatic lands educational reserve and shoreline access site.

__Reappropriation ______ Appropriation

Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account - State 0 100,000

Department of Natural Resources

Minor Works - Health, Safety, & Code (2004-2-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 417

Description: Funding is provided for health and safety improvements to Department-owned buildings and in the general work environment.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Forest Development Account - State	0	133,400
Resource Management Cost Account - State	0	232,000
Agricultural College Trust Management Account - State	0	29,000
Total	0	394,400

Project Descriptions

Department of Natural Resources

Mobile Radio System Upgrade (2004-2-022)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 418

Description: Funding is provided for improvements to the Department's mobile radio communication infrastructure necessary to meet federal standards. Work includes replacement of radio towers and related equipment.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Forest Development Account - State	0	227,400
Resource Management Cost Account - State	0	386,500
State Building Construction Account - State	0	1,659,800
Total	0	2,273,700

Department of Natural Resources

Natural Area Facilities Preservation (2004-1-016)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 419

Description: Funding is provided to preserve the facilities and infrastructure of Natural Area Preserves and Natural Resource Conservation Areas (NRCAs).

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State0185,000

Department of Natural Resources

Natural Resource Real Property Replacement (2004-2-012)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 420

Description: Funding is provided to acquire replacement trust land.

ReappropriationAppropriationNat Res Real Property Replacement - State020,000,000

Comments: Certain trust lands are not desirable for retention because of low revenue generation potential, environmental sensitivity,

or other management factors. RCW 79.01.009 authorizes the Department to transfer these lands to public agencies, such as school districts and counties. Proceeds from the transfers are deposited in the Natural Resources Real Property

Replacement Account and are used to acquire replacement trust property.

Department of Natural Resources

Trust Land Transfer Program (2004-2-010)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 421

Description: Funding is provided to purchase or lease identified trust lands for transfer to local governments, the State Parks and Recreation Commission, the Department of Fish and Wildlife, or the Department of Natural Resources as natural areas.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Nat Res Real Property Replacement - State	0	11,000,000
State Building Construction Account - State	0	55,000,000
Total	0	66,000,000

Comments: LEAP Capital Document No. 2003-17 on page 455 is the specific list of properties adopted by the Legislature. The Department is to execute these trust land transfers so that 80 percent of the State Building Construction Account appropriation is deposited into the Common School Construction Account.

The capital budget appropriation pays costs associated with transfers and the purchase of replacement land, and there is no operating impact associated with transactions if replacement parcels are purchased during the 2003-05 biennium. In the 2005-07 biennium, these impacts are projected to be \$350,600.

Department of Natural Resources

Real Estate Repair, Maintenance, and Tenant Improvements (2004-1-005)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 422

Description: Funding is provided for planned and emergency repairs and preventive maintenance of commercial properties managed by the Department.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Resource Management Cost Account - State	0	1,200,000

Project Descriptions

Recreation Facilities Preservation (2004-1-011)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 423

Description: Funding is provided to repair and improve recreation facilities for public safety, Americans with Disabilities Act upgrades, environmental protection, and preservation of state-owned assets.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	225,000

Department of Natural Resources

Right-of-Way Acquisition (2004-2-007)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 424

Description: Funding is provided to acquire right-of-way access to Department-managed lands.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Forest Development Account - State	0	100,000
Resource Management Cost Account - State	0	400,000
Total	0	500,000

Department of Natural Resources

Riparian Open Space Program (2004-2-023)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 425

Description: Funding is provided for the Department to acquire, at the request of a landowner, fee title or a permanent conservation easement to productive forest land within a riparian (stream) channel migration zone.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Resource Management Cost Account - State	0	1,500,000
State Building Construction Account - State	0	1,000,000
Total	0	2,500,000

Department of Natural Resources

Small Timber Landowner Program (2004-2-003)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 426

Description: Funding is provided for the Department to purchase conservation easements along sensitive aquatic areas from small forest landowners willing to sell or donate such land.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	2 000 000

Department of Natural Resources

Statewide Estuarine Restoration Projects (2004-2-021)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 427

Description: Funding is provided for activities to restore the ecological health on state-owned aquatic lands.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account - State	0	200,000

Department of Natural Resources

Wetland Grants (2004-2-004)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 428

Description: Funding is provided to acquire wetlands as Natural Area Preserves and Natural Resources Conservation Areas (NRCA).

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
General Fund - Federal	0	500,000

Comments: The Wetlands Conservation Program acquires wetlands to add to existing natural areas managed by the Department.

The Department has received federal funds through competitive processes under the North American Wetlands

Conservation Act and the National Coastal Wetlands Conservation Act.

Project Descriptions

Department of Na	tural Resources		
-	Library Collections (2004-1-950)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 429
Description:	Funding is provided to convert the Department's geology li	ibrary collections and resour	rces to a digital format.
		Reappropriation	Appropriation
	State Building Construction Account - State	0	900,000
Go	vernor's Veto		
	State Building Construction Account - State	0	
	Total	0	0
Comments:	The appropriation was vetoed by the Governor.		
Department of Ag	riculture		
Fair Improvemen	nts (2004-4-850)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 430
Description:	Funding is provided for the Department of Agriculture to mand safety improvements.	nake grants to agricultural fa	irs and youth shows for health
		Reappropriation	Appropriation
	State Building Construction Account - State	0	200,000
Washington State	Patrol		
O	y Lab (2000-2-009)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 501
_	Funding is provided to complete the construction of new to	xicology laboratory space at	
•		Reappropriation	Appropriation
	State Building Construction Account - State	0	800,000
Washington State	Patrol		
_	acility Preservation: Fire Training Academy (2004-1-001)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 502
	Funding is provided for minor works preservation priorities preserve existing structures and facilities.	s for critical repair, renewal,	
		Reappropriation	Appropriation
	State Building Construction Account - State	0	250,000
Comments:	Road maintenance was part of the list considered and appro-	oved by the Legislature.	
Washington State	Patrol		
O	Laboratory Construction (2002-2-013)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 503
Description:	Funding is provided for site acquisition, development, and		me laboratory, personnel, and
	equipment now located in the basement of the Spokane Pub	•	
		Reappropriation	Appropriation
	State Building Construction Account - State	0	11,365,000
Washington State	Patrol		
Vancouver Crim	e Lab - Design / Construction (2002-2-010)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 504
Description:	Funding is provided for design and construction of a new c	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Reappropriation	Appropriation
	State Building Construction Account - State	0	10,000,000
Comments:	According to agency testimony, this project is intended to e laboratory in Kelso as well as expanding crime laboratory s		

Project Descriptions

Department of Transportation

Port of Everett Satellite Barge Facility (2004-4-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 509

Description: Funding is provided for a rail barge facility to compliment the Port of Everett's existing deep water marine terminals.

Reappropriation Appropriation 15,500,000

Multimodal Transportation Account - State

Comments: The appropriation is contingent upon an Office of Financial Management finding that the project is necessary to meet the needs of a major manufacturing tenant. The Department shall report to the Legislature at least ten days before transmittal of funds. This project is related to the state's efforts regarding infrastructure necessary to accommodate

Boeing's proposed 7E7.

State Board of Education

Resource Efficiency Pilot Project (2004-4-851)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 604

Description: Funds are provided for pilot projects on high performance and sustainable school building standards.

Reappropriation Appropriation 1,500,000

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: Of the appropriation, \$1.35 million is to assist with the design and construction costs related to high performance and sustainable building standards for five K-12 schools. In addition, funding up to \$150,000 is for development of a technical manual and to integrate it with other construction manuals, policies, and rules. The State Board is to report to the Legislature on the potential for sustainable building practices to reduce expenditures for school construction.

State Board of Education

School Construction Assistance Grants (2004-4-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 606

Description: Funds are provided as state matching grants for school construction and renovation. The amount provided is based on the estimates from the State Board of Education on the number of construction-ready projects in the upcoming biennium and on matching rates and cost factors in the State Board's rules.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	118,050,000
Common School Construction Account - State	0	281,718,513
Total	0	399,768,513

Comments: Of the total appropriation, \$397.8 million is provided for school construction matching grants. This includes \$32.8 million to increase the per square foot area cost allowance to \$125.32 in FY 2004 and \$129.80 in FY 2005, compared to \$110.32 currently. Additionally, the sum of \$2 million is provided for capital improvements and instructional equipment at Skills Centers.

The Common School Construction Fund receives revenue from a variety of sources. The following revenue streams are expected to be deposited into the fund to support the 2003-05 appropriation: \$96.4 million from timber trust revenues; \$44 million of state bonds is provided through the Trust Land Transfer Program that provides revenue for school construction when the timber on certain school parcels is determined to be unharvestable and the parcels have alternative uses; \$27 million from Education Savings Account transfers that are derived from state agency under-expenditures; \$21.2 million from interest earnings, federal funds, and other transfers; and \$67.4 million from the Education Construction Account.

State Board of Education

Port Angeles School District North Olympic Skill Center (2004-4-852)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 607

Description: Funds are provided to complete the construction of the North Olympic Skills Center.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 0 2,000,000

Project Descriptions

Public Schools		
State School Construction Assistance Program Staff (2004-2-001)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 608
Description: Funding is provided for staff for the State School Construction	=	
	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Common School Construction Account - State	0	2,038,390
State School for the Blind		
Boiler House Renovation/Electrical Vault Replacement (2004-1-001)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 613
Description: Funding is provided for renovation of the Boiler House Build and related seismic improvements.	ling, demolition and replace	cement of two electrical vaults,
	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	668,000
State School for the Blind		
Campus Preservation (2004-1-004)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 614
Description: Funding is provided to complete planned maintenance projec planning process.	ts, both interior and exteri	
F	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	770,000
State School for the Blind Wanted a Drug and Invite Buildings Presentation (2004 1 002)		C24 1 02 E1 DV C (15
Kennedy, Dry and Irwin Buildings Preservation (2004-1-002) Description: Funding is provided for renovations to the Kennedy recreation to the Irwin and Dry buildings.	n and physical education l	C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 615 building and utility improvements
, E	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	2,279,000
University of Washington		
UW Bothell /Cascadia CC - SR522 Offramp (2002-2-014)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 620
Description: Design funds for the offramp are reappropriated.		,, , -, -,
	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	4,780,000	0
Governor's Veto		
State Building Construction Account - State	-4,780,000	0
Total	0	
Comments: The Legislature intended to appropriate funds for construction Governor vetoed this section, eliminating unspent design fundaments.		e transportation budget. The
University of Washington		
UW Johnson Hall Renovation (2004-1-005)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 627
Description: Funds are provided to completely renovate Johnson Hall on the		roject will address seismic,
health, safety, and code requirements to ensure the long-term systems, and reconfigure space to serve biology, geology, psy more efficiently, providing modern labs and classrooms.		
	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	16,103,000
UW Building Account - State	0	15,552,000
Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Acct - State	0	21,400,000
Total	0	53,055,000

Project Descriptions

University of Washington

UW Emergency Power Expansion - Phase II (2004-1-024)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 628

Description: Funds are provided principally for project management and consultant services to start the second phase of a multibiennial power expansion project. This phase revises the campus distribution system, connecting buildings currently without adequate backup power to central generators whose capacity to support additional loads was improved during the 2001-03 biennium.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	3,500,000
UW Building Account - State	700,000	2,448,000
Total	700,000	5,948,000

Comments: Savings anticipated by the University in closing out the 2002 project (Phase 1) are reappropriated.

University of Washington

Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs (2004-1-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 629

Description: Omnibus funding is provided to maintain and repair state-owned University facilities housing educational and general programs of the institution to optimize environmental conditions for current occupants and extend the useful life of plant assets.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Education Construction Account - State	0	20,108,000

Comments: This capital project does not require a "minor works list" to be filed with the Office of Financial Management (OFM) to document how state funds will be applied, but OFM is expected to require some documentation that the funds are spent as intended. The Legislature expects University officials to proactively address day-to-day needs of campus facilities giving attention to those buildings in better relative condition or used intensely so as to mitigate future years' demand on the state for significant capital investments to restore the functionality of a built structure for its current use. Project funds may be used to support plant crews, for routine or emergent mechanical adjustments, system or structure repairs, and other minor works by state or contract employees where use of the appropriation extends the remaining useful life of facilities, major building systems, or keeps existing facilities safe and functioning normally. This omnibus capital project replaces a general fund reduction in the 2003-05 biennium operating budget base that historically has been available and spent on plant exclusive of utilities, security, janitorial services, and groundskeeping for building and system maintenance.

University of Washington

Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction (2004-1-951)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 630

Description: Omnibus funding is provided to undertake a locally-prioritized list of facility preservation projects, heretofore deferred, that principally, but not exclusively, focuses on building systems, structural and code-related deficiencies in order to improve the condition of state-owned university facilities functioning poorly for housed programs and current building occupants.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	28,600,000

Comments: Up to \$10,943,000 may be applied to design or renewal projects involving Magnuson Health Science H-Wing (infrastructure); Guggenheim Hall (renovation); Architecture Hall (renovation), but only after a project request report and predesign study have been filed, reviewed, and approved by OFM. No more than \$1 million may be allocated for program-related minor capital facility improvements. A list of projects is expected to be provided to OFM.

Project Descriptions

University of Washington

Infrastructure Savings (2004-1-952)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 631

Description: Provides initial funding of \$1 to establish a project for the transfer of savings from completed preservation and program projects to be used for infrastructure deficiencies or conditions having an adverse effect on current program use, or those where modification will increase life expectancy for the infrastructure supporting a campus or can reduce system

where modification will increase life expectancy for the infrastructure supporting a campus or can reduce system operating costs for the institution.

operating costs for the institution.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State01

Comments: Eligible infrastructure projects are further described in Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 915(4) (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget). The Office of Financial Management will review and qualify project savings for transfer into this account.

University of Washington

Minor Works - Program (2004-2-004)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 632

Description: Funds a prioritized list of projects to remodel space in response to program growth and change which may include infrastructure support for changed technological requirements of facilities being adapted and retrofit labs to meet the needs of newly-recruited faculty, researchers, and students.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	6,500,000
UW Building Account - State	0	4,000,000
Total	0	10,500,000

University of Washington

UW Campus Communications Infrastructure (2004-1-011)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 633

Description: Funding is provided for a multi-biennial project to connect campus buildings with fiber optic facilities and upgrade internal building cabling and distribution systems enabling the University to support converging data, voice, and video network technologies and tools.

Reappropriation Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State 0 5,000,000

Washington State University

WSU Pullman - Education Addition Cleveland Hall (1998-2-032)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 635

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 27,700 gross square foot, multi-story addition to Cleveland Hall expanding classroom capacity dedicated to the preparation of teachers, counselors, and school administrators among other professional disciplines offered through Washington State University's College of Education.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	250,000	0
Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Acct - State	0	11,160,000
Total	250,000	11,160,000

Washington State University

WSU Pullman - Johnson Hall Addition - Plant Bioscience Bldg (2000-2-007)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 636

Description: Funds are provided to construct a modern 108,687 gross square foot addition on the west side of Johnson Hall to relieve overcrowding of plant science and microbiology research labs and teaching space. Relocation will partially address health, safety, code, air handling, temperature control, and other building system concerns for occupants of this 42-year old facility.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	1,200,000	5,542,000
WSU Building Account - State	0	15,658,000
Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Acct - State	0	14,000,000
Total	1.200.000	35,200,000

Project Descriptions

Comments: Requires a \$10 million commitment by federal agencies to participate in design and construction costs for a relatedfacility or addition.

Washington State University

WSU Pullman - Biotechnology/Life Sciences 1 (2004-2-085)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 648

Description: Funding is provided to design a new 122,500 gross square foot facility in Pullman whose lab, office, conference, and overall space configuration better supports an interdisciplinary approach to scientific research and execution of government- or industry-backed projects at WSU whereby teams of faculty, professional staff, and students together develop, test, and advance new technologies involving human, plant, and animal biology.

> Reappropriation Appropriation WSU Building Account - State 0 4,500,000

Comments: It is anticipated that construction will be financed through a combination of state, federal, University, and private funds.

Washington State University

WSU Pullman - Campus Infrastructure (2004-1-073)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 649

Description: Funds a prioritized list of projects to renew and upgrade campus utilities, roads, pedestrian ways, and related infrastructure in Pullman.

> Reappropriation Appropriation 0 State Building Construction Account - State 3,000,000

Washington State University

Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs (2004-1-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 650

Description: Omnibus funding is provided to maintain and repair state-owned University facilities housing educational and general programs of the institution to optimize environmental conditions for current occupants and extend the useful life of plant assets.

Reappropriation Appropriation Education Construction Account - State 7,876,000

Comments: This capital project does not require a "minor works list" to be filed with the Office of Financial Management (OFM) to document how state funds will be applied, but OFM is expected to require some documentation that the funds are spent as intended. The Legislature expects University officials to proactively address day-to-day needs of campus facilities giving attention to those buildings in better relative condition or used intensely so as to mitigate future years' demand on the state for significant capital investments to restore the functionality of a built structure for its current use. Project funds may be used to support plant crews, for routine or emergent mechanical adjustments, system or structure repairs and other minor works by state or contract employees where use of the appropriation extends the remaining useful life of facilities, major building systems, or keeps existing facilities safe and functioning normally. This omnibus capital project replaces a general fund reduction in the 2003-05 biennium operating budget base that historically has been available and spent on plant exclusive of utilities, security, janitorial services, and groundskeeping for building and system maintenance.

Washington State University

Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction (2004-1-951)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 651

Description: Omnibus funding is provided to undertake a locally-prioritized list of facility preservation projects, heretofore deferred, that principally, but not exclusively, focuses on building systems, structural, and code-related deficiencies in order to improve the condition of state-owned university facilities functioning poorly for housed programs and current building occupants.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	37,235,000
WSU Building Account - State	0	4,765,000
Total	0	42,000,000

Project Descriptions

Comments: Up to \$14,615,000 may be applied to design or renewal projects involving Holland Library (renovation); Safety

Building (LARC remodel); Nuclear Radiation Center; Avery Hall (renovation); McCoy Hall (renovation for biomedical science); and Hospital (renovation for a new use), but only after a project request report and predesign study have been filed, reviewed, and approved by OFM. No more than \$1 million may be allocated for program-related minor capital

facility improvements. A list of projects is expected to be submitted to OFM.

Washington State University

WSU Vancouver - Campus Utilities/Infrastructure: Infrastructure (2004-2-916)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 652

Description: Funding is provided to design and lay underground utilities extending service along two intersecting pedestrian corridors pursuant to the master plan for development of the Vancouver branch campus. The project will ensure year-round cooling for existing labs and equipment and address gathering space for students out of doors while expanding infrastructure reserves to enable any future planned construction to proceed efficiently.

Reappropriation Appropriation Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Acct - State 0 4,300,000

Washington State University

WSU TriCities - Bioproducts & Sciences Building (2004-2-940)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 653

Description: Predesign funding is provided to examine options to construct an 86,000 gross square foot class-lab facility to support intercollegiate bioproducts research and graduate science and engineering education at the TriCities branch campus.

Reappropriation Appropriation Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Acct - State 900,000

Comments: Bioproduct research centers around the conversion of low-value agricultural commodities and waste materials (e.g., culls, hulls, peelings, straw, and manure) into value-added products (e.g., plastics, solvents, fibers, pharmaceuticals, nutriceuticals, and bio-based fuels). Development activities will be conducted as part of the Northwest Institute for Bioproducts Research which combines the capabilities of WSU, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL), University of Idaho (UI), and Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory (INEEL). The Institute is expected to attract funding from the U.S. Departments of Energy and Agriculture, commodity commissions, food producers and processors, and other private sources. Washington State University will enlist the help of the Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development during predesign to identify partners with the capacity to finance a major portion of the facility's construction.

Washington State University

WSU ICN Spokane - Nursing Building at Riverpoint: New Facility (2004-2-941)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 654

Description: Funding is provided to design an 80,000 gross square foot intercollegiate nursing education facility at the Riverpoint campus in Spokane.

> Reappropriation Appropriation 0 3,000,000 Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Acct - State

Washington State University

WSU Prosser - Multipurpose Building: New Facility (2004-2-942)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 655

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 10,000 gross square foot facility at the Irrigated Agriculture Research and Extension Center in Prosser. The University plans to install a four-section structure modeled after those at nearby Port of Benton. Space will be assigned to new and expanding research or educational projects supporting the tree fruit industry, wine, and juice grapes among other crops important to the growth and prosperity of the lower Columbia basin as well as

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 1,500,000 State Building Construction Account - State

precision technology studies of benefit to agricultural communities throughout the state of Washington.

Project Descriptions

Washington State University

Omnibus Equipment and Program Improvements (2004-2-951)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 656

Description: Funding is provided for the purchase of equipment to improve, upgrade, or replace necessary instructional equipment or research apparatus throughout the University.

WSU Building Account - State Reappropriation Appropriation 4,380,000

Comments: Funding is not provided for vehicles, laptop computers, small printers, disposable items, or other items with a useful life of less than one year. The University is expected to provide a list to the Office of Financial Management for review.

Washington State University

Infrastructure Savings (2004-1-952)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 657

Description: Provides initial funding of \$1 to establish a project for the transfer of savings from completed preservation and program projects to be used for infrastructure deficiencies or conditions having an adverse effect on current program use, or those where modification will increase life expectancy for the infrastructure supporting a campus or can reduce system

operating costs for the institution.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State01

Comments: Eligible infrastructure projects are further described in Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 915(4) (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget). The Office of Financial Management will review and qualify project savings for

transfer into this account.

Eastern Washington University

EWU Computing and Engineering Sciences Building (Cheney Hall) (2000-2-009)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 658

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 97,472 gross square foot building to house the engineering technology and computer sciences programs.

State Building Construction Account - StateReappropriationAppropriationGardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Acct - State1,675,000019,000,482

1,675,000

Comments: This project replaces the existing structure (Cheney Hall). The University plans to use \$5 million from an ongoing capital campaign to complete funding for this project.

Eastern Washington University

EWU Senior Hall Renovation (2000-1-003)

Total

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 659

19,000,482

Description: Funding is provided for phase one design, renovation, and addition to an existing building built in 1920 as a women's dormitory. The completed project will provide additional, modernized classroom space and renovate the existing space

to meet the growing needs of the social work and criminal justice programs housed in the building.

Reappropriation Appropriation

State Building Construction Account - State 730,000 6,000,000

Comments: The project has been developed in two phases; funding for phase two is expected to be requested for the 2005-07 biennium.

Project Descriptions

Eastern Washington University

EWU Campus Network Upgrade (2004-2-003)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 668

Description: Funding is provided to conduct a partial technological upgrade and improvement for networking of all state-owned buildings on the campus, resulting in the installation of fiber optics and the expansion of existing University network bandwidth to support video and multimedia capabilities throughout the University.

> Reappropriation Appropriation

EWU Capital Projects Account - State

3,875,000

Comments: A proviso limits the current appropriation to modernizing the enterprise system during the 2003-05 biennium.

Eastern Washington University

EWU Classroom Renewal (2004-2-013)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 669

Description: Funding is provided to improve the functionality of existing classroom space and improve the available technology and

teaching environment for existing academic programs.

Reappropriation Appropriation 691,325

EWU Capital Projects Account - State

Comments: This funding is part of an ongoing project with expected funding requests in future fiscal periods.

Eastern Washington University

EWU Infrastructure Preservation (2004-1-006)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 670

Description: Funding is provided for renewal, replacement, and upgrades of the University's supporting infrastructure.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 0 1,550,000

Eastern Washington University

EWU Minor Works - Program (2004-2-017)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 671

Description: Funds a prioritized list of small capital improvements and space modifications (e.g., size, location, access, arrangement,

or technologies) in response to program growth and change throughout the University.

Reappropriation Appropriation EWU Capital Projects Account - State 0 650,000

Eastern Washington University

Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs (2004-1-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 672

Description: Omnibus funding is provided to maintain and repair state-owned University facilities housing educational and general programs of the institution to optimize environmental conditions for current occupants and extend the useful life of plant

assets.

Reappropriation Appropriation 1,726,000 **Education Construction Account - State**

Comments: This capital project does not require a "minor works list" to be filed with the Office of Financial Management (OFM) to document how state funds will be applied, but OFM is expected to require some documentation that the funds are spent as intended. The Legislature expects University officials to proactively address day-to-day needs of campus facilities giving attention to those buildings in better relative condition or used intensely so as to mitigate future years' demand on the state for significant capital investments to restore the functionality of a built structure for its current use. Project funds may be used to support plant crews, for routine or emergent mechanical adjustments, system or structure repairs and other minor works by state or contract employees where use of the appropriation extends the remaining useful life of facilities, major building systems, or keeps existing facilities safe and functioning normally. This omnibus capital project replaces a general fund reduction in the 2003-05 biennium operating budget base that historically has been available and spent on plant exclusive of utilities, security, janitorial services, and groundskeeping for building and system maintenance.

Project Descriptions

Eastern Washington University

Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction (2004-1-952)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 673

Description: Omnibus funding is provided to undertake a locally-prioritized list of facility preservation projects heretofore deferred that principally, but not exclusively, focuses on building systems, structural, and code-related deficiencies in order to improve the condition of state-owned university facilities functioning poorly for housed programs and current building occupants.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 0 4,250,000

Comments: Predesign studies may be undertaken to consider replacement alternatives and strategies after a project request report is

filed, reviewed, and approved by the Office of Financial Management (OFM). No more than \$212,500 may be allocated for program-related minor capital facility improvements. A list of projects is expected to be provided to OFM.

Eastern Washington University

EWU University Visitor Center and Formal Entry (2004-2-010)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 674

Description: Funding is provided to develop the formal entry point and visitor's center on recently acquired land adjacent to the campus at 6th and "F" Streets.

Reappropriation Appropriation EWU Capital Projects Account - State 975,000

Eastern Washington University

Infrastructure Savings (2004-1-953)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 675

Description: Provides initial funding of \$1 to establish a project for the transfer of savings from completed preservation and program projects to be used for infrastructure deficiencies or conditions having an adverse effect on current program use, or those where modification will increase life expectancy for the infrastructure supporting a campus or can reduce system operating costs for the institution.

Reappropriation Appropriation

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: Additional clarifying restrictions on the use of funds transferred to this project account are described in Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 915 (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget). The Office of Financial Management will review and qualify project savings for transfer into this account.

Eastern Washington University

Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code (2004-1-850)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 676

Description: Funds a prioritized list of small capital improvements to bring aged space up to code, prevent hazards, and correct unsafe conditions throughout the University.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	391,325
EWU Capital Projects Account - State	0	108,675
Total	0	500,000

Central Washington University

Music Education Facility (2000-2-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 677

Description: Reappropriates funds to complete the Performance and Recital wing (Phase 1) for a modern School of Music at Central Washington University (CWU). Additional funds are provided so the University may proceed to bid and construct the Academic wing (Phase 2) thereby replacing outdated sound and ventilation systems in Hertz Hall with updated faculty offices, department classrooms, and studios for individual musician practice sessions and group instruction all in a new location on campus.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Education Construction Account - State	11,350,000	0
Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Acct - State	0	12,600,000
Total	11,350,000	12,600,000

Project Descriptions

Comments: To complete the performance, recital, and new instructional space, project budgets reflect fixtures and furnishing but no more than \$2.4 million may be allocated for equipment. State capital funds shall not be used for moving expenses, small musical instruments, vehicles, laptop computers, small printers, or other "disposable" property with less than a year of

Central Washington University

CWU/Des Moines Higher Education Center (2002-2-101)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 678

Description: Funding is provided to construct an 111,230 gross square foot facility with modern technologies for classrooms, science, and computer labs to be shared by CWU and Highline Community College. The project adds capacity to serve 400 fulltime equivalent (FTE) lower division students and 900 FTE upper division students and enables the University to vacate leased space at the former Glacier High School in Des Moines.

	<u> Keappropriation</u>	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	2,500,000	1,438,000
Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State	0	2,962,000
CWU Capital Projects Account - State	0	3,600,000
Total	2,500,000	8,000,000

Comments: The remainder of this \$26.5 million construction project is appropriated in Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 738 (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget), to the State Board for Community and Technical Colleges. The project includes the replacement of portables with a stand-alone center for childcare on the Highline Community College campus, an element supported by facility preservation backlog reduction appropriations to the State Board of Education in Section 800.

Central Washington University

Minor Works: Program (2004-2-028)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 684

Description: Funds a prioritized list of small capital improvements and space modifications (e.g., size, location, access, arrangement, or technologies) in response to program growth and change throughout the University.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
CWU Capital Projects Account - State	0	2,000,000

Central Washington University

Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs (2004-1-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 685

Description: Omnibus funding is provided to maintain and repair state-owned university facilities housing educational and general programs of the institution to optimize environmental conditions for current occupants and extend the useful life of plant assets.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Education Construction Account - State	0	1,886,000

Comments: This capital project does not require a "minor works list" to be filed with the Office of Financial Management (OFM) to document how state funds will be applied, but OFM is expected to require some documentation that the funds are spent as intended. The Legislature expects University officials to proactively address day-to-day needs of campus facilities giving attention to those buildings in better relative condition or used intensely so as to mitigate future years' demand on the state for significant capital investments to restore the functionality of a built structure for its current use. Project funds may be used to support plant crews, for routine or emergent mechanical adjustments, system or structure repairs and other minor works by state or contract employees where use of the appropriation extends the remaining useful life of facilities, major building systems or keeps existing facilities safe and functioning normally. This omnibus capital project replaces a general fund reduction in the 2003-05 biennium operating budget base that historically has been available and spent on plant exclusive of utilities, security, janitorial services, and groundskeeping for building and system maintenance.

Project Descriptions

Central Washington University

Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction (2004-1-951)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 686

Description: Omnibus funding is provided to undertake a locally-prioritized list of facility preservation projects, heretofore deferred, that principally, but not exclusively, focuses on building systems, structural and code-related deficiencies in order to improve the condition of state-owned university facilities functioning poorly for housed programs and current building occupants.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 4,250,000

Comments: Predesign studies may be undertaken to consider replacement alternatives and strategies after a project request report is filed, reviewed, and approved by OFM. No more than \$212,500 may be allocated for program-related minor capital facility improvements. A list of projects is expected to be provided to OFM.

Central Washington University

Combined Utility Upgrade (2004-1-952)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 687

Description: Funding is provided for the next construction phases of multi-biennia underground utility projects: chilled water and steam distribution, electrical service, and fiber optic cabling in Ellensburg.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	5,000,000
CWU Capital Projects Account - State	0	400,000
Total	0	5,400,000

Comments: Walnut Mall is the focus for 2004 project funds.

Central Washington University

CWU/Moses Lake Higher Education Center (2004-2-031)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 688

Description: Funding is provided to enable Central to establish a university center within the Advanced Technology Center in Moses Lake. Big Bend Community College with regional partners, including Grant County, plan to construct an international conference and training facility during the 2003-05 biennium. Alternative financing authority of \$6.5 million for the project that will include space for upper division classes is granted in Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 915(4) (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget), Section 907(4)(b).

Reappropriation Appropriation CWU Capital Projects Account - State 0 600,000

Central Washington University

Infrastructure Savings (2004-1-953)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 689

Description: Provides initial funding of \$1 to establish a project for the transfer of savings from completed preservation and program projects to be used for infrastructure deficiencies or conditions having an adverse effect on current program use, or those where modification will increase life expectancy for the infrastructure supporting a campus or can reduce system operating costs for the institution.

Reappropriation State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: Eligible infrastructure projects are further described in Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 915(4) (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget). The Office of Financial Management will review and qualify project savings for transfer into this account.

Project Descriptions

The Evergreen State College

Seminar Building Phase II - Construction (2002-2-004)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 692

Description: Funds are reappropriated to complete construction of Seminar II, a new 160,000 gross square foot academic facility.

The new appropriation supports fixtures, furnishings, and equipment for the building that the College expects to occupy by December of 2003.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	16,500,000	0
TESC Capital Projects Account - State	0	2,500,000
Total	16,500,000	2,500,000

Comments: State capital funds shall not be used for vehicles, laptop computers, small printers, and other "disposable" property with less than a year of useful life.

The Evergreen State College

Daniel J Evans Building - Modernization (2004-2-006)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 693

Description: Construction funding is provided for the first of two phases of the renovation of the Library Building. This modernization project will address seismic, mechanical, electrical, roof, conveyances, life safety, circulation, energy efficiency, security, and building efficiency for teaching and learning at The Evergreen State College.

Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Acct - StateReappropriationAppropriation021,500,000

Comments: The second phase is expected to be considered in the 2005-07 biennium budget request.

The Evergreen State College

Infrastructure Preservation (2004-1-001)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 694

Description: Funds a prioritized list of minor capital projects to renew, upgrade, protect, and preserve campus roads, surfaces, and structures for pedestrians and utilities external to state buildings throughout the campus.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 0 1,550,000

The Evergreen State College

Lab II 3rd Floor - Chemistry Labs Remodel (2004-2-007)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 695

Description: Funding is provided to expand and update existing chemistry labs and related office space on the third floor of the Lab II building. This renovation enables the College to offer larger instructional sections and creates small, flexible research space for faculty-student interaction.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
TESC Capital Projects Account - State	0	3,000,000

Reappropriation

The Evergreen State College

Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code (2004-1-004)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 696

Appropriation

Description: Funds a prioritized list of small capital improvements to bring aged space up to code, prevent hazards, and correct unsafe conditions throughout the College.

	Keappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	500,000
TESC Capital Projects Account - State	0	2,000,000
Total	0	2,500,000

Project Descriptions

The Evergreen State College

Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs (2004-1-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 697

Description: Omnibus funding is provided to maintain and repair state-owned university facilities housing educational and general programs of the institution to optimize environmental conditions for current occupants and extend the useful life of plant assets.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
TESC Capital Projects Account - State	0	150,000
Education Construction Account - State	0	584,000
Total	0	734,000

Comments: This capital project does not require a "minor works list" to be filed with the Office of Financial Management (OFM) to document how state funds will be applied, but OFM is expected to require some documentation that the funds are spent as intended. The Legislature expects College officials to proactively address day-to-day needs of campus facilities giving attention to those buildings in better relative condition or used intensely so as to mitigate future years' demand on the state for significant capital investments to restore the functionality of a built structure for its current use. Project funds may be used to support plant crews, for routine or emergent mechanical adjustments, system or structure repairs, and other minor works by state or contract employees where use of the appropriation extends the remaining useful life of facilities, major building systems, or keeps existing facilities safe and functioning normally. This omnibus capital project replaces a general fund reduction in the 2003-05 biennium operating budget base that historically has been available and spent on plant exclusive of utilities, security, janitorial services, and groundskeeping for building and system maintenance.

The Evergreen State College

Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction (2004-1-951)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 698

Description: Omnibus funding is provided to undertake a locally-prioritized list of facility preservation projects, heretofore deferred, that principally, but not exclusively, focuses on building systems, structural and code-related deficiencies in order to improve the condition of state-owned university facilities functioning poorly for housed programs and current building occupants.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	4,250,000

Comments: Predesign studies may be undertaken to consider replacement alternatives and strategies after a project request report is filed, reviewed, and approved by OFM. No more than \$212,500 may be allocated for program-related minor capital facility improvements. A list of projects is expected to be provided to OFM.

The Evergreen State College

Minor Works Program (2004-2-003)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 699

Description: Funds a prioritized list of small capital improvements and space modifications (e.g., size, location, access, arrangement, or technologies) in response to program growth and change throughout the College.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
TESC Capital Projects Account - State	0	850,000

The Evergreen State College

Infrastructure Savings (2004-1-952)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 700

Description: Provides initial funding of \$1 to establish a project for the transfer of savings from completed preservation and program projects to be used for infrastructure deficiencies or conditions having an adverse effect on current program use, or those where modification will increase life expectancy for the infrastructure supporting a campus or can reduce system operating costs for the institution.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	1

Comments: Eligible infrastructure projects are further described in Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 915(4) (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget). The Office of Financial Management will review and qualify project savings for transfer into this account.

Project Descriptions

Western Washington University

Campus Infrastructure Development (1998-2-024)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 701

Description: Funding is provided for a multi-biennia roadway and utility infrastructure development project to support buildings on the south end of the campus and improve access routes - attentive to both safety concerns for pedestrians/cyclists as well as traffic impacts for neighbors. New appropriations for Phase II enable Western to construct a service road, west of the track and all-weather playfield, for restricted access to academic and academic support facilities by plant crews, fire, police, and other University officials.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	700,000	2,160,000

Western Washington University

Communications Facility (1998-2-053)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 702

Description: Funds are reappropriated to complete construction of Communications, a new 129,179 gross square foot academic facility that will house the departments of physics, computer science, communications, and journalism. The new appropriation supports fixtures, furnishing, and equipment for the building which the University expects to occupy by January of 2004.

		Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	22,500,000	0
WWU Capital Projects Account - State	0	3,920,000
Total	22,500,000	3,920,000

Comments: State capital funds shall not be used for vehicles, laptop computers, small printers, or other "disposable" property with less than a year of useful life.

Western Washington University

Academic Instructional Center (2002-2-026)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 705

Description: Funding is provided to design a 107,500 gross square foot academic facility to provide Western with more general university classrooms, computer labs, and modern instructional space for growth and consolidation of two departments:

Psychology and Communication Sciences and Disorders in a new building on the south end of the campus. Pagneropriation

	Keappropriation	Appropriation	
Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Acct - State	0	5,618,000	

Western Washington University

Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs (2004-1-951)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 708

Description: Omnibus funding is provided to maintain and repair state-owned University facilities housing educational and general programs of the institution to optimize environmental conditions for current occupants and extend the useful life of plant assets.

	Keappropriation	Appropriation
Education Construction Account - State	0	2,814,000

Comments: This capital project does not require a "minor works list" to be filed with the Office of Financial Management (OFM) to document how state funds will be applied, but OFM is expected to require some documentation that the funds are spent as intended. The Legislature expects University officials to proactively address day-to-day needs of campus facilities giving attention to those buildings in better relative condition or used intensely so as to mitigate future years' demand on the state for significant capital investments to restore the functionality of a built structure for its current use. Project funds may be used to support plant crews, for routine or emergent mechanical adjustments, system or structure repairs, and other minor works by state or contract employees where use of the appropriation extends the remaining useful life of facilities, major building systems, or keeps existing facilities safe and functioning normally. This omnibus capital project replaces a general fund reduction in the 2003-05 biennium operating budget base that historically has been available and spent on plant exclusive of utilities, security, janitorial services, and groundskeeping for building and system maintenance.

Project Descriptions

Western Washington University

Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction (2004-1-952)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 709

Description: Omnibus funding is provided to undertake a locally-prioritized list of facility preservation projects, heretofore deferred, that principally, but not exclusively, focuses on building systems, structural, and code-related deficiencies in order to improve the condition of state-owned University facilities functioning poorly for housed programs and current building

occupants.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 0 4,250,000

Comments: Predesign studies may be undertaken to consider replacement alternatives and strategies after a project request report is filed, reviewed, and approved by OFM. No more than \$212,500 may be allocated for program-related minor capital facility improvements. A list is expected to be provided to OFM.

Western Washington University

Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code (2004-1-074)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 710

Description: Funds a prioritized list of small capital improvements to bring aged space up to code, prevent hazards, or correct unsafe conditions throughout the University.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 0 1.000,000

Western Washington University

Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (2004-1-075)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 711

Description: Funds a prioritized list of minor capital projects to renew, upgrade, protect, and preserve campus roads, surfaces, and structures for pedestrians and utilities external to state buildings throughout the campus.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 1.550,000

Western Washington University

Campus Roadway Development (2004-2-073)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 712

Description: Funding is provided to study potential options for a new south campus perimeter roadway.

	Keappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	249,000
WWU Capital Projects Account - State	0	80,000
Total	0	329,000

Comments: In developing options, the predesign must conform to city of Bellingham traffic plans and avoid significant impacts on adjacent neighborhoods. Higher rates of alternative modes of transportation among faculty, staff, and students are desired as are options that minimize surface parking and improve circulation of vehicles, particularly public transit. Safe movement of pedestrians and bicyclists shall be a priority. State funds may be allotted after Western completes a communication and public involvement plan for this roadway project that satisfies expectations for coordination with city and neighborhood master plans pursuant to Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 712 (3) (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget).

Western Washington University

Minor Works - Program (2004-2-077)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 713

Description: Funds a prioritized list of small capital improvements and space modifications (e.g., size, location, access, arrangement, or technologies) in response to program growth and change throughout the University.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	500,000
WWU Capital Projects Account - State	0	50,000
Total	0	550,000

Project Descriptions

Western Washington University

Shannon Point Marine - Undergraduate Center (2004-2-059)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 714

Description: The Shannon Point Marine Center in Anacortes provides marine and estuarine science education to matriculated Western students and intercollegiate as well as international exchange students. Funding is provided to design and construct a new undergraduate facility that doubles available teaching, laboratory, and student research space, provides disabled access in both new and existing space, improves chemical hygiene, and creates a student study/computer lab space for this satellite facility.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	998,329
WWU Capital Projects Account - State	0	4,000,000
Total	0	4,998,329

Comments: Filing of a predesign with an addendum that discloses federal and grant funding available for construction, equipment, and future operating costs is required for an allotment of state funds. Should this project require equipment or furnishings beyond sums appropriated by the state this biennium, the University is expected to meet this need with local, institutional funds it has or can raise privately.

Western Washington University

Planetarium Improvement (2004-2-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 715

Description: Matching funds are provided for the replacement of the University's planetarium projector.

Reappropriation Appropriation 125,000 State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: The University shall spend not less than the same amount from local or donor funds. If an appropriate replacement projector can be obtained for less than \$250,000, the University may reserve any excess state funds for future repair, replacement, or operation of the planetarium.

Western Washington University

Miller Hall Renovation (2004-1-953)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 716

Description: Predesign funding is provided to examine options to renew aged building systems and reprogram academic space principally for Western's Department of Education once the Psychology Department can relocate to a new facility.

> Reappropriation Appropriation 0 State Building Construction Account - State 250,000

Comments: See related design project - Academic Instruction Center, Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 705 (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget).

Western Washington University

Infrastructure Savings (2004-1-999)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 717

Description: Provides initial funding of \$1 to establish a project for the transfer of savings from completed preservation and program projects to be used for infrastructure deficiencies or conditions having an adverse effect on current program use, or those

where modification will increase life expectancy for the infrastructure supporting a campus or can reduce system operating costs for the institution.

Reappropriation State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: Eligible infrastructure projects are further described in Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 915(4)

(SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget). The Office of Financial Management will review and qualify project savings for

transfer into this account.

Project Descriptions

Washington State Historical Society

Lewis & Clark Trail Inte	rpretive Infrastructure (Grant Program (2002-4-001)
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C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 719

Description: RCW 27.34.342 & 344 created the Lewis and Clark Bicentennial Advisory Committee under the Washington State Historical Society and directs the Committee to coordinate and to provide guidance to Washington's observance of the bicentennial. This appropriation provides funds for projects to local and tribal governments for commemorative

projects.

Reappropriation Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State 1,000,000 1,000,000

Washington State Historical Society

Stadium Way Research Center-Code Violation Correction (2004-1-003)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 724

Description: Funding is provided to repair exterior access to the Research Center.

Reappropriation Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State 0 461,200

Washington State Historical Society

State History Museum Preservation (2004-1-850)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 725

Description: Funding is provided for paver replacement at the museum.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State060,000

Washington State Historical Society

Washington Heritage Project (2004-4-004)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 726

Description: This project continues a program that provides grants to match non-state funds for heritage projects throughout the state by nonprofit heritage organizations, tribes, and local governments to interpret and preserve Washington's history and

heritage.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State04,000,000

Comments: The list of approved projects is on page 457.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Clark College: Clark Center at WSU Vancouver (2000-2-680)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 735

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 63,344 square foot academic building on the Washington State University (WSU) Vancouver Salmon Creek campus. The facility will contain classrooms, technology labs, science labs, offices, and support space. This is a collaborative effort with WSU.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 1,096,000

 Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Acct - State
 0
 18,009,800

 Total
 1,096,000
 18,009,800

Comments: A proviso requires that money spent from appropriations for the project be consistent with the recommendations of the Higher Education Coordinating Board and the project design, scope, and schedule approved by the Office of Financial

Management.

Project Descriptions

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Highline Community College: Higher Ed Center/Childcare (2000-2-678)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 738

Description: Funding is provided to construct an integrated facility for science, vocational, and high-demand programs at Highline Community College in association with the Central Washington University Higher Education Center.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	985,949	0
Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State	0	3,898,000
Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Acct - State	0	14,654,000
Total	985,949	18,552,000

Comments: Replacement of portables for a stand-alone, childcare center is a project eligible for support from the Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction omnibus project (\$2.5 million); the dollars for this project have been reduced accordingly. If not funded, the size of the project will be reduced by 8,800 assignable square feet.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Pierce College Puyallup: Phase III Expansion (2000-2-676)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 741

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 64,148 square foot engineering and computer technology building and a second entry to the campus. The building includes a 6,500 square foot childcare component.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	723,985	0
Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Acct - State	0	23,374,774
Total	723,985	23,374,774

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

South Puget Sound Community College: Humanities/Gen Ed Complex (2000-2-679)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 743

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 62,750 square foot humanities complex that includes program-specific laboratories and multi-purpose classrooms for the arts, humanities, and communication programs as well as faculty offices and staff workstations. A theater/lobby area will provide space for drama and music performances, conferences, meetings, and community activities.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	17,350,248
Education Construction Account - State	1,092,690	0
Total	1,092,690	17,350,248

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Whatcom Community College: Classroom/Lab Building (2000-2-677)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 744

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 39,380 square foot instructional building, providing classrooms, science labs, basic skills labs, computer labs, and support space to meet increased enrollment demand.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	372,634	10,932,400

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Green River Community College: Science Building (2001-2-688)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 746

Description: Funding is provided to design a 68,000 square foot laboratory classroom facility. This project will centralize the wet lab science programs - chemistry, physics, geology, life, and health sciences - within one facility.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State	0	2,396,409

Project Descriptions

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Tacoma Community College: Science Building (2001-2-687)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 747

Description: Funding is provided to design a 68,500 square foot science building with classroom and laboratory space for instruction

as well as faculty offices.

Reappropriation Appropriation 2,379,000

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: In addition to replacing a poorly-functioning science complex built in 1965, the need for the building is related to projected enrollment increases in the sciences and science components of high-demand professional and technical

programs.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Bates Technical College: LRC/Vocational (2002-2-684)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 749

Description: Funding is provided to design a 40,000 square foot facility on the South Campus with academic classrooms, a library,

distance learning, a new biotechnology classroom, the home and family life program, and offices.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 1,796,206

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: Future phases of the project may include purchase of property to the north of the campus for additional parking and relocation of parking. However, the design funding does not include a commitment for property purchase.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Centralia Community College Science Building (2004-2-850)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 753

Description: Funding is provided to conduct a predesign study for a science building.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 150,000

Comments: Provisos require that the predesign address a range of alternatives and be sited to maximize future development of the campus. In addition, the predesign must be consistent with adopted strategic and facility master plans and address

enrollment demands, operating budget impacts, and address options for reduction of parking needs.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Clover Park Technical College: Building 25 Machine Trades (2004-1-953)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 755

Description: Funding is provided to renovate Building 25 for use by the machine trades program.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 0 4,583,308

Comments: A proviso requires the College to fund any budget shortfall with local funds or obtain use of one-time funds provided in

Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 788 (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget), pertaining to the Community and Technical College System. Funding is transferred from project 2002-1-343 - Building 18 Machine

Trades for this project which is expected to be less expensive than the Building 18 renovation.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Edmonds Community College: Instructional Lab Building (2002-2-685)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 757

Description: Funding is provided to design a 50,000 square foot facility for basic skills, computer and science labs, library space, and

faculty offices to serve projected growth in student population and associated program needs.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 0 2,939,060

Project Descriptions

State Roard for Community & Technical Colleges	

Tacoma Community College: Information Technology Voc Center (2002-2-683)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 777

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 54,300 square foot information technology (IT) vocational building to support the classroom and lab space needs of IT vocational training and education programs, including multimedia and electronics.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	534,671	14,531,900

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Walla Walla Community College: Basic Skills/Computer Lab (2002-2-686)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 779

Description: Funding is provided to design a 18,000 square foot, two-story addition to a classroom building to provide space for computer and science labs and basic skills instruction. The project eases severe crowding in laboratory courses, creates

a microbiology lab, and consolidates computing and science labs currently scattered on campus.

Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Acct - StateReappropriationAppropriation0573,000

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Cascadia Community College: UW Bothell/Cascadia Phase 2B Offramp (2002-2-999)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 783

Description: Design funds for the offramp are reappropriated.

State Building Construction Account - State

Reappropriation

4,780,000

O

Governor's Veto

 State Building Construction Account - State
 -4,780,000
 0

 Total
 0
 0

Comments: The Legislature intended to appropriate funds for construction of the offramp in a future transportation budget. The Governor vetoed this section, eliminating design funds.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Peninsula College: Replacement Science and Technology Building (2004-1-208)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 784

Description: Funding is provided to conduct a predesign for a 30,000 square foot science and technology building to address critical program needs in aquaculture, fisheries, environmental and habitat sciences, chemistry, biology, health sciences, and botany.

Reappropriation Appropriation

Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State 0 82,800

Comments: A proviso sets forth the requirement for the predesign to address alternatives for lab replacement and be consistent with adopted strategic and master plans. Additional issues to be addressed in predesign are identified.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Spokane Community College: Science Building Replacement (2004-1-212)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 785

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 53,565 square foot science building, replacing a poorly-functioning building with lab design and access deficiencies. The project will provide instructional space and expand office space.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State015,721,600

Comments: The new building will accommodate 344 more FTEs in science-related fields.

Project Descriptions

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Bellingham Technical College: Welding/Auto Collision Replacement (2004-1-213)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 786

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 37,562 square foot welding and auto repair building, replacing a facility with insufficient space with deficiencies in ventilation and power supply.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 2,481,000

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Lower Columbia College: Instructional/Fine Arts Bldg Replacement (2004-1-214)

State Building Construction Account - State

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 787

Description: Funding is provided to design and construct a 60,566 square foot fine arts building designed for multiple uses including

math, language, literature, drama, music, and industrial health and safety. The project replaces a performing arts and

instruction building and adjacent office facility.

Reappropriation

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: There are net increases to office space due to a corresponding reduction in leased space. The capacity of music and

drama programs is increased.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Bates-Clover Park Equipment Improvements (2004-2-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 788

Description: Funding is provided to address major equipment improvements at Bates Technical College and Clover Park Technical

College.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State	0	3,000,000

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Bellevue Community College: "D" Building Renovation (2004-1-308)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 789

Description: Funding is provided to renovate Building "D" containing lab and classroom space and increase instruction space by 15,000 square feet in developmental education. The library will be expanded, additional storm water detention

developed, and seismic, fire code, electrical, and environmental issues pending with the city of Bellevue will be

corrected.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	11,418,700
Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State	0	2,000,000
Total	0	13,418,700

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Bellevue Community College: Science and Technology (2004-2-690)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 790

Description: Funding is provided to conduct a predesign study that will evaluate suitable sites for a 73,000 square foot building to

house classrooms, labs, and faculty offices for information technology, media communication and technology, and science and mathematics programs.

Reappropriation Appropriation Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State 90,000

Comments: A proviso sets out the Legislature's understanding of the proposed project and directs the College to conduct a predesign that considers alternative development scenarios in compliance with adopted master and strategic plans.

Project Descriptions

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Cascadia Community College: Center for Arts, Tech, Comm (2004-2-693)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 791

Description: Funding is provided to conduct a predesign study for a proposed 70,000 square foot center with emphasis on art,

technology, global language programs, and filmmaking.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 159,900

Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State

Comments: These programs do not currently exist. Provisos require the predesign to be consistent with adopted strategic plan and the colocated campus master plan and specify other issues to address, including the timing of construction of the south campus access. Changes to the master plan are to be reviewed by the Office of Financial Management and the legislative fiscal committees. The College shall coordinate any changes to the master plan with the University of Washington.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Clark College: Renovation - Applied Arts 5 (2004-1-303)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 792

Description: Funding is provided to relocate the welding program and construct additional second floor space from converted high bays in Building AA-5 to provide additional classrooms and lab space. The project corrects significant structural, mechanical, and electrical deficiencies.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 0 3,872,413

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Clark College: Stout Hall (2004-1-203)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 793

Description: Funding is provided to demolish Stout Hall and replace it on the existing site with a 17,352 square foot, two-story

building, providing additional classrooms and laboratories.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 4,049,889

State Building Construction Account - State Comments: The project includes demolition of the existing facility.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Clark College: East County Satellite (2004-1-689)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 794

Description: Funding is provided to conduct a predesign for site evaluation in the east county area for a satellite campus. Phase I is

envisioned as a 60,000 square foot facility serving 650 FTEs.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 300,000 State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: A proviso requires the predesign to be consistent with the College's adopted strategic and master plans and address

projected enrollment demands, operating budget impacts, and options for reduction of parking needs. The site will be acquired by the Clark College Foundation.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Columbia Basin College: Renovation - "T" Building (2004-1-307)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 795

Description: Funding is provided to renovate the Technology Education Building and create a 10,000 square foot addition for

medical and health care programs.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 0 6,058,500

Project Descriptions

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Edmonds Community College: Renovation - Mountlake Terrace Hall (2004-1-311)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 796

Description: Funding is provided to renovate a 57,600 square foot building, rebuild mechanical and lighting systems, expand student services, the bookstore and campus security, and add more classroom space.

> Reappropriation Appropriation 0 8,827,030 State Building Construction Account - State

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Everett Community College: Pilchuck/Glacier (2004-1-205)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 797

Description: Funding is provided to design a 44,213 square foot multi-use facility for visual and performing arts.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 1,311,700 State Building Construction Account - State

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Everett Community College: Renovation - Monte Cristo Hall (2004-1-305)

C 26. L 03. E1. PV. Sec 798

Description: Funding is provided to renovate and expand a science building by 8,000 square feet and upgrade mechanical, electrical, and technology systems. The reconfiguration and addition will expand currently limited enrollment.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 State Building Construction Account - State 7,352,000

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Preventive Facility Maintenance & Building System Repairs (2004-1-950)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 799

Description: Omnibus funding is provided to maintain and repair state-owned community and technical college facilities housing educational and general programs of the institution to optimize environmental conditions for current occupants and extend the useful life of plant assets.

> Reappropriation Appropriation 17,754,000 Education Construction Account - State

Comments: This capital project does not require a "minor works list" to be filed with the Office of Financial Management (OFM) to document how state funds will be applied, but OFM is expected to require some documentation that the funds are spent as intended. The Legislature expects community and technical college officials to proactively address day-to-day needs of campus facilities giving attention to those buildings in better relative condition or used intensely so as to mitigate future years' demand on the state for significant capital investments to restore the functionality of a built structure for its current use. Project funds may be used to support plant crews, for routine or emergent mechanical adjustments, system or structure repairs and other minor works by state or contract employees where use of the appropriation extends the remaining useful life of facilities, major building systems or keeps existing facilities safe and functioning normally. This omnibus capital project replaces a general fund reduction in the 2003-05 biennium operating budget base that historically has been available and spent on plant exclusive of utilities, security, janitorial services, and groundskeeping for building and system maintenance.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction (2004-1-951)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 800

Description: Funding is provided to undertake a State Board prioritized list of previously-deferred preservation projects that focus on building systems, structural, and code-related deficiencies in order to improve state facilities in the worst relative condition for housed programs and current building occupants.

> Reappropriation Appropriation

64,300,000 State Building Construction Account - State

Project Descriptions

Comments: Up to \$27,917,000 may be applied to design or renewal projects involving health sciences education at Pierce College-Fort Steilacoom; a stand-alone childcare facility at Highline Community College; studies to consider replacement

Fort Steilacoom; a stand-alone childcare facility at Highline Community College; studies to consider replacement alternatives for classrooms in Anton, Glenn, and Sundquist Halls at Yakima Valley Community College; science and technology facilities at Olympic College; English-as-a-Second Language classrooms at South Seattle Community College; and student services at Seattle Central Community College. An allotment for design must be preceded by the filing, review, and approval of a project request report and predesign study by OFM. No more than \$3,215,000 may be allocated for program-related minor capital facility improvements other than eligible projects listed above. A list of

projects is expected to be provided to OFM.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Grays Harbor College: Replacement-Instructional Building (2004-1-204)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 801

Description: Funding is provided to design for a 68,300 square foot instructional and administrative building to meet the demands of instruction, operations, and energy management, replacing three of the oldest buildings on campus.

Reappropriation Appropriation Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State 0 1,263,300

Everett Community College: Undergraduate Education Center (2004-2-692)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 802

Description: Funding is provided to conduct a predesign study for a 60,000 square foot building to expand capacity to support current and projected enrollments for transfer students and associated parking as well as a potential 10,000 square foot addition to the early learning center.

Reappropriation Appropriation

Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State 0 126,000

Comments: A proviso requires the predesign to be consistent with the College's adopted strategic and master plans and address projected enrollment demands, operating budget impacts, reuse or disposition of existing facilities, and options for reduction of parking needs.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Green River Community College: Computer Technology Center (2004-2-682)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 803

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 31,250 square foot computer technology center with classrooms, lecture rooms, computer commons and laboratory space, support service, and campus computer repair space.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State356,19310,984,800

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Lake Washington Technical College: Renovation - East/West Bldgs (2004-1-312)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 804

Description: Funding is provided to renovate a 48,756 square feet to allow creation of new classroom space to expand programs, consolidate student services into a common service area, and better align existing programs.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State04,420,800

Comments: Space will accommodate 154 FTEs in business training center and other high-demand programs.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Minor Works - Program (Minor Improvements) (2004-2-130)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 805

Description: Funding is provided to address a prioritized list of capital improvements to remodel and upgrade college facilities for programs statewide.

Reappropriation Appropriation

Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State 0 14,979,217

Project Descriptions

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

	North Seattle Communit	y College:	Arts and Science	Renovation	(2004-1-309)
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C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 806

Description: Funding is provided to reconfigure and consolidate labs to modernize the Arts and Sciences Building. The project creates science prep areas, fine arts studios, a lecture area supporting both, and corrects accessibility deficiencies. Non-science functions will be moved elsewhere.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	6,785,700

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Olympic College: Science and Technology Building Replacement (2004-1-202)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 807

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 55,000 square foot building to house eight classroom/labs, six science classrooms, six computer labs, and faculty and administrative offices.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
State Building Construction Account - State	0	10,998,000
Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State	0	3,000,000
Total	0	13,998,000

Comments: This project replaces a 1953 unreinforced brick/concrete building. The balance for this project comes from the Facility Preservation Backlog Reduction Pool (\$8.1 million).

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Lake Washington Technical College - Redmond Land Acquisition (2004-2-403)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 808

Description: Funding is provided in the form of matching funds to purchase property for expansion, storm water retention, and parking requirements.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State	0	500,000

Comments: A proviso requires that state funds be matched with non-state resources of at least \$500,000 and sets out other conditions for allotment of funds.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Pierce College Puyallup: Community Arts/Allied Health (2004-1-691)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 809

Description: Funding is provided to conduct a predesign to analyze a proposed 69,773 square foot building, doubling program offerings in professional/technical programs including allied health, digital design, graphics, and technical communications. The predesign will include a transportation study for a third access.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State	0	150,000

Comments: Provisos require the predesign to be consistent with the College's adopted strategic and master plans and to address alternatives for the building, projected enrollment demands, operating budget impacts, reuse or disposition of existing facilities, and options for reduction of parking needs.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Pierce College Ft Steilacoom: Science and Technology (2004-1-694)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 810

Description: Funding is provided to conduct a predesign study for a 69,000 square foot center housing earth sciences, biology, chemistry, physics, math, engineering, and computer information systems.

Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State

Reappropriation Appropriation

190,000

Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State 0 190,000

Comments: Provisos require the predesign to address alternatives to replacement of existing science lab facilities and require the predesign to be consistent with the College's adopted strategic and master plans and address projected enrollment demands, operating budget impacts, reuse or disposition of existing facilities and options for reduction of parking needs.

This project is expected to result in program expansion.

Project Descriptions

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Bellevue Community College: NWCET Expansion (2004-2-402)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 811

Description: Funding is provided in the form of matching funds to construct 4,000 square feet of open lab space that will allow the

college to launch five new IT/media programs.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 500,000

Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State

Comments: The NorthWest Center for Emerging Technologies (NWCET) Building features high-end computer labs and classrooms that support college programs, as well as office space for the National Workforce Center for Emerging Technologies staff and the Puget Sound State Archives. A proviso requires that state funds will be matched with non-state resources of at least \$500,000 and sets out conditions for allotment of funds.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Pierce College Fort Steilacoom - Childcare Center (2004-2-401)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 812

Description: Funding is provided in the form of matching funds to construct a 10,000 square foot childcare center as identified in the College's master plan.

Reappropriation Appropriation 500,000

Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State

Comments: The Pierce College Foundation Board expects to initiate a district campaign for the remainder of the funding with a goal to raise \$2,250,000 for the remainder of the project. A proviso requires state funds to be matched with non-state resources of at least \$2,250,000 and sets out other conditions for allotment of funds.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Peninsula College: Community Resource Center (2004-2-406)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 813

Description: Funding is provided in the form of matching funds to construct a 4,800 square foot Community Resource Center in partnership with the school districts and Economic Development Council to be used in a collaborative manner as a

community resource center. The space will include a skill center, a small business development center, and instructional

space.

Reappropriation Appropriation 500,000

Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State

Comments: A proviso requires that state funds be matched with non-state resources of at least \$500,000 and other conditions for allotment of funds.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Renton Technical College: Portable Replacement (2004-1-215)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 814

Description: Funding is provided to replace aged portables with a 12,500 square foot classroom and maintenance facility. The

project also converts existing maintenance space to expand the auto technology program.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 0 419,300

Comments: The new building will also house the Boilermaker Joint Apprenticeship Coordinating Office and boilermaker classroom facility.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Roof Repairs "A" (2004-1-010)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 815

Description: Funding is provided to make critical roof repairs at 20 colleges where roof deterioration threatens classrooms and

support space.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 0 7,265,677

Project Descriptions

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Seattle Central: Replacement North Plaza Building (2004-1-275)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 816

Description: Funding is provided to construct an additional floor on the soon to be built Science and Math Building. The addition is

estimated at 13,333 square feet.

Reappropriation Appropriation 0 4,976,200

State Building Construction Account - State

Comments: Provisos for the project were vetoed. The provisos stated the Legislature's understanding of the proposed facility solution in absence of a predesign and specified reporting requirements consistent with a major project and more detailed cost summaries at the conclusion of the project. Legislative staff will request major project reports for the project containing project cost summaries as well as an end of project cost summary for comparison with the proposal.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Site Repairs "A" (2004-1-090)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 817

Description: Funding is provided to make site repairs necessary at 12 colleges to correct or eliminate hazardous conditions on walkways, parking lots, and roadways, to replace failing infrastructure, and to increase site safety.

> Reappropriation Appropriation 0 5,305,624 State Building Construction Account - State

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Skagit Valley College: Science Building Replacement (2004-1-209)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 818

Description: Funding is provided to conduct a predesign study for a replacement science building of undetermined size.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 300,000

Comments: A proviso allows use of funds to include an update of master plan documents, including infrastructure planning as well as a predesign which is consistent with the campus master plan. A range of alternatives for the building, coupled with projected enrollment in the sciences and locational considerations, are also to be addressed in the predesign.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

South Seattle Community College: Instructional Technology Center (2004-2-681)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 819

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 44,500 square foot Instructional Technology Center that will include computer classrooms, science laboratories, a large high technology auditorium, and office spaces.

> Reappropriation Appropriation 713,759 17,236,600 State Building Construction Account - State

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

South Seattle Community College: Renovation-Pastry Vocational Pgm (2004-1-314)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 820

Description: Funding is provided to renovate 7,414 square feet, allowing program consolidation to a single location and to correct deficiencies in supporting infrastructure and utilities.

> Reappropriation Appropriation Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State 0 2,613,100

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Tacoma Community College: Renovation - Building 7 (2004-1-313)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 821

Description: Funding is provided to renovate the Pearl Wannamaker Building, allowing coordination of basic skills programs, multimedia, and tutorial labs. Deficiencies with heating, ventilation, and air conditioning, lighting, energy, and seismic resistance will be corrected.

Reappropriation Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State 4,988,000

Project Descriptions

Comments: Provisos for the project were vetoed. The provisos stated the Legislature's understanding of the proposed project and specified reporting requirements consistent with a major project and more detailed cost summaries at the conclusion of the project. Legislative staff will request major project reports for the project containing project cost summaries as well as an end of project cost summary for comparison with the proposal. The useful life of the building is expected to be extended by 25 or more years.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Tacoma Community College: Replacement - Portable Buildings (2004-1-206)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 822

Description: Funding is provided to replace (demolish) portables and construct a 9,210 square foot addition to a fitness center to

provide specialized classrooms, a fitness assessment lab, and multi-purpose activity classroom.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State02,622,000

Comments: The project allows expansion within allied health, physical education, and administration of justice programs.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Walla Walla Community College: Health Science Facility (2004-1-211)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 823

Description: Funding is provided to construct a 27,000 square foot heath science facility for the nursing program, replacing two 25-year-old temporary structures.

Reappropriation Appropriation

Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State 0 7,261,400

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

South Puget Sound Community College: Science Complex (2004-2-695)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 824

Description: Funding is provided to conduct a predesign for a 65,700 square foot addition to the Natural Science Building, including an upgrade for existing space. The project corrects design issues in the existing building and provides storage, support

space, and flexible classroom and lab space.

Reappropriation Appropriation

Community/Technical Colleges Capital Projects Acct - State 0 93,200

Comments: Provisos require a study of alternatives in the predesign study and specifies options and issues to be addressed, including projected enrollment demands, operating budget impacts, cost-effective ways to meet local environmental regulations,

and options for reduction of parking needs.

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Yakima Valley Community College: Renovation - Sundquist Annex (2004-1-302)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 825

Description: Funding is provided to renovate Sundquist Hall and construct a second story to house the Adult Basic Education /English as a Second Language (ABE/ESL) Program relocated from Raymond Library. A small ground level addition will house new computer graphics and printing programs.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State03,852,700

State Board for Community & Technical Colleges

Infrastructure Savings (2004-1-952)

C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 826

Description: Provides initial funding of \$1 to establish a project for the transfer of savings from completed preservation and program projects to be used for infrastructure deficiencies or conditions having an adverse effect on current program use, or those where modification will increase life expectancy for the infrastructure supporting a campus or can reduce system operating costs for the institution.

ReappropriationAppropriationState Building Construction Account - State01

Project Descriptions

Comments: Additional clarifying restrictions on the use of funds transferred to this project account are described in Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto, Section 915 (SSB 5401 - 2003-05 Capital Budget). The Office of Financial Management will review and qualify project savings for transfer into this account.

2003 Supplemental Capital Budget Omnibus Capital Only

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2001-03 Capital Appropriations

	Debt Limit Bonds	Total Funds
2001-03 Biennial Capital Budget (1)		
Total Appropriations	878,123,706	2,502,195,925
2002 Supplemental Capital Budget (2)		
New Appropriations	100,360,050	230,465,712
Appropriation Reductions	-5,267,000	-146,888,650
Governor Veto	-649,000	-649,000
Reappropriation Reductions	-6,500,000	-6,500,000
Total 2002 Supplemental Capital Budget	87,944,050	76,428,062
2003 Supplemental Capital Budget (3)		
New Appropriations	6,000,000	6,200,000
Appropriation Reductions	1,539,000	1,539,000
Reappropriation Reductions	-3,654,463	-3,654,463
Total 2003 Supplemental Capital Budget	3,884,537	4,084,537
Capital Projects in Other Leg (Public Works Board – Projects) (4)	0	58,072,911
Capital Projects in 2003 Supplemental Operating Budget (5)	-4,583,308	-4,583,308
Total Revised 2001-03 Capital Budget	965,368,985	2,636,198,127

⁽¹⁾ Chapter 8, Laws of 2001, 2nd sp.s., Partial Veto (SSB 6155)

⁽²⁾ Chapter 238, Laws of 2002, Partial Veto (ESB 6396)

⁽³⁾ Chapter 10, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (SSB 5403)

⁽⁴⁾ Chapter 9, Laws of 2003 (SHB 1063)

⁽⁵⁾ Chapter 26, Laws of 2003, 1st sp.s., Partial Veto (SSB 5401)

New Appropriations Project List

Chapter 10, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (SSB 5403)

	State Bonds	Total
NEW PROJECTS		
Governmental Operations		
Dept Community, Trade, Econ Dev		
Inland Northwest Regional Sports and Recreational Project Public Works Trust Fund	-1,500,000	-1,500,000 58,072,911
Total	-1,500,000	56,572,911
Dept of General Administration Legislative Building: Rehabilitation	6,000,000	6,000,000
Total Governmental Operations	4,500,000	62,572,911
Natural Resources		
Interagency Comm for Outdoor Rec National Recreation Trails Program (NRTP)	0	200,000
Higher Education		
Western Washington University Job Creation & Infrastructure Projects	1,500,000	1,500,000
Projects Total	6,000,000	64,272,911
NEW APPROPRIATION ADJUSTMENTS		
Washington State University WSU Pullman - Energy Plant - Heat: Renovation	1,539,000	1,539,000
Community/Technical College System Clover Park - Building 18 Machine Trades: New Facility	-4,583,308	-4,583,308
Total Higher Education	-3,044,308	-3,044,308
Appropriation Adjustments Total	-3,044,308	-3,044,308
REAPPROPRIATION ADJUSTMENTS		
Human Services		
Dept of Social and Health Services Eastern State Hospital: Legal Offender Unit	-2,115,463	-2,115,463
Higher Education		
Washington State University		
WSU Pullman - Teaching and Learning Center: New Facility	-1,539,000	-1,539,000
Reappropriation Adjustments Total	-3,654,463	-3,654,463

New Appropriations Project List

Chapter 10, Laws of 2003, Partial Veto (SSB 5403)

	State Bonds	Total
TOTALS		
Projects Total	6,000,000	64,272,911
Appropriation Adjustments Total	-3,044,308	-3,044,308
Reappropriation Adjustments Total	-3,654,463	-3,654,463
Statewide Total	-698,771	57,574,140

Project Descriptions

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development		
Public Works Trust Fund (2002-4-013)		C 9, L 03, Sec 2
	Reappropriation	Appropriation
2001-03 Appropriation	0	20,000,000
General Fund - Federal Public Works Assistance Account - State	0	20,000,000 230,300,000
Fublic Works Assistance Account - State	U	230,300,000
2003 Supplemental Change		
Public Works Assistance Account - State	0	58,072,911
Total	0	308,372,911
Department of Social and Health Services		
Eastern State Hospital: Legal Offender Unit (1998-2-002)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 231
Description: Funding is appropriated for the Eastern State Hospital legal o	ffender unit.	
	Reappropriation	Appropriation
2001-03 Appropriation		
State Building Construction Account - State	2,365,463	0
2003 Supplemental Change		
State Building Construction Account - State	-2,115,463	0
Total	250,000	0
Comments: The Legislature intended to reappropriate \$250,000 of the \$1 remainder of the project savings. A technical correction is ex State Board for Community & Technical Colleges		nental capital budget.
Clover Park - Building 18 Machine Trades: New Facility (2002-1-343)		C 26, L 03, E1, PV, Sec 754
	Reappropriation	Appropriation
2001-03 Appropriation		
State Building Construction Account - State	0	4,791,800
2003 Supplemental Change		
State Building Construction Account - State	0	-4,583,308
Total	0	208,492
Comments: See comments on Section 755.		
Department of General Administration		
Legislative Buildings - O'Brien and Newhouse Bldg Improvements (2001-H-02	21)	C 10, L 03, PV, Sec 902
Description: Funding is provided related to improvements to the O'Brien a	nd Newhouse Buildings.	
	Reappropriation	Appropriation
2001-03 Appropriation		
Capitol Building Construction Account - State	0	1,000,000
Thurston County Capital Facilities Account - State	0	1,000,000
2003 Supplemental Change		
Capitol Building Construction Account - State	0	-1,000,000
Thurston County Capital Facilities Account - State	0	1,000,000
Total		2,000,000
Comments: This supplemetal budget change moves \$1 million of the \$2 million of the \$		

Account due to a decrease in revenues.

Project Descriptions

Department of General Administration

Tumwater Office Building 1 (2001-S-003)

C 10, L 03, PV, Sec 903

Description: Funding is provided for the planning of a lease/development of an office building in Tumwater.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
2001-03 Appropriation		
State Building Construction Account - State	0	400,000

Comments: This sections adds a proviso clarifying the type of finacing alternatives the Department can consider in planning for the Tumwater Office Building and that the financing contract is subject to approval by the State Finance Committee, whether it is a Certificate of Participation or other financing contract. This section is not reappropriated in the 2003-05 capital budget since the appropriation was spent in the 2001-03 biennium, but the related authorization to enter into a financing contract under Chapter 39.94 RCW referenced in the added proviso is repeated in the 2003-05 biennium capital budget.

Department of General Administration

Legislative Building: Rehabilitation (2001-1-008)

C 10, L 03, PV, Sec 904

Description: Provides funds for the rehabilitation of the Legislative Building.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
2001-03 Appropriation		
Capitol Building Construction Account - State	2,000,000	0
Thurston County Capital Facilities Account - State	2,500,000	1,300,000
Capitol Historic District Construction Account - State	0	81,681,000
2003 Supplemental Change		
State Building Construction Account - State	0	6,000,000
Total	4,500,000	88,981,000

Comments: The original appropriation is increased by \$6 million to address an increase in the cost of the project due to unforeseen construction obstacles and code requirements discovered in design and early construction activities.

Western Washington University

Job Creation & Infrastructure Projects (2003-1-001)

C 10, L 03, PV, Sec 905

Description: Funds are provided to add Parks Hall to the University's Job Creation and Infrastructure Projects.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
2001-03 Appropriation Education Construction Account - State	0	3,000,000
2003 Supplemental Change		4.700.000
State Building Construction Account - State	0	1,500,000
Total	0	4,500,000

Comments: Supplemental funds are provided in consideration of emergency resources previously spent to repair fire damage to Parks Hall as agreed to by the Legislature and the Governor's Office.

Project Descriptions

Washington	State I	Jnivers	sitv
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WSU Pullman - Energy Plant - Heat: Renovation (2002-1-501)

C 10, L 03, PV, Sec 906

Description: Funding is increased for the energy plant project.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
2001-03 Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State	0	23,000,000
2003 Supplemental Change		
State Building Construction Account - State	0	1,539,000
Total	0	24,539,000

Comments: Approximately \$1.5 million was added to this project in the supplemental budget from savings on the Teaching and Learning Center.

Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

National Recreation Trails Program (NRTP) (2002-4-006)

C 10, L 03, PV, Sec 908

Description: The original appropriation is increased by \$200,000 to reflect higher-than-anticipated federal receipts.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
2001-03 Appropriation Recreation Resources Account - Federal	0	2,132,936
2003 Supplemental Change		
Recreation Resources Account - Federal	0	200,000
Total	0	2,332,936

Department of Community, Trade, & Economic Development

Inland Northwest Regional Sports and Recreational Project (2003-H-002)

C 10, L 03, PV, Sec 909

Description: The appropriation to the Inland Northwest Regional Sports and Recreational Project is repealed.

	Reappropriation	Appropriation
2001-03 Appropriation State Building Construction Account - State	0	1,500,000
2003 Supplemental Change State Building Construction Account - State Total	<u>0</u>	-1,500,000 0

APPENDIXHistorical Comparisons – Operating Only

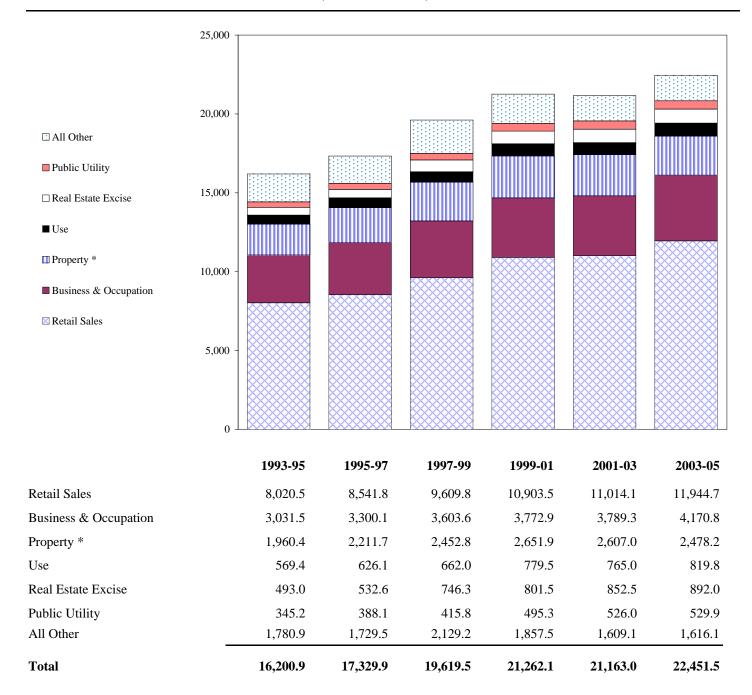
Historical data displayed on the following pages differs from data displayed in previous Legislative Budget Notes documents. The differences result from reconstruction of historical data to optimize comparability with current budget formats. These differences include:

- ➤ finalization of 2001-03 data: previously, budgeted data were displayed for 2001-03; the following tables and graphs display data for 2001-03 that reflect the supplemental budget passed during the 2003 legislative session.
- ➤ changes between or among agencies/programs/subprograms: the Washington State Library became a program within the Office of the Secretary of State; the Risk Management Division of the Department of General Administration and the Permit Assistance Center of the Department of Ecology were transferred to the Office of Financial Management (OFM); pass-through funds previously in the Division of Developmental Disabilities in the Department of Social and Health Services have been transferred to the Department of Services for the Blind; the County Road Administration Board (CRAB) and the Transportation Improvement Board (TIB) created operating programs and made transfers between capital and operating budgets.
- > changes to agency totals: full-time equivalent (FTE) staff previously displayed in operating programs in the Department of Transportation were transferred to capital programs.

Washington State

General Fund-State Revenues By Source

(Dollars in Millions)



^{*} The state levy forecast reflects only the General Fund portion. The portion of the state levy that is transferred to the Student Achievement Account by Initiative 728 is excluded.

Note: Data for 2001-03 and 2003-05 reflect the March 2003 Revenue Forecast (Cash Basis).

Washington State General Fund-State Revenues By Source

Dollars in Millions

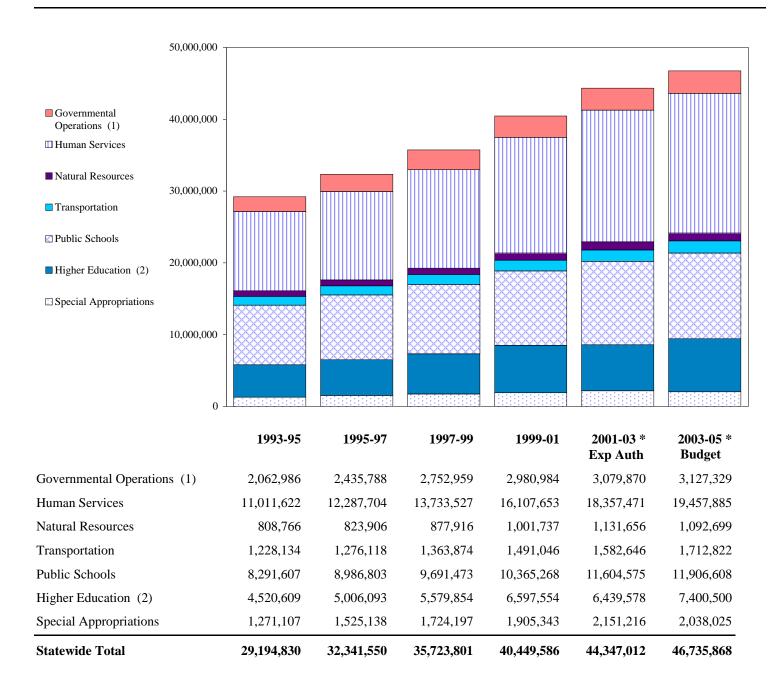
	1993-95	1995-97	1997-99	1999-01	2001-03	2003-05
Retail Sales	8,020.5	8,541.8	9,609.8	10,903.5	11,014.1	11,944.7
Business & Occupation	3,031.5	3,300.1	3,603.6	3,772.9	3,789.3	4,170.8
Property *	1,960.4	2,211.7	2,452.8	2,651.9	2,607.0	2,478.2
Use	569.4	626.1	662.0	779.5	765.0	819.8
Real Estate Excise	493.0	532.6	746.3	801.5	852.5	892.0
Public Utility	345.2	388.1	415.8	495.3	526.0	529.9
All Other	1,780.9	1,729.5	2,129.2	1,857.5	1,609.1	1,616.1
Total	16,200.9	17,329.9	19,619.5	21,262.1	21,163.0	22,451.5
		Percent o	f Total			
Retail Sales	49.5%	49.3%	49.0%	51.3%	52.0%	53.2%
Business & Occupation	18.7%	19.0%	18.4%	17.7%	17.9%	18.6%
Property	12.1%	12.8%	12.5%	12.5%	12.3%	11.0%
Use	3.5%	3.6%	3.4%	3.7%	3.6%	3.7%
Real Estate Excise	3.0%	3.1%	3.8%	3.8%	4.0%	4.0%
Public Utility	2.1%	2.2%	2.1%	2.3%	2.5%	2.4%
All Other	11.0%	10.0%	10.9%	8.7%	7.6%	7.2%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Perc	cent Change from	n Prior Bienniun	1		
Retail Sales		C			1.0%	8.5%
		6.5% 8.9%	12.5% 9.2%	13.5% 4.7%	0.4%	8.5% 10.1%
Business & Occupation						
Property		12.8%	10.9%	8.1%	-1.7%	-4.9%
Use Real Estate Excise		10.0% 8.0%	5.7% 40.1%	17.8% 7.4%	-1.9% 6.4%	7.2%
		8.0% 12.4%	40.1% 7.1%	7.4% 19.1%	6.4%	4.6% 0.7%
Public Utility All Other		-2.9%		19.1% -12.8%		
			23.1%		-13.4%	0.4%
Total		7.0%	13.2%	8.4%	-0.5%	6.1%

Note: Data for 2001-03 and 2003-05 reflect the March 2003 Revenue Forecast (Cash Basis).

^{*} The state levy forecast reflects only the General Fund portion. The portion of the state levy that is transferred to the Student Achievement Account by Initiative 728 is excluded.

Washington State Operating Budget Total All Funds

(Dollars in Thousands)



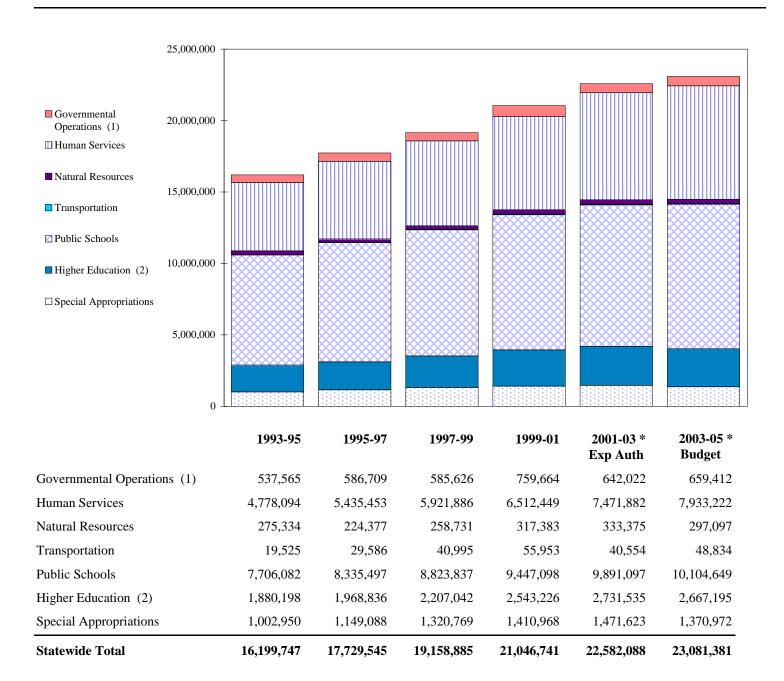
⁽¹⁾ Includes Legislative, Judicial, Other Education, and Governmental Operations agencies.

⁽²⁾ Includes the Community & Technical College System, Four Year Schools, the Higher Education Coordinating Board, and the Spokane Intercollegiate Research & Technical Institute.

^{*} The 2003-05 budget includes all operating amounts from both the Omnibus and Transportation Budgets enacted through the 2003 legislative session.

Washington State Operating Budget General Fund-State

(Dollars in Thousands)



⁽¹⁾ Includes Legislative, Judicial, Other Education, and Governmental Operations agencies.

⁽²⁾ Includes the Community & Technical College System, Four Year Schools, the Higher Education Coordinating Board, and the Spokane Intercollegiate Research & Technical Institute.

^{*} The 2003-05 Budget includes all legislative operating amounts.

Washington State Operating Budget Total All Funds

Dollars in Thousands

	1993-95	1995-97	1997-99	1999-01	2001-03	Revised * 2003-05
Legislative	105,319	106,005	117,110	142,713	140,194	138,768
Judicial	102,124	111,710	117,533	123,650	143,081	162,179
Governmental Operations	1,781,750	2,141,807	2,436,994	2,625,776	2,685,793	2,726,788
Dept of Social & Health Services	8,993,549	9,862,595	10,960,282	12,894,505	14,867,122	15,840,269
Other Human Services	2,018,073	2,425,110	2,773,245	3,213,149	3,491,299	3,617,616
Natural Resources	808,766	823,906	877,916	1,001,737	1,131,656	1,092,699
Transportation	1,228,134	1,276,118	1,363,874	1,491,046	1,582,646	1,712,822
Total Education	12,886,008	14,069,162	15,352,649	17,051,667	18,154,955	19,406,702
Public Schools	8,291,607	8,986,803	9,691,473	10,365,268	11,604,575	11,906,608
Higher Education	4,520,609	5,006,093	5,579,854	6,597,554	6,439,578	7,400,500
Other Education	73,793	76,266	81,322	88,845	110,802	99,594
Special Appropriations	1,271,107	1,525,138	1,724,197	1,905,343	2,150,266	2,038,025
Statewide Total	29,194,830	32,341,550	35,723,801	40,449,586	44,347,012	46,735,868
		Percent of '	Γotal			
Legislative	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%
Judicial	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%
Governmental Operations	6.1%	6.6%	6.8%	6.5%	6.1%	5.8%
Dept of Social & Health Services	30.8%	30.5%	30.7%	31.9%	33.5%	33.9%
Other Human Services	6.9%	7.5%	7.8%	7.9%	7.9%	7.7%
Natural Resources	2.8%	2.6%	2.5%	2.5%	2.6%	2.3%
Transportation	4.2%	4.0%	3.8%	3.7%	3.6%	3.7%
Total Education	44.1%	43.5%	43.0%	42.2%	40.9%	41.5%
Public Schools	28.4%	27.8%	27.1%	25.6%	26.2%	25.5%
Higher Education	15.5%	15.5%	15.6%	16.3%	14.5%	15.8%
Other Education	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%
Special Appropriations	4.4%	4.7%	4.8%	4.7%	4.9%	4.4%
Statewide Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Perce	nt Change from	Prior Biennium			
Legislative		0.7%	10.5%	21.9%	-1.8%	-1.0%
Judicial		9.4%	5.2%	5.2%	15.7%	13.4%
Governmental Operations		20.2%	13.8%	7.8%	2.3%	1.5%
Dept of Social & Health Services		9.7%	11.1%	17.7%	15.3%	6.6%
Other Human Services		20.2%	14.4%	15.9%	8.7%	3.6%
Natural Resources		1.9%	6.6%	14.1%	13.0%	-3.4%
Transportation		3.9%	6.9%	9.3%	6.1%	8.2%
Total Education		9.2%	9.1%	11.1%	6.5%	6.9%
Public Schools		8.4%	7.8%	7.0%	12.0%	2.6%
Higher Education		10.7%	11.5%	18.2%	-2.4%	14.9%
Other Education		3.4%	6.6%	9.3%	24.7%	-10.1%
Special Appropriations		20.0%	13.1%	10.5%	12.9%	-5.2%
Statewide Total		10.8%	10.5%	13.2%	9.6%	5.4%

^{*} Includes all operating amounts from both the Omnibus and Transportation Budgets enacted through the 2003 legislative session.

Washington State Operating Budget General Fund-State

Dollars in Thousands

	1993-95	1995-97	1997-99	1999-01	2001-03	Revised * 2003-05
Legislative	98,868	100,427	106,272	117,067	129,818	129,628
Judicial	54,851	55,879	60,118	66,848	75,506	78,492
Governmental Operations	353,635	397,431	383,575	536,602	382,407	411,360
Dept of Social & Health Services	3,974,880	4,535,769	4,886,482	5,363,639	6,217,485	6,605,069
Other Human Services	803,214	899,684	1,035,404	1,148,811	1,254,397	1,328,153
Natural Resources	275,334	224,377	258,731	317,383	333,375	297,097
Transportation	19,525	29,586	40,995	55,953	40,554	48,834
Total Education	9,616,491	10,337,304	11,066,540	12,029,471	12,676,923	12,811,776
Public Schools	7,706,082	8,335,497	8,823,837	9,447,098	9,891,097	10,104,649
Higher Education	1,880,198	1,968,836	2,207,042	2,543,226	2,731,535	2,667,195
Other Education	30,211	32,971	35,661	39,147	54,291	39,932
Special Appropriations	1,002,950	1,149,088	1,320,769	1,410,968	1,471,623	1,370,972
Statewide Total	16,199,747	17,729,545	19,158,885	21,046,741	22,582,088	23,081,381
		Percent of '	Γotal			
Legislative	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%
Judicial	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Governmental Operations	2.2%	2.2%	2.0%	2.6%	1.7%	1.8%
Dept of Social & Health Services	24.5%	25.6%	25.5%	25.5%	27.5%	28.6%
Other Human Services	5.0%	5.1%	5.4%	5.5%	5.6%	5.8%
Natural Resources	1.7%	1.3%	1.4%	1.5%	1.5%	1.3%
Transportation	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%
Total Education	59.4%	58.3%	57.8%	57.2%	56.1%	55.5%
Public Schools	47.6%	47.0%	46.1%	44.9%	43.8%	43.8%
Higher Education	11.6%	11.1%	11.5%	12.1%	12.1%	11.6%
Other Education	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Special Appropriations	6.2%	6.5%	6.9%	6.7%	6.5%	5.9%
Statewide Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Perce	nt Change from	Prior Biennium			
Legislative		1.6%	5.8%	10.2%	10.9%	-0.2%
Judicial		1.9%	7.6%	11.2%	13.0%	4.0%
Governmental Operations		12.4%	-3.5%	39.9%	-28.7%	7.6%
Dept of Social & Health Services		14.1%	7.7%	9.8%	15.9%	6.2%
Other Human Services		12.0%	15.1%	11.0%	9.2%	5.9%
Natural Resources		-18.5%	15.3%	22.7%	5.0%	-10.9%
Transportation		51.5%	38.6%	36.5%	-27.5%	20.4%
Total Education		7.5%	7.1%	8.7%	5.4%	1.1%
Public Schools		8.2%	5.9%	7.1%	4.7%	2.2%
Higher Education		4.7%	12.1%	15.2%	7.4%	-2.4%
Other Education		9.1%	8.2%	9.8%	38.7%	-26.5%
Special Appropriations		14.6%	14.9%	6.8%	4.3%	-6.8%
Statewide Total		9.4%	8.1%	9.9%	7.3%	2.2%

st Includes all operating appropriations enacted through the 2003 legislative session.

Washington State Operating Budget Annual FTE Staff

	1993-95	1995-97	1997-99	1999-01	2001-03	Revised * 2003-05
Legislative	824.4	793.8	819.1	839.6	861.4	831.8
Judicial	494.2	513.2	536.6	557.0	598.0	578.4
Governmental Operations	7,001.3	6,903.7	7,001.8	7,202.8	7,273.2	7,434.3
Dept of Social & Health Services	16,525.0	16,842.3	17,788.2	18,286.7	17,960.0	17,762.2
Other Human Services	12,542.7	13,106.3	13,481.8	14,380.2	15,145.6	15,272.8
Natural Resources	6,043.4	5,794.4	5,717.5	5,881.9	5,993.2	5,767.4
Transportation	7,494.7	7,495.3	7,649.6	7,834.5	8,098.1	8,210.5
Total Education	36,900.2	38,538.3	40,733.6	43,178.9	42,707.5	44,406.7
Public Schools	248.3	260.7	271.8	293.8	300.5	282.6
Higher Education	36,388.4	37,992.3	40,158.0	42,587.5	41,990.7	43,803.4
Other Education	263.5	285.3	303.9	297.7	416.4	320.8
Statewide Total	87,825.7	89,987.2	93,728.1	98,161.5	98,636.7	100,264.0
		Percent of	Total			
Legislative	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.8%
Judicial	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%
Governmental Operations	8.0%	7.7%	7.5%	7.3%	7.4%	7.4%
Dept of Social & Health Services	18.8%	18.7%	19.0%	18.6%	18.2%	17.7%
Other Human Services	14.3%	14.6%	14.4%	14.7%	15.4%	15.2%
Natural Resources	6.9%	6.4%	6.1%	6.0%	6.1%	5.8%
Transportation	8.5%	8.3%	8.2%	8.0%	8.2%	8.2%
Total Education	42.0%	42.8%	43.5%	44.0%	43.3%	44.3%
Public Schools	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Higher Education	41.4%	42.2%	42.9%	43.4%	42.6%	43.7%
Other Education	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.3%
Statewide Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	Perce	nt Change from	Prior Biennium			
Legislative		-3.7%	3.2%	2.5%	2.6%	-3.4%
Judicial		3.8%	4.6%	3.8%	7.4%	-3.3%
Governmental Operations		-1.4%	1.4%	2.9%	1.0%	2.2%
Dept of Social & Health Services		1.9%	5.6%	2.8%	-1.8%	-1.1%
Other Human Services		4.5%	2.9%	6.7%	5.3%	0.8%
Natural Resources		-4.1%	-1.3%	2.9%	1.9%	-3.8%
Transportation		0.0%	2.1%	2.4%	3.4%	1.4%
Total Education		4.4%	5.7%	6.0%	-1.1%	4.0%
Public Schools		5.0%	4.2%	8.1%	2.3%	-6.0%
Higher Education		4.4%	5.7%	6.1%	-1.4%	4.3%
Other Education		8.3%	6.5%	-2.0%	39.9%	-23.0%
Statewide Total		2.5%	4.2%	4.7%	0.5%	1.7%

Note: Does not include Capital FTEs.

^{*} Includes all legislative operating FTEs authorized through the 2003 legislative session.